"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy, with occasional showers Saturday and Sunday; moderate temperature; gentle south winds
For weather report see next to last page.

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BREWERS WIN POINT FOR 2.75 BEER; U.S. OFFICIALS ENJOINED

Judge Mayer's Order Prevents Federal Authorities from Halting Manufacture.

CASE MAY HAVE COURT TRIAL

Quoting President's Message, Judge Says Wartime Prohibition Need Is Over.

INTOXICATION TESTS TOLD

Experts' Affidavits Recite Experiments in Futile Attempts to Make Men Drunk on Beverage.

Federal Judge Julius M. Mayer granted a preliminary injunction late yesterday afternoon restraining United States Attorney Francis G. Caffey and Acting Collector of Internal Revenue Richard J. McElligott of the Third District of New York from interfering with the manufacture of beer containing not more than 2.75 per cent. of alcohol. This means that until the status of 2.75 per cent. beer is judicially determined—it is the contention of the brewers that such beer is nonintoxicating—the wartime prohibition law, which becomes effective on July 1 next, will not affect the manufacture of beer of the alcoholic strength named.

The argument which preceded Judge Mayer's announcement that he would grant the preliminary injunction asked by the brewers followed an all-afternoon session before him, in which Mr. Caffey represented the Government and Elihu Root, William D. Guthrie, and William M. K. Olcott appeared for the plaintiff brewing concerns. Mr. Guthrie offered twenty-five affidavits, many of them from physicians and chemists of the highest standing, which stated that after testing 2.75 per cent. beer they were able to swear that it is not an intoxicating beverage. The Government submitted affidavits, also made by prominent physicians and others, in which it was just as definitely stated that 2.75 per cent. beer is intoxicating.

"I shall grant the preliminary injunction," said Judge Mayer, following the presentation of the Government's side by Mr. Caffey, "for I think that equity requires that a preliminary injunction should issue. I am confident that both sides to this controversy will join in expediting a review of the matter by the Court of Appeals, and in the event that it is not done, to come into court at the earliest possible moment and agree to a trial of the cause on its merits.

Refers to President's Message.

"Now, as the papers before me show, the President has in his most recent message to Congress recommended that beer and wine be eliminated from the law which goes into effect on July 1. He did not, as I understand it, refer to 2.75 per cent. beer but to all beers. However, all that we are concerned with here is the so-called 2.75 per cent. beer. Until June 30 next there is an open market for this and all other kinds of beer, so there is no question of the health of the people or of prohibition before me now. The only question is, Shall an injunction issue to restrain the defendants from interfering with the manufacture of 2.75 per cent. beer?

"This is solely a matter of conservation, for the country faced a grave crisis when the President set the strength of beer at the percentage named. Now that hostilities have ceased and that crisis has passed the President has recommended that all prohibition of beer be removed. We have strong and compelling arguments that the President no longer considers the restrictions previously advocated as required."

It was then announced that immediate steps would be taken to arrange for a speedy hearing of the case before the Circuit Court of Appeals, or in the event a trial of the case on its merits is decided upon, to begin the trial at the earliest possible moment, probably the first week in June. Judge Mayer granted Mr. Guthrie permission to file affidavits in reply to those submitted by the Government.

Four different actions were combined in yesterday's proceedings. They are the cases of the Jacob Hoffmann Brewing Company versus Acting Collector McElligott and United States Attorney Caffey, and those of Jacob Ruppert, Incorporated, and of the Clausen-Flanagan Brewery against the same officials. The fourth party to the action is Joseph E. Everard, who, as a stockholder, is suing various persons interested in the Everard breweries. Mr. Caffey in his argument stated that he, as the Government prosecutor in this district, is in no wise concerned in the Everard case, and also pointed out that in any action which involves a violation of the law such action would be taken by him independently and without consulting Actin. Collector McElligott. He said he did not consider that Mr. McElligott was in any way, officially or otherwise, concerned in the issue.

The opening argument was made by Mr. Guthrie, who pointed out that the question under consideration followed the decision of Judge Augustus N. Hand last Saturday, who ruled that the suit of the Hoffmann Brewing Company for an injunction should be tried. Judge Hand denied the motion of Mr. Caffey to dismiss the application, and made it clear that the issue was as to whether or not 2.75 per cent. beer was intoxicating. Mr. Caffey's contention was that

Continued on Page Three.

CAPT. GIPSY PAT SMITH (British Army) speaks on "In the Line on Armistice Day," at 57TH AVE. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Thurs., May 29, 8 P. M. Admission free. BE EARLY TO SECURE A SEAT.—Advt.

NC-4's Flight Again Delayed; Plans Lisbon Start Sunday

PONTA DELGADA, May 23, (Associated Press.)—Lieutenant Commander A. C. Read, commanding the NC-4, announced tonight that strong easterly winds off the coast of Portugal would prevent his starting in the seaplane for the flight to Lisbon before daybreak on Sunday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Navy Department was notified in a cablegram from Rear Admiral Jackson at Ponta Delgada that the seas were too rough to permit Commander Read to start for Lisbon in the NC-4 today.

NEW BRITISH TEAM EXPECTS TO WIN

Vickers-Vimy Crew Think They Can Beat the Handley-Page Bomber.

PLAN TO MAKE NEXT START

Cable Ship Reports Seeing Red Airplane Light, Which May Have Been Hawker's.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., May 23.—The work of unloading the Vickers-Vimy bomber airplane was started this morning, and Captain John Alcock, its pilot, and Lieutenant Arthur Whitten Brown, its navigator, became for the first time genuinely hopeful, they being next on the list to essay the Atlantic air crossing.

Both are convinced that with the aid of the eleven mechanics accompanying their expedition and the technical experts here to aid all their flying attempts they can nose out the earlier Handley-Page bomber, already arrived, by a comfortable margin.

Raynham and his Martinsyde, when they crashed last Sunday in trying to start across the ocean, face a long job of rebuilding, and now that his navigator, Captain Morgan, has been forced to withdraw on account of the injuries he received in that mishap, there must be a delay until a suitable new man can be found and brought from England.

Alcock plans to send the Vimy by truck to Mount Pearl, where he will utilize for the time the airdrome vacated when Hawker and Grieve, in the Sopwith, started on their ill-fated journey.

The work of assembling will be carried out there, and possibly after a very brief test the Vimy will be flown to Harbor Grace, where, unless the present plans go wrong, Alcock and Brown will share a field prepared at great expense by the Handley-Page concern, which is the only even fairly good airdrome in Newfoundland.

By a curious coincidence the Vimy will be flown and navigated by two men, each of whom was a prisoner of war. Alcock, born at Manchester in 1892, took his flying certificate in 1912, being one of the oldest living aviators in England in 1913.

He took second place in the London-Manchester return air race, which was one of the empire's most keenly contested sporting events. At the outbreak of the war he became an instructor in the flying school at Eastchurch and was later chief instructor of the acrobatic school where the war fliers were taught the hair-raising "stunts" which put a final polish on their flying ability.

After that he went to the Turkish front, where he was the first man to bomb Constantinople, in addition to carrying out a record long-distance bombing raid on that front, being in the air seven hours, though covering only 460 miles.

Soon afterward he was forced to descend inside the Turkish lines on account of engine failure, and remained a prisoner until the armistice was signed, returning to England on Dec. 15 last.

Alcock is round-faced, blond, and sturdily built, and of a cheery, affable disposition. He shows no traces of the experiences through which he passed during the war. Of all the fliers who have been at St. John's he is the least suggestive of a man who has had an exceedingly hazardous, nerve-straining occupation. He is good-natured, equable, and apparently without the temperamental vagaries which some fliers here have shown.

For a few hours he lost interest in the transatlantic venture, when he thought Hawker had succeeded, and he contemplated a flight to the United States instead; but now he is keenly anxious to have a try at it, and apparently is genuinely hopeful that with his twin-engined machine he can get there.

Brown was born in Glasgow in 1886, and was trained in the British Westinghouse works, which are now associated with the Vickers concern. He is a member of most of the engineering institutes of England. He enlisted in the University and Public School Training Corps in 1914, and was transferred to the Manchester regiment with the 2d Battalion, with which he went to France in 1915, later transferring again to the Royal Flying Corps as an observer. He was taken prisoner the same year, repatriated in December, 1917, and to the end of the war devoted himself to the production of aero engines for the Ministry of Munitions.

Brown is a quiet, dark-haired man, whose bright gray eyes belie his age. He is slim and rather sharp faced, with prominent cheek bones, but readily smiling. He is composed in manner, yet agreeable, and apparently, thus far

Continued on Page Four.

CALOX TOOTH POWDER
Cleans—Whitens—Preserves.—Advt.

PALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES.
At Your Club—Plain Ends.—Advt.

SENATORS BITTER AS DEBATE OPENS ON THE LEAGUE

Johnson Charges That Treaty Text Is Held Back to Conceal Something.

SHERMAN SEES VASSALAGE

Fears Excesses Like Caligula's and Asserts That Socialism Taints the Administration.

HITCHCOCK BACKS WILSON

Says Britain and France Prevent Announcement of Text—Lodge Denies Partisanship.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The peace treaty with its League of Nations covenant was debated for three hours in the Senate today, and at adjournment the resolution which furnished the opportunity for the discussion went over as unfinished business, to come up again when the Senate reconvenes on Monday.

The resolution calls on the State Department to furnish the Senate with the complete text of the treaty, but as the debate progressed discussion shifted to the substance of the League and the treaty.

A dozen Senators, including leaders on both sides, were drawn into the discussion, and sharp exchanges presaged the bitterness of the fight that is to come when the treaty actually comes up for ratification.

Opponents of the treaty in its present form lined up generally for the resolution, and those supporting the treaty draft led the opposition. There was no attempt to reach a vote, and some Senators predicted that it would be several days before the preliminary skirmish would reach a decision. The leaders on both sides are feeling their way carefully.

Senator Johnson of California, Republican, author of the resolution, started the debate with a short speech charging that the treaty supporters had "something to conceal."

This assertion drew an indignant reply from Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, ranking Democrat on the Foreign Relations Committee, who declared that the President was following well-established precedent in keeping the treaty text in confidence, and that for the Senate to request him to do otherwise would be a "gross breach of international proprieties."

Senator Lodge, prospective Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, replied to Mr. Hitchcock, saying that there was no impropriety in the resolution, unless it were improper to "call attention to the new method of 'open covenants openly arrived at.'" Every shopkeeper in Germany, said the Massachusetts Senator, was reading the treaty, as made public at Berlin, yet the Senate was provided only with a "worthless" official abstract.

Lodge Denies Partisanship.

A charge that the Republicans were attempting to make the treaty a partisan question was made by Senator Robinson of Arkansas, Democrat, who cited as evidence the telegram sent by Mr. Lodge some weeks ago to Republican Senators, asking them not to discuss the revised League of Nations covenant pending a party conference. The Republican leader retorted that the cautionary telegram had no such purpose, and that "not a word" of discussion of the treaty had passed in any of the conferences of Republican Senators.

In the course of the debate a bitter attack of the League covenant and on President Wilson's course in the Peace Conference was made by Senator Sherman of Illinois, Republican, who earlier in the day had presented a resolution declaring it the sense of the Senate that the treaty and the covenant should be considered separately when they come up for ratification. At Mr. Sherman's request his resolution went over and will be called up for debate probably next week.

How long the discussion started by Senator Johnson's resolution is to continue could not be predicted by either side. Senator Robinson gave notice that he expected to address the Senate at greater length on Monday in support of the treaty, and Senator Reed of Missouri, Democrat, who opposes it, also announced that he would speak on the subject at Monday's session. Many other Senators are known to be preparing addresses.

Speech of Senator Sherman.

Senator Sherman in his speech said that in revising the original covenant the delegates at Paris had improved only its grammatical texture.

"Like the original document it is unamendable, omniscient, and infallible," he said. "Again, it must be accepted as it flashes from the summit where dwells the incarnate wisdom it has become political blasphemy to question and treason to try to understand. Both the original and amended leagues impair the sovereignty of this Republic and reduce it to a vassal State.

"The League of Nations is interlocked with the treaty of peace designedly for an ulterior purpose. If it can be welded upon the peace treaty it is supposed to procure votes otherwise impossible. It is a confessed case of logrolling.

Says Socialism Taints Cabinet.

"Colonel House foreshadowed the destruction of constitutional government in the United States in his work of fiction published in 1912. This novel exhibits his disregard of law and his belief in revolution.

"George D. Herron, lately the Presi-

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Chinese Will Sign Treaty; Reservations on Shantung

PARIS, May 22, (Associated Press.)—The Chinese delegation to the Peace Conference is understood to have reached a decision to sign the treaty of peace with reservations relative to Kiao-Chau and Shantung. It is said that this will not affect the treaty as a whole, and will preserve the rights of China. Precedents are cited in which the United States Senate has similarly attached reservations to treaties before ratifying them.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Confirmation of the report from Paris that the Chinese plenipotentiaries are disposed to sign the peace treaty has reached Washington.

The reservation under which the treaty will be signed is regarded here as ample to insure the Chinese Government opportunity to bring before the Council of the League of Nations their claim to the absolute and unqualified restoration of the whole of the Shantung Peninsula, notwithstanding the efforts made by the Japanese delegates to have this matter of title declared res adjudicatur. It was pointed out in Chinese circles today that by signing this treaty the Chinese delegates would prevent China from being excluded from the League of Nations, and would insure the protection of the League against unjust treatment.

HINES SEES PLOT IN BIDS ON RAILS

Charges Steel Interests with Trying to Maintain Prices at Inflated Levels.

"STEEL TRUST" AS LEADER

He Lets Contracts for 200,000 Tons Under Protest After Six Companies Make Same Bids.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Charges that the steel interests, led by the United States Steel Corporation, were endeavoring to create a situation where prices would be maintained at inflated levels with the possibility of going higher instead of lower, as the demands of reconstruction work became heavier, were made tonight by Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, after six steel companies had submitted identical bids on 200,000 tons of steel rails at the figure which the steel men agreed upon recently with the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce.

Mr. Hines said that he found himself forced to accept the bids, as the need for the rails was imperative, but he stated that the action was taken "with emphatic disapproval of the prices and the manner in which they have been established."

Mr. Hines's statement reads:

"When the Industrial Board approved the prices proposed by the steel interests it became at once apparent to me, and I so indicated in various discussions with representatives of the Government, that that approval would encourage the steel interests to stand together on those prices even though Governmental approval was withheld. I felt, however, that even so, it would be far more in the public interest for the Government to withhold approval and, if necessary pay such prices, for the time being under protest, rather than indorse the prices, and that, too, for the entire calendar year, as was proposed by the Industrial Board, and thereby give an official sanction to prices which were unreasonably high, and which would merely serve as a starting point for still higher prices later on.

"The result has been in exact accordance with this forecast. Six of the leading steel interests, in response to the Railroad Administration's request for bids for steel rails, have submitted bids which are uniform in all respects as to prices and conditions of manufacture and are in strict accordance with the prices proposed and approved by the Industrial Board.

"In view of the immediate need for 200,000 tons of steel rails, orders have been placed at the price thus indicated, (that is, $47 per ton for open hearth rails,) for that quantity with the Carnegie Steel Company, the Illinois Steel Company, and the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, all of which are sub-

Continued on Page Three.

ALLIES TELL GERMANY SHE MUST PAY; LEADERS MEET BROCKDORFF AT SPA; REDS BEGIN EVACUATION OF MOSCOW

FALL OF PETROGRAD NEAR

Esthonians Take Gatschina, 35 Miles South of the Capital.

NORTHERN ARMY ADVANCES

British Commander in Murmansk Moves His Headquarters 400 Miles Nearer.

PRISONERS BY THOUSANDS

Vast Number of Red Troops Also Desert and Join the Allied Forces.

LONDON, May 23.—The entire Bolshevist structure in Russia appears to be crumbling.

The evacuation of Moscow, the head centre of Bolshevism, has begun, according to reports brought from Petrograd to Copenhagen by travelers and forwarded by the Exchange Telegraph Company. Typhus is raging in Moscow and the situation there is considered desperate. The railway lines between a number of places in Central Russia have been dismantled, the reports say, in order to improve main-line service out of Moscow.

The operations of the non-Bolshevist forces against Petrograd, in which a defense force numbering 300,000, largely composed of armed workmen, is said to have been massed, are having great and rapid successes north, south, and west of the capital, according to various reports received here from Helsingfors and other places.

In the north, Reuter's correspondent with the British Murmansk expedition announces that General Maynard, commanding the allied forces on the Murmansk front in Russia, has removed his headquarters 400 miles southward on the Murmansk coast to Kem, on the White Sea at the mouth of the Kem River.

This move is the result of the series of actions along the Murmansk Railroad at the head of Lake Onega, reported in press dispatches yesterday and confirmed officially today, in which Medvyejyagora, Povienetz and other towns were captured, thus turning the Bolshevist main position defending the railroad, which runs down to westward of the lake, and throwing open to transportable mosquito craft this sheet of water which goes south for 140 miles and empties through the small Svir River into Ladoga, the largest lake in Europe, (area 7,000 square miles) whose outlet into the Gulf of Finland is the Neva, on which Petrograd is situated. The Murmansk or Kola Railroad, down which the allied forces are advancing, after skirting Onega for half the distance of that lake passes over to the southeastern end of Ladoga and joins the Vologda-Petrograd line within 100 miles west of the capital.

The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Helsingfors says that the Bolshevist resistance seems to be broken and that they have lost several thousand prisoners and thirty guns. A great number of machine guns and five armored trains also were captured.

Telling of the advance in Esthonia, where the army there was reported yesterday to be advancing rapidly on the capital, the correspondent says that a North Russian corps co-operating with the Esthonians successfully attacked the Bolshevist position at the Gatschina Railway station, (thirty-five miles south of Petrograd.) Thousands of Bolshevist soldiers in the Gatschina area and in the coast region west of Petrograd who surrendered with their arms and ammunition, he adds, subsequently joined in the attacks on their former comrades.

An official statement issued by Esthonian Army Headquarters and received in London late last night read:

The Esthonians are advancing swiftly on Petrograd. Besides the town of Yamburg, the railway stations at Weymarn and Moloskowizy, on the Narva-Petrograd line, have been captured, and the town of Koporje and several villages near Mohganpia, on the Finnish Gulf, have been occupied.

British warships are co-operating with their forces along the coast.

How Forces of Order Are Closing On the Bolsheviki

How the anti-Bolshevist armies are closing in on Red Russia is indicated by the arrows. Those in the north indicate the routes by which American, British, and Russian joint forces are advancing. Petrograd is menaced to the northwest by a Finnish army under General Mannerheim and to the south and west by Esthonians, Finns, and North Russians who are within fifty miles of the capital. To the south, in Lithuania, Polish and Lithuanian troops are operating. In the southwest General Denekin's Cossacks are holding the front pivoting on Tzaritzia and seeking to effect a junction with troops of Admiral Kolchak marching southward to recapture Orenburg. The four other arrows mark the lines of advance of the Siberian armies toward the Volga, which is causing the Bolsheviki to prepare to evacuate Moscow.

AUSTRIA MUST PAY FOR AGGRESSION

New States' Objections to Sharing in Bill Complicate Peace Council's Work.

TREATY NEAR COMPLETION

May Be Presented to Austrian Envoys Wednesday—Army Likely to be Cut to 25,000.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 23.—The peace treaty with Austria will probably be completed on Tuesday. The present expectation is that it will be formally approved by a plenary session of the Conference Wednesday morning, and presented to the Austrian delegates Wednesday afternoon.

It is almost as bulky as the German treaty and practically identical with it in the preamble. It contains the League covenant and international labor provisions. By the military provisions the Austrian Army is reduced to a nominal force—probably less than 25,000 long-term volunteers—and the navy is practically eliminated.

Austria's overseas property rights are settled on the same basis as Germany's.

The reparation provisions are based on the same principles as those in the German treaty, but are much more complicated and difficult in detail because of the splitting up of the old Dual Monarchy. The new States created out of the old territory are all willing to assume their share of the Austro-Hungarian debt as it existed before the war, but none of the new States set up by the Allies is willing to pay the Austrian war bills or war damage claims.

The problems growing out of this situation have not yet been completely solved, but the experts are confident that they will have a decision before Tuesday.

PARIS, May 23, (Associated Press.)—The Council of Four met this morning and discussed the military terms and clauses relative to prisoners of war, which will be incorporated in the treaty with Austria. Military experts attended the session.

SCHEIDEMANN GOES TO SPA CONFERENCE

Bernstorff, Dernburg, and Erzberger Also There to Decide Reply.

RUMORS OF CABINET SPLIT

Paris Believes Sentiment in Germany Has Turned Against Policy of the Government.

LONDON, May 23.—Chancellor Scheidemann, Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, Count von Bernstorff, and Mathias Erzberger left Berlin for Spa yesterday to meet Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau and decide on the final wording of the counter-proposals to be presented by the Germans at Versailles, says a Berlin dispatch received here this morning.

It was announced that the meeting arranged to be held at Spa was necessary because communication between Berlin and Versailles had become difficult for technical reasons.

Moreover, it was added, the German Government was determined to enlighten the German people at the earliest possible moment concerning the counter-proposals and the prospects for peace.

BERLIN, May 22, (Associated Press.)—The unexpected departure of Chancellor Scheidemann, Count von Bernstorff, Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, and Dr. Bell, the Colonial Minister, for Spa tonight started more rumors of a Cabinet crisis. Reports of dissensions in the Cabinet have been most prominent the last few days.

The Cabinet had an animated session today which resulted in Scheidemann and the others leaving Berlin.

It was denied in official circles that the hurried trip to Spa had any other significance than a desire to get in closer communication with Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau.

Herr Schwartz, the Saxon Minister of Agriculture, has returned to Dresden from Versailles because he is no longer connected with the German peace delegation. The Minister says that sickness caused his withdrawal, but it is assumed here that a letter he wrote to the Volkszeitung of Dresden sharply criticising the peace delegation really was responsible for it.

Brockdorff Expected Back Tomorrow.

VERSAILLES, May 23, (Associated Press.)—Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau and his colleagues on the German peace delegation, who left Paris yesterday for Spa, are expected to return on Sunday. There is no indication that their absence is interfering with the progress of negotiations, the remaining delegates proceeding with their work as usual.

The Havas Agency says that the delegates who went to Spa will divide into two groups. One group, headed by Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, will return to Versailles tomorrow, while the other will remain at Spa for a few days.

PARIS, May 23.—Newspapers here believe that the absence of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau and other members of the German delegation will be short. Some regard the departure of the Germans as a means for utilizing the delay in the peace negotiations granted by the Peace Conference on Wednesday. It is believed that the delegation

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

GERMANY TOLD OF CRIMES

Allies' Answer States That She Is Getting Off Easily.

POINTS TO RUINED MINES

Reparation in Requisitioned Supplies Held to be Merciful to Conquered.

HAS CHANCE TO REBUILD

Reduction of Armament Itself Will Relieve Much of Her Economic Pressure.

PARIS, May 23.—Germany's share of the burdens growing out of the war, as set down in the economic terms of the peace treaty, is based on her ability to shoulder it and not according to her deserts, the Allied and Associated Council declares in its answer to the German note of protest against this section of the treaty.

Germany was mainly responsible for the damage and destruction, it is pointed out, and she cannot escape that responsibility. It is not the peace terms, the allied note says, but the acts of those who made and continued the war which are the cause of any sufferings Germany may have to bear.

The allied answer, which was made public today with the text of the German note, is negative. It points out that the German plea is exaggerated and ignores the fundamental considerations which led to the imposition of the terms.

The loss to world shipping through the German submarine campaign, the reply declares, was nearly 13,000,000 tons. The Allies purpose to make Germany repay only 4,000,000 tons. Responsibility for this shortage in shipping is placed directly on Germany, and the German share in replacing it is called "very moderate."

In answer to the German plea that Germany will be called upon to feed 67,000,000 persons, it is declared that the peace treaty takes 6,000,000 out of German control. It is added that German agriculture is in better shape than that of Poland, Belgium, and Northern France, where the fighting was heaviest.

The Germans complained that they would lose certain necessary commodities. The allied reply is that Germany can import these goods. Germany, it is asserted, destroyed the Lens coal fields, and the coal fields taken from her in payment for the destruction wrought still leaves her sufficient fuel supplies.

The Germans complained that the German population would suffer under the treaty, which was described as a "death sentence." The reply points out that all countries are suffering as a result of the war, and there is no reason why Germany, which was responsible for the war, should not suffer.

German figures as to the loss in population due to the blockade and speculation as to what will happen to the population in the future are declared to be fallacious. There will be every opportunity for Germany to make her position in the world both stable and prosperous. Germany, it is pointed out, has not suffered from pillage and devastation, and there will be a saving from reduction of armaments and the size of her army and in the turning of the armament-making population to works of peace.

German Complaints in Detail.

Following is the text of the German note:

"Mr. President: In conformity with my communication of the 9th instant I have the honor to present to your Excellency the report of the Economic Commission charged with the study of the effect of the conditions of peace on the situation of the German population:

"'In the course of the last two generations Germany has become transformed from an agricultural State to an industrial State. As long as she was an agricultural State, Germany could feed 40,000,000 inhabitants. In her quality of an industrial State she could insure the nourishment of a population of 67,000,000. In 1913 the importation of footstuffs amounted, in round figures, to 12,000,000 tons. Before the war a total of 15,000,000 of persons provided for their existence in Germany by foreign trade and by navigation, either in a direct or an indirect manner, by the use of foreign raw material.

Germany's Loss of Tonnage.

"'According to the conditions of the treaty of peace, Germany will surrender her merchant tonnage and ships in course of construction suitable for overseas trade. German shipbuilding yards will build for five years in the first instance tonnage destined for the allied and associated Governments. Germany will, moreover, renounce her colonies, all her overseas possessions, all her interests and securities in the allied and associated countries and in their colonies, dominions and protectorates; will, as an installment of the payment for part of the reparation, be subject to liquidation, and may be exposed to any other economic war measure which the allied and associated powers think fit to maintain or to take during the years of peace.

"'By the putting into force of the

500,000 Berliners Demand Peace; Threaten to Overthrow Government

Copyright, 1919, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, May 21, (via Berne and Paris, May 23.)—The greatest demonstration I have ever seen was held in Berlin this afternoon, when hundreds of thousands of people paraded the streets demanding that the Government sign the peace terms at once.

About 200,000 people were packed in the Lustgarten, in front of the old Royal Palace, where the Independent Socialists held their principal meeting. Unter den Linden and all the streets running into the Lustgarten were packed with excited people, whose one cry was "Sign the peace terms! Sign the peace terms!" Haase and many Independent Socialists spoke, declaring that the only hope for Germany was to sign, and they were madly cheered.

The Government tried to hold a meeting in Wilhelmplatz against signing peace, but great parades of Independent Socialists marched down Wilhelmstrasse singing the "Internationale" and swept the pro-Government crowd entirely away. The Socialists remained in front of the official residence of Noske and the offices of the Ebert Government, singing and shouting "Sign the peace! Down with Ebert! Down with Noske and Scheidemann! Let us have peace! We want bread, not bullets!"

The announced decision of the Government not to sign the treaty seems to be entirely overruled by popular sentiment. It is the opinion here tonight that the Government will execute a quick about-face and sign the peace terms.

The great popular demonstration this afternoon makes it appear that unless the Government does this it will be swept away.

There must have been more than 500,000 persons in the downtown streets, all shouting for the signing of the peace terms.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

SWISS SHOW HOSTILITY TO THE LEAGUE PLAN

Allied Inquiry as to Their Attitude Toward German Blockade Is Responsible.

BERNE, May 22.—The New Gazette of Zurich, a newspaper with Entente-phile leanings, characterizes the note addressed to the Swiss Government by the Peace Conference asking whether it would be willing and ready to enforce a more severe blockade against Germany, if necessary, as "a smashing blow against self-determination by small nations," and as a "bitter commentary on President Ador's declaration that Switzerland 'can enter the League of Nations with a proud and erect head.'"

Confidence in the League of Nations, it is asserted, is diminished in Switzerland generally as a result of the note, and the opposition to the country entering the League is growing.

"EPOCA" pure Havana Cigars.
None can be better made.
At best hotels and dealers.—Advt.

WASHINGTON'S NEWEST AND BEST. WARDMAN PARK HOTEL. Write for information. H. Albert, (formerly Mgr. The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.) —Advt.

territorial clauses of the Treaty of Peace Germany would lose, to the East, the most important regions for the production of corn [cereals] and potatoes, which would be equivalent to the loss of 21 per cent. of the total crop of those articles of food. Moreover, the intensity of our agricultural production would diminish considerably.

"'On the one hand, the importation of certain raw material indispensable for the production of manure, such as phosphates, would be hindered; on the other hand, this industry would suffer, like all other industries, from lack of coal. The Treaty of Peace provides for the loss of almost a third of the production of our coal mines. Apart from this decrease, we are forced for ten years to deliver enormous consignments of coal to various allied countries. Moreover, in conformity with the treaty, Germany will concede to her neighbors nearly three-quarters of her mineral production and more than three-fifths of her zinc product.

Industry "Condemned to Destruction."

"'After this diminution of her products, after the economic depression caused by the loss of her colonies, of her merchant fleet, and of her possessions abroad, Germany would not be in a state to import from abroad a sufficient quantity of raw material. An enormous part of German industry would therefore inevitably be condemned to destruction. At the same time, the necessity of importing foodstuffs would increase considerably, while the possibility of satisfying that demand would diminish in the same proportion.

"'At the end of a very short time Germany would, therefore, not be in a position to give bread and work to her numerous millions of inhabitants, who would be reduced to earn their livelihood by navigation and by trade. Those persons would have to emigrate; but that is a material impossibility, all the more so because many countries, and the most important ones, will oppose any German immigration. Moreover, hundreds of millions [thousands?] of Germans expelled from the territories of the powers now at war with Germany, from the colonies and territories which Germany must surrender, will return to their native land.

"'The putting into execution of the conditions of peace would, therefore, logically bring about the loss of several millions of persons in Germany. This catastrophe would not be long in coming about, seeing that the health of the population has been broken down during the war by the blockade, and during the armistice by the aggravation of the blockade of famine. No help, however important, or over however long a period it might be distributed, would prevent these deaths en masse. Peace would impose on Germany numberless human sacrifices that this war of four years and a half did not demand of her pride. (1,750,000 killed, nearly 1,000,000 dead, victims of the blockade.)

"Pushed Back" Half a Century.

"'We do not know, and indeed we doubt, whether the delegates of the allied and associated powers realize the inevitable consequences which will take place in Germany. An industrial State very thickly populated, closely bound up with the economic system of the world, and reduced to the obligation to import enormous quantities of raw material and foodstuffs, suddenly finds herself pushed back in [to?] the phase of her development which would correspond to her economic conditions and the numbers of her population as they were half a century ago. Those who will sign this treaty will sign the death sentence of many millions of German men, women and children.'

"I thought it my duty, before entering upon a discussion of other details of the treaty, to bring to the knowledge of the allied and associated delegations this summary exposé of the problem of the German population.

"I have at the disposal of your Excellency statistical proofs of the above statements.

"I have the honor, &c.

"BROCKDORFF-RANTZAU."

Caustic Reply of the Allies.

The reply of the allied and associated powers, approved by the Council of their principal members on May 22, reads as follows:

"The allied and associated powers have received and have given careful attention to the report of the commission appointed by the German Government to examine the economic conditions of the treaty of peace.

"This report appears to them to contain a very inadequate presentation of the facts and of the case, and in many parts by great exaggeration, and to ignore the fundamental considerations arising both out of the incidents and the results of the war, which explain and justify the terms that it is sought to impose.

"The German note opens with the statement that the industrial resources of Germany were adequate before the war for the nourishment of a population of 67,000,000, and it argues as though this were the total for which diminished resources she will still be called upon to provide.

"This is not the case. The total population of Germany will be reduced by about 6,000,000 persons in the non-German territories which it is proposed to transfer. It is the needs of this smaller aggregation that we are called upon to consider.

Retribution for U-Boat Savagery.

"Complaint is made in the German note that Germany is required to surrender her merchant tonnage, existing or in course of construction, and that a prior claim is made upon her shipbuilding capacity for a limited term of years. No mention, however, is made of the fact that a considerable portion of the smaller tonnage of Germany is left to her unimpaired; and it seems to have entirely escaped the notice of her spokesmen that the sacrifice of her larger shipping is the inevitable and necessary penalty imposed upon her for the ruthless campaign which, in defiance of all laws and precedent, she waged during the last two years of the war upon the mercantile shipping of the world.

"As a partial offset against the twelve and three-fourths million tons of shipping sunk, it is proposed to transfer four million tons of German shipping. In other words, the shipping which it is proposed to take from Germany constitutes less than one-third of that which was thus wantonly destroyed. The universal shortage of merchant shipping is the result, not of the terms of peace, but of the action of Germany, and no surprise can reasonably be felt if she is called upon to bear a share—and it is a very moderate share—of a loss for which her own criminal deeds have been responsible.

"Great stress is laid on the proposal that on the eastern side Germany shall be deprived of the regions specially devoted to the production of wheat and potatoes. This is true. But the note fails altogether to observe that there is nothing in the peace treaty to prevent either the continued production of those commodities in the areas in question or their importation into Germany. On the contrary, the free admission of these products of the Eastern districts is provided for during a period of three years.

Cereal Market Open to Germany.

"Moreover, it is fortunate for Germany that those regions have lost none of their productivity owing to the ravages of war. They have escaped the shocking fate which was dealt out by the German armies to the corresponding territories in Belgium and France on the west, and Poland, Russia, Rumania and Serbia on the east. There appears to be no reason why their produce should not continue to find a market on German soil.

"Stress is laid upon the proposed restrictions of the import of phosphates. It is, however, forgotten that Germany has never produced, but has always imported, the phosphates of which she stands in need. Nor is there anything in the terms of peace which will prevent or hinder the importation of phosphates into Germany in the future. Other countries, which do not produce phosphates, are also compelled to import them in common with many other products from the outside, and the only difference in the two situations will arise from the relative degree of wealth or impoverishment in the countries concerned.

"The German note makes special complaint of the deprivation of coal, and asserts that nearly one-third of the production of the existing coal mines will be lost. But it omits to notice that one-fourth of the pre-war consumption of German coal was in the territories which it is now proposed to transfer. Further, it fails to take into account the production of lignite, 80,000,000 tons of which were produced annually in Germany before the war, and none of which is derived from the transferred territory. Neither is any reference made to the fact that the output of coal in the non-transferred districts was rapidly increasing before the war, and that there is no reason to doubt that under proper management there will be a continuing increase in the future.

Penalty for Wrecking French Mines.

"But should not the coal situation be viewed from a different and wider standpoint? It cannot be forgotten that among the most wanton acts perpetrated by the German armies during the war was the almost complete destruction by her of the coal supplies of Northern France. An entire industry was obliterated with a calculation and a savagery which it will take many years to repair. The result has been a grave and prolonged shortage of coal in Western Europe. There can be no reason in equity why the effect of this shortage should be borne exclusively by the allied nations who were its victims, or why Germany, who deliberately made herself responsible for the deficiency, should not, to the full limit of her capacity, make it good.

"Stress is also laid upon the hardships alleged to be inflicted upon Germany by the necessity of importing in future iron ores and zinc. It is not understood why Germany should be supposed to suffer from conditions to which other countries contentedly submit. It would appear to be a fundamental fallacy that the political control of a country is essential in order to procure a reasonable share in its products. Such a proposal finds no foundation in economic law or in history.

German Statistics Unreliable.

"The allied and associated powers cannot accept the speculative estimate presented to them in the German note on the future conditions of German industry as a whole. This estimate appears to them to be characterized and vitiated by palpable exaggerations. No note is taken of the fact that the economic disaster produced by the war is widespread, and, indeed, universal. Every country is called upon to suffer. There is no reason why Germany, which was responsible for the war, should not suffer also.

"Similarly, as regards the population of the future, no reliance can be placed on the data which are contained in the German note. On the one hand, it is sought to prove that emigration from Germany will be necessary, but that few countries will receive the intending immigrants. On the other hand, it is sought to show that there will be a flood of Germans returning to their native land to live under the conditions which have already been described as intolerable. It would be unwise to attach too much weight to either speculation.

"Finally, the German note rashly asserts that the peace conditions will 'logically bring about the destruction ("loss" in original) of several millions of persons in Germany,' in addition to those who have perished in the war or who are alleged to have lost their lives in consequence of the blockade. Against the war losses of Germany might fairly be placed the far greater losses which her initiative and conduct of the war have inflicted upon the allied countries and which have left an ineffaceable mark upon the manhood of Europe. On the other hand, the figures and the losses alleged to have been caused by the blockade are purely hypothetical. The German estimate of future losses could be accepted only if the premises upon which it is presumed to rest are accepted also.

Britain's Example Cited to Germany.

"But they are entirely fallacious. There is not the slightest reason to believe that a population is destined to be permanently disabled because it will be called upon in future to trade across its frontiers instead of producing what it requires from within. A country can both become and can continue to be a great manufacturing country without producing the raw materials of its main industries. Such is the case, for instance, with Great Britain, which imports at least one-half of her food supplies and the great preponderance of her raw materials from abroad.

"There is no reason whatever why Germany, under the new conditions, should not build up for herself a position both of stability and prosperity in the European world. Her territories have suffered less than those of any other Continental belligerent State during the war. Indeed, so far as pillage or devastation is concerned, they have not suffered at all. Their remaining and untouched resources, supplemented by the volume of import trade, should be adequate for recovery and development.

"The German reply also ignores the immense relief that will be caused to her people in the struggle for recovery by the enforced reduction of her military armaments in future. Hundreds of thousands of her inhabitants, who have hitherto been engaged either in training for armies or in producing instruments of destruction, will henceforward be available for peaceful vocations and for increasing the industrial productiveness of the nation. No result should be more satisfactory to the German people.

No Escape from Responsibility.

"But the first condition of any such recuperation would appear to be that Germany should recognize the facts of the present state of the world, which she has been mainly instrumental in creating, and realize that she cannot escape unscathed. The share which she is being called upon to bear of the enormous calamity that has befallen the world has been apportioned by the victorious powers, not to her deserts, but solely to her ability to bear it.

"All the nations of Europe are suffering from losses and are bearing and will continue to bear burdens which are almost more than they can carry. These burdens and losses have been forced upon them by the aggression of Germany. It is right that Germany, which is responsible for the origin of these calamities, should make them good to the utmost of her capacity. Her hardship will arise not from the conditions of peace, but from the acts of those who provoked and prolonged the war. Those who were responsible for the war cannot escape its just consequences."

DELBRUECK ASSAILS WILSON.

Says He Has Put Himself in the Hands of France and England.

BERLIN, May 22, (Associated Press.)—Professor Hans Delbrück, a member of the German peace delegation, in a statement to the Versailles correspondent of the Tageblatt, attacks President Wilson for having put himself completely in the hands of the French and British by agreeing to deviate from his Fourteen Points.

"President Wilson," The Professor added, "probably imagines he did us a favor in declining to agree to such demands as the cession of the left bank of the Rhine and the dissolution of Germany into several small States. In reality, such demands would have been better than the present conditions, because we are so bound by the latter that we can hardly do anything financially.

"It is to be assumed that President Wilson knows European conditions too little to survey their importance, and perhaps there is in the back of his mind the thought of a conflict between America and Japan, and Germany must be so weakened that she will not be able to be Japan's ally."

GERMAN REPLY A BOOK.

It Will Take Five Days to Read and Digest Comments.

PARIS, May 23, (Associated Press.)—The German train which is on its way to Versailles with a printing outfit has been delayed by accident, retarding the printing of the German observations on the Peace Treaty.

It is understood these observations will constitute a book as large as the treaty itself, and it is estimated that it will require five days to read and digest them. The Germans have assured the Allies that they will endeavor to complete the printing within the new time limit.

JUDGE CORRIGAN HAS GIVEN A DECISION that "Broken Blossoms" is one of the most wonderful entertainments he has ever known—Geo. M. Cohan Theatre.—Advt.

SENATOR KING MOVES TO OUST RED AGENTS

Resolution Introduced in Senate for Deportation of Bolshevist Representatives Here.

ACTION ALSO IN THE HOUSE

Representative Johnson Would Deport Bolshevist Agitators Who Caused Disorders on May Day.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Senator King, Democrat, of Utah, today introduced a resolution providing for the deportation of L. C. A. K. Martens, the Bolshevist representative in the United States, and a number of other aliens connected with the Russian Soviet Bureau in New York. The resolution was referred to the Immigration Committee.

The Senator also introduced his resolution proposing it to be the sense of the Senate that the United States recognize the Omsk Government as the de facto Government of Russia.

In the House Representative Johnson, Republican, of Washington, Chairman of the Immigration Committee urged the deportation of "Bolshevist agitators" who caused disturbances in many cities on May Day. He also advocated passage of legislation which would prevent aliens from coming into the country, "until the United States has been cleansed of its impurities."

Ludwig C. A. K. Martens and his staff of assistants were somewhat perturbed yesterday as a result of the introduction by Senator King of Utah in the Senate of his deportation resolution.

In a statement issued from Bolshevist headquarters at 110 West Fortieth Street, Martens said that Senator King was "apparently not familiar with conditions in Russia," and that if his resolution for recognition of the Kolchak Government prevailed this "would be paramount to a denial to Russia of every principle of popular rule."

Regarding the expulsion resolution Martens's statement said:

"The United States authorities, of course, have the political power to do anything they want to the representatives of Soviet Russia in the United States. But no problems can be solved by such propositions. Mr. King is grievously misinformed if he really believes that the Russian Soviet Bureau is conducting a propaganda 'inimical to the interests of the United States.' The Russian bureau is conducting no other propaganda than one of enlightening American public opinion as to the true character of the struggles in Russia, in order that friendly relations may be established between Russia and the United States.

"The introducer of the resolution takes upon himself the right to outlaw Soviet Russia, but our experience is that the overwhelming mass of the people in America are not sharing that position."

WE SEND ENVOY TO KOLCHAK.

Roland Morris's Mission May Lead to Recognition of Admiral.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 23.—The Big Four discussed Russia all the afternoon without reaching any decision. It is not true that the Kolchak Government has been recognized by any allied Government. The sending of Roland Morris by America to confer with Admiral Kolchak is interpreted as meaning that this country might recognize him in the territory he actually controls if he would democratize his administration.

PARIS, May 23, (Associated Press.)—The Russian situation is attracting great attention in conference circles. The Council of Four discussed the proposition of recognizing the Kolchak Government at Omsk today, but did not reach a decision, and will continue its discussion tomorrow.

M. Bakhmeteff, former Russian Ambassador to France, conferred with Colonel House on Russian affairs, and Sergius Sazonoff, Foreign Minister for the Omsk Government, is carrying on conversations with British officials in London.

The French and British press favorable to the proposal that the Allied Governments extend recognition to the Kolchak régime, and the Russian Commission in Paris is confident that this recognition will be announced soon.

The Entente delegates are apparently united in the view that there must be some Russian Government recognized, so that negotiations can be opened before the Peace Conference closes.

PREDICTS COLLAPSE OF HUNGARIAN REDS

Italian Observer Says the Magyars Expect to Head Danubian Confederation.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, May 23.—"Bolshevism cannot germinate on Rumanian land, while even Hungary is about to collapse," says the special correspondent of the Corriere d'Italia, who went to Rumania through Hungary. The correspondent adds that the Hungarian population received with flowers the Rumanian soldiers who freed them from the Bolsheviki.

The Hungarian Commissary for Worship ordered that all churches should be transformed into movies, but all the women protested and the wives of the butchers induced their husbands to address violent remonstrances to the Soviet Government, declaring they would not give any more meat to the population unless the churches were restored to their ancient cult. The Soviet was obliged to cede.

The Soviet leaders, after sacking banks, shops, and private houses, refused any kind of supplies to those who did not join as members of the Soviet. Those who objected were either exiled or condemned to death.

Citizens of several Hungarian towns went to Rumanian headquarters to urge the intervention of the Rumanian Army to free their country from Bolshevism. The correspondent was present at Debrusin when the Hungarian Mayor and Prefect publicly thanked the Rumanian Army for having freed the town from the Red yoke.

The correspondent foresees the complete annihilation of Bolshevism in Hungary, but thinks serious political troubles will follow if Hungary should not be allowed to play an important part in the Balkans as head of a Danubian confederation.

GERMANS RENEWING PROPAGANDA MACHINE

Spies and Agents Operating Against the Allied Powers in Switzerland.

PARIS, May 23.—German spies and propaganda agents have resumed their operations in Switzerland, but their tactics apparently have changed, the correspondent of the Temps in Switzerland writes. Instead of giving material help to dangerous elements in the allied countries as formerly, German agents are almost openly engaged in various forms of propaganda against the allied powers.

"A very important anti-British campaign has just been discovered," the correspondent adds. "Leaflets bearing the name of neither author nor printer are being distributed in sealed envelopes, even in the offices of the most important Swiss papers. The Swiss police have recently received a great quantity of these tracts, the German origin of which is very apparent.

"I can declare positively that a number of Germans who lately arrived at Geneva were identified as former German spies. They are spending a lot of money—but it has not been possible to discover their particular kind of propaganda.

"Their presence in Switzerland, however, proves that the German propaganda services are far from being disorganized. It is also significant that Germans who were at the head of the propaganda organisations have returned to their old posts."

FRENCH TRIBUTE TO ITALY.

Parliament Unanimously Asserts Fraternity of the Two Nations.

PARIS, May 23.—On the occasion of the anniversary of the entrance of Italy into the war, the French Chamber of Deputies and Senate today adopted unanimously a resolution asserting the continued fraternity of the two nations, and declaring they would remain united in a just and durable peace.

The Government associated itself with the resolution.

BIG DINNER CLOSES BUSY DAY FOR YORK

Tennessee Hero Cheered Wherever He Goes During Whirl Through the City.

MODEST AMID HONORS

Steadfastly Refuses to Describe Feat of Slaying 25 Germans and Capturing 132.

Sergeant Alvin C. York of Pall Mall, Tenn., who killed twenty-five Germans, captured 132 others, including a Major, and put twenty-five machine guns out of commission in the Argonne, was the guest of honor at the dinner of the Tennessee Society of New York at the Waldorf-Astoria last night, but he firmly refused to give his own account of the feat which has been already told in the sworn statements of his comrades, who guarded and brought back to the American lines the prisoners he captured.

The big, red-headed mountaineer, who is the second Elder of a church in his home town, modestly accepted the honors which were heaped on him by his division commander, Major Gen. G. B. Duncan, and other speakers. Long arguments and coaxing, however, failed to induce him to tell how his deadly rifle and automatic pistol firing made a total of 132 Germans surrender to one man under the impression that they were facing overwhelmingly superior numbers. He stood up only long enough to say:

"I am just a soldier boy and not a speaker. I highly appreciate what the Tennessee Society has done for me, and I thank Major Gen. Duncan for the courtesy that he has shown me. It never will be forgotten."

A group of Tennesseeans surrounded him and told him how easy it would be to tell a lot of people from his State all about it. One of the diners shouted:

"Give him a six-shooter and he can talk."

Steadfastly Refuses.

A well-known writer in the audience took the floor and advanced strong arguments, but nothing would move the mountaineer, who smiled and did not appear flustered, but was quite firm in his resolve not to be his own historian.

The big fellow had his busiest and hardest day since he got out of the Argonne. Coming out of the war without a scratch, he woke up yesterday on the threshold of his return to civil life with a jumping toothache. Congressman Cordell Hull of Tennessee, Dr. James J. King, and other members of the Tennessee Steering Committee which had him in charge, took him to a dentist, who extracted a nerve and gave him the worst half hour that he has had since he entered the army.

"They certainly treated me rough," he said, when he came out of the dental parlors with his hand on his jaw. His friends took him to the Stock Exchange. He was recognized in the gallery from his pictures and cheered. The session was suspended, and when Sergeant York was taken down on the floor he was greeted with great enthusiasm.

A group of brokers grabbed him and offered him for sale. He was disposed of after tremendous bidding and then sold over and over again the same way. From the Stock Exchange the party started in an automobile for the Whitehall Club, but were surrounded by cheering crowds, until the police had to be called on to make a passage for his car.

He was the guest at the Whitehall Club of William Hamlin Childs. He was then taken to call on E. T. Bedford, President of the Consolidated Refining Company and the Board of Directors of that firm. After that he went to the top of the Woolworth Building. After that he was taken to the reception before the dinner. He complained last night that he had not had a chance to ride in the subway.

"The subway in Paris was the greatest thing I ever saw," he said. "It takes you any place you want to go. I can't get in an automobile here because they take me everywhere in automobiles."

Sergeant York left last night for Washington with Congressman Hull.

MORGENTHAU FAVORS MANDATE FOR TURKEY

Understood to Support Administration of Constantinople, Anatolia, and Armenia.

PARIS, May 22, (Associated Press.)—Henry Morgenthau, former American Ambassador to Turkey, has submitted a memorandum to President Wilson concerning the proposal that the United States become a mandatary for Constantinople. It is understood that he favors the inclusion of Constantinople, Anatolia, and Armenia under one mandate, as being advantageous for administrative purposes by combining a large section of Northern Asia Minor under one central administration.

The question of mandates for various parts of Turkey is before the Council of Four and has not been finally settled. British and French sentiment is favorable to the United States taking the mandate for Constantinople, and a similar movement is apparently gaining ground in the American delegation; but it is stated authoritatively that acceptance must be conditioned on the submission of the question to Congress.

President Wilson's recommendation relative to accepting a mandate for Constantinople will depend largely upon the report of a commission created today for the investigation of conditions in Syria. Henry Churchill King, President of Oberlin College, and Charles R. Crane will be the American representatives, and will have colleagues from other allied and associated powers.

The commission will leave Paris immediately to study conditions in Turkey. Until its report has been received it is not probable that any action will be taken concerning the supervision of Constantinople.

SCHEIDEMANN GOES TO SPA CONFERENCE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

which left yesterday will confer at Spa preparatory to making a serious decision.

The Echo de Paris believes that the German leaders have taken a stand against signing the treaty, but that public opinion in Germany is against them, and that they will retreat and reach a position which will make an agreement with the Allies more likely.

All the newspapers consider that the departure of the chief of the German peace mission does not indicate a break between the Allies and the Germans.

Reports were in circulation in Peace Conference circles Thursday that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau was not satisfied with the delay of one week granted the German delegation in which to make its answer to the peace treaty, and that he had asked for an additional week. It was said officially today, however, that the Germans had not asked for any further delay.

PREDICTS SIGNING OF TREATY.

Paris Matin Points to Elements Demanding It.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 22.—There is no sign of weakening on the part of the Allies in according an extension of time to the German delegates, according to the Matin. That paper states that while Brockdorff did not specify how much extra time was wanted, M. Clemenceau peremptorily told them they could have eight days.

"It goes without saying," adds the Matin, "that these eight days, which Germans would ex have accorded us under similar circumstances, mark the last limit within which they well be able to offer their observations on the treaty. The Allies will take four or five days to respond and then, according to all appearances, the discussion will be closed and the time fixed for signing. This will bring us to June 7 or 8. The respite of eight days is not only for the German delegation at Versailles, but also to calm the public agitation in Berlin. When the time comes, the German delegates and Socialists and the greater part of the Majority Socialists will insist on the signing. The financial, industrial, and commercial groups will take the same attitude and German militarists believe that signing will be much better than Bolshevism, which would result from a refusal to sign.

"The two most influential men in the Cabinet, Scheidemann and Noske, have compromised themselves by exaggerated declarations, so their situation becomes difficult. But the preparations of Foch, the menace of a blockade, and the certainty that Wilson will remain inflexible are such powerful arguments that one can hardly imagine their failure to sign."

SENATORS BITTER IN LEAGUE DEBATE

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

dent's envoy to the Bolshevist Government in Russia, says of the President in 1917: 'He is a revolutionary beyond anything his words reveal.'

"Five members of the President's Cabinet are tainted with socialism. A vast swarm of his appointees are known to be open and avowed Socialists. The Administration of Woodrow Wilson, even under constitutional forms of government, is a hybrid between a French Revolution and an oriental despotism. History would forget the reign of Caligula in the excesses and follies of the American Government operated under the League of Nations interpreted by President Wilson and Colonel House.'

"Taking up the covenant section by section, Senator Sherman said that at the very outset the instrument gave to the League a scope of action practically unlimited by empowering it to deal 'with any matter within the scope of the League or affecting the peace of the world.'

"The identification of the new organism as a permanent and independent government was complete, he contended.

"The sovereignty of this nation passes from the territorial limits of our country to a foreign capital," said Senator Sherman. "Congress cannot legislate, it cannot pass appropriation bills nor collect revenues, it cannot enact labor legislation nor exercise the usual police powers belonging to an independent State until the decrees or the latest orders of the Geneva council or measure in the assembly shall have been studied. War cannot be declared nor peace concluded, armies raised and supported, navies provided and maintained, nor the National Guard of the several States mustered and equipped."

Asserts Yielding to Britain.

Tracing the historical development of the taxing power, Senator Sherman declared it must be preserved inviolable. But it would be lost, he said, under the article pledging fiscal power without reference to Congress.

"Great Britain," he continued, "has no written Constitution. Great Britain's representatives at the Peace Conference may not fully appreciate the importance of the constitutional differences in the character of the two Governments. I assume they represent and guard the interests of Great Britain. It is the duty of our representatives to safeguard the United States. They have yielded to Great Britain.

"The League fixes in unchangeable limits the present boundaries of every member nation. Its frontiers are final. When France joined with the American Colonies in the Revolution, if this League had existed, it would have forbidden the sword of Lafayette to be drawn with Washington's and would have crushed the infant Republic beneath the armies of George III. and Louis XVI. It announces in substance to mankind that the period of successful revolution has drawn to a close in the world's history.

"We are made parties not only to war and threats of war but to every complaint made by member nations. As the wealthiest nation in the League, with its manpower unimpaired, the heavy burden will continually fall upon the American people. We must accept mandataries in Asia and Africa.

"One million American soldiers will be required to meet the responsibilities and duties of the United States in foreign lands. The call for 8,000 men to serve in Siberia and those now in Northern Russia are the first levies to empty American homes and embark us on the Wilson ideals.

"In spite of those ideals," said Senator Sherman, "40,000,000 Chinese in Shantung were denied the right of self-determination and delivered to Japan under treaty, while Poland was given a mere approach and easement of shipping to the ocean of it through an alley flanked with German bayonets.'

"A League of Nations," he said, "founded on such a betrayal of Poland, on the robbery of China, our own ally, on the abrogation of a treaty made with Italy in an hour of deadly peril, a base paltering with the principle of self-determination doubly interpreted with a duplicity unrivaled in even the Congress of Vienna, is doomed with the curse of broken faith and shameless perfidy from its inception and birth. If this be our Republic's contribution to the League, let us hang our heads in shame and confess we are giants in word and Lilliputians in good faith and practical action."

Recalls Wilson Lecture.

Senator Sherman attacked President Wilson for alleged failure to consult the Senate. His colleague, Senator McCormick, Republican, of Illinois, handed him a quotation from a lecture delivered by Mr. Wilson in 1908 at Columbia University, in which the present Executive advocated close co-operation with Senators. The quotations submitted by Mr. McCormick, and read by Senator Sherman, were:

"But there is another course which the President may follow, and which one or two Presidents of unusual political sagacity have followed, with the satisfactory results that were to have been expected. He may himself be less stiff and offish, may himself act in the true spirit of the Constitution and establish intimate relations of confidence with the Senate on his own initiative, not carrying his plans to completion and then laying them in final form before the Senate, to be accepted or rejected, but keeping himself in confidential communication with the leaders of the Senate while his plans are in course, when their advice may be of service to him and his information of the greatest service to them, in order that there may be veritable counsel and a real accommodation of views instead of a final challenge and contest.

"The policy which has made rivals of the President and Senate has shown itself in the President as often as in the Senate, and if the Constitution did intend that the Senate should in such matters be an executive council, it is not only the privilege of the President to treat it as such, it is also his best policy and his plain duty."

Johnson Says Light Is Denied.

Senator Johnson, speaking in support of his resolution asking the communication of the treaty text to the Senate, said:

"It seems obvious that the American people should be entitled to any particular matter which has been determined at the Paris Peace Conference and which may affect the future of America or may in any way involve American participation in subsequent years.

"Indeed, it would seem to have been in days gone by wholly axiomatic that the people of the United States should be afforded frank and complete information concerning them in the present or which might in the future affect them. I say in the past this would have been axiomatic. Today, when we believe in open covenants, openly arrived at, no longer is it axiomatic, and today, therefore, I find to my surprise and astonishment that a resolution asking simply that the American people be told what they are entitled to know meets with some degree of opposition on the floor of this Senate and a considerable degree of opposition from the press representing the present Administration.

"The treaty was handed to the German plenipotentiaries at Versailles fifteen days ago. It was published in Germany by the conquered people in this war. It is denied now to the American people, the victors in this war. Upon what theory is it denied?"

Senator Walsh of Montana asked if there was not an agreement at Paris to keep the treaty secret.

"I do not know and I do not care," replied Senator Johnson. "If there were such an agreement among the Allies then you violated it when you gave us a synopsis of the treaty, and when you give us a synopsis of the treaty you ought to give us an honest synopsis. The only reason that can be on the face of the earth for not giving the whole treaty is that you have something to conceal and that you want to conceal it for an indefinite period."

"Preposterous," Hitchcock Declares.

Senator Hitchcock replied that never in the history of the country had the Senate called upon the President for a copy of a treaty under negotiation, not yet signed, as was the present case.

"It is preposterous," said Senator Hitchcock, "for the Senate to interfere with the negotiations and demand the right to publish a document to which the other party has not yet agreed. The suggestion that the full treaty be published has already been made in other countries, and has been denied by the representatives of those countries. I do not know that I am going too far, but I feel justified in saying that the President of the United States would have no objection, so far as the United States is concerned, to the full publication of this document, but it cannot be published in the United States without getting back to other countries.

"We have few complications in this matter. We are not much interested in the details of this treaty with Germany, but when it comes to France, a neighbor of Germany, a victim of Germany, the interests are great and vital. If France objects—and I understand France does object at this time to publicity, and England also, for Lloyd George has gone on record as objecting—if France and Great Britain object, it would be absolutely indecent for the United States to demand the publication and embarrass our associates in this negotiation.

"It would simply mean throwing a monkey wrench into the machinery and render more difficult a problem already infinitely difficult. The Senate would commit a gross breach of national and international propriety to call upon the President to answer such a question. It would be an indication that the Senate distrusts him, proposes to interfere with him, to render more difficult the settlement of peace which we all hope is close at hand. It would be the cause of infinite embarrassment, particularly in France, to make public at this time the present terms of the treaty, some of which may be subject to modification and one of which already has been modified."

The moment Senator Hitchcock ceased speaking, Senator Johnson was on his feet.

"I listened in astonishment to the emphatic utterances and extravagant adjectives of the Senator from Nebraska," he said. "I am utterly unable to comprehend the mental strabismus that can arrive at a conclusion such as has been suggested here. it is the veriest tommyrot for any man to say that we interfere with the Peace Conference, that we are doing something that is reprehensible, or that it is indecent to ask that that which has been given to us in part shall be given to us in full."

Lodge Criticises Synopsis.

Senator Thomas suggested that the President probably had excellent reasons for not making the treaty public, and added that although he personally disliked secret diplomacy to the last degree, he could see where such a contingency as he spoke of might exist.

To this Senator Lodge replied that the full text was necessary to the Senate because the synopsis was "on its face imperfect," containing "words that make nonsense." Senator Lodge said:

"I should not dare base anything on the authority of the summary as being so."

Opposing sending the resolution to the Foreign Relations Committee, Senator Lodge asserted that this would be useless.

"We shall not get the text any way," said Senator Lodge, "so we are debating an academic question."

"Then we are wasting our time," said Senator Thomas.

"No, we are not wasting our time, because we are calling attention to the new method of 'open covenants, openly arrived at,'" replied Senator Lodge.

"When these treaties come here, if I have anything to do with it, I shall not ask the Senate to adopt the method of 'open covenants openly arrived at,' because that has presented to the world the most secret treaty which history can recall. I shall simply ask the Senate to treat this treaty and all connected with with plain, patent publicity."

Questions Hitchcock's Authority.

"What impropriety is there in our having the whole of it?" Mr. Lodge continued, declaring that the League of Nations draft had been made public, then amended and made worse than it was, and then again made public.

"Now they say," he concluded, "that we should not have the text of the treaty that every German storekeeper is reading today."

"The Senator is mistaken," Senator Hitchcock interjected.

"I don't believe it, that I'm mistaken," Senator Lodge replied. "By what authority does the Senator make the statement?"

"By the best authority now in Washington," Senator Hitchcock replied.

"That authority is worth no more than we have here," Senator Lodge responded.

There was laughter in the gallery at this point, and the presiding officer called for order.

In reply to a suggestion by Senator Robinson that it was not obligatory upon the President to consult with the Senate in the preparation of a treaty, Senator Lodge conceded that this was true, but added:

"But it has been done wisely in the cases of Washington and Lincoln, and I think might have been done by some others."

KAHN WANTS ARMY RETURNED QUICKLY

Military Committee Head, Back from Europe, Opposes Use of Troops as "Police."

URGES INDEPENDENT CABLE

Praises Our Troops' Work Abroad and Says Pershing Insisted They Fight as a Unit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Representative Julius Kahn, Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee, upon his return today from a three months' visit to Europe, devoted to a study of military questions and a tour of the battlefields, made some comments upon European affairs and the Peace Treaty. He also suggested, in an informal talk following the issuance of his statement, that the United States should receive one of the German cables, and that the landing place in Europe should be maintained by this country under a League of Nations mandate.

"During the two months that I spent on the Continent of Europe I visited the battle areas of France, where American troops participated," said Mr. Kahn. "I cannot repeat too often that our soldiers were not mere men, they were supermen.

"No one can go to Cantigny, where we started our fighting with our own units, and Château-Thierry, Vierzy, Bergy-le-Sac, Belleau Wood, Vaux, Mezy, Jaulgonne, Fere-en-Tardenois, Fismes, and other points in the Soissons-Château-Thierry salient without admiring the tenacity, the valor, the boldness, and the undaunted spirit of our men.

"There is no denying the fact that at the time we really entered the war, which was toward the end of May, 1918, thirteen months after the war resolution passed Congress, thirteen months which were required for the preparation of our entrance into the struggle with our combat troops, the French and the English were in a very serious condition. They had been doing a great deal of hard fighting, and it would not in any way detract from their achievements during the four years when they held the lines against the enemy. But the dash and the courage and the freshness of our men swept the enemy backward as no other force was able to do.

"For instance, in the St. Mihiel salient, which was held by the Germans for four years, we drove them out in practically twenty-seven hours. Before we made that successful attack the French had lost 50,000 men in making an attack on one spur alone, known as Les Esparges.

"To appreciate fully the dangerous character of the terrain and the splendid positions occupied by the German forces, one must survey the field in order to gain an adequate conception of what our men did there. The same is true of the Meuse-Argonne battlefield.

American Methods in the War.

"In my opinion, what contributed most to the success of our arms was the fact that our troops were allowed to fight as an American army. It was a matter of common knowledge that the English and the French desired our divisions to be used practically as replacement divisions. To the credit of General Pershing, be it said that he always insisted that our men must fight as an American army under their own officers.

"I was told by men who ought to know the facts that at one time the relationship between General Pershing and the commanding officers of the Allied forces was accordingly strained on account of the insistence of Pershing for an American army. Therefore, he deserves the credit for having brought about the situation that enabled our troops to fight as an American army.

"During my stay, I also visited the 'leave areas' where the men were given an opportunity to see various parts of France and other countries that were outside of the war zone. I am satisfied that our young men had an excellent opportunity to see much of Europe in this way, and that, aside from detracting from the scenic wonders of other countries, I am satisfied that every returning American soldier will feel a greater love for his own country than he had before he left our shores.

"I wish that every American could see what our engineers, our signal corps men, our quartermaster's corps, our ordnance department, our medical department, and other technical and special branches of our service did in France.

"The S. O. S., services of supply, stations were visited. Miles upon miles of warehouses attest the manner in which the products of our workshops and our farms were stored, but give us a meagre idea of the immensity of the job we undertook when we entered the war. The signal corps alone strung 150,000 miles of telegraph and telephone wires, besides thousands of miles in the battle areas for temporary use.

"I also had an opportunity to visit the various ports of demobilization and embarkation, Marseilles, Bordeaux, St. Nazaire, and Brest, which stand as living monuments to the activity, the ability, and the executive capacity of the American.

Urges Return of Troops.

"The American soldiers are exceedingly anxious to return home. They feel they have performed their work well. They feel that, having performed it, they ought to be brought home as speedily as possible. I fully concur with them in that feeling.

"I have frequently stated that we do not understand the intrigues, the chicane, the jealousies, the hatred, the ethnological and racial differences that exist in Europe. We do not understand these peoples and they do not understand us. It is a matter of common knowledge that the dislike for the Americans has been constantly growing in Europe since the signing of the armistice, and the American soldiers do not hesitate to say that they are not enamored of the Europeans.

"Under the Treaty of Peace we are asking for nothing, nor do we receive any indemnities of any kind. They go to the European countries. Under the circumstances I do not see why American soldiers should be kept in the occupied area to serve as collection agents for the countries of Europe. Nor, in my opinion, has the time come now, should it ever come, when we ought to act as the world's policeman.

"I believe with Senator Johnson of California that the Peace Treaty ought to be published in full in order that our citizens may thoroughly study it and understand it before the Senate finally acts upon it. It contains 208 pages of printed matter. I am told that it goes into details on many subjects, and we ought to know something of those details. We ought to know what disposition is to be made of the German cables.

Wants All-American Cable.

"It is exceedingly important for our future commerce and our political welfare that an all-American cable conn

PENROSE GETS PLACE DESPITE OPPOSITION

Senate Slate Gives Him Finance Chairmanship—Warren Wins as Appropriations Head.

OTHER CHAIRMEN PICKED

Vice President Marshall, Ruling Old Committees Still in Power, Spurs Action by Majority.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The framing of the Senate Republican committee slates was reported completed today by the Republican Conference Committee on Committees. The program, it was stated upon high authority, proposes Senators Penrose of Pennsylvania and Warren of Wyoming for Chairmanships of the Finance and Appropriation Committees respectively, despite the opposition of the Progressives.

The committee slate will be presented at a conference of Republican Senators to be held next Monday before the convening of the Senate on that day. The Progressives at that time are expected to take final action in opposition to Senators Penrose and Warren, but it was reported tonight that the factional troubles would be settled in the conference and probably would not reach the Senate floor.

The Chairmanship assignments understood to have been agreed upon by the committee follow:

Foreign Relations—Lodge, Massachusetts.
Finance—Penrose, Pennsylvania.
Appropriations—Warren, Wyoming.
Military Affairs—Wadsworth, New York.
Naval Affairs—Page, Vermont.
Judiciary—Nelson, Minnesota.
Interstate Commerce—Cummins, Iowa.
Agriculture—Gronna, North Dakota.
Commerce—Jones, Washington.
Rules—Knox, Pennsylvania.
Public Lands—Smoot, Utah.
Privileges and Elections—Dillingham, Vermont.
Manufactures—La Follette, Wisconsin.
Education and Labor—Kenyon, Iowa.
Mines—Poindexter, Washington.
Immigration—Colt, Rhode Island.
Indian Affairs—Curtis, Kansas.
Irrigation and Reclamation—McNary, Oregon.
Philippines—Harding, Ohio.
Printing—Moses, New Hampshire.
Library—Brandegee, Connecticut.

Under the reported agreement Senator Page, instead of Senator Poindexter, would have the Naval Committee by reason of strict adherence by the Committee on Committees to the seniority rule. Last moment changes in the committee assignments also placed Senator Smoot at the head of the Public Land Committee, instead of the appropriations body, for which he had been mentioned.

Three new members of the Foreign Relations Committee reported chosen were Senators New of Indiana, Harding of Ohio, and Moses of New Hampshire.

The Committee on Committees decided to hold a majority of three Republicans on the Finance, Interstate Commerce, Foreign Relations, and Elections Committees, but in compliance with requests from the Democratic conference it agreed to reduce the Republican majority on other committees to two members.

Formal steps for co-operation between Senate and House Republicans in framing legislative programs were taken today, the Senate Republican Steering Committee, at its first meeting, appointing a sub-committee to confer with the House Republican Steering Committee, Senators McCumber, of North Dakota, Chairman of the Senate Committee, and Wadsworth, New York, and McCormick, Illinois, were named to represent the Senate majority.

Marshall Ruling Speeds Committee.

By ruling today that committees of the last Senate continued with authority to act until new committees were organized, Vice President Marshall was thought by experts on Senate procedure to have hastened the work of the Committee on Committees. The ruling also was expected to have a bearing on the controversy between the Progressives and regular groups of Republican Senators, in that it would tend to hasten a settlement.

The Vice President, interpreting a resolution adopted by the last Senate, ruled that the Senate committees retained full authority until reorganized. He observed, however, that the Republican majority had the power quickly to change the committee personnel.

Mr. Lodge excepted to the Vice President's ruling, which was deemed of special interest, because of opposition by Progressive Republican Senators to the selections of Penrose and Warren. Senator Borah of Idaho, the Progressive leader, had stated that, if necessary, the Progressives would attempt to prevent organization of the Finance and Appropriations Committees.

Senator Lodge today introduced resolutions for amendment of Senate rules in conformance with Republican caucus plans, reducing personnel of the principal committees to seventeen, barring Senators from more than two of the most important committees, and providing for consideration of the annual Diplomatic Appropriation bill by the Foreign Relations instead of the Appropriations Committee.

400 MORE BILLS OFFERED IN SENATE

Call for Many New Forms of Legislation—Water-Power Measures Again Introduced.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Bills and resolutions almost equal in number to those presented last Monday when Congress convened were introduced today in the Senate. Officials estimated the number at 400.

Senators Shields of Tennessee and Walsh of Montana reintroduced water power bills similar to the one which failed of final enactment at the last session. Senator Spencer of Missouri reintroduced his bill extending the power of the Senate to investigate contests growing out of the election of its members.

A bill similar to one recently presented in the House by Representative Campbell of Pennsylvania, providing for the distribution among the States of captured war trophies, was introduced by Senator Wadsworth of New York.

Senator Chamberlain of Oregon offered a bill recommended by Secretary Baker to equalize the pay received by civil war veterans and that given retired soldiers who had served thirty years or more.

Sending of letters or publications containing liquor advertisements through the mails into States which have laws prohibiting such advertisements would be a Federal offense under a bill introduced by Senator Wadsworth. The measure was referred to the Post Office Committee.

Creation of an International Monetary Exchange Commission for the purpose of inquiring into and ascertaining what methods and legislation are essential to establish the continuance of a fixed ratio of currency exchange between the nations of the world, is proposed in a resolution introduced today by Senator Thomas, Democrat, of Colorado.

Sending of bombs and other explosives through the mails would be made a capital offense under a bill introduced today by Senator King of Utah and referred to the Judiciary Committee. The Utah Senator was one of those to whom infernal machines were addressed in the May Day bomb plot.

A joint resolution authorizing the International Joint Commission to investigate the feasibility of constructing a canal, navigable for seagoing vessels, between Georgian Bay, Lake Huron, and the St. Lawrence River was introduced today by Senator King of Utah.

Investigation of all acts of the Bureau of Industrial Housing and Transportation, either through its own agents and employes or those of the United States Housing Corporation, is called for in a resolution introduced today by Representative Clark of Florida.

A resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to have brought home from France "at the earliest possible moment all sick and wounded officers and soldiers" who are able to travel was introduced today by Senator McKellar, Democrat, of Tennessee. The measure was referred to the Military Committee.

REPUBLICAN WOMEN SETTLE WORKING PLANS

Decide That No Separate Women's Organization Be Formed Within the Party.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Approval of the plan that no separate women's organization, except for temporary purposes, be formed within the Republican Party, and that women be admitted to party membership on an equality with men, was voted at the concluding session here today of a conference of Republican women with Will H. Hays, National Committee Chairman. Details of the plan, it was decided, would be worked out by the women of each State in conjunction with the party's State Central Committees.

After considerable discussion at the general session closing the conference on the question of party participation by independently organized women's clubs, it was agreed that these organizations should have party participation if recognized by the State central bodies.

The decision, though agreed on finally at the closing session, was worked out independently by the women at sectional meetings, being held for women from States having full suffrage, from those States having part suffrage, and a third from the States without suffrage. These meetings also discussed educational campaigns and types of organization.

The temporary organization of purely feminine political clubs was recognized by the conference as necessary in the step toward the complete absorption of the women voters within the party membership. However, it was agreed at the meeting that these organizations should be only temporary.

All States except Mississippi and Texas were represented by women at the conference, while State Chairmen or their representatives attended from all States.

Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, said today that the women delegates at the conference had told him that the Democratic Party was heading for defeat in 1920, and if the Republicans in Congress behaved there did not seem to be any doubt as to the result.

Mr. Hays estimates that about 14,500,000 will be eligible to vote in 1920.

Mr. Hays said that he had found as a result of his conferences with the women that the war had stirred them to a point where they were taking great interest in public affairs.

"That is one of the greatest things the war has done for the country," he added. "It will be a very sorry thing for the country if the result of this awakening is lost."

SENATE HALTS SUFFRAGE.

Attempt to Expedite Resolution Is Blocked by Underwood.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Efforts to expedite passage of the Woman Suffrage constitutional amendment resolution in the Senate by sending it directly to the calendar, where it could be called up at any time, instead of first referring it to the Woman Suffrage Committee, failed in the Senate today through objection of Senator Underwood, Democrat, of Alabama, an opponent of the measure.

When the resolution was received today from the House, which passed it last Wednesday, Senator Johnson, Republican, of California, prospective Chairman of the Suffrage Committee, asked to have it read twice, and then sent to the calendar in compliance with the Senate rules. Senator Underwood asked, however, that it go to the committee so it might first be carefully considered.

U-BOAT WITH RECORD STIRS WASHINGTON

19,900 Tonnage in 30 Ships Sunk by Raider Now on View, Navy Department Says.

LAID MINES FOR OTHERS

In Nantucket-to-Hatteras Cruise a Half Dozen "Missing" Ships Were Also Probably Accounted For.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The former German submarine U-117, which visited the American coast on a raiding expedition last Summer, has arrived in the Potomac River and was today opened formally to inspection. All the guarded submarine secrets of the German Navy, so far as they can be learned by observing the mechanism of the interior of this submarine, have been thrown open to public gaze. The submarine is moored at the foot of the Seventh Street wharf, in charge of the American officers, and bluejackets who brought it from Europe.

The U-117 laid many mines along the Atlantic coast last Summer. The battleship Minnesota struck one, but made port under her own steam. The cruiser San Diego was sunk, naval officers believe, by mines laid by the submarine.

This statement was issued by the Navy Department:

"The U-117 is a large mine-laying submarine 275 feet in length and carries two guns, forty-six mines, and twenty torpedoes. She was commanded by Kapitanleutnant Droschen, who was previously in U-87, and probably did her trials about the end of June, but owing to some delay did not leave for her first cruise until July 15.

"Passing out north of the Shetland Isles, she made for the coast of America, where she was destined to operate between Nantucket and Cape Hatteras. The only known incident which occurred during her journey across the Atlantic was an attack by a British steamer on July 26, which was unsuccessful. She next reported on the 10th off Nantucket Shoals, where she sank eight small fishing schooners.

Sank Steamship Off Long Island.

"From Nantucket she cruised down the coast and sank a steamer on the 12th off Long Island. Still going south, she proceeded to lay mines at intervals of about 120 miles between Sandy Hook and Cape Hatteras. She also sank two ships by gun or torpedo and unsuccessfully attacked a third during this period of her cruise.

"On reaching Cape Hatteras, she turned northeast, and on the 17th sank a Norwegian barque, the crew of the boat were given a receipt by the commander of the submarine, signed 'Droschen.'

"Proceeding by northeast, she unsuccessfully shelled a British ship, and on the day following stopped a Swedish steamer. This vessel had been operating off the coast of America, which fact was discovered on examination of ship's log. The commander of the submarine then informed the crew that their vessel would be sunk, but the master protested that she was neutral and an animated conversation ensued between the commander and another officer of the submarine, at the conclusion of which the vessel was allowed to proceed on condition she was not under charter to the United States.

"Still proceeding north, the submarine bombed a schooner on the 24th, and sank an American fishing vessel on the 26th about 160 miles from Cape Canso. The crew of the vessel were ordered on board the submarine and sent down below while their vessel was destroyed by bombs. They were afterward picked up by a fishing vessel and landed at Cape Canso.

"The following day the submarine torpedoed a steamer without warning south of Cape Race. This vessel sank so quickly that the boats could not be lowered and many of the crew were compelled to jump into the water.

"From this position she began her homeward journey and, cruising around Cape Race, made out into the Atlantic, where she sank two small schooners on Aug. 30.

"She is next reported on Sept. 9 in company with the U-140, to whose assistance she appears to have gone and to have given her fuel.

"On arrival in the North Sea, she passed the Skaw and Aalback Bay successfully, but apparently then ran short of oil, for as she approached Germany, torpedo boat destroyers were sent out to tow her in.

"During her cruise she sank twenty ships, the majority of which were American, aggregating a tonnage of 19,913 tons, also ten sailing vessels.

"On Nov. 19 she started out for Harwich, where she surrendered on the 21st."

PARTISAN TALK IN THE HOUSE

Speeches of Democrats and Republicans Take In a Wide Range of Topics.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—General debate on the $45,000,000 Indian appropriation bill was completed today by the House in accordance with the schedule arranged by the Republicans for rushing through the appropriation measures which failed in the last Congress and which must be passed before July 1. The bill will come up tomorrow for debate under the five-minute rule and for final passage. Members of the House took advantage of the four hours' debate to speak on various subjects.

The necessity of returning American soldiers in Europe to this country as soon as possible was urged by Representative Dallinger of Massachusetts, who asserted that many were being held in the army because "swivel chair" officers did not want to lose their jobs. The same thing prevailed in many other Government departments, he said, in urging a general removal of "sinecure job holders."

Mr. Dallinger asserted the reason the Indian was not receiving his full rights of citizenship was due to opposition to the Indian Bureau, officers of which, he said, would be without jobs once justice was done the red man.

"And this is not the only department of the Government," he said, "of which this is true," he asserted. "The boys say and their parents say that the only reason hundreds of thousands of soldiers are not discharged is because the officers want to hold their jobs. Many reserve officers today are earning more than they ever did before or ever will again; there are officers in the regular army now holding the rank of Colonel who will be put back to Lieutenants when the boys are let out, and they want the higher rank. It is an outrage to keep soldiers in service when they are needed at home."

Discussion as to responsibility for failure of large appropriation measures in the last Congress was renewed when Representative Fess of Ohio, Republican, asserted it was not the Senate filibuster which prevented the measures from being passed, but the failure of House Democrats to pass the bills until such a late date that they could not be reported out by the Senate committee in time to be taken up.

Former Speaker Clark disputed this statement, saying that the House had passed the supply bills two days earlier than usual, and that if Republican Senators had not filibustered they could have been passed. Mr. Fess's colleague, Representative Kitchin of North Carolina, former Democratic leader, declared that it was a "well-known fact" that three Republican Senators, by a "deliberate filibuster," had stopped passage of the measures.

Offer Bill for National 8-Hour Day.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—A national eight-hour working day beginning Jan. 1, 1921, was proposed in a bill introduced today by Senator Moses, Republican, of New Hampshire. In an effort to meet constitutional objections, the bill provides that eight hours shall constitute a working day in any mine, quarry, mill, canal, workshop, factory, or manufacturing establishment engaged in production of articles entering into interstate commerce. It was explained that the application of the measure would be similar to that of the Adamson law to the railroads.

GEN. BULLARD WON'T TELL OF EXPLOITS

Soldier Who Started Germans Back, Against French Advice, Arrives on Transport.

WIRE BATTALION HERE

Congressman Thinks Doughboys Abroad Know Now What a Good Country They Have at Home.

Lieut. Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, Commander of the 2d Army Corps, who added to his fame when, in July of last year, he refused to heed the advice of a French commander to fall back, and successfully launched a counter-attack on the enemy east of Château-Thierry, was a passenger yesterday on the transport Kaiserin August Victoria, which docked at Hoboken, with more than 6,000 men of the 33d Division.

General Bullard went abroad in 1917 with the 1st Division as a Brigadier General. He quickly won promotion to the next higher rank, and as a commander of the division he took over to France, saw service at Cantigny and the Vesle River. When the division was transferred to the St. Mihiel sector General Bullard was put in command of the 3d Army Corps, which is credited with starting the drive through the Argonne Forest. Last October, in recognition of his abilities he was made a Lieutenant General and put in command of the newly organized 2d Army Corps.

He has been decorated with the Distinguished Service Cross, the Croix de Guerre with two palms and the Order of Leopold. He was also made a Commander of the Legion of Honor. To reporters General Bullard declined to make any statement.

"There are a lot of Generals returning these days," he said with a smile, "and I imagine everything has been told."

Brig. Gen. Herman Hall of St. Louis, commander of the 177th Infantry Brigade, was also on the steamer. Colonel Joseph B. Sanborn, commanding officer of the 151st Infantry, an Illinois contingent, which returned on the Kaiserin August, wore the decorations of four nations—the American D. S. C., the Belgian Order of Leopold, the English Distinguished Service Order, and the French Croix de Guerre. The transport brought back fifty-eight war brides.

Union M. Bethel, Vice President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and M. B. Jones, President of the New England Telephone Company, went to the Bush Terminal piers yesterday to greet the 401st Telegraph Battalion, which returned on Tuscania. The battalion was organized in Boston, and the two officials were personally acquainted with many of its members. The transport brought back 2,181 troops, more than half of whom were from New Jersey.

Congressman James D. Glynn of Connecticut, a passenger on the Harrisburg, which brought back 2,425 soldiers, chiefly from Illinois, said he had traveled 2,500 miles by auto through the devastated parts of France, and that more than 1,000 towns and villages had been destroyed beyond rebuilding. He praised the American doughboy, who, he said, had been abroad just long enough to realize that his own country was not such a bad place after all.

Congressman Glynn said the returning soldiers would not take kindly to prohibition because of the case with which they could obtain liquor abroad. He believed there was no liklihood of wartime prohibition being repealed. "I do not think any Congressman would be re-elected if he voted for the repeal of the law," he said.

Sergeant Earl Craddock, said to be the world's champion wrestler, was on board the Santa Elena, arriving with 864 casuals and replacement troops.

QUITS STATE BOARD.

Carleton Chase Resigns from Reconstruction Committee.

Carleton A. Chase, President of the Chilled Plow Company of Syracuse, and until recently President of the Associated Manufacturers and Merchants of New York State, yesterday announced his resignation from the New York State Reconstruction Commission in a letter to Governor Smith, in which he says he objects to being made the rubber stamp of those who have drafted the reports of the commission, without, he alleges, having submitted them for approval to all the members of the commission. He also takes exception to the practice of the commission of holding frequent meetings in New York City, which are difficult for some members to atttend.

"The subjects taken up by the Commission are so important," says Mr. Chase in his letter of resignation, "that it is impossible to give many of them proper consideration in the time allotted for the committees to examine the reports which are not, apparently, prepared by a member of the Commission.

"According to the press, some reports have been submitted to you which were not previously presented to all the members, which is contrary to the rule established by the commission; and when they are submitted for vote there seems to be no chance to obtain changes in the report as previously approved by the Executive Committee.

"For the foregoing reasons I cannot remain on the Commission and thereby appear to approve its reports either for myself or my associates among the manufacturers."

Mr. Chase was the recognized representative of the manufacturers on the Reconstruction Commission. For a number of years he has been prominent in the negotiations of manufacturers with the labor forces. During the war he was Coal Commissioner for Central New York State. At the office of the Reconstruction Commission last night it was said that no comment would be made upon Mr. Chase's resignation.

BILL TO PROTECT OUR DYES.

Longworth Measure Proposes Duties Twice Those Urged by Tariff Board.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Representative Nicholas Longworth of Ohio introduced a bill in the House today increasing the tariff duties on dyes and chemicals. His measure follows the lines of a bill prepared by the Tariff Commission, except that the rates proposed by the commission are doubled.

Discussing the bill, Mr. Longworth said that it changes the present law in two important respects. It a little more than doubles existing duties, and strikes out the provision that these shall be reduced yearly by 10 per cent. for five years. Some, he said, think a total prohibition of importation, except under a license, is necessary. Should the Ways and Means Committee favor a license system, it could be added to this bill.

Daylight Saving Repeal Planned.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Repeal of he so-called Daylight Saving act is to be incorporated in the Agricultural Appropriation bill, which will be drafted by a sub-committee appointed today by the Agriculture Committee. Chairman Haugen said that it had not been determined whether the repeal act should be made effective this year.

FAIL TO SETTLE WINNIPEG STRIKE

Citizens' Committee and Labor Union Representatives at Mayor's Meeting Unable to Agree.

EFFORTS ARE CONTINUED

Commercial Activities in City Near Normal—Demand Made on Government for Mail Service.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, May 23.—City and Federal agencies tonight were endeavoring to draft recommendations for the settlement of the general strike which would be acceptable to employers and to the 30,000 union men who walked out more than a week ago.

Mayor Charles F. Gray conferred with leaders and announced that he would appoint a committee of ten or twelve persons representing all factions to discuss the strike problem. Federal officials and agents were working separately to dispose of Government problems.

At a meeting today called by Mayor Gray representatives of labor and the Citizens' Committee failed to reach a satisfactory basis of discussion. Proponents of the employers declared that organized labor must renounce the principle of the sympathetic strike before settlement terms could be considered. Labor representatives declared that the right to collective bargaining must be conceded.

Mayor Gray closed the meeting with the remark:

"If it is your wish that nothing further be done regarding conciliation then hop to it. I will see that law and order are maintained."

R. B. Russell, one of the leaders of the Central Strike Committee, then asserted that trade unions in twenty-six Canadian cities were ready to declare general walkouts rather than see "Winnipeg labor lose this strike."

The following statement was issued today by Gideon D. Robertson, Minister of Labor, and Arthur Meighan, Acting Minister of Justice:

"The postal service has been denied the citizens of Winnipeg and all correspondence of those citizens since May 15. This has been done at the dictation of a small body of men not connected with the postal organization. These employes, sworn faithfully to serve the State in their several capacities, have deserted that service. They have done so entirely without reference to any grievance of their own, and, indeed, within a few weeks of an adjustment acknowledged by themselves to be satisfactory. Under these conditions they have chosen without notice and on a sympathetic issue to dislocate and paralyse the public service of a great community.

"Today voluntary workers are temporarily taking the posts these people have left. The Government announces that those returning before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 26th instant, will be accepted and that all failing to resume their duties by that hour will be definitely refused thereafter a place in the Federal service. Commencing at the above stated hour new employes will be engaged on the usual permanent basis."

Commercial activities were rapidly approaching normal today, except for the postal and street railway tieup. Restaurants opened with nonunion as well as union employes. Telephone service was maintained.

The citizens have transmitted a formal protest to the Federal Government regarding the embargo on mail to and from Winnipeg. The protest demands that the Government resume the mail service immediately.

A serious fire is now threatening Winnipeg as a result of an outbreak originating in a livery stable adjoining the Hudson's Bay Company at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The roof of the Auditorium, a huge wooden structure, one-half a block away from the Fort Garry Hotel, is now ablaze from flying sparks. The volunteer fire fighters are severely hampered by the low water pressure and a slight wind.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, May 23.—The Montreal Star publishes a dispatch from Winnipeg by direct wire, uncensored, from its own correspondent. It is dated today, and reads in part:

"The Federal Ministers are said to have presented an ultimatum to the strikers that they will not negotiate or discuss matters with them unless and until the mails are restored.

"It looks as if the crisis would be reached today. Either the mail will come through or the strike will enter a prolonged phase, with danger of the trainmen coming out and a general labor tieup throughout the country.

"The strikers are said to feel that if they give in with the Postal employes the Provincial Government could then say: 'We will not negotiate until the telephone operators come back,' and the city could say, 'We will not talk until the water works employes return.' Labor thus fears the strike would gradually be broken. Their men are determined on collective bargaining and also on sympathetic strikes as a legitimate right. Otherwise, they say, the solidarity of labor is destroyed.

"F. J. Dixon, Labor member for Center Winnipeg, said that the principle of sympathetic strikes was considered necessary by the workers who would not see their colleagues in individual industries or plants forced to submission separately. He ridiculed the idea that attempts had been made to establish Soviet government."

BAPTISTS ASK CONGRESS TO KEEP PROHIBITION

Regret Wilson Repeal Proposal and Declare the Situation Is Still Acute.

DENVER, May 23.—The Northern Baptist Convention today adopted a resolution asking Congress not to follow the recommendation of President Wilson for the repeal of war-time prohibition as it affects wines and beer.

According to the resolution, the delegates "have read with great surprise and profound regret the recommendations of President Wilson, in his last message to Congress, that it should rescind the act enforcing war-time prohibition in so far as it applies to wine and beer."

The resolution says that with hundreds of thousands still in the army and navy who should be protected against "evils arising from the sale of intoxicants," and with the food question "still acute," the considerations which furnished the basis for the enactment of war prohibition still exist.

The convention today unanimously adopted the report of the natinal committee of laymen, providing for the creation of a general planning board to co-ordinate activities of the Church under one governing body consisting of 140 members.

This proposal was considered one of the big questions of the current meeting. The plan, devised to put religious work on a basis of efficiency, is the result of months of work of the laymen's committee and is a subject concerning which there is a great divergence of view.

The convention today also voted for the establishment of a purely religious newspaper, the policy and management to be dictated by a board selected by the convention. There are now several publications scattered throughout the United States that are recognized Baptist organs, but all are under private ownership.

Religious Notices on Page Twenty-two.

OFFICIAL VICTORY CAMPAIGN BARS GENERAL ORDER 48
Price 50c.
Army & Navy Military Shop, Inc.
241 West 42nd St., (north side)
New York City.

BREWERS WIN POINT FOR 2.75 BEER

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

a District Attorney cannot be enjoined, and also that the word "beer" in the wartime prohibition law refers to all beers, including the 2.75 per cent. kind.

Mr. Guthrie stated that he and Mr. Root appeared for all the defendants, including Mr. Everard. Mr. Guthrie recited the history of the case, and in the main restated the arguments advanced in behalf of the brewers before Judge Hand. He said thirty-seven affidavits from doctors, chemists, and other persons of the highest standing had been prepared in behalf of his clients, but that he would refer only to the twenty-five affidavits included in the Ruppert part of the case. The Ruppert affidavits, he pointed out, were of more recent date than the other twelve, and were based largly upon the results of careful experimentation carried out under the direction of qualified experts.

The first affidavit was made by Dr. Hobart Amory Hare of the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia. He deposed that from personal experiences and observations he was of the opinion that beer containing 2.75 per cent. of alcohol by weight was not intoxicating. Dr. John Marshall of the University of Pennsylvania cited three cases in his affidavit, and deposed just as positively that he considered 2.75 per cent. beer nonintoxicating. Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe of this city submitted an affidavit in which he said that 2.75 per cent. beer when "consumed by an ordinary man or woman is not intoxicating."

Dr. Rosewater's Intoxication Tests.

The affidavit which Mr. Guthrie asked Judge Mayer to read with especial care was made by Dr. Charles A. Rosewater, formerly of Mount Sinai Hospital, this city, but now of St. James Hospital, Newark. He is a former Vice President of the Dependency and Crime Commission of New Jersey and is the author of the narcotic law of Louisiana. Dr. Rosewater conducted a series of tests in which nineteen men, of various professions and occupations, submitted to experimentation to prove whether 2.75 per cent. can be imbibed in sufficient quantity to produce intoxication.

Dr. Rosewater deposed that he conducted practical tests to determine whether or not an ordinary man can drink enough 2.75 per cent. beer to render him intoxicated. The subjects were tested in two groups, the first consisting of thirteen men, mechanics and brain workers, between the ages of 23 and 66 years, representing various types of drinkers. The second group was made up of men engaged in mental work, their ages being between 33 and 45 years. They were all moderate users of alcohol, and drank beer only on rare occasions.

The first group of men were given highly seasoned food before the test, in order to stimulate thirst, while the second group was served a regular dinner without liquids. Both groups were encouraged to drink all the 2.75 per cent. beer they could. The experiment with the first group was held at the De Jeanne restaurant in Newark, while that of the second group was held at the Hotel Brevoort in this city.

Dr. Rosewater also stated that tests before the experiment by chemists of the brand of bottled beer used showed that it was not up to the 2.75 per cent. strength, so sufficient ethyl alcohol was added to each bottle upon being opened to bring it up to 2.75 per cent.

The following table covers Group 1, showing the number of bottles of beer consumed by each subject:

Subject.	Age.	Weight.	Occupation.	No. Bottles Consumed.
No. 1	55	212	Typewriter suppl's	6
No. 2	45	150	Vice Pres.	6
No. 3	38	198	Bank clerk	6
No. 4	28	168	Bank clerk	9
No. 5	28	190	Electrician	13
No. 6	24	145	Broker's clerk	8
No. 7	40	165	Salesman	9
No. 8	66	225	Bookbinder	18
No. 9	57	200	Steel engraver	15
No. 10	31	170	Printer	12
No. 11	46	150	Cigarmaker	9
No. 12	23	140	Mechanic	7
No. 13	52	170	Salesman	7

Characteristics of Group No. 1.

The personal characteristics and the result of the tests of some of the individuals noted at the time, are as follows, according to Dr. Rosewater's affidavit:

No. 1. Has been accustomed to taking alcoholic drinks since childhood. Has very rarely been intoxicated, but remembers three or four instances when he was intoxicated by drinking cocktails and mixed drinks. Has had no alcoholic drinks during the last ten days. Was only able to remain for about one hour, during which time he drank six bottles of beer. Before leaving, he addressed the company, outlining a project for establishing a social centre for negroes in Newark, a movement with which he is identified. He was compelled to leave the dinner to attend a meeting in connection with this social movement.

No. 2. Has been drinking since childhood, mostly beer, occasionally other forms of alcoholic beverages, taking about six glasses of beer daily, usually with his meals. Remembers that he once was drunk on "tenguhes ale." He drank eight bottles in about three hours and pronounced himself completely satisfied, saying that he had drunk much more than he does normally, but was trying to see how much he could hold.

No. 5.—Has been a daily drinker of all forms of alcoholic beverages for several years and has on several occasions been drunk on whisky. States that he has never been able to get drunk on beer. He drank thirteen bottles of beer in about four hours and did not wish any more.

No. 6.—This man's history is practically the same as that of No. 5. He drank eight bottles of beer in about three hours and left to attend a wedding.

No. 8.—Has been a beer drinker since childhood, and has used alcohol rather freely for many years. Takes alcohol in some form or other every day and has been drunk several times on whisky. He drank thirteen bottles of beer in about four hours and stated that while he coul drink more it would make him uncomfortable.

No. 9.—Has been a constant daily beer drinker for many years, averaging a pint or more every day. On social occasions has taken mixed drinks and has been intoxicated thereby. He drank fifteen bottles of beer in about four hours.

The report on Group 2 was as follows:

No.	Age.	Weight.	Occupation.	Bottles Consumed.
14	42	192	Artist	2
15	34	154	Artist	8
16	45	176	Psychiatrist	3
17	40	139	Journalist	6½
18	43	140	Architect	6½
19	33	145	Author	9

Each man in the second group stated that he felt no intoxicating effects as a result of drinking the 2.75 per cent. beer. Summarizing the tests, Dr. Rosewater said that the experiments lead to the following conclusions:

1. The drinking was forced. Every man drank more than he would have ordinarily drunk had he not been participating in a test.

2. The beverage tested (bear with an alcoholic content of 2.75 per cent. by weight) does not compel repetition.

3. Satiation is complete and rapid. The subjects stated that they felt bloated and that additional drinking would merely add to their discomfort and was undesirable.

4. Several of the subjects admitted having on previous occasions been drunk on whisky or mixed drinks or heavy ale, showing thereby that they were not immune to drunkenness.

5. Those subjects accustomed to drinking large quantities of beer manifested the same sensation of "bloatedness" as did those who were unaccustomed to drinking large quantities.

6. Not one of the tested subjects manifested the slightest sign of drunkenness, nor conducted himself in any manner which would even faintly indicate intoxication.

7. The quantity of beer consumed by the subjects during the tests ranged from about 36 ounces to about 187 ounces.

As a result of these experimentations, Dr. Rosewater deposed that he is convinced that 2.75 per cent. beer is a nonintoxicating beverage.

The Government's Affidavits.

Dr. Edward M. Frankel, who is associated with Dr. Ralph H. McKee, Professor of Chemical Engineering at Columbia, submitted one of the Government affidavits. He deposed that "the beginning of intoxication effects is possible after the consumption of beer containing 2.75 per cent. by weight of alcohol, when quantities such as are ordinarily consumed are taken."

Dr. Charles Edward Mammack of Bellevue Hospital also made an affidavit that in his opinion 2.75 per cent. beer is an intoxicating beverage. Others who made affidavits for the Government were Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, Dr. Reid Hunt of Harvard, Henry Carter of the Central Control Board of Great Britain, and several others of equal prominence.

The courtroom was crowded during the proceedings, and there was no mistaking the joy of the 2.75 per cent. partisans when Judge Mayer announced that he would grant the preliminary injunction. Whether the case will go to trial on its merits or be taken to the Court of Appeals will be decided early next week.

'WET' AND 'DRY' BILLS INTRODUCED IN SENATE

Phelan Offers Measure to Lift Ban on Beer and Wine—Two Enforcement Bills In.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Prohibitionists and anti-prohibitionists introduced bills simultaneously in the Senate today, one side seeking to repeal the wartime prohibition on beers and wines, in line with the suggestion of President Wilson, and the other side endeavoring to have laws passed to enforce stringently wartime prohibition, as well as the national prohibition law going into effect in January.

Senator Phelan of California introduced the proposal for repeal. He merely took the language of the bill affecting beers and wines and added a line stipulating repeal.

Senator Jones of Washington, Republican, and Senator Sheppard of Texas, Democrat, introduced enforcement bills. The latter, drawn under the direction of the Anti-Saloon League, were substantially the same. Senator Sheppard's bill would prohibit all alcoholic liquors used for beverage purposes, while Senator Jones's bill would prohibit liquors containing one-half of 1 per cent. in alcohol.

OFFICIALS' VIEW OF ACTION.

Of No Immediate Practical Effect in Controversy, They Say.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Since Federal authorities have not interfered with the production of beer containing 2¾ per cent. of alcohol, officials here said tonight that the determination of the New York Federal District Court to issue an injunction against interference would not have any immediate practical effect in the controversy over the legality of the brewing of 2.75 per cent. beer.

The Government has contended that beer containing one-half of 1 per cent. or more alcohol was forbidden, but has not taken executive steps to stop production. Brewers have been warned only that if the court eventually holds the manufacture of this beer illegal they will be liable to prosecution.

ANTI-DRY RALLY TONIGHT.

Labor Unions to March to Madison Square Garden.

A national drive against the prohibition amendment to the Constitution will be launched tonight at a meeting in Madison Square Garden, to be held under the auspices of the Association Opposed to National Prohibitions. The doors of the Garden are to be opened at 5 o'clock, and Edward J. Hannah, President of the New York Central Federated Union, who is Chairman, will begin his speech promptly at 8 o'clock.

A resolution adopted last night by the Federated Union was to the effect that the locals should march to the meeting in contingents, with bands leading them, from the various headquarters. The speakers are to be Reuben L. Haskell, Charles L. Windle, Lieutenant Edward J. McDonald of the 55th Artillery, and the Rev. John L. Belford of the Church of the Nativity in Brooklyn.

It was also determined by the C. F. U. that a committee of twenty-five wearing badges, "We are opposed to prohibition," headed by John Sullivan of Brewers' Local 59, would go to Washington early next month to present the views of labor to Congress on the prohibition question. It was suggested that as many representatives as possible of the local organization accompany the committee.

Ernest Bohm, Secretary of the union, called the attention of the members to an attack that had been made upon him by Everett P. Wheeler, representing the Anti-Saloon League, who, he said, declared that Bohm was in the employ of the German Government. Bohm indignantly denied that he had ever been connected with the German Government in any way. The union then passed a vote of confidence in Mr. Bohm, and as he thanked them for the vote he was greeted with a round of applause.

HINES SEES PLOT IN BIDS ON RAILS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

sidiaries of the United States Steel Corporation, and with the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, the Bethlehem Steel Company, and the Lackawanna Steel Company. This action is taken not only without approval of the prices but for the reasons shown below with emphatic disapproval of the prices and the manner in which they have been established.

"That action of these six steel companies in making uniform bids was taken under the leadership of the United States Steel Corporation is clear from the fact that immediately after the Railroad Administration announced finally that it would not approve the prices fixed by the Industrial Board Judge Gary for the Steel Corporation took the initiative in announcing publicly that the Steel Corporation was strictly maintaining the prices approved by the Industrial Board, and that it seemed to him that would be the attitude of other manufacturers. The subsequent action of the Steel Corporation and the other manufacturers in submitting their bids has accorded completely with Judge Gary's announcement.

"The Steel Corporation annual report to its stockholders shows that after paying all wages and other operating and maintenance expenses and allowing most liberally for renewals and paying interest on debt of subsidiary companies, and also taxes other than war taxes and excess profits taxes, it had net earnings on all rolled steel products of $21.58 per ton in 1916, $35.73 per ton in 1917, and $33.53 in 1918.

"It is a remarkable fact that in the calendar years 1917 and 1918 the net earnings of the Steel Corporation aggregated approximately $1,000,000,000, being in excess of the annual rental which Congress has sanctioned as reasonable for practically the entire railroad mileage in the United States. It is true the Steel Corporation had to pay out of these net earnings heavy excess profits taxes to the Government, but even after paying their taxes, making liberal allowance for depreciation and extraordinary replacement funds, and after paying interest on bonds and seven per cent. on preferred stock there remained an earning of 39.2 per cent. on its common stock in 1917 and of 26 per cent. on its common stock in 1918.

"The fact that excess profits taxes were paid out of the net earnings in 1917 and 1918 does not in any way detract from the accuracy of these net earnings as a measure of the productiveness of the war prices which were charged by the Steel Corporation.

"These figures of actual net earnings per ton on the entire output of the Steel Corporation are much more convincing than estimated costs of rolling a particular steel product at a particular mill

BROADWAY

Dear old Broadway—famous in song and story from one end of the globe to the other—by day a seething hive of industry, by night a fairyland of pleasure!

The mecca of the ambitious from the wilds of Maine to the sand dunes of California, the goal of the mightiest ships that sail the seven seas!

Give a thought to Broadway and you give a thought to the world, for Broadway has gathered unto itself the bravest sons and the fairest daughters of every nation of the earth.

Give a thought to Broadway and you give a thought to CHILDS, for Broadway is a great highway of CHILDS restaurants—twelve in all, extending from the Battery to Harlem, with another twelve within a stone's throw.

Beautify Broadway and add to the delightfulness of the greatest city on earth. Visit the CHILDS restaurants and add to your own delight.

Childs

Just to demonstrate that we will not start anything we cannot finish, we make the fabrics from which we make our shirts.

To insure our making them to your entire satisfaction, we attach a money back guarantee to every shirt you buy.

Drop in at any one of our 23 shops, to-day.

For a comparison of values ask to see our finest quality Russian Cord Madras Shirt, distinction in texture and design, for

$3.50

Headquarters for Olus Union Suits.

Chain Shirt Shops

LARGEST SHIRT SPECIALISTS IN AMERICA

Hotel Commodore

Hotel Pennsylvania, 417 Broadway, 26 Cortlandt St., 139 Nassau St., 110 Chambers St., 184 Delancey St.

Hotel Imperial, 1407 Broadway, 1484 Broadway, Near 42d St., 62 East 14th St., 204 W. 125th St.

BROOKLYN SHOPS

367 Fulton St. 431 Fulton St.

NEWARK SHOP, 170 Market St.

Bridgeport Waterbury Scranton

D

DUNLAP STRAW HATS

Ready for Inspection

180 Fifth Avenue
181 Broadway
New York
22 So. Michigan Ave.
Chicago
Agencies in all Principal Cities

TO ANALYZE THE DRUG CRISIS

How can we save the Drug Sufferer?

AT PUBLIC FORUM

Church of the Ascension

Fifth Ave. and Tenth St.,

Sunday, May 25th, at 8 P. M.

Speakers:

DR. ROYAL S. COPELAND
Health Commissioner

SENATOR WALTER R. HERRICK
State Commissioner on Narcotics

MISS GRAHAM-MULHALL
State Deputy Commissioner

SENATOR JAMES FOLEY

The Public Is Invited.

Skin Tortured Babies Sleep After Cuticura

All druggists, Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 6B, Boston."

FLIER DOES 'STUNTS' ON SPEEDING PLANE

Wind Baffles Lieut. Locklear's Attempt to Swing to Another Machine.

DISCUSS AERIAL LAWS

Pan American Congress Hears Report Advocating Aircraft Board in Department of Commerce.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 23.—Daring aerial feats thrilled the spectators at the airport here this afternoon. The performances were part of the program of the second annual Pan American Aeronautic Congress.

Lieutenants Ormer Locklear, Melvin Elliott, and Shirley Short manned the planes that took part. Lieutenant Locklear made three hair-raising attempts to swing from one airplane to another but each time the high wind baffled his efforts to clutch the hanging ladder. He will try to perform the stunt again tomorrow. While crowds beneath trembled for his safety, Lieutenant Locklear climbed all over his own plane while it was speeding along. It was an afternoon of sensations, and many on the ground breathed a sigh of relief when it was over.

International and national regulation of aerial navigation was discussed at the regular session. The joint Committee on Aerial Laws and Regulations of Air Traffic of the convention presented a report urging that Congress be asked to create an aircraft board in the Department of Commerce to supervise aerial transportation.

The report includes the text of the temporary rules to govern aerial navigation. The passages were guided by suggestions indorsed by President Wilson, Secretary of War Baker, Secretary of the Navy Daniels, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, and Dr. Charles D. Walcott, Chairman of the National Advisory Committee on Aeronautics.

"Now that international conditions are more settled, the making of laws for aerial navigation by the various nations has been taken up again with renewed interest," Bernard H. Sandler, member of the Law Committee of the Aero Club of America, told the convention. "Laws for aerial navigation can be divided into the following three classes: International laws, which can be determined by treaty rights between nations; Federal or interstate laws, which are vital for the country's welfare and which are advocated and must be enacted by Congress; and local traffic laws, which must be determined by local municipalities for local flying.

"In the year 1915 the Aero Club of America and the Aerial League of America advocated that the Department of Commerce take up the question of registering and inspecting aircraft and aviators and regulating civilian flying in general. The enactment of nationwide laws by Congress or the Department of Commerce is imperative, as prior to the world war some freak legislation was enacted in some States which, instead of assisting aviators and aeronautics in general, had a tendency to retard its further scientific development. The only country which has made any progress of any nature toward regulating civil aeronautics is Great Britain."

In the Federal bill proposed at the convention, all persons not in the military or naval service of the United States would be prohibited from operating any airplane, balloon, or other invention or device used for navigating the air without first obtaining a license from a board appointed by the Secretary of Commerce. An Aircraft Board of three salaried members, two of whom shall have had practical experience in the construction and operation of airplanes, and one who shall have practical knowledge of the construction of a dirigible balloon, is advocated. The salary of the Chairman is $4,500, and his two associates $4,000. The Secretary of Commerce, however, would be the chief executive.

The bill would create a fund of $50,000 to put the initial plans in operation. Penalties of fines and imprisonment are recommended for violations of the terms of the legislation. In anticipation of the adoption of such a measure the two parent aero clubs and the Atlantic City Aero Club have established a system of registration of aircraft and aviators at the Atlantic City air port.

SHIP PERHAPS SAW HAWKER'S RED LIGHT

Reports Airplane Signal Between Newfoundland and Ireland—Fund for Aviators' Heirs.

LONDON, May 23, (Associated Press.)—The cableship Faraday reports that it sighted the red light of an airplane during the early hours of Monday at 50 degrees, 28 minutes, north latitude, and 30 degrees west longitude, approximately midway between England and Newfoundland, in the course which would have been followed by Harry G. Hawker in his attempted flight between Newfoundland and Ireland.

It is announced by The Daily Mail that it intends, in the unfortunate event that Harry G. Hawker and Lieut. Commander Mackenzie Grieve have lost their lives in attempting to fly across the Atlantic, to devote $50,000 to their next of kin in the proportions that Hawker and Grieve had already agreed to divide the prize. This disposition will not interfere with the contest prize, which is still open.

NEW BRITISH TEAM EXPECTS TO WIN

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

at least, is entirely unaffected by the task which confronts him. He is said to be an excellent navigator, and hopes to add to his equipment, brought from England, one of the bubble sextants developed by the United States Navy, which will add tremendously to his navigating efficiency if the Government consents to lend it to him.

The Vimy, fitted with twin 330-horse Eagle VIII Rolls-Royce engines carries 865 gallons of gasoline as compared to the 330 of the Sopwith, and fifty gallons lubricating oil as compared to the twenty-five of the Sopwith. The Vimy has cruising range at cruising speed of ninety miles of 2,440 miles, and a possible speed of 100 miles an hour. The machine has a 67-foot span, and is 42 feet, 8 inches long.

HARBOR GRACE, N. F.—The Handley-Page overseas flying expedition today conducted tests of its emergency wireless under simulated distress conditions. Attention has turned to radio equipment, in view of the absolute silence of the high-powered instruments of Harry G. Hawker.

Experts said today's tests demonstrated it was almost certain Admiral Kerr could report position and trouble should the Handley-Page plane be forced into the water. An emergency set located in the cockpit in the tail will be suspended in the air, in the event that the plane falls into the sea, and the nose is forced down by the weight of the engines forward and the directional and main wireless sets are put out of commission. From the tail a box kite or balloon will be sent up. Today a kite was flown with an aerial suspended like Ben Franklin's key, and the radio impulse was received from Cape Race, eighty-five miles away. Later, signals were sent and acknowledged.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Fourteen.

DIRIGIBLE ALIGHTS ON CLEVELAND HOTEL

Drops on the Building After Seven Attempts, Lands Passengers, and Resumes Flight.

CLEVELAND, May 23.—For the first time in the history of flying in America a vehicle of the air was brought to a convenient stop in the heart of a large city when a dirigible balloon landed on top of a prominent hotel here this evening to permit two of its five passengers to alight. The 160-foot dirigible, the A-4, after seven attempts, landed on a specially constructed platform 30 by 30 feet.

The balloon, piloted by James Shade, made the trip from Wingfoot Lake Naval Air Station near Akron, approximately thirty-five miles, in a little more than one hour, despite the fact that it faced stiff winds.

Ralph H. Upson, world's champion balloonist, winner of the last international balloon race, which was held at Paris in 1913, and Major C. H. Maranville, flying instructor at the training station, were among the passengers.

After a few minutes' stop here the other fliers sailed back to Akron.

The A-4 was built this year at a large rubber plant in Akron, where Mr. Upson is aero engineer. It has a gas capacity of 95,000 feet.

PLAN INTERNATIONAL AIR RULES AT PARIS

Aeronautic Federation Presents Suggestions to Delegates from All Countries.

PARIS, Thursday, May 22.—The International Aeronautic Federation, in session here, has unanimously voted the following requests for the delegates from each country to present to their Government representatives in charge of aerial affairs:

First—That the liberty of aerial navigation be re-established as soon as possible in conformity with the decision of the Peace Conference.

Second—That civilian aeronautics in the various countries be placed under the control of the Aviation Ministry or Department.

Third—That all the aero clubs affiliated with the International Aeronautic Federation be represented upon the International Commission on Aerial Navigation, which is to be created after peace is signed.

Fourth—That in every country the National Aero Club be represented in the National Commission on Aeronautics.

Certain conditions under which the brevet of pilot aviator may be obtained were altered by the Federation, and it was decided that regulations relative to the verification of aerial achievements should be modified. Other questions were carried over for the next session of the Federation, which is to be held at Brussels the coming October.

CAPE TO CAIRO BY AIR.

British Officers in South Africa Plan Flight Within Three Months.

LONDON, May 15, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Preparations are being made in South Africa by officers of the Royal Air Force for a Cape-to-Cairo airplane flight, according to advices received here. The Cape Times states it is probable that within the next two or three months the first machine to make a direct flight from Cairo may arrive at Cape Town, where a landing ground has already been selected.

The machine used will be a Handley-Page, and while there is no time for the provision of the various adjuncts to a regular service, such as workshops and supply depots along the proposed route, properly marked landing grounds and petrol stations have been arranged. Wireless installations will be erected along the route to assist the airplane in finding its course.

USE PLANE FOR BUSINESS.

Army Officers Fly from Washington to Meet Engagement.

In order to keep a business engagement in this city Colonel Lotha A. Smith and Lieut. Colonel A. C. Downey of the Aeronautical Division of the War Department, flew yesterday from Washington to Mineola in an airplane. The two officers received a telephone message in Washington yesterday morning making it desirable that they reach New York as soon as possible.

As there was no available train they decided to proceed to New York by airplane. They left Washington at 9:25 o'clock, flew over New York, and landed at Mineola before noon. Upon landing at Mineola the two officers went to the Biltmore Hotel to keep their engagement.

Air Mail Service Makes Record.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Successful completion of twenty-eight out of thirty possible trips during the first week's operation of the Chicago-Cleveland air mail service was pointed to by the Post Office Department today as demonstrating the success and reliability of the new service. It was said that a perfect record would have been scored had the landing field at Bryan, Ohio, been in good condition.

VERDICT FOR CHAMBERLAIN.

Court-Martial Acquits American Flier of Perjury and Forgery.

LONDON, May 23, (Associated Press.)—It is unofficially reported that the courtmartial which has been trying Captain Edmond G. Chamberlain of San Antonio, Texas, the aviator who claimed to have performed many thrilling exploits over the German lines, has acquitted him of the first charge of perjury and forgery.

The vote on the first specification is understood to have been 7 to 1 and on the second specification solidly in Chamberlain's favor.

The result of the vote on the second charge, namely, falsehood, has not been learned.

The court, after finishing the taking of testimony, reconvened behind closed doors. It threw out the greater part of the report of Major Gen. Salmond of the Royal Air Service, the documentary and oral evidence of Wilford M. Webb, a British War Office handwriting expert, and much of the hearsay testimony of other witnesses.

URGE PRESIDENT TO RETURN

Some Bay State Democrats Ask Him to Help Cut Cost of Living.

BOSTON, May 23.—President Wilson was urged to return from Paris and devote his attention to reducing the cost of living in this country in a cablegram sent to him today by Francis J. Finneran, President of the Democratic Club of Massachusetts, and twenty-six Democratic members of the Legislature. The message said:

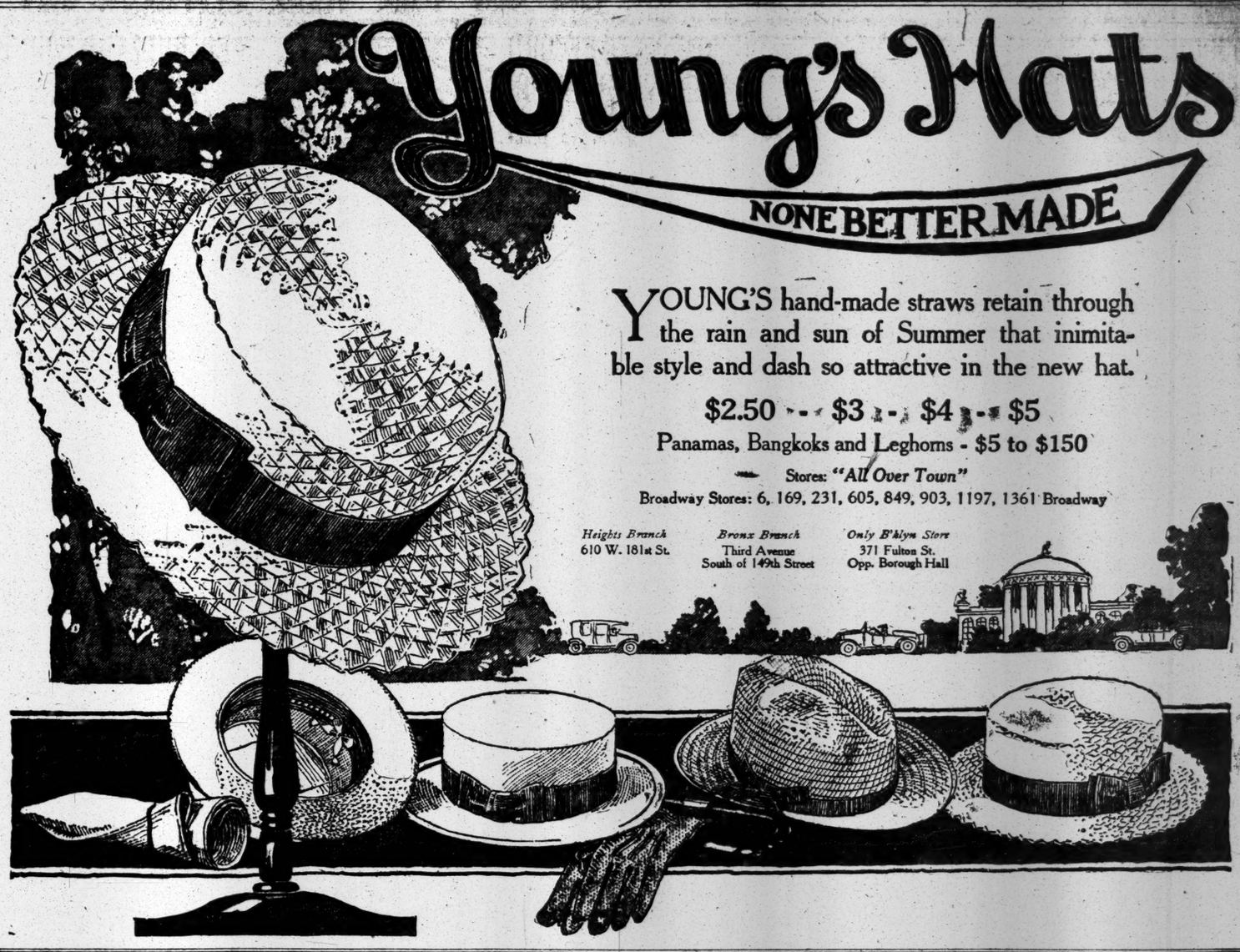
"The citizens of the United States want you home to help reduce the high cost of living, which we consider far more important than the League of Nations."

Mrs. George Wilson Critically Ill.

It was learned in Roosevelt Hospital early this morning that Mrs. George Wilson of 137 Riverside Drive, mother-in-law of William Randolph Hearst, is in a critical condition. Mrs. Wilson was operated on for intestinal ailment in the hospital on May 21 by Dr. John F. Erdmann.

Young's Hats

NONE BETTER MADE



YOUNG'S hand-made straws retain through the rain and sun of Summer that inimitable style and dash so attractive in the new hat.

$2.50 - $3 - $4 - $5

Panamas, Bangkoks and Leghorns - $5 to $150

Stores: "All Over Town"

Broadway Stores: 6, 169, 231, 605, 849, 903, 1197, 1361 Broadway

Heights Branch 610 W. 181st St.

Bronx Branch Third Avenue South of 149th Street

Only B'klyn Store 371 Fulton St. Opp. Borough Hall

Nikko Panamas - $2.75

South American Panamas $3.75 and $4.75

Bangkoks - $3.75

Leghorns - $3.75

Exclusive agents for the celebrated Shaw Quality Straws $3.00

Styles That Talk for Themselves

STYLE and real value sell our straws—not salesmen. But the enthusiasm of the chap who sells you your Kaufman Straw isn't one bit exaggerated when he tells you that we have the biggest variety and the smartest straws in town.

$2.25

You can't get as much value no matter how much more you pay.

Kaufman

NEW YORK STORES

82 Nassau St., nr. Fulton
240 B'way, opp. City Hall
B'way, corner Bleecker
54 East 14th St., near B'way
148 East 14th St., near 3d Ave.
23d St., opp. Metropolitan Bldg.
B'way, near 38th Street
123 West 42d Street, between Broadway and 6th Avenue
8th Avenue, corner 39th Street
155 East 42d Street, near 3d Ave.
982 3d Avenue, near 59th Street
86th Street, corner 3d Avenue
2292 3d Avenue, near 125th Street
258 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.
2825 3d Avenue, near 149th Street
Tremont Avenue, corner Bathgate
Delancey, corned Eldridge
Canal, opposite the Bridge

BROOKLYN

Fulton St., opp. City Hall
724 B'way, near Flushing
1371 B'way, near Gates
Pitkin Ave., cor. Osborn

NEWARK

167 Market, near Broad

IAN HAY

(*Major Beith*)

describes the lighter side of life in the A. E. F. in a book that does for the doughboys what "The First Hundred Thousand" did for Tommy and Jock.

Remember how you enjoyed Kipling's "Soldiers Three"? You'll get the same kind of pleasure from Major IAN HAY Beith's new book, now ready.

The Last Million

$1.50 net at all Bookstores. Houghton Mifflin Co. Boston & New York.

"Fownes" 142 years the *name* of glove quality. Fownes Silk gloves are Fownes throughout—fit, style, durability. Double tipped.

For men, women, children.

Seasonable shades. At shops everywhere.

FOWNES KID FITTING SILK GLOVES

UPTON SINCLAIR'S sensational novel "Jimmie Higgins" "Better than The Jungle"

Just Published!! $1.60

BONI & LIVERIGHT

Not Necessary to Sail for the Belle France Before July.

We expect to have sufficient wine to that date.

STORE OPEN TO 8 P. M.

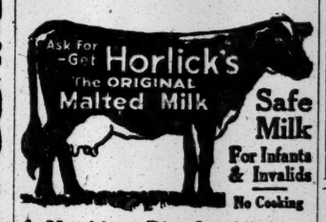
Henri Mouquin, Sr., 38th Street and 7th Avenue

Used PierceArrows

An opportunity for the man who has always wanted to own a Pierce-Arrow but has found the first cost prohibitive.

Pierce-Arrow Used Car Exch.

1765 Broadway, cor. 57th St. Circle 157-158.



Safe Milk For Infants & Invalids

No Cooking

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages. Quick Lunch; Home or Office.

OTHERS are IMITATIONS

West Indies Trade

American business man, twenty years' experience and study West Indian and adjacent South American export field, established in business, will visit New York early in June. Has for consideration of large export corporation genuinely interested, a proposition [illegible] of investigation. Y 343 T Times Annex.

What Germans Would Have Claimed.

Map of the Teuton dreams of 1915-1917, when it seemed to the Germans that they would win the war, appears in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

Lion Collars

OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA

UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

Lloyd George's Brilliant Oration.

One of 45 big features in the May CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE is the brilliant oration delivered by Lloyd George to Parliament, in which he reviewed the proceedings of the Peace Congress (full text); 21 nations are specifically covered in the May number; the episodes of April, a month fateful in history, are given, based upon official facts, without bias or comment; many other big features. Published by The New York Times Company; on news stands, 25c.—Advt.

MEN'S

Jap. Crepe Bath Robes at $3.95

Made of imported Japanese Crepe in a variety of smart striped patterns. Exceptional values! *Fifth Floor.*

Broadway at 34th Street

Saks & Company

'Phone Greeley 2626

In the Heart of New York—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"

Today, Saturday, a Most Important

Sale of Women's Sports and Dressy Suits

Formerly $45.00 to $69.00

Special at $32 and $37

These are without question the best values in distinctive Suits presented this season. In beauty of contour and fabric, and in perfection of workmanship they compare very favorably with costly to-order productions. Many are in Box Coat and Belted effects, others are straight of line, but all are far superior to any before offered at anything near these prices. These are the materials:

Men's Wear Serge, Oxford Cloths, Hair Lines, Tricotine, Checks, Poiret Twill, Heather, Tweed, Tricolette, Wool Jersey, Poulette and Silk Pongee

Fourth Floor

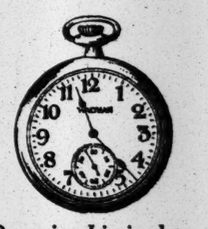
Today—On the Second Floor

A Very Fine Collection of

Misses' Fashionable Suits at Reduced Prices

Strictly Tailleur and Dressy Suits of unusual charm, tailored according to our usual high standard of workmanship in superior quality Serge, Tricotine, Imported Mixtures, Velour Checks, and Silvertone.

Suits Formerly $30.....Reduced to **$19.75**
Suits Formerly $35.....Reduced to **$25.00**
Suits Formerly $39.50.....Reduced to **$29.50**
Suits Formerly $45.....Reduced to **$35.00**
Suits Formerly $50.....Reduced to **$39.50**
Suits Formerly $55 and $59.50..Reduced to **$45 & $49.50**



Quantity Limited to One Hundred!

Men's 20-yr. Gold Filled

Watches

Special

$15

Illustrated. Reliable 7-jeweled Waltham Watch in the very popular 12-size, in 20-year Gold-filled case. Nothing like it in New York at the price. *Main Floor*

Liberally Reduced!

Boys' Serviceable Suits

Saturday

at $9.75

Well tailored Suits in one of the very smartest models introduced, produced in novelty mixtures of exceptional service-giving qualities. Sizes 10 to 18 years. *Illustrated.*

Your Boy—and Every Boy—Wants One of

These All-Wool Blue Serge Suits at $15

Made in real boyish model that will surely win both boy and parent. The quality of the Serge is exceptional, making satisfactory service a certainty. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

For Warm Summer Days—

Boys' Washable Norfolk Suits at $7.75

The laundry has no terrors for these highly practical Summer Suits. They are tailored in the best wash fabric made—Panama Cloth—in a new shade of Green, Grey, and Tan. Sizes 8 to 16 years.

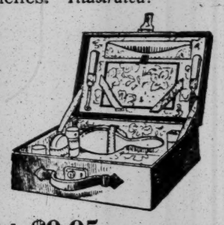
Second Floor

These Exceptional Values in

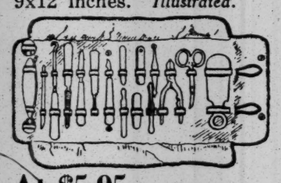
FINE LEATHER GOODS

show the advantage of making your selections at Saks—where the best of Leather Goods may always be had at the lowest prices in the city.

At $3.95— High-grade Brief Cases, made of belt-stock cowhide, with two pockets. Sizes 11 x 16 inches. *Illustrated.*



At $9.95 — Fitted Week-End Cases for overnight or week-end trips. Fitted with ten-piece toilet set and beautifully lined with Brocaded Silk. Sizes 9x12 inches. *Illustrated.*



At $5.95 — Manicure Rolls with all necessary fittings for manicure purposes. Lined with velvet or Satin, in gold, red, blue, and green.

At $7.50 — Vachette Canteen Boxes in all colors, fitted with lipstick, powder, memo book, perfume bottle, comb, mirror, and purse. *Illustrated.*

At $2.95 — Cowhide Shopping Bags—generally known as Boston Bags—and suitable for week-end trips, carrying bathing suits, or general shopping. Sizes 14 and 15 inches. *Illustrated. Main Floor.*

On Sale Beginning This Morning

500 Women's Cool Summer Frocks

in sheer cotton materials of excellent quality

at $10 & $15

Fifty distinct styles, two of which are *illustrated.* The model at right is a reproduction of a much costlier model, developed in dark voile with figured pattern in white. Collar and cuffs are of White voile.

The frock at left is fashioned of Cotton Georgette, with five large tucks in skirt and trimming of Val Lace. Obtainable in Light Blue, Peach, Pink, Orchid and White. Sizes 34 to 42.

Other equally charming styles are in Ginghams, Striped, Checked, Flowered and Figured Voile, and Plain Colored Voiles—all of excellent quality.

Also for Saturday—Five New Models in

Women's Smart Frocks at $25

Handsomely draped, tunic, plaited, and straight-line frocks, three-quarter or full length, exquisitely fashioned of Taffeta, Crepe de Chine, or Silk Foulard, in

Copenhagen Blue, Taupe, Navy Blue, and Black. Sizes 34 to 44.

Nothing Like Them Anywhere at $25!

Fourth Floor.

Girls' Graduation Frocks

were never more beautiful, nor more delightful in their styling than those now on display on the Second Floor. For Saturday we feature:

Girls' Georgette Crepe Frocks

Special at $18.75

Cleverly modeled in superior quality Georgette Crepe, with trimming of narrow ruffles on waist and skirt, as *pictured.* Apron tunic is edged with fine lace, and the crushed girdle and wide sash add wonderfully to this altogether winsome frock. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

Also—A Very Charming

Girls' Graduation Frock

Special at $17.95

In youthful surplice model, of white Chiffon Cloth, as *pictured,* elaborately trimmed with narrow ruffles and Satin ribbon, with sash and rosebud trimming. Lined with net throughout. To be had in sizes 12 to 16 years. *Second Floor.*

Saturday—A Sale of

Novelty Jewelry

and Slipper Buckles

Very Special

at .50

Novelty jewelry is now very much in favor, but difficult to obtain. We feel very fortunate in being able to present at this low price—

1400 Fancy Bead Necklaces in all colors to match the Summer Gowns. **Special, 50c**

1400 Artificial Pearl Necklaces in 24-inch opera lengths of graduating sizes, and in 16-inch strings of one-size Pearls. **Special, 50c**

1000 Pairs Imitation Cut Steel Slipper Buckles in oval and square designs—exact reproductions of high priced steel buckles. **Special, 50c**

500 Rhinestone Bar Pins in the very popular bowknot design, set in Silver-Plated Platinoid. At .50 they are entirely without competition. **Special, 50c**

Main Floor.

Today—On the Second Floor

A Very Extensive Collection of

Misses' Capes, Sports Coats and Wraps

in the very newest and most youthful styles created for early Summer, in coat-front, draped and circular effects. Only by actually seeing them can you begin to appreciate their wonderful charm and superiority.

Prices $19.75 to $59

SATURDAY ONLY—

Dainty Organdie Frocks for Misses at $15

Quaint, simple, demure frocks, beautifully fashioned of sheer organdie, with hip depth hem. Collar, cuffs and girdle are trimmed with pleated fluting. More delightful Summer frocks cannot be had. Obtainable in the much-wanted

Pastel Shades of Coral, Orchid, Tangerine, Pink and White.

Sizes 14 to 18 years.

New Summer Frocks for Misses $25

Stunning Tunic, Ruffled and Bouffant Drapery models, full of the vivacity of youth, displaying a wealth of new style treatments.

Developed in Silk Taffeta, Silk Foulard, Georgette Crepe, Organdie, and imported cotton Georgette in plain, figured and satin stripes. All the new colorings.

Second Floor.

Women's Washable Skirts

For Holiday, Sports and Street Wear

at $2.95, $3.95 and $5

At each price the variety of models is most extensive, displaying a wealth of new and very interesting style treatments in pockets, belts and trimming. Each model is very carefully tailored, and the materials are well known for their splendid laundering qualities—

Surf Satin, Gabardine, French Cords, Honeycomb Cloth and Khaki Cloth

Fourth Floor

Fashion's Newest Conceit—

Brushed Wool Sports Scarfs

It is a very long time since Fashion introduced a more winsome conceit for milady than the Sports Scarf. More practical garments are not to be had, and nothing adds so much to the beauty of the street frock.

We feature today a very extensive assortment of these scarfs

in Black with White, Navy with White, Tan with Brown, Purple, Rose and Turquoise.

At $5.50 to $15

Third Floor.

Saks & Company

Direct Especial Attention Today to

A Superb Collection of

Women's Smart Capes, Wraps and Coats at $22.50

The only way one may fully realize the exceptional beauty of the models, and the splendid quality of the materials in which they are developed, is to actually *see* the collection. New York women have not seen any such coats and wraps at so low a price, and we do not expect to be able to duplicate such values later. They come in stunning

Circular, Full Flare and Coatee Front Effects

fashioned of Men's Wear Serge, Gabardine and Velour de Laine. Sizes 34 to 46.

Fourth Floor.

Saturday Only—

Women's New Tuxedo Sports Coats at $19.50

The prettiest of all Sports Coats, exquisitely fashioned of Silvertone Wool Jersey with collar and cuffs of Angora Wool, as *pictured.*

Obtainable in American Beauty, Navy, Black, Purple, Beige, Kangaroo, Alpine Blue, Pekin and Taupe, with collar and cuffs in Silver Grey and Button. *Illustrated.*

Fourth Floor.

Polka Dot and Plaid

Georgette Crepe Blouses

are very smart for immediate wear. We offer a wonderful collection today.

Special at $4.75

They were not intended for sale at these low prices—*and show it.* They have an individuality and perfection of finish in their needlework frankly unusual at moderate cost. The styles are in the smartest frilled effects shown in leading Paris shops for early Summer, and handsome beaded models. Two as *pictured.*

Third Floor.

GIVES ARMY OFFICER VERDICT OF $150,000

Sheriff's Jury Fixes Damages in Lieut. Davies's Suit Over Wife's Affections.

DECLARES SHE LEFT HOME

Husband, Suing Alfred C. Harrison, Jr., Tells of Discoveries on His Return from Porto Rico.

The affections of Mrs. Ruby M. Davies, wife of Lieutenant La Verne A. Davies, U[illegible], were valued at $150,000 yesterday by a Sheriff's jury which heard a $250,000 suit of Lieutenant Davies against Alfred D. Harrison, Jr., owner of sugar plantations in Cuba, and son of Alfred C. Harrison, a wealthy business man of Philadelphia. The defendant, who failed to defend the action after the papers had been served on him at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, and is now in Cuba, lives with his wife at 200 West Fifty-seventh Street. His sister is the Countess Karl Hoinstein.

The facts of the case as disclosed in the judgment roll filed in the County Clerk's office are that Lieutenant Davies and his wife were married on Jan. 5, 1917, and are said to have lived happily together until Mrs. Davies met Harrison last Fall. Davies says in his complaint that he enlisted in the Marines in June, 1917, and was assigned to the recruiting depot of the 92d Battalion. He was discharged a month later, and, in January, 1918, he enlisted in the army as a private, and was ordered to Camp Lee, at Petersburg, Va., with the 155th Depot Brigade. His wife accompanied him there and lived near the camp until last July, when he was ordered to Porto Rico with the 317th Infantry. His wife then returned to New York to a home he established for her here. He was subsequently promoted to a Lieutenancy.

Lieutenant Davies says he got leave to go home to visit his wife last August and remained three weeks, during which time he still retained the affection of his wife. Shortly afterward Harrison met her, Lieutenant Davies says, and although knowing that she was the plaintiff's wife he "maliciously injured plaintiff by depriving him of the affection and comfort of his wife and destroying her affection." The defendant is alleged to have acquired an improper influence over Mrs. Davies by giving her wearing apparel, jewels, flowers, &c., and finally enticed her to leave her home and go to an apartment he had prepared for her. Lieutenant Davies says:

"Inasmuch as the plaintiff had always been in modest circumstances and unable to supply his wife with luxuries, although maintaining her in comfort, and as she was accustomed to earn her own living before her marriage, the sudden access of pleasure and luxury she enjoyed at the hands of the defendant were calculated to have a powerful and trying effect on her affections and loyalty to the plaintiff, and to invite in the mind and heart of the plaintiff's wife comparisons highly unfavorable to the plaintiff, particularly as the plaintiff was absent and the defendant was always at her side."

Lieutenant Davies said that after he had been honorably discharged from military duty he came home to spend Christmas with his wife, arriving on December 20. He was not surprised to find that his wife had left their home, he said, because he became aware from her letters that her feelings for him had undergone a change. He says he was greatly worried and disturbed and did not understand until he arrived here "the extent of the transfer of her affections that had taken place." He says that when he saw his wife she confessed that her affections had become totally destroyed through her association and contact with another man." He and his wife have since lived apart, he says.

Before the Sheriff's jury Lieutenant Davies testified that his wife told him a wealthy man was in love with her and had given her $80,000 in jewels, including a $20,000 pearl necklace, and wanted her to marry him. Harrison is about 40 years old and Mrs. Davies is under thirty.

Abraham L. Feinstein of 277 Broadway, attorney for Lieutenant Davies, refused to give any details of the case other than were disclosed in the papers. Lieutenant Davies was arrested recently in a Broadway hotel for making a disturbance when he found his wife there with another man. He was discharged in court.

RESERVES DIVORCE DECISION

Justice Greenbaum Not Ready to Pass Upon Mrs. Oppenheim's Suit.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum reserved decision yesterday in a suit of Mrs. Jennie Oppenheim of the Hotel Netherland against Myron Oppenheim, lawyer and owner of Shadow Lawn, occupied by President Wilson as a Summer home in New Jersey. Mrs. Oppenheim named Mrs. Martha Wallach Kridel, widow of a silk merchant and daughter of the late Isaac Wallach, who was President of Mount Sinai Hospital. Mrs. Oppenheim is also suing Mrs. Kridel for alienating her husband's affections.

The testimony in the case showed that the Oppenheims were married in San Francisco in 1884 and that they lived together happily until two years ago, when Mr. Oppenheim became attentive to some one else. As the result of a quarrel between them Oppenheim left his home and rented an apartment at 207 West Fifty-sixth Street. The plaintiff had her husband watched, and on Jan 12 last her agents reported that a woman was in his apartment. She went there with detectives, one of whom got in by posing as a messenger boy. They testified that they found the corespondent hiding in a closet.

Attorneys for both the defendant and corespondent were in court, but they did not enter an appearance.

12 DEAD IN CEDAR RAPIDS.

But Searchers Still Hunt for 20 More Missing.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, May 23.—With twelve bodies recovered from the ruins of the Douglas Starch Company's plant, wrecking crews today and tonight searched the debris for the bodies of twenty more employes believed buried. Of the forty workmen injured and taken to hospitals all but a few are out of danger.

The Cedar Rapids' Red Cross Chapter and the Chamber of Commerce today appealed to all citizens to contribute to a fund to be used in relieving the needs of the large families of some of the victims.

Coroner King, who empanelled a jury today to investigate and fix the blame for the explosion, said tonight that the death list would total thirty-two.

Two unidentified men died in a hospital last night. The list of seriously injured who are in the hospitals numbers fourteen, and it is believed many of them will die.

The fire burned all night, but a heavy rain set in shortly before daylight and the flames were got under control by 7 o'clock.

At the plant the officials would advance no theory as to the cause of the explosion, but workmen insist that it was caused by dust.

The monetary loss is estimated at $3,000,000.

Religious Notices on Page Twenty-two.

COTTON LINTER BRINGS GOVERNMENT MILLIONS

War Department Sells Surplus of 700,000 Bales for Export to Europe.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The War Department, through C. W. Hare, its Director of Sales, today made one of the largest transactions in cotton fibre ever made in the history of the industry through the sale to the Cotton States Products Corporation, 71 Broadway, New York City, of approximately 700,000 bales (327,000,000 pounds) of cotton linter for approximately $15,000,000. The sale embraced both munition and mattress linters. The price obtained for the former was 3.133 cents per pound and for the latter 4.666 cents per pound.

Cotton linter is a short fibre, salvaged from cottonseed after the long staple cotton has been removed and before cottonseed is crushed to produce oil and meal. It is the base of practically all smokeless powder. To obtain a sufficient quantity to provide for the needs of the United States and the Allies, the entire production of cotton linter of the United States was taken over by the Cotton Linters Pool, a part of the Cotton Linters Section of the War Industries Board, through the agency of the du Pont American Industries, Inc.

The approximate cost of the linter left on hand at the signing of the armistice was $20,000,000. The quantity was nearly double the normal annual production. Manufacturers who used cotton linters prior to the war had been forced to turn to other materials, and there was practically no market for cotton linters.

Prior to the war the cotton fabricators of Belgium, Holland, and other European countries were large users of short staple cotton, their machinery being especially adapted to handle short fibre. It was ascertained that they had practically no stock of linters on hand. Negotiations were undertaken with large exporters, with the result that the sale of the entire surplus of cotton linters was put through.

The new uses for cotton linters developed through the efforts of the War Department, and the removal from the domestic market of the surplus cotton linters will be of material benefit to the cotton growers.

This sale is the second largest of surplus war material that has been cleared through the office of the Director of Sales, being exceeded only by the recent copper sale.

Adds $1,000,000 to Capital Stock.

The Liberty Securities Corporation authorized $1,000,000 8 per cent. cumulative, non-voting preferred stock at a special meeting of the stockholders yesterday. The new stock is to be preferred both as to dividends and liquidation. It will be offered pro rata at par to holders of the 30,000 shares of capital stock, which is to become common stock without par value. The new stock is callable on any dividend date at $105 a share.

Pershing's Visit to Brussels Delayed

BRUSSELS, May 22.—The visit which General John J. Pershing, the American Commander in Chief in France, had planned to pay Brussels in the near future, has been postponed owing to the general situation.

MORE WORKERS IN BROADWAY DRIVE

Enlargement of Association Is to be First Step in Carrying Out "Thoughts."

WILL WORK BY DISTRICTS

Campaign Will Begin Monday and Last Four Days—Committees Appointed.

The first step toward carrying out the "thoughts" of most immediate and practical importance proposed in Broadway's big "thought" survey, which has been engaging the attention of thousands of Manhattanites for several days, will be taken next week.

This will be an expansion of the membership of the Broadway Association to take in the business men and property owners of Broadway and the territory dominated by the city's main artery from Bowling Green to Kingsbridge. It is expected that the drive will be one of the biggest civic improvement campaigns ever conducted in any American city. It will last four days, beginning on Monday, May 26.

A "prospect" list of approximately 15,000 persons and business houses in the Broadway area of influence has been prepared. The campaign itself will be conducted along military lines. The street has been divided into six sectors or districts which, at the close of the campaign, will organize local councils to take care of their respective interests and co-operate with the others in the association. The districts during the drive will be in charge of chairmen and each will have team organizations made up of majors, captains and workers. In all, more than 600 representative bankers, professional and business men will be actively engaged in gathering in recruits for the permanent work of protecting Broadway's long front.

These districts are the Battery to Chambers Street, Chambers to Eighth, Eighth to Thirtieth, Thirtieth to Fiftieth, Fiftieth to Ninetieth, and Ninetieth to Kingsbridge.

Among those conducting the campaign in the First District are Edward Townsend, Jr., Importers and Traders Bank; Fred J. Brettman, Chemical National Bank; Samuel H. Miller, Vice President, and Otis Everett, assistant cashier, Chase National Bank; Langley Wiggin, Vice President, and George S. Mills, Columbia Trust Company; Mercer P. Moseley, Vice President, American Exchange National Bank; Paul H. Hudson, Vice President, Empire Trust Company; Elliot L. Bristow, Jacques S. Cohen of Jules S. Bache & Co., Charles W. Campbell and Thomas March, Vice President, Equitable Building Corporation.

The Chairmen and Majors of the other districts are:

Second District—Chairman, John Williams, Vice President Irving Trust Company; Majors, John I. Anderson, Thomas H. Dinsmore, Adolph A. Fraser, William H. Haines of the Citizens National Bank; George B. Hoyer, Vice President, East River National Bank; Thomas Munro, Walton P. Kingsley of New York Life Insurance Company, and E. A. Cochrane, Superintendent of Woolworth Building.

Third District—Chairman, Chester Alexander; Majors, A. F. Berry, R. L. Hatch, August Jansen, Myron Robinson, S. F. Fahnestock, A. Warrendorff, Dr. Paul H. Zagat, August Silz, Mr. Herring, Preston P. Lynn, and E. C. Caldwell of John Wanamaker, Henry A. Smith of Marshall Field Company, and J. D. Einstein.

Fourth District—Chairman, Frederick A. Wallis; Majors, W. M. Biggs, S. Bloom, L. M. Boomer, general manager of Hotels McAlpin, Waldorf, and Claridge; James Churchill, Richard A. Purdy, Vice President Hudson Trust Company; Louis Wiley, John David, Bernard F. Gimbel of Gimbel Brothers, J. H. Harrington, Sam H. Harris, R. R. Moore, President Commercial Trust Company; Fred Muschenheim, Hotel Astor; James B. Regan, Hotel Knickerbocker; S. L. Rothapfel, W. J. Salmon, and J. B. Van Dever.

Fifth District—Chairman, Frank C. Carrie; Majors, Sidney B. Bowman, J. B. Cothran, Howard Davis, A. W. Ellis, Morton L. Fouquet, R. J. Gilmore, Albert Hirst, S. De B. Kelm, H. J. Morehead, E. S. Partridge, George Stowe, Glenn A. Tisdale, Walter A. Woods, F. D. Newton, and M. R. Cross.

Sixth District—Chairman, Reginald Pelham Bolton; Majors John F. Calhoun and R. R. Fogel, Captain Charles A. Du Bois, Alexander McRae, Thomas J. O'Reilly, W. B. Smith, Leopold Wertheimer, and Norman Danzer.

Following the expansion campaign the enlarged Broadway Association will take up the hundreds of "thoughts" with a view to developing the program of activities for the association.

BACK IRISH CLAIM AT PARIS.

Ex-Soldiers Organize in Dublin to Demand Home Rule.

DUBLIN, May 23. (Associated Press.)—Former soldiers at a largely attended meeting in the Mansion House yesterday voted to form the "Nationalist Veterans' Association" in order to protect the interests of Irish soldiers and to claim on behalf of the men who fought in the war fulfillment of the British Government's home rule pledges and the submission of Ireland's case to the peace conference.

Major Gen. Hamilton presided at the meeting. The speakers included Sir Thomas Myles, the well-known surgeon, and officers and non-commissioned officers who served in the war.

CALLS CALIFORNIA PASTOR.

Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church Offers Place to Dr. Freeman.

A committee of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street, has asked the Rev. Dr. Robert Freeman, pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Pasadena, Cal., whether he would consider a call to the church's pastorate, and that Dr. Freeman was studying the work of the church and conditions in New York. He said yesterday that he had not made up his mind as to the question put by the Fifth Avenue church.

The Rev. Dr. Freeman is a Scot. He was born in Edinburgh, but came to America in 1896 and was educated at Allegheny College and Princeton Seminary. He was ordained a Baptist and served a Baptist pastorate. He left it and became a Presbyterian pastor in Buffalo, whence, in 1910, he went to California. In 1917 he was sent to France as a war worker.

Walker-Gordon
Just as it comes from the Cow
Natural Milk Clean

An Announcement
To Users of Briarcliff Milk

The Briarcliff Farms, Pine Plains, New York, will discontinue production of Briarcliff Milk after May 31, 1919.

We have purchased the Briarcliff milking herd together with the good will of that Company.

This milk will be produced by us, delivered from our own wagons in double-sealed bottles, showing the date of production and the Walker-Gordon label.

Arrangements should be made at once by mail or telephone (Plaza 2205) with the Walker-Gordon Laboratory Company for a continuation of the delivery of this exceptionally desirable milk.

Deliveries at various shore resorts. Shipments by express or baggage to other points.

Walker-Gordon Laboratory Company
501 Madison Avenue, New York
Telephone, Plaza 2205
Boston Philadelphia Baltimore Washington

THE HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER CLOTHES.

Value, Variety and Style in
Brill Straw Hats For Men—

More than enough shapes, styles, straws and kinds to suit every need and preference. Sizes, of course, to fit every head, and values that cannot be excelled.

$2.50 to $6.00

Panama Hats—in Sailor, Alpine and Optimo shapes — $5.00 to $12.00.

Brill Brothers
1456 Broadway Broadway at 49th Street 44 E. 14th St.
279 Broadway 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn 47 Cortlandt St.
125th Street at 3d Avenue

Best & Co.
CLOTHES FOR MEN
"Made in Our Own Shops"

OUR manufacturing shops are three minutes' walk from Fifth Avenue. There, men's clothes are so well made that we are glad to have you compare them with clothes made by custom tailors, for which you are asked to pay almost double our price.

Designers are with us who have had many years' experience with eminent New York custom tailors. Their skill, taste and technique give our ready-for-service clothes the style, fit and tailoring demanded by critical New Yorkers.

28.50 34.50 37.50

We are now displaying medium-weight all-wool suits and summer overcoats in styles, patterns and colors that make Piccadilly envious of Fifth Avenue.

SUMMER COATS---SPECIAL
Summer coats tailored of shower-proofed vicuna-finished worsted in a new knit-weave. It is too soft to wrinkle or rumple. New models in all the correct colors. 28.50

Best & Co.
Fifth Ave. at 35th St.
Men's Shop—Fifth Floor. Est. 1879 Entrance—1 West 35th St.
You Never Pay More at Best's

B. Altman & Co.

MEN'S STRAW HATS
in the fashionable weaves and blocks

are now ready, on the First Floor, for the opening of the Summer season.

The resumption of civilian attire by many who have been wearing khaki has given a new impetus this year to the straw hat industry. As a result, the new styles are particularly smart, and well calculated to make a special appeal to the man who has been trained to scrupulousness in dress.

Some of the prices (in stock)

Sennit Straws . . $3.50, 4.00 & 5.00
Panamas . . 5.00, 8.00, 20.00 to 275.00

Some of these prices are subject to the War Revenue tax.

(Men's Furnishings Department)

Madison Avenue-Fifth Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

WE never say that we guarantee satisfaction. It is as futile as to say that we guarantee to give correct change. The only kind of guarantee that a customer really wants is to feel confident that the clothes he buys doesn't need a guarantee.

The Finest Tailoring Yet Discovered by Us—or You $30 UP

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

Paris Has Created Wonderful Hats for Summer.
The Most Beautiful Styles Are Shown Today at Saks in a.

Special Exhibition and Sale of
$5.95 Wonder Hats

"the best values in trimmed millinery ever presented in America."

For this special display we have reproduced the very newest and most exclusive Hats for Summer, as shown in leading Paris shops. In their careful development and exceptional quality of materials they are without parallel in the Greater City. Represented in the collection are

All Georgette Crepe Hats, Rich Moire Silk Hats, Maline or Net Hats, and a large selection in all white, navy, black and other colors

trimmed with flowers, Ostrich Fancies, Burnt Feathers, or colorful ribbons.

One style *pictured.*

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

McCutcheon's

Dresses of Imported Dimity for Girls

Reg. Trade Mark

MOTHERS who face the problem of providing Summer wardrobes for their daughters are invited to inspect our unusually attractive selection of Dresses of Imported Dimity.

For the little girls—White, Pink, Blue and figured. Many of the models are hand-smocked and ribbon-trimmed.

For the older girls—more "dressy" models for afternoon wear.

Infants' Outfits

IN this same Department mothers and prospective mothers will find dainty Infants' Outfits, both imported and domestic. We are always glad to help in making up practical Layettes.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Sts.

Second Floor

WHITE HOUSE WOOL FOR SALVATION FUND

President Wilson Orders Sheep Shorn to Aid the $13,000,000 Now Being Gathered.

DRIVE HERE STILL LAGGING

General Vanderbilt Declares That Those Able to Give Large Sums Are Holding Back.

Notwithstanding the hearty manner in which the men, women, and children on the streets of New York are making contributions to Salvation Army collectors striving to obtain the $1,500,000 quota of this city as its share of the $13,000,000 Home Service Fund of the Salvationists, the fund here still is lagging. This fact was made clear yesterday by Brig. Gen. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Chairman of the City Campaign Committee.

General Vanderbilt declared that it was the man able to afford the larger contribution who was responsible for the failure to date of the drive. "Enough returns were in late in the afternoon to show the beneficial effect of improved weather conditions on the receipts of the campaign," he said. "This, of course, refers chiefly to the collections received at the outdoor booths and meting places and at hotels and restaurants and theatres. Unfortunately, the subscriptions from the general public, from which the greater portion of New York's quota must come, are still far behind what was expected.

"It has been suggested that this may be due to a misunderstanding of the nature of the campaign, and that many people who are in sympathy with the Home Service Fund drive and who expect to make liberal contributions are waiting to be seen. For that reason it must be emphasized that there will be a very limited visiting of people by teams, as has been the practice in other campaigns in this city. Owing to the general popularity of the Salvation Army, and also owing to the desirability of keeping expenses at the lowest possible minimum, it was decided to have no teams with the usual luncheons and dinners and reports, and to rely upon the voluntary donations of the public by mail and direct gift. It should be clearly understood by the public that no returns and no information are being withheld by those in charge of the campaign, which, in spite of the universal respect and liking for the Salvation Army, stands in danger of failure. The Salvation Army is being smothered by friendship and sympathy. Having depended upon the promises of its friends to met its budget demands, the Army has promised to do away with the old and wasteful system of personal solicitation.

"There has been a tremendous flow of small contributions, but the contributions of larger amounts have been comparatively few in number, and in most cases, disappointing in amount."

The Salvation Army Headquarters here stated yesterday that they had received a communication from Joseph Tumulty, President Wilson's secretary, announcing that the President was taking an interest in the efforts of the Salvationists to raise their fund. Mr. Tumulty sent to the Campaign Committee a copy of the following cablegram from President Wilson:

Shear White House sheep and give wool to Salvation Army Home Service Fund.

Secretary of the Treasury Daniels was another member of the Administration yesterday to offer help for the drive. Secretary Daniels wired General Vanderbilt as follows:

I am deeply interested in the patriotic work being done to help the Salvation Army to continue to render its splendid service, particularly because of its achievements in the war and the great opportunity it has in times of peace to accomplish good work, and I have directed Admiral Glennon, commandant of the New York District, to render any and every assistance possible.

The following subscriptions were announced last night by headquarters:

Harry Payne Whitney	$10,000
Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie	5,000
Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt	5,000
Vincent Astor	5,000
George F. Baker, Jr.	2,500
George W. Perkins	2,500
Henry E. Plank	500
James B. Ford	500
C. Ledyard Blair	250

A check for $15,000 was also received at national headquarters from the Public School War Chest Committee. This is the residue of a fund raised in the schools to aid war welfare activities. The $15,000 by request of the committee is to be apportioned among the five boroughs of the city.

In a statement issued by the Campaign Committee, it was estimated that for the remainder of the drive New York City will have to give approximately $450,000 a day in order to obtain its quota. This is reckoning on only two days, as tomorrow it is not expected that much canvassing will be done.

On the streets yesterday the collectors kept up to the record they have been making. Among the enthusiastic meetings was one held on the steps of the Custom House where William H. Edwards, Collector of Internal Revenue; presided. The speakers included Byron Newton, Collector of the Port; Thomas E. Rush, Surveyor of the Port; H. Otto Wittpenn, Naval Officer of the Port, Commander Booth, Colonel William A. McIntyre, Colonel Charles Miles, Staff Captain Beatrice Hammond of the Salvation Army, and James S. Long of the Customs Welfare Association, which is collecting the "mile of nickels" for the Home Service Fund.

The Stage Women's War Relief had charge of the noon-time activities at the Public Library. James Montgomery Flagg made a sketch of Julia Arthur wearing a Salvation Army bonnet, and then auctioned the picture. It was an all-star cast of stage people who carried on for the Army at the Library, including Blanche Bates, Julia Arthur, Elsie Ferguson, Fay Bainter, Ruth Shepley, Violet Heming, Mrs. Otis Skinner, Louise Dresser, Alice Dovey, Jean Shelby, Peggy O'Neill, Alice Elliott, Corinne Barker, Anita Doree, Evelyn Herbert, Mme. Cisneros, Louis Mann, and Lowell Sherman. Postmaster Thomas Patten and Irvin S. Cobb made addresses. Mrs. Patten aided in the collection of funds, which was supervised by Miss Margaret Smith of the Women's Committee. The Police Glee Club sang several selections.

George Urie Stevenson of 47 West Forty-ninth Street, Captain of the American Red Cross, has turned over to Commander Booth a German sniper's rifle with a request that it be auctioned for the Home Service Fund. Captain Stevenson, who, directing photographers of the Signal Corps during fighting in the Argonne, observed the work of the Salvation Army lasses overseas from close range, commented glowingly on the splendid service which the Salvationists gave the men of the A. E. F.

At a theatrical benefit at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn last night more than $12,000 was realized for the fund, including the receipts of the house. Three of the boxes sold for $1,000 each. The highest contribution for the evening was one of $2,000 made by William H. Todd. General Vanderbilt occupied one of the boxes and made a short speech. He gave $1,000 to the Brooklyn fund.

CALL LUXURY TAX ILLEGAL.

Jewelers Object to Its Application to Some Articles in Their Line.

The legality of the luxury tax as it affects the art and jewelry trades was questioned in a report submitted yesterday to the jewelers of America by the Jewelers' Vigilance Committee, which was appointed last year to investigate the effect of the law. The report says that if gold-mounted eyeglasses and fountain pens with gold nibs are taxed as luxuries, coffins, airplanes and artificial teeth fall under the same imposition.

The committee protests against the tax on sculpture and paintings as, in practice, a multiple imposition which is termed outrageous. An example is quoted of a painting sold by a private owner to an art dealer for $10,000, plus $1,000 tax; resold to another dealer for $15,000, tax $1,500; to a third dealer for $20,000, tax $2,000; to a private collector for $25,000, tax $2,500; finally to a private owner for $30,000, tax $3,000.

FORD LAWYER PUTS BLAME ON WRITER

Arguing in Libel Suit, He Says That His Client Was Misquoted.

MOUNT CLEMENS, Mich., May 23.—The second stage of the Henry Ford-Chicago Tribune libel suit was completed today, and on Monday the taking of testimony will begin. The first—the selection of a jury—required a week, and the second, ended today, concluded the arguments of counsel on the admissibility of testimony.

The arguments hinged on the demand of the defendant that it be permitted to show that anarchy existed along the Mexican border at the time The Tribune printed its editorial headed "Ford Is an Anarchist." Judge Tucker said he would rule from time to time as circumstances required.

Alfred J. Murphy, of counsel for Mr. Ford, denied that his client had directly said that the word "murderer" should be embroidered on the shirt fronts of soldiers. Mr. Ford, he asserted, in the course of an interview with Edward Marshall, a magazine writer, was told by Mr. Marshall that Jane Addams of Chicago used the term. Mr. Marshall and Mr. Ford at the moment were discussing German soldiers, the lawyer said, and Mr. Ford merely acquiesced in the alleged declaration of Miss Addams.

Murphy said that in a deposition in Europe Marshall admitted that he put the word in Mr. Ford's mouth, and that he omitted the word "German" as modifying "soldiers" because he thought it would offend some of his readers.

POLICE TAKE DUFFY AGAIN.

Man Under Arrest Said to Have Been Cause of Bingham's Removal.

George B. Duffy, said by the police to have been the man whose picture in the gallery at Police Headquarters was the indirect cause of the removal of Police Commissioner Bingham by Mayor McClellan in 1909, was arrested yesterday on the charge of stealing liquor valued at $222 from the saloon of John Kass, at 8,552 Third Avenue, Brooklyn.

The letter demanding the removal of the picture from the gallery was written to Mayor McClellan by Mayor Gaynor, who was then a Supreme Court Justice. He contended that Duffy had been persecuted by the police and that it was illegal to keep his picture and description at Police Headquarters. Controversy over the removal of the picture caused the Mayor to demand the removal by Commissioner Bingham of his secretary, Daniel G. Slattery, and Third Deputy Commissioner Bert Hanson. The Commissioner refused, the Mayor removed him, and practically the entire staff of Deputy Police Commissioners resigned, including Arthur Woods, later Commissioner under Mayor Mitchel, and Frederick H. Bugher, who was Commissioner under Mayor Hylan for about eighteen days before he resigned, charging attempted dictation of his policies.

Duffy pleaded not guilty in the Fifth Avenue Police Court yesterday. John Marsden of 335 Fortieth Street, Brooklyn, who was arrested several days ago, was held in $1,000 bail for a hearing on Monday. The information he gave to the police resulted in the arrest of Duffy. Marsden said Duffy had asked him to help carry away some whisky found in a vacant lot near the saloon. The saloonkeeper alleges that Duffy hid in the saloon while employes were locking it, and then carried the liquor out.

TWO DIE IN AUTO CRASH.

Broker's Motor Hits Trolley Tower in Upper Broadway.

Two men were killed at 247th Street and Broadway early yesterday morning when their automobile swerved from the roadway and struck a steel structure supporting the trolley wires of the street railway line. They were Frank Shea, a broker of 555 West 186th Street, and Duncan McIlvray, also a broker, of 61 West 187th Street. Two other men were slightly injured.

The body of McIlvray was found about 100 feet from the trolley support, and the injured men said they believed that the car had struck one trolley support, causing McIlvray to be thrown from the machine, and then wrecked itself against a second support. The injured men also told the police that they had spent several hours in a saloon at 182d Street and St. Nicholas Avenue and a Yonkers roadhouse before they started on their ride home.

Day Line Service Begins.

The Hudson River Day Line will open its season today when the Washington Irving will leave from the Desbrosses Street pier for Albany. The steamer Robert Fulton will make the run tomorrow between New York and Poughkeepsie. Special devotional services have been arranged on the Fulton and the speakers will include the Rev. Dr. Daniel Hoffman Martin of the Fort Washington Presbyterian Church and the Rev. B. F. Butts, the chaplain of the line.

STROMBOLI VOLCANO ACTIVE

Numerous Victims Reported on Island North of Sicily.

ROME, May 23.—The volcano of Stromboli, on the island of that name, off the north coast of Sicily, was in violent eruption last night.

Numerous victims are reported.

Stationmen for Federal Ownership.

PORTLAND, Me., May 23.—At the closing session of its annual convention here today the Brotherhood of Railroad Stationmen adopted a resolution favoring continued Government ownership of railroads.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Wanted—
A Manager—

Capable of organizing and conducting a dairy machinery business of nation-wide scope.

Sell yourself in your first letter, which we shall treat in strict confidence. K., P. O. Box 107, Times Square Station.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Men's Suits That Have The Right Style Swing

NO MATTER how fine the materials, how good the workmanship, if the modeling is wrong the suit is a flat failure. No one wants to wear a suit that is conspicuous because of its glaring style faults.

Not every man in the business can design a stylish suit.

It's an art, not a mechanical process. Good designers are scarce. That's why apparel that has the right style swing is received so cordially by men who know.

Everything goes by comparison.

Compare our Suits with those made by the exclusive tailor—fit, material and style. Of course, you'll find a wide difference, but the difference will be in the price; but no one will object to a substantial saving.

Men's Spring Suits $35.00 to $65.00

Designed and tailored to meet the exacting demands of New York's most particular and careful dressers. Single and double breasted models; quarter, half or skeleton lined. Materials represented include cheviots, tweeds, flannels, unfinished worsteds in many colorings and patterns. All sizes to fit the different builds; regulars, longs, shorts and stouts.

Light Weight Overcoats for Motoring or Business Wear at $27.50 to $55.00

Fourth Floor

Annual Sale Week of Men's "Onyx" Hosiery

Mercerized lisle Hose; black, white, cordovan, suede and navy (3 pairs for $1.00)..... pair **35c**

Silk lisle half Hose, full fashioned; black, cordovan, navy, Russian calf, smoke and white..... pair **55c**

Silk half Hose; black, white, suede, cordovan, navy and gray..... pair **60c**

Silk half Hose, full fashioned, some with lisle tops; black, white, tan, purple, Palm Beach..... pair **$1.10**

Silk half Hose, plain silks with pointex heels, in black and colors..... pair **$1.50**

Ground Floor

Best & Co.

Fifth Ave. at 35th St.

Established 1879

Today Only!

Sale of Dark Tan Scout Shoes

To the mothers who are looking for the most durable almost never wear out shoes for rough mountain, seashore, country, all-year-round wear; *these are the shoes!*

The soles are of chrome-tanned leather; the uppers are of heavy, yet flexible, **Best & Co.** horse-hide leather. They are unlined and not cut too high.

For all children, girls, boys and young men who are hard on their shoes.

Children's, Sizes 8 to 10½—*regularly* 4.75 *grade*, **3.35** Fourth Floor.

Girls' and Boys', Sizes 11 to 2—*regularly* 5.00 *grade*, **3.35** Third Floor

Girls' and Boys', Sizes 2½ to 4½—*regularly* 5.50 *grade*, **3.85** Third Floor.

Young Men's, Sizes 5 to 9—*regularly* 5.75 *grade*, **4.35** Fifth Floor.

You Never Pay More at Best's

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

MEN *and* WOMEN *of* NEW YORK

COME TO MADISON SQUARE GARDEN TONIGHT!

Demand That Congress Repeal War-Time Prohibition Laws!

ADMISSION FREE

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street *(Between 5th and 6th Avenues)* West 43rd Street

SPORT & TAILORED HATS

An unusually desirable display, Saturday, of Women's and Misses' Summer Hats.

The most important characteristic of the Sport Hat is attractiveness—the pastel colorings emphasize this idea.

GEORGETTE CREPE HATS

The ingenuity of the American designer is proven by the effectiveness of the simple trimmings utilized; several rainbow-tinted pastel colorings represented

Specially priced **$7.50** *(Third Floor)*

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

"Talk It Over With Dad"

Men's and Young Men's Clothes

Bought Best At Gimbels

Dad knows the great value of mass buying. He can tell you that the Three-Store buying power of the Gimbel organization is one of the supreme buying influences in the clothing market. And this means lower prices for the best styles and the broadest selection in New York.

Suits at $28.75

A big assortment of Men's Suits in light and dark shades. Spring and summer models. Double Breasted Models. Conservative Models. Blue Serge. Plain colors and fancy mixtures. All sizes.

Other Suits, $40, $45, $50, $55 and $60

Suits at $35

Quarter, half or full lined newest spring and summer models. Single and Double Breasted Models. Plain blue, unfinished worsted and blue serge. Plain brown, green and grays. Checks. Striped effects. All sizes.

Auto Dusters, $2.85, $3.95, $5.75, $8.50, $10, $12, $13.50, $15

Outing Khaki Trousers, $2.95, $3.95, $4.85

Flannel Trousers, white and striped, $7.50, $10

Office Coats, $2, $2.50, $3.25, $5, $7.50, $8.50, $10

Genuine Palm Beach Suits, coat and trousers, $12.50 and $15

Leather Reversible Coat (corduroy lined), for motoring and motorcycling, $27.50

Men's Knitted Sport Coats, $12.50

Men's Separate Trousers, $4.75, $5.75, $6.75, $8.50, $10, $12.50, $15
For business or dress wear—striped effects, plain colors, plain blue serge and fancy patterns.

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Men's Balta Low Shoes

at $10.00 per pair

are a present feature in the Men's Shoe Department, on the SIXTH FLOOR

Selections can be made from four distinctive models, comprising

Oxfords of dark brown cordovan, cordovan-colored Russia calf and black gunmetal calf, in narrow toe styles; or of black Russia calf in a medium wide toe.

TOTAL CASUALTIES NOW UP TO 292,499

Another List for the Army, Containing 259 Names, Given Out by War Department.

NO LIST FOR MARINE CORPS

Latest Published List for the Army Names 35 Dead, 9 Missing, and 215 Wounded.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—One army casualty list, containing 259 names, was given out today, bringing the total for the army up to 286,518. This total includes 4,584 prisoners released from German prison camps and returned to the American Expeditionary Forces. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously announced for that arm was 5,981. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 292,499.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Prev. Reported.	Rptd. May 23.	Total.
Killed in action	32,476	..	32,476
Lost at sea	733	..	733
Died of wounds	13,500	3	13,503
Died of accident	4,632	15	4,647
Died of disease	23,115	17	23,132
Total	74,456	35	74,491
Wounded (85% returned to duty)	203,758	215	203,973
Missing and prisoners (not incl. prisoners released and returned)	3,511	9	3,520
Prisoners released and returned	4,534	..	4,534
Total	286,259	259	286,518

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

Gen.	General.	Corp.	Corporal.
Col.	Colonel.	Bgl.	Bugler.
Maj.	Major.	Mch.	Mechanic.
Capt.	Captain.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
Lt.	Lieutenant.	Mus.	Musician.
Sgt.	Sergeant.	Hrs.	Horseshoer.
(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.		
(DD)	Died from Disease.		
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.		
(DW)	Died from Wounds.		
(KA)	Killed in Action.		
(LS)	Lost at Sea.		
(MA)	Missing in Action.		
(P)	Prisoner.		
(RD)	Returned to Duty.		
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.		
(WS)	Wounded Severely.		
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)		

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

BRESLAUER, A.F., 125 2d Av.—Bugler..(WL)
GINSBERG, N., 1 West 111th St.....(WL)
MARKOWITZ, S., 514 West 170th St...(WL)
MERKEL, C. E., 156 East 112th St...(WU)
MILLER, F., 203 East 80th St.....(WL)
MOTJENBACKER, J. F., 122 Forbell Av., Brooklyn.....(WS)
PERRY, E. H., Richmond Hill.....(WL)
RADMOSKI, S., 187 Eagle St., Bklyn..(WL)
SARESKY, S., 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.....(WL)
SHUMWAY, W., 472 East 18th St., Brooklyn—Lt.....(WL)
WITHERALL, W. H., East 9th St.....(WL)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

CARMAN, C. H., Binghamton—Corp..(WL)
FERRIS, E. H., Hornell—Lt.....(DA)
KELLY, J. J., Oswego—Corp.....(WL)
KELLY, T. J., Buffalo.....(WL)
SANDS, R., Corona.....(WL)
SANESKI, S., Roslyn.....(WL)
SANDY, J., Corona—Corp.....(WL)
SHORT, A. L., Catskill.....(WL)
WAGNER, M., Liverpool.....(WL)
WATSON, J. C., Ausable Forks.....(WS)
WILLIAMS, F. J., Buffalo—Sgt.....(WU)
WOOD, J. A., Middletown.....(WL)

CONNECTICUT.

HERRINGTON, R., Berlin.....(WV)
LAFAN, E. J., Willimantic—Corp.....(WL)
LONARDO, C. D., New Haven—Corp.(WL)
O'DONNELL, F. W., Naugatuck—Lt...(DA)
PETRISKY, H. C., Meriden.....(WL)
ROBERTS, S. F., Jr., Hartford.....(WL)
TONSKY, B., New Haven.....(WL)

NEW JERSEY.

BASTADY, A. A., 527 Hudson Av., West New York.....(WS)
HENRICKSON, K. O. R., Jersey City.(WL)
MASTERSON, W. J., Lambertsville—Corp.....(WL)
MORRIS, W. H. H., Jr., Ocean Grove—Maj.....(WL)
SEGUR, H. C., Ocean Grove—Lt.....(WL)

OTHER STATES.

BRUESS, H., Wausau, Wis.....(DD)
CASTLE, J. R., Ottawa, Kan.....(DA)
COX, J., Mineral Wells, W. Va.....(DA)
CUTLER, F. D., Gold, Penn.....(DD)
DAVIS, H., Macon, N. C.....(DD)
DELAHOUSSAYE, C., New Iberia, La.(DA)
DELANEY, J., Johnstown, Penn.—Corp.(DA)
FALES, H. W., Belding, Mich.—Lt....(DA)
FIETSAM, C. E., St. Cloud, Minn.....(DD)
GERFAN, J., Toledo, Ohio.....(DA)
GOFF, E. L., Garrison, W. Va.—Corp.(DD)
GRAE, W., Round Top, Texas.....(DD)
GREGG, D. C., Montpelier, Ohio.....(DW)
HOGAN, N., Ramer, Ala.....(DD)
HULTGREN, J. A., St. James, Minn..(DA)
JOHNSON, H., Powhatan, La.....(DD)
KELLY, P. K., Baltimore, Md.—Capt.(WL)
LLOYD, L., Jacksonville, Fla.—Mech..(DA)
McBRIDE, C. W., Tenaha, Texas.....(DA)
McHUGH, J. H., Dunmore, Penn.—Mch.(DD)
MANLOVE, D. E., Middletown, Del.—Corp.....(DA)
MURPHY, W. C., Chicago, Ill.....(DA)
OGARA, J., Red River, La.....(DD)
PAARMAN, W. J., Wadina, Minn.....(DA)
PEMBERTON, F. W., Alconas, Mich..(DD)
POLLY, W. A., Prospect, Tenn.....(DD)
RIGGINS, C., City Point, Fla.....(DD)
SIMPSON, C., Golconda, Ill.....(DD)
SIMS, W. H., King's Mountain, Ky....(DW)
SMITH, J., Bethune, S. C.....(DA)
STARK, W. C., Pittsburgh, Penn.—Capt.....(WL)
TATE, W. H., Ontario, Cal.....(DD)
WALKER, E. E., Carlinville, Ill—Lt..(DD)
WINCHER, G. H., Irma, Wis.....(DD)
WITKOWAKI, S., Toledo, Ohio.....(DW)

Revised Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rept.	Prev. Rept.
ACHTMAN, L. I., 54 Sheriff St.	(RD)	(MA)
McCONNEY, J.I., 356 W. 56th St.	(RD)	(MA)
McGINTY, C. T., 551 9th Av.	(KA)	(MA)

NEW YORK STATE.

CARAS, L., Utica.....(RD) (KA)
MORISSEY, J., Albany.....(KA) (MA)
NAGELE, W. H., Kingston.....(MA) (WU)
PARENTE, A., Staten Island...(WU) (MA)
PARKINSON, J. L., Mount Vernon—Corp.....Erroneously reported (WS)
SHERWOOD, C. A., Arcade.....(WL) (MA)
SMITH, B. E., Binghamton.....(KA) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

BARTOLI, Q. W., Scranton, Penn.(KA) (MA)
BOULTINGHOUSE, S., Cherokee, Texas.....(KA) (MA)
BIRD, O. C., Lexington, Miss...(KA) (MA)
CARLSON, R. C., Gorlow, Ill....(DW) (D)
CHRISTENSON, L. W., Albert Lea, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
CRAMER, F., Diston, Penn..(KA) (MA)
CUPP, G. M., Dalton, Ga.....(KA) (MA)
DAVIS, H., Laurens, S. C.....Erroneously reported (DD)
DICKSON, L. A., Camden, N. J.—Sgt.....(KA) (MA)
FINKBEINER, A. C., Middleville, Mich.....(KA) (D)
FISHEL, C. P., Butler, Penn.....KA) (MA)
FITZGERALD, E., Cleveland, Ohio—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
GRACIE, R. D., Bemidjib, Minn.—Lt.....(KA) (MA)
IHLI, C. W., Blythedale, Penn...(KA) (MA)
KANOPF, R., J., New Haven, Conn.....(KA) (MA)
KONOPKA, B., Chicago, Ill.....(KA) (D)
LEWIS, G. W., Dodgeville, Wis.(KA) (MA)
LUM, W. B., West Haven, Conn.(KA) (MA)
LUCAS, C. J., Manhattan, Mont.(KA) (D)
McDONALD, F. A., East Boston, Mass.....(KA) (MA)
McFADDEN, M. C., Davenport, Iowa—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
McGOLDRICK, E. J., Dorchester, Mass.....(KA) (MA)
MICERS, C. E., Branch Hill, Ohio.(KA) (D)
MOON, S., Maysville, Ga.....(KA) (MA)
PETCHENY, F., Brownsville, Penn.(KA) (MA)
PIERRE, H., Appleton, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
PORTER, C. J., Calera, Okla.....(KA) (WS)
RICHARDSON, W. B., Dayton, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
SALVADORE, A. J., Glassport, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
SAUNDERS, R. J., Billings, Mont.—Lt.....(D) (MA)
SULLIVAN, W. A., Jackson, Mich.(KA) (MA)
TURNER, H. E., Jr., Seattle, Wash.—Lt.....(D) (MA)
WEST, G. O., Dayton, Ohio—Lt..(D) (MA)

To Bar Hereditary Titles in Canada.

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 23.—Hereditary titles in Canada will be abolished, according to an official report received from Ottawa today, which said that the House of Commons last night adopted the report of a special committee, appointed some time ago, which recommended "that the system of bestowal of titles is not in accord with latter day democratic usage."

ASSIGNS LIBEL VERDICT.

Chaloner Distributes $17,500 Award Among His Creditors.

John Armstrong Chaloner filed with the Clerk of the Federal Court yesterday an assignment to a number of creditors of the $17,500 verdict which he won in his libel suit against The Evening Post. The defendant has not yet agreed to accept the verdict and will not be compelled to decide the question for sixty days.

Among the persons named in the assignments were George M. Curtis, Jr., who represented him in the libel litigation, to whom is assigned $1,000, and the individual members of the law firm of Kaplan, Kosman & Streusand are also among the assignees. The other creditors are business men in Virginia to whom he owes the amounts assigned. The total assignments equal the amount of the verdict.

Mr. Chaloner, who has been receiving a number of begging letters, explained that his total income for personal use was about $2,500 a year. The rest of the $25,000 he gets from his estate, he said, was used in clearing off liabilities relating to his property in Virginia and in printing his books. He said that he believed his estate was worth in the neighborhood of $1,500,000 and that it yielded an income approximately $60,000 a year. He thought the greater part of the difference between his allowance and the total income was spent in paying fixed charges in keeping up the property.

On June 3 Justice Tierney of the Supreme Court will hear an application by Mr. Chaloner for an extra allowance from his estate of $1,000. The money was needed, it was said, to pay counsel fees in one of the suits instituted by him to compel Thomas L. Sherman, the committee of his person, to increase his allowance. An application made by Kaplan, Kosman & Streusand to have Mr. Chaloner declared competent to manage his affairs is opposed by Mr. Sherman. The application for the extra allowance is accompanied by the statement that Mr. Chaloner's farm, Merry Mills, in Virginia, is heavily mortgaged, that he is endeavoring to reduce the mortgage, and that he finds it difficult to do so out of his present allowance.

Law Institute Elects Officers.

At the regular annual meeting of the New York Law Institute, held yesterday, the following officers were elected: President, Robert Ludlow Fowler; Vice Presidents, George L. Ingraham, Alton B. Parker, and William H. Harris; Treasurer, Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr.; Secretary, Alfred E. Hinrichs; Members of the Executive Committee, (Class of 1922.) Robert E. Deyo and Grenville Clark; Members of the Auditing Committee, Samuel Seabury, Henry B. Twombly, and Samuel Lachman.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Fourteen.

BAKER TO BE HERE TONIGHT

Among Speakers at City College Dinner to Service Men.

Secretary of War Baker and Major Gen. Robert Alexander, who commanded the 77th Division, will be the principal speakers at the Victory Dinner of the Associate Alumni of the College of the City of New York, to be held at the Hotel Astor tonight. The dinner will be a feast of welcome to the 2,000 alumni and forty faculty members who served in the army and navy, and to many other professors who were engaged by the Government as experts and technicians.

Other speakers will be Dr. John H. Finley, former President of the College and now State Commissioner of Education, who served in the Palestine campaign as a Colonel in the American Red Cross; Monsigneur A. Hebbelynsk of Louvain, Professor William Lyon Phelps of Yale University, George McAneny, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the college, and Carlton L. Brownson, Acting President of the college. Major Goethals, who is a graduate of the college, will be present.

James P. Moonan of the Class of February, 1919, will represent a group of young men who received "war degrees," and will speak for the aviation service, in which he was a First Lieutenant. Herbert L. Holton will represent the artillery, and Thomas Coulton the infantry. T. L. Morris, who received the Distinguished Service Medal, and Joseph X. Healy will also speak.

The roster of those connected with the college who served in the war is a long one, and among the names are several of note. Bernard M. Baruch, who was Chairman of the War Industries Board, is a member of the Board of Trustees of the college and a graduate of the Class of 1889; President Sidney E. Mezes is at present chief of a staff of experts connected with the American Peace Commission in Paris; and Major Gen. O'Ryan, who commanded the 27th Division, attended the college through his sophomore year, when he went to another institution to study law. In the medical service was former Acting Surgeon General Charles Richard, who graduated from City College in 1874.

MEMORIAL TO HOLBROOK.

Hanover Bank Directors Adopt Resolutions of Sorrow.

The Directors of the Hanover National Bank yesterday adopted resolutions expressing their sorrow upon the death of Edward Holbrook, a member of the board, who died on Thursday. The resolutions told of the friendship of all the members for Mr. Holbrook, and continued:

"During a business career extending over half a century he had achieved an exceedingly prominent position among the merchants of the city, and a reputation for strict integrity, business sagacity, and public-spirited action second to none. Although a member of the board for a comparatively brief period, he had endeared himself to his colleagues more and more by his kindly personality. His rugged honesty and great wisdom commanded the respect of all who knew him."

Save and Invest

Through the war period many of us have learned for the first time to save—to save and invest. Each one of us has felt the personal benefit of putting by a little capital.

Let us not forget the helpful lesson taught us by the two years' struggle—it is better to continue to save some portion of our money than to spend it all.

Our First Mortgage Certificates enable you to invest any sum, odd or even, from $200 up. They are guaranteed in the same way as the Guaranteed Mortgages. At present they pay 5% interest, and you can invest your money for from three to five years.

We have guaranteed $692,000,000 in the past 27 years and no investor has ever lost a dollar.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000
176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St., 196 Montague St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica
67 Jackson Ave., Long Island City

Brentano's
5 Ave at 27 St New York
Booksellers to the World
ALL BOOKS ALL LANGUAGES

KAISER WILHELM ON BISMARCK.

An interesting feature of the May issue of the CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE is the text of the royal letter written by the former Kaiser Wilhelm, in which he explains in detail why he dismissed Bismarck, and Bismarck's side of the story follows, written by Hall Caine. This is but one feature of many others of equal importance. Published by The New York Times Company, on news stands, 25c.—Advt.

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d ST. (*Between Fifth and Sixth Ave.*) WEST 43d ST.

Young Men's and Men's

SILK-LINED SUITS

Made For Us By The Kirschbaum Tailoring Shops

$35

Tailored in fine cheviots and unfinished worsteds

THERE is an engaging pliancy and ease in the lines of these suits. They are styled in the individual custom manner. They are trimmed in the custom way with linings and pipings of radiant silks. But were they marked in the custom fashion, the price, instead of $35, would be $45—more likely $50

KIRSCHBAUM CLOTHES—$25 to $50

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MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR
Convenient Roomy Sun-Lit

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Living in Westchester Banking in New York

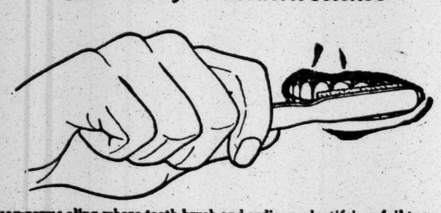
WESTCHESTER and Connecticut commuters find it especially convenient to have a personal checking account at our new Madison Avenue office at 40th Street—only a step from the Grand Central Station, near the subway entrance in 41st Street and only a block from the Park Avenue viaduct.

There are advantages in having a New York bank account no matter where you live. Stop in and let us point them out to you.

Franklin Trust Company
Established 1888
Madison Avenue and 40th Street 46 Wall Street
BROOKLYN
166 Montague St. 569 Fulton St. 1001 Wallabout Market

Decay-germs now "gassed" by oxygen

The victory of modern science



Decay-germs cling where tooth brush and ordinary dentifrices fail to reach

YOU have found that teeth *will* decay and *will* get yellow in *spite* of the conscientious use of ordinary dentifrices.

The reason is plain; no dentifrice is sure to reach *every* hiding place of the germs of decay *every* time you brush your teeth.

There are crevices between your teeth and under the thin edge of the gum which remain untouched even after a vigorous brushing.

There is one way to be sure—and hundreds of thousands have already discovered it, and that one way is to "gas" the dangerous decay-germs with OXYGEN. OXYGEN is a refreshing gas or vapor and penetrates where the tooth brush fails.

OXYGEN is Nature's life-giving substance; without oxygen in the air we would die. McK & R Calox Tooth Powder contains quantities of real oxygen, but it is "chemically imprisoned." In contact with the mouth-fluids this oxygen is readily released, penetrates into the crevices and hiding places of the mouth and quietly gasses the germs into harmlessness.

McK & R Calox tastes better than any dentifrice you ever tried—no "druggy" flavor. Being a powder it "takes hold" in a pleasing way. Try it for ten days and watch your teeth whiten. Twice a year to your dentist and twice a day with McK & R Calox spells safety.

McK & R CALOX
McKESSON & ROBBINS, INC.
91 FULTON STREET NEW YORK
ONE OF THE McK & R HEALTH HELPS

The Ledger of Life

SUPPOSING the affairs of your little world should, of a sudden, narrow themselves down to the point of invisibility on the horizon of your life, and that, just at the moment when your mortal existence was to be pinched out, you were required to cast up your totals at the foot of every column, strike a balance, and close your earthly books; and—

Supposing, as you stood in expectancy on the very edge of the River Styx, and beheld grim-visaged and inexorable Charon as he steered his shadowy craft nearer to receive you as a passenger, you should hastily pore over the entries in your Ledger of Life, and, with nervous fingers, trace the items which your routine of worldly existence had there recorded, finding—

That on the debit side, like marching things passing in review, was an almost endless array of earthly acts which could properly be headed up, "Personal Indulgences" and "Acts of Selfishness," with entry after entry going to show that you had, in the years given to you, thought mainly of *yourself* and *your* comforts and *your* security and *your* joys; and—

Supposing you then cast up the total, and quickly passed to the opposite column—the credit side of the ledger, just as Charon swished his silent paddle in the dead waters of Eternity and approached nearer to the landing place, and you saw—

No worth-while or substantial act done for the helpless little children of the tenement districts in big cities—the children who swelter and gasp in the merciless heat of Summer, and who shiver and moan in the piercing cold of Winter!

No assistance, big or little, given to orphanages or fresh-air farms which dot your little world—and a ghastly blank showing where the suffering and despairing mothers of pale, wan babies, might have been succored!

No helpful effort made, and no kind word said for the patient, silent old men and women, who have been swept aside into the discard by your hustling, bustling world which has gone on and left them by the roadside!

No dollar given for the aid of broken men; and no sacrifice undergone for the woman who has made a mis-step but who tries to get back on the right road!

No mite set aside for the free milk that is craved and needed by the crying babies of the poor!

No helping hand thrust out to catch and sustain the faltering brother—the drunkard, the addict or the invalid!

No thoughtful act to rebuild "the man who is down but who is never out," and nothing surrendered or given over to the service of helpless victims of circumstance, of calamity or of want!

And if, as the voice of Eternity called you and the journey was to begin down the mystic river which flows on and ever on, you were asked, *"What have YOU done to help Mankind?"* and you are obliged to register a *zero* at the foot of the Credit column, and step, with empty heart and hand, into the waiting craft which goes forth but never comes hence,—*HOW COULD YOU SAY YOUR LIFE HAD BEEN WELL SPENT?*

It seems to me there is no man, woman or child upon this earth who believes in *anything,* who hopes for *anything* or lives an upright, God-fearing life, who is not sensible of the fact that we can take *nothing* out of this life excepting the record of our deeds here done, or who would not blush to face such an exit, and would not know that if they *must* register *zero* at the foot of the credit column, they will pass on and out—empty-handed indeed!

And so I cannot help but think that each and every one of us, no matter how beset we may be with individual troubles and cares, or how much we have done or tried to do that was indeed worth-while and unselfish, will be wise and thoughtful enough in this timely hour to plant into the *credit* column of our Life's Ledger with glorious unselfishness and an humane compassion for our fellow-beings, another and an imperishable *item*—some measure of help for the cause of the Salvation Army which, emerging successful from a test of half a century as it toiled in the emergencies of peace, even as in the emergencies of war, stands ready and resolute today, upon the basis of an enlarged program, to carry its sustaining word of hope and cheer to those whom *you* and *I* would *like* to help—and to roll up a total for the *credit column* in our Ledger of Life, of which we may all be justly proud.

ELMORE LEFFINGWELL.

THE SALVATION ARMY

Send your check to
CHARLES H. SABIN, Treas.
Salvation Army Home Service Fund
Guaranty Trust Co.
513 Fifth Ave.
New York

DAY OF WRANGLING IN ESTIMATE BOARD

Mayor Goes to a Funeral, Leaving Body Divided as to Proposed Rule to Change the Budget.

HOSPITAL STARTS A ROW

President Van Name of Richmond Declares No Patient Ever Leaves Sea View Alive.

The Board of Estimate held a stormy session yesterday, due in part to the fact that Mayor Hylan was absent part of the time attending the funeral of Bishop Greer. Before leaving, the Mayor recorded his vote on all matters requiring unanimous consent, but he had hardly departed when there came up for consideration an opinion from Corporation Counsel Burr that it required only nine votes in the board, and not twelve, to change the terms of the budget. The item concerning the opinion was on the calendar, and Controller Craig moved that it be laid over for one week so that the Mayor might be present when it was acted upon.

Stewart Browne, President of the United Real Estate Owners' Association, also suggested that the matter be laid over, announcing that he wanted to obtain an injunction restraining the board from changing its rule, which, he said, would virtually knock out the votes of the Mayor and the Controller. President Moran of the Board of Aldermen argued that the matter should be acted upon at once, and unless it was he would move for an adjournment of the board until the Mayor returned. The Controller insisted that the matter be laid over, while Frank L. Dowling, Borough President of Manhattan, demanded a roll call on adjournment. It resulted in the Aldermanic President voting against adjournment, while all the Borough Presidents voted in favor.

Fire Commissioner Drennan wrote the Mayor a letter, to be read before the board, asking for unanimous consent for $105,000 special revenue bonds as an additional appropriation for 150 more firemen to put the two platoon system into effect in certain fire houses before July 1. As the matter required unanimous consent, the board voted to lay it over for a week.

When the Mayor returned at 1:15 o'clock the Aldermanic President and the Controller had gone, but the five Borough Presidents were still awaiting him. The Mayor approved laying over the Corporation Counsel's opinion and President Dowling brought up again the request of the Fire Commissioner.

"In 1917," said President Dowling, "the Board of Aldermen passed a resolution appropriating $125,000 for the trial of a two platoon system at the request of the then Fire Commissioner. When the matter came before the Board of Estimate it was referred to a committee because they had no intention of putting the system into effect. In my opinion this board can reconsider the vote of the 1917 board, for it is a continuous body."

The rules of the board provide that there must be two members having three votes each present before such matters can be considered, and President Moran was sent for. He could not be found and the application was put upon the calendar and referred to the Committee on Finance and Budget.

"I'm sorry I caused so much trouble by going to a funeral," commented the Mayor, and then asked the Fire Commissioner what he proposed to do. He replied that there were now only 150 available men on the civil service list, but that in the 1920 budget he would ask for more men. The present available men, he said, were enough to allow the new system to be adopted for 100 companies in the department, but that it would take 1,100 men to have it installed in the whole department.

Another row developed when the board took up a resolution denying the request of the Commissioner of Public Charities for $360 for two bronze tablets on the new dining hall and group buildings at Sea View Hospital in Richmond. It was explained that the tablets were to contain the names of the present city officials, replacing the tablets already there bearing the names of former officials. Borough President Calvin D. Van Name of Richmond caused surprise by saying that none of the patients the city sends to the tuberculosis hospital on Staten Island ever recovers. He declared that the patients, once inside the walls of the institution were practically condemned to death.

"Sooner or later," he said, "awful revelations regarding the deaths in that hospital will be made. No patient recovers there—no patient can ever recover. I hope that the name of Mayor Hylan nor that of any other member of this board will ever be placed on those tablets."

OPPOSE TAFT SPEECH ON LEAGUE MAY 30

Kansas G. A. R. Veterans Say Kansas City Address Would Violate "Spirit of the Day."

WICHITA, Kan., May 23.—Resolutions adopted by the Kansas G. A. R. and a letter written by National Commander in Chief C. E. Adams, who is in attendance at the State encampment now in session here, protest strongly against former President Taft making an address on the League of Nations at Kansas City on Memorial Day.

The resolutions have been forwarded to Mr. Taft.

The resolutions were offered for the reason "that the citizens of Kansas City have designated May 30 for holding a big nonpartisan meeting and have extended an invitation to our honored ex-President, William H. Taft, to address the same."

The resolution goes on:

"We, the G. A. R. veterans of the State of Kansas, respectfully but earnestly protest against such a violation of the spirit and purpose of our Memorial Day, and call upon our Commander in Chief to present this protest to ex-President Taft and request him to refuse to be made a party to this unpatriotic and disrespectful purpose."

National Commander Adams made a speech in which he said that neither Kansas City nor any other part of the United States could "desecrate the day."

"I do not care whether it be an ex-President or a living President," he said. "The sanctity of Memorial Day among the Grand Army of the Republic and the patriotic people of America must be respected."

PORTLAND, Me., May 23.—When informed of a Wichita dispatch to the effect that the Kansas G. A. R. had protested against his speaking in Kansas City on Memorial Day on the League of Nations, former President Taft said tonight:

"I haven't a word to say about that."

Mr. Taft addressed a League of Nations meeting here.

GIVE FLAG TO WANAMAKER.

Chairman of Mayor's Committee Receives Tribute from Staff.

The office staff of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to the Homecoming Troops last night presented a silk flag to the Chairman of the committee, Rodman Wanamaker, to express their appreciation of his efforts to provide a welcome for the returning soldiers of the units from this State and city. He was called to the Hall of Records by Grover A. Whalen, Secretary to the Mayor, whose ruse was that a meeting of the Executive Committee was necessary.

After he had recovered from his surprise Mr. Wanamaker said that he believed what success the Committee had achieved was due largely to the efforts of Mayor Hylan and his office staff. In his speech Mayor Hylan referred indirectly to the public demand in January for the removal of William R. Hearst as Chairman of the sub-Committee of Military Affairs.

"When the Mayor's Committee was first formed," said Mayor Hylan, "there were those in this city who tried to make a great deal of trouble. They tried to get Chairman Wanamaker to resign, but failed in their efforts. Commissioner Wanamaker stuck to the ship and, I am proud to say, steered it safely to port."

Religious Notices on Page Twenty-two.

REPORT VILLA FORCES THREATEN CHIHUAHUA

Official Advices Says He Heads Large Force Near Torreon and That Situation Is Serious.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Official advices from various parts of Mexico, which have been received here daily for the last two weeks, indicate that the situation in the northern part of that country due to the operations of Francisco Villa is more serious than hitherto has been reported. It was learned today from an authoritative source that Villa and his organized force of rebels are now threatening parts of Durango, as well as Chihuahua.

American mining men, it was learned, have asked for special trains to be ready to remove them and their families from the danger zone when Villa approaches. Officials asserted, however, that as yet no American had been molested, and that Villa himself had treated all Americans with consideration.

Some American property has, however, been taken by the Villistas when they needed food, material, and funds, and Villa has stated that this would be considered as a tax, inasmuch as Carranza, to whom they had been paying taxes, could no longer protect them.

The capture and sacking of Parral by Villistas has been confirmed in detail by reports received within the last three days. A number of other important places are said to have been taken by the rebels and in each instance the Federal garrison went over to the Villistas with little opposition.

Villa, himself, it was learned through authoritative advices today, is now at the head of a large force at Gomez Farias, only six miles from Torreon.

PRESBYTERIANS DEFER EQUALITY FOR WOMEN

Left to a Committee to Report Next Year—Appeal to Peace Conference for Ulster.

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—Action on resolutions to grant women full equality in church affairs was postponed until 1920, at the closing session of the 131st General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church here today. The Assembly voted to place the proposition in the hands of a committee of three, to be appointed by the Moderator, for a report to the next Assembly.

Before adjourning, the Assembly adopted resolutions urging that the American commissioners to the Peace Conference give equal consideration to Ulster in determining any action on the Irish question.

A resolution urging individual churches to make annual appropriations for paid newspaper advertising was also adopted.

War Risk Bill Is Passed.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Senate today passed without debate or amendment the Deficiency Appropriation bill, adopted yesterday by the House, carrying $45,000,000 for war risk allotments to families of soldiers and sailors and for dependents of civil war veterans. The measure now goes to the President.

Its approval will make the delayed May 1 allotments immediately payable, and also will provide funds for the June 1 allotments.

ADVERTISEMENT.

To the consumers of

Briarcliff Milk

BRIARCLIFF Farms, Pine Plains, New York, will discontinue production of Briarcliff Milk after May 31, 1919. It is not advisable, for economic reasons, for us to continue the production of this milk.

To conserve the supply of this valuable food product, the Briarcliff milking herd and the good will of this Company have been taken over by the Walker-Gordon Laboratory Company, and the production will be continued at its Plainsboro, N. J., Farms of 2200 acres, under every safeguard known to science and capital.

After June 1st, the milk will be delivered by the Walker-Gordon Laboratory Company in sealed bottles, showing the date of production, and the Walker-Gordon Label.

We believe Briarcliff patrons will be entirely satisfied with this change, and we recommend that they arrange at once with the Walker-Gordon Laboratory Company for a delivery after the above date of their daily order of this milk.

Briarcliff Farms
Oakleigh Thorne
President

Pine Plains, N. Y.—May 22, 1919

ADVERTISEMENT.

McCREERY'S MEN'S CLOTHES

Announcing a Final Re-Grouping in our

REMOVAL SALE

with Important Re-adjustments of Assortments, Reduced to

$26.75 and $38.50

These two prices represent in many cases a saving of from $8 to $12, based on the former prices that these clothes were marked at the start of this season

EVERY SUIT IN THIS REMOVAL SALE

is privately tailored and made singly for us—and it is hardly necessary to add that every one is from our regular stock of this season's selections. Come in and make comparisons—that's all we ask; and that's all you'll ask!

Extra Salesmen to Insure Extra Good Service—a necessary requisite

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue *34th Street*

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Telephone Orders Filled—Phone Greeley 1900—Ask for Telephone Order Desk.

May Sale of Toilet Articles

Continued Today—The Prices Include the Luxury Tax

Summer Sundries

Water Bottles (guaranteed) 90c
Fountain Syringes (guaranteed) 90c
Rubber Gloves, pure gum 35c
Tourist Cases, rubber lined 45c
Chamosine Polishing Cloth 19c
Face Cloths 6 for 35c
Sterilized Gauze 42c and $1.95
Squibb's Aspirin, 5 grains, bottle 27c
Silk Sponge Bags 25c
Infants' Silk Sponges 10c
Horlick's Malted Milk 43c, 78c, $2.95
Rubber Skirt Protectors 69c
Rubber Sponges 10c, 45c
Sanitary Napkins box 55c
Marvel Whirling Spray $2.95
Wool Powder Puffs 12c
Samurai Talcum lb., 19c
Japanese Incense and Holder $1.75
Murray & Lanman Florida Water 76c
Williams', Lundborg's, Lazell's Talcum 14c
Kerkoffs Djerkiss Extract, one oz. $1.45
Lois ards Bath Tablets box 69c
English Crown Shaving Bowls 49c
Levy, Pierre and Lazell compact Rouge each 25c
Hyglo Nail Specialties each 21c
Ultra Nail Powder 15c
De Miracle Hair Remover $1.49
Marvel Hair Remover 89c
Nonspil 47c
Amolin 15c, 30c
Silk Vanity Combination Compact 75c
Lazell's Assorted Extracts $1.75
Ebony Tooth Brush Cylinders 25c
Wood Back Nail Brushes 45c
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Armour's Violet, Santal or Carnation Talcum 2 for 25c
Toilet Paper (roll or package) dozen $1.35
Eversweet 21c
Squibb's Carnation, Violet Unscented Talcum 15c
Odorono 20c, 38c, 71c
Wood and Celluloid Nail Polishers 39c
Assorted Face Powders 29c
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Philips Milk Magnesia 35c
J. J. Corn Plasters box 10c
Camphor Flakes and Naptheline 24c
Squibb's Liquid Soft Soap 19c
Squibb's Bicarbonate ¼ lb., 12c, ½ lb., 20c
Squibb's Boric Acid ¼ lb., 20c
Glycerine Suppositories 21c
Lord & Taylor Water Bottles 3-qt. $1.60
Pritchard & Constance Dusting Powder 75c
Stearate of Zinc 16c
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What will grip your glance is the suavely spruce Manhattan-bred style; the peak-eared lapels; the high hooked vent; the discreetly flaring skirt; the richly rippling drape—two buttons; quarter-lined; fullest value.

Forty-five-dollar pride at a thirty-five-dollar price! Simply compare and I know you'll surely come here.

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Though these blocks and braids are limited to this shop, the scope of your choice is unlimited at all prices.

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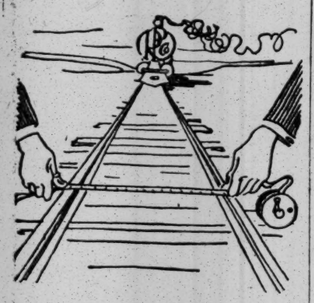
GIANTS DRIVE BALL TO DISTANT SCENES AND BEAT ST. LOUIS CARDINALS, 7 TO 6



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GIANTS' LONG HITS DEFEAT CARDINALS

Home Runs by Chase and Fletcher and Two Triples by Kauff Lead to 7 to 6 Score.

BENTON FAILS TO LAST

Heinie Zimmerman Vindicates Himself for Famous Sprint After Collins by Running Down Hornsby.

The St. Louis Cardinals, who were in an automobile accident early in the season, were in another collision up at the Polo Grounds yesterday. They ran smash into the Giants and came out second best, 7 to 6. The shock to the Cards was a lot worse than appears in the figures. Hal Chase rocked Willie Doak for a home run, Benny Kauff got two three-baggers, Art Fletcher hit a homer. When Branch Rickey's team was just about to be laid out on a stretcher they suddenly came to life and scattered the Giants' overconfidence all over the lot.

Rube Benton entered the game fully prepared to be batted out of the box but the support McGraw's lads gave him on the defense was so gorgeous that Rube wasn't batted out until the eighth inning. The Cards got on the bases often early in the game and they liked the novelty so well that they stayed there. The Giants showered them with chances and then snatched said chances away just as the Cards were about to use them.

Zim Overtakes Hornsby.

Heinie Zimmerman had a race down the third base line with Hornsby in the fourth inning and, believe it or not, he won the race. From third base to the plate is Heinie's favorite speedway. Hornsby was on third and Miller hit a grounder to Benton, who fired the ball home to head off Hornsby. McCarty tossed it to Heinie and Heinie started to run Hornsby down the base line. Half a dozen Giants were waiting at the plate to take the ball from Zim, but here was a race that Heinie was determined to win. He ran fast, Zim did, and tagged Hornsby before he got to the plate. Marvelous!

That wasn't the only novel wrinkle of the game. In the fourth inning the Cards ripped off a double play and didn't get a soul out. It was this way. After Burns singled, Young rolled a ground ball to Miller. Doyle tossed the ball to Hornsby at second to force Burns and Hornsby chucked it to first to double Young. Bill Byron umpiring on the bases, decided that all hands were safe. That was probably the most useless double play on record.

In the first inning Fletcher saved Benton's hide, when, with two Cards aboard, he leaped skyward and nipped a line drive from Paulette's bat with one hand. In the second inning Young saved Benton. McHenry singled and Miller pounded a single to right. Young made a beautiful peg and cut McHenry down at third, Zim making a great catch of the ong, swift throw.

For three innings Willie Doak didn't give the Giants a hit. Burns singled in the fourth and Young rolled to Miller and then happened the double play that failed. Chase singled to left, scoring Burns. Doyle rolled to Miller, who made a quick play and got Young at the plate. Kauff tripled to right, scoring Chase and Doyle. Benny scored on Zim's sacrifice fly.

Home Runs Come Thick.

The Cards plucked two runs in the fifth. Bert Shotton bounded a home run off the upper tier of the right field stand. After Joe Schultz flied to Burns, Stock singled to left and went to third on Hornsby's single to centre. Stock and Hornsby worked a double steal, Stock scoring.

Chase hit a home run into the bleachers in the sixth and Doyle walked. Kauff soaked another three-bagger to centre, scoring Doyle. Fletcher hit the ball into the bleachers in the seventh. Benton was still pitching in the seventh when the Cards whacked him out of the game. With one down Stock singled and went to third on Hornsby's safe crack. Paulette doubled to right, scoring Stock. That was eleven hits off Benton, so McGraw took him out and sent in Dubuc.

The French Canadian was larruped in the eighth. Snyder got an infield single and Pickles Dilhoefer was elected to run for him. Jack Smith, batting for Doak, also beat out an infield hit. Shotton tripled to right, sending Dilhoefer and Smith home. Shotton scored when Doyle fumbled Stock's grounder.

One of the conspicuous players of the Cards is Joe Schultz. Joe isn't conspicuous for his playing especially, but because Rickey traded eight players, almost a whole ball club, for him. This naturally brings up a problem in mathematics: If Joe Schultz is worth eight players, how many ball clubs is Ross Young worth?

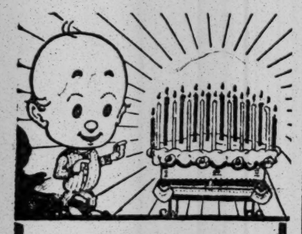
The score:

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Burns,lf	4	1	2	4	0		Shotton,lf	5	2	2	3	2	0
Young,rf	4	0	1	0	1		Schultz,rf	4	0	0	2	0	
Chase,1b	4	2	2	11	2		Stock,3b	4	2	2	1	1	
Doyle,2b	3	2	0	2	4		Hornsby,ss	5	0	3	0	1	
Kauff,c.f	4	1	2	1	0		Paulett,1b	5	0	1	9	1	
Zim'man,3b	2	0	0	3	2		McHenry,c.f	4	0	2	3	0	
Fletcher,ss	3	1	1	4	3		May,p	0	0	0	0	1	
McCarty,c	3	0	1	1	3		Miller,2b	5	0	2	2	1	
Benton,p	2	0	0	0	1		Snyder,c	2	0	1	7	2	
Dubuc,p	1	0	0	1	1		Dilhoefer,c	1	1	0	1	0	
							Doak,p	3	0	0	1	3	
							Smith,cf	1	1	1	0	0	
							aHeathcote	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	30	7	9	27	17		Total	40	6	15	24	10	

Error—Doyle.
a Batted for May in ninth.

New York .....0 0 0 4 0 2 0 1 0 .—7
St. Louis .....0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 3 0—6

Two-base hit—Paulette. Three-base hits—Kauff, (2,) Shotton. Home runs—Shotton, Chase. Fletcher. Stolen bases—Stock, Hornsby. Sacrifice hits—Stock, Schultz. Sacrifice fly—Zimmerman. Double play—Doyle, Chase, and Fletcher. Left on bases—New York, 1; St. Louis, 11. Bases on b. bls—Off Benton, 2; Doak, 1. Hits—Off Benton, 11 in 6 1-3 innings; Dubuc, 4 in 2 2-3; Doak, 8 in 7; May, 1 in 1. Struck out—By May, 1. Winning pitcher—Benton. Losing pitcher—Doak.



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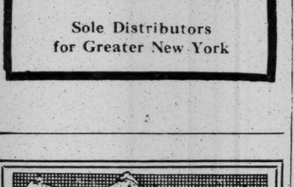

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BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 7; St. Louis, 6.
Brooklyn, 6; Pittsburgh, 4.
Philadelphia, 7; Chicago, 2.
Cincinnati, 10; Boston, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 5; New York, 0.
Boston at Detroit. (Postponed—rain.)
Philadelphia at Cleveland. (Postponed—rain.)
Washington at St. Louis. (Postponed—rain.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	15	5	.750
Cincinnati	15	8	.652
Brooklyn	13	7	.650
Pittsburgh	11	11	.500
Philadelphia	9	9	.500
Chicago	11	12	.478
St. Louis	5	17	.227
Boston	4	14	.222

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	18	6	.750
Cleveland	14	8	.636
New York	10	7	.588
St. Louis	10	11	.476
Boston	9	10	.474
Washington	8	11	.421
Detroit	8	14	.364
Philadelphia	4	14	.222

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York. (Game starts at 3 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn. (Game starts at 3 P. M.)
Cincinnati at Boston.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Boston at Detroit.
Washington at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.

YANKS YIELD TO CICOTTE.

Despite Hard Hitting, They Lose by 5 to 0 Score.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 23.—The Yankees took another shutout on nine hits at Comiskey Park this afternoon, Eddie Cicotte taking up the whitewash work just where Claude Williams finished in the opening game of the series. Getting runners on second or third was one of the easiest things the Yankees did, and leaving runners stranded was another. Nine New Yorkers were marooned, sometimes through the strategy of Cicotte and frequently by his dazzling support. The final score was 5 to 0.

Today's game furnished more scoring opportunity for the Yankees than they had in the shutout by Williams yesterday. Besides reaching Cicotte for nine hits, one a double, they worked the shine ball king for three passes, the first he has given this year. But all this was not enough. In three different innings the Yankees bunched a brace of hits, two coming in the fifth after a pass, but to no avail.

The support accorded Cicotte by Eddie Collins and Risberg in the middle of the Sox infield did more to keep the Yanks runless than did Cicotte's pitching. But for the dazzling stunts of this pair the Yanks would have sent at least three runs over the plate and might have made a real ball game out of it. Risberg made a one-hand stop in the eighth after two Yanks had hit safely, threw to Collins and the latter made a bare-hand catch for a put out. Then Risberg ran into the outfield for a marvelous catch, rolled several yards but held the ball. These two plays stopped at least two runs. Collins made a great stop on Bodie in the sixth with runners on first and third and one out. A double play resulted and one run was stopped.

Baker and Peckinpaugh made seven of New York's nine hits, the former getting four and the latter three. The other Yanks collaborated in two singles.

An error by Peckinpaugh on an easy chance, with two out in the first inning, gave the White Sox their first two runs. With Lieboid out of the way Weaver punched a single into left and went to second while Ripp was retiring Eddie Collins. Jackson walked and Felsch got an infield hit, filling the bases. Gandil's roller to Peck went through him and both Weaver and Jackson scored.

In the fourth Felsch walked with one out, went around to third on Gandil's single and scored on Risberg's sacrifice fly to Bodie. Singles by Eddie Collins and Jackson paved the way for two more runs in the eighth. A pass to Felsch filled the bases. Gandil flied to Bodie, scoring Collins. After Risberg forced Jackson at third with a grounder to Shawkey Schalk singled to left and Felsch scored.

CHICAGO. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	NEW YORK. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Leibold,rf	4	0	0	2	0		Vick,rf	4	0	0	0	1	
Weaver,3b	4	1	1	0	1		P'paugh,ss	4	0	3	0	1	
E. Collins,2b	4	1	1	3	4		Pipp,1b	4	0	0	9	0	
Jackson,lf	3	1	2	1	0		Baker,3b	4	0	4	1	2	
Felsch,cf	2	2	1	6	0		Pratt,2b	3	0	0	3	3	
Gandil,1b	3	0	1	7	0		Lewis,lf	4	0	1	2	0	
Risberg,ss	3	0	1	5	4		Bodie,cf	3	0	1	4	0	
Schalk,c	3	0	2	3	1		Ruel,c	2	0	0	5	0	
Cicotte,p	3	0	1	0	1		Shawkey,p	3	0	1	0	4	
							aHalas	1	0	0	0	0	
							bO'Doul	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	29	5	10	27	11		Total	33	0	9	24	11	

a Batted for Ruel in ninth.
b Batted for Shawkey in ninth.
Errors—Vick, Peckinpaugh.

Chicago .....2 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 .—5
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Baker, Jackson. Stolen base—Schalk. Sacrifice hit—Cicotte. Sacrifice flies—Risberg, Gandil. Double plays—Risberg, E. Collins, and Gandil; Baker, Pratt, and Pipp; E. Collins, Risberg and Gandil. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; New York, 9. First base on error—Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Shawkey, 4; Cicotte, 3. Struck out—By Shawkey, 2; Cicotte, 3.

REDS HAVE BATTING BEE.

Make Fifteen Hits and Trounce Braves by 10 to 4.

BOSTON, May 23.—Cincinnati batted Keating and Fillingim hard today and defeated Boston, 10 to 4. After two were out and none on base in the second the Reds made five hits which, with a base on balls, scored five runs.

The score:

CINCINNATI. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	BOSTON, (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Rath,2b	4	3	2	2	3		Maranv'le,ss	5	1	2	2	0	
Neale,lf	4	2	2	2	4	0	Herzog,2b	4	1	2	2	3	
Groh,3b	4	0	2	0	2	1	Powell,rf	3	1	1	0	0	
Roush,cf	4	0	1	2	0		Riggert,cf	4	0	1	2	0	
Kopf,ss	2	0	1	3	5		Cruise,lf	3	1	2	2	0	
Daubert,1b	5	0	1	9	0		Holke,1b	4	0	1	0	12	1
Cueto,rf	5	2	3	0	0		Smith,3b	4	0	0	5	4	
Wingo,c	3	2	2	6	1		Wilson,c	1	0	0	0	0	
Luque,p	3	1	1	1	1		Tragesser,c	3	0	0	1	1	
							Keating,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	36	10	15	27	11		Fillingim,p	0	0	0	0	1	
							aKelly	1	0	0	0	0	
							McQuillan,p	1	0	0	1	4	
							bBlackburne	1	0	1	0	0	
							Total	34	4	9	27	14	

a Batted for Fillingim in fifth.
b batted for McQuillan in ninth.
Errors—Daubert, Maranville.

Cincinnati .....0 5 0 3 1 0 0 1 0—10
Boston .....0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0—4

Two base hits—Cueto, Luque, Rath, Herzog. Three base hit—Maranville. Home run—Cruise. Stolen bases—Wingo, Blackburne, (2,) Holke. Sacrifice hits—Kopf, Neale, Roush. Sacrifice fly—Cruise. Double play—McQuillan to Tragesser to Smith to Herzog. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 8; Boston, 4. Bases on balls—Off Luque, 1; off Keating, 2; off Fillingim, 2; off McQuillan, 1. Hits—Off Keating, 6 in 2 innings; off Fillingim, 7 in 3; off McQuillan, 2 in 4. Struck out—By Luque, 4; Fillingim, 1. Passed ball—Tragesser. Losing pitcher—Kealting.

PIRATES ANNOYED BY RAY SCHMANDT

Second Baseman, in First Game, Helps Brooklyn Win by 6 to 4 Score.

Ray Schmandt played his first game of the season against Pittsburgh yesterday at Ebbets Field as guardian of the third corner for the Brooklyn Dodgers. Outside of starting a rally, which ended the Robins turning defeat into victory, pumping out two run-producing singles, scoring a run himself, and snapping up brilliantly all but one of the hot grounders driven at him, Ray didn't do anything all afternoon. The Robins won by 6 to 4.

Until Schmandt got busy with his bat in the eighth, it looked as if the Buccaneers had the game safely tucked away in their traveling bag. Ray made an error in the first inning, which, coupled with singles by Bigbee and Billy Southworth, and a sacrifice by Casey Stengel, put the Pirates in front with a brace of runs. "Bullet" Frank Miller twirled air-tight ball and had Dodger bats swinging ineffectively. Two hits were all the Pirate moundsmen allowed until the eighth, when Brooklyn's outburst drove him off the hill to be replaced by Carman Hill. Carman looked just like any other pitcher, and was treated accordingly.

About 3,000 fans implored Schmandt to start a rally in what proved to be Brooklyn's winning frame. Ray did. He dumped a single back of second and scored from first when Lew Krueger doubled to the scoreboard in left field. Krueger advanced to third when Ed Sweeney threw wild to Saier on Jeff Pfeffer's bunt. Then Manager Robinson sent Jimmy Johnston in to run for Krueger. Jimmy scored the tying run on Olson's bump to left, which also placed Pfeffer on second.

Here Miller was derricked and replaced by Hill. A sacrifice by Magee advanced the runners, and Tommy Griffith sent them home with a double to left.

Zach Wheat, not to be outdone, pumped out a double to left, scoring Griffith, and after Myers skied out to Southworth, Zach took third. Konetchy drew a pass, and then Schmandt drove Wheat home with a blow to right. Jimmy Johnston, batting in Krueger's place, popped out to Cutshaw, ending the rally.

Jeff Pfeffer, who drew the pitching assignment for the Robins, was in trouble all through the game. The big Brooklyn ace was greeted with a single on the first ball he served in the opening inning, and before he settled down the Buccaneers had accumulated two runs. Several times thereafter Pfeffer was pounded safely, but he always tightened in the pinches, and the Robins' batting onslaught in the eighth saved Jeff from humiliation.

In the ninth the Pirates got two more tallies, but were turned back before becoming too frivolous. Stengel drew a pass and was forced at second by Southworth. Billy was chased home when Cutshaw drove a home run under the benches in left field. Then Saier skied to Myers for the third out.

The score:

BROOKLYN. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	PITTSBURGH. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Olson,ss	3	1	1	2	4		Bigbee,cf	5	1	1	3	0	
Magee,2b	3	0	0	1	0		Terry,ss	5	1	0	1	5	
Griffith,rf	4	1	1	1	0		Stengel,rf	5	0	2	2	1	
Z. Wheat,lf	4	1	2	3	0		Southw'th,lf	5	1	3	2	0	
Myers,cf	4	0	1	5	0		Cutshaw,2b	5	1	1	2	2	
Konetchy,1b	3	0	0	10	2		Saier,1b	4	0	1	10	1	
Schmandt,3b	4	1	2	2	4		Boeckel,3b	3	0	0	1	1	
Krueger,c	3	0	1	4	0		Sweney,c	2	0	1	3	0	
M. Wheat,c	0	0	0	0	0		Miller,p	4	0	0	0	2	
Pfeffer,p	2	1	0	1	4		Hill,p	0	0	0	0	1	
aJohnston	1	1	0	0	0								
Total	30	6	8	27	14		Total	35	4	9	24	13	

a Ran for Krueger in eighth inning.
Errors—Myers, Schmandt, Terry, Sweeney.

Brooklyn .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 x—6
Pittsburgh .....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—4

Two base hits—Sweeney, Griffith, Z. Wheat, Krueger. Home run—Cutshaw. Sacrifice hits—Stengel, (2,) Boeckel, Magee, Pfeffer. Double plays—Stengel and Saier. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 11; Brooklyn, 5. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 2; Brooklyn, 2. Bases on balls—Off Miller, 2; Hill, 1; Pfeffer, 4. Hits—Off Miller, 6 in 7 innings, (one out in 8th); off Hill, 3 in 1 inning. Struck out—By Miller, 2; Pfeffer, 3. Winning pitcher—Pfeffer. Losing pitcher—Miller.

DODGERS BUY PITCHER.

Manager Robinson to Try Out College Hurler.

J. Leiter Aitcheson, a pitcher and outfielder of Maryland Agricultural College, was yesterday signed by the Brooklyn Dodgers. He will report to Manager Robinson May 31. Tommy Fitzsimmons, an infielder of Oakland, Cal., reported to the Dodger manager yesterday.

The postponed game of May 21 with the Chicago Cubs will be played off at Ebbets Field July 21 as part of a double header. Thursday's postponed game against Pittsburgh will be played tomorrow. This will permit of playing the game of July 11 as originally scheduled.

BOSTON AGAIN BEATS GREEN

Dartmouth Whitewashed in Second Game Between the Nines.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., May 23.—A series of costly errors in the fourth inning and another in the ninth gave Dartmouth its second defeat at the hands of Boston College in the return game of the two teams here today. The score was 5 to 0. A rain-soaked field and a light shower, which caused a short intermission in the game, made the fielding slow.

Save for a few breaks the game resolved itself into a pitchers' battle, in which Cuddy Murphy, the Green twirler, had the advantage over Fitzgerald of Boston College, with nine against six strikeouts and only one walk.

The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston College	0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 2—5	5	2
Dartmouth	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	4	5

Batteries—Fitzpatrick and Urban; Murphy and Ross.

Fordham Prep Nine Is Victor.

Fordham Prep School's baseball team defeated the Kearny (N. J.) H. S. nine yesterday by the one-sided score of 9 to 0. The contest was played at Fordham. Fitzgerald, the Fordham twirler, pitched an excellent game, allowing but four hits and fanning six Kearny batters.

ALEXANDER LOSES AGAIN.

Phillies Pound Former Teammate and Beat Cubs, 7 to 2.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Cravath found Alexander for a single, double, and triple, driving in five of Philadelphia's runs in Chicago's inaugural game here today, which the locals won 7 to 2. Hendrix replaced Alexander in the sixth.

The score:

CHICAGO. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Pick,3b	4	1	2	2	1		Pearce,2b-ss	4	1	3	2	3	
Flack,rf	4	0	0	3	1		Williams,cf	2	1	0	2	0	
Hollocher,ss	4	0	1	2	3		Meusel,lf	4	1	1	1	0	
Lear,2b	3	1	1	2	1		Luderus,1b	2	2	2	13	0	
Paskert,cf	4	0	1	1	0		Cravath,rf	4	0	3	2	0	
Merkle,1b	4	0	1	8	0		Baird,3b	4	1	1	1	3	
Mann,lf	4	0	0	0	0		Sicking,ss	1	0	0	1	1	
Killifer,c	3	0	0	3	3		Whitted,2b	3	0	0	2	3	
Daly,c	0	0	0	3	1		Adams,c	4	1	1	3	0	
Alexander,p	1	0	0	0	1		Smith,p	3	0	0	0	4	
Hendrix,p	0	0	0	0	0								
aHarper	1	0	0	0	0								
bKilduff	1	0	0	0	0								
Bailey,p	0	0	0	0	0								
Total	33	2	7	24	13		Total	31	7	11	27	17	

a Batted for Alexander in sixth.
b Batted for Hendrix in eighth.
Errors—Meusel, Hollocher, Lear, Merkle, Killifer.

Philadelphia .....2 0 1 2 2 0 0 0 .—7
Chicago .....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—2

Two-base hits—Pick, Cravath. Three-base hits—Cravath, Pearce. Stolen bases—Lear, Merkle, Baird. Sacrifice hit—Williams. Sacrifice flies—Lear, Smith. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Philadelphia, 5. First base on errors—Chicago, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Base on balls—Off Alexander, 1; Hendrix, 1. Hits—Off Alexander, 10 in 5 innings; Hendrix, 1 in 2; Bailey, 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Hendrix, 1. Struck out—By Alexander, 1; Hendrix, 1; Bailey, 1; Smith, 2. Losing pitcher—Alexander.

DECIDE AGAINST DE ORO.

Cuban's Protest in Match with Cannefax Overruled.

The Billiard Advisory Board which has been considering the protest made by Alfred De Oro arising from the three-cushion championship match with Robert Cannefax at the Friars' Club, and in which he lost his title, yesterday handed down a decision against the Cuban player. This leaves Cannefax with a clear claim to his newly won title and removes the necessity of replaying the match.

De Oro had protested on the ground that a foul was committed by Cannefax on the second night and that he had protested the match to Referee Albert G. Cutler. The commission of the foul was admitted, but it was claimed by Cutler that De Oro did not protest the game, but instead offered to wager that a foul had been committed. The Reviewing Board decided that while the foul had been made De Oro did not make a formal protest to Cutler, and that therefore the referee was not compelled to replace the balls.

Cannefax committed the foul by making two strokes at the cue ball. After some argument play was resumed and he gained a big lead on De Oro. He subsequently won by a score of 150 to 141.

QUAKERS GET RIFLE TITLE.

Intercollegiate Honors Go to Penn with Syracuse Second.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Announcement was made today that the University of Pennsylvania team has won the intercollegiate championship of the National Rifle Association of America. The final standing of the teams was as follows:

Pennsylvania, 99.63; Syracuse, 97.92; West Virginia, 97.82; Princeton, 96.55; Dartmouth, 96.39; Worcester Poly., 96.05; Columbia, 95.40; Iowa State, 94.92; Massachusetts Tech., 94.70; Vermont, 91.55.

EQUALS CASTING RECORD.

Hanners Wins Prize in Angling Contest at Central Park.

A. R. Hanners, a local angler, yesterday equalled the world's record cast for a four-ounce distance fly in the second day of the annual bait and fly casting tournament of the Anglers' Club of New York, held on the big lake in Central Park. Hanners, in one of his trials, accomplished a cast of ninety-six feet, equalling the mark held jointly by himself and John S. Schwinn of Newark.

The event was conducted on a handicap basis and was won by Hanners, who competed from scratch. The local angler also captured premier prizes in the accuracy fly test and the five-eighths of an ounce fisherman's distance bait event.

HAVERFORD ALUMNI WIN.

Defeat Swarthmore in Annual Baseball Game by 18 to 8 Score.

The New York Alumni of Haverford and Swarthmore Colleges, America's leading Quaker institutions, and ancient athletic rivals, met yesterday afternoon in their annual carnival of baseball, tennis, and golf, the first two being played at the Montclair Athletic Club, and the last over the course of the Essex County Country Club.

Haverford won the baseball game by the score of 18 to 8, a ninth-inning rally netting 13 runs.

Swarthmore was the tennis victor by two matches to one, while the golf also resulted in Swarthmore's favor, giving the Hicksite clan the edge on the day's sport. Trophies were presented to the winners at a joint dinner later in the evening.

SIR BARTON AT BELMONT.

Kentucky Derby Winner Entered in Withers Stakes Today.

Three important turf events are scheduled for today, with the Withers Stakes for three-year-olds, which was first run for in 1874, holding the centre of the stage at Belmont Park. This event will serve to introduce the great Sir Barton, winner of the Kentucky Derby and Preakness, to local racegoers for the first time this season. His prowess has frightened away all but Eternal and Terentia, but it is by no means improbable that the former may give the Ross champion a hard battle over the mile route.

The East will be well represented in the Kentucky Handicap to be run today at Churchill Downs over a mile and a quarter course. Commander Ross's Cudgel is top weight with 125 pounds, then comes W. K. Kilmer's Exterminator with 134, E. B. McLean's The Porter with 129, and A. K. Macomber's Royce Rools with 113. Thus there will be four Eastern contenders in the field of nine.

Canada will have its only race so far scheduled for the season in the King's Plate, which will be run at Woodbine with thirteen probable starters. J. E. Seagram has three named for the event and the stable is a strong favorite.

BELMONT PARK ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, claiming; four and a half furlongs, straight. Peregrine, 108 pounds; Hampden, 108; Tumbleweed, 105; Sweet Apple, 105; Aerial, 108.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase, selling; for four-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Crest Hill, 143 pounds; *Rhomb, 138; Northwood, 155; Brand, 138; Sprosset, 147; *Garter, 138; Wingold, 136.

THIRD RACE.—The Fashion; for fillies; two-year-olds; five furlongs, straight. Marianne, 109 pounds; Rollicking Airs, 109; L'Orpheline, 109; Cinderella, 125; Masked Dancer, 109; Bonnie Mary, 109; Kallapolis, 119; Indiscretion, 109; Sugarmint, 109; Betty J., 112.

FOURTH RACE.—The Withers; for three-year-olds; one mile. Sir Barton, 118 pounds; Terentia, 113; Eternal, 118.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; handicap; one mile. Damrosch, 114 pounds; Valor, 107; Corn Tassel, 119; Red Sox, 102; Grimalkin, 95; Balustrade, 97; War Machine, 103; Dr. Johnson, 107; Trompe La Mort, 126.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens, three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs, straight. Grandee, 115 pounds; Kwoneshee, 115; Dendera, 110; Rapid Day, 115; Heroisne, 115; Donado, 115; Bridesman, 115; Musito, 115; Twiford, 115; Jeweler, 115; Sweepment, 115; War Drive, 115.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

FAVORITES ARE HIT HARD AT BELMONT

Four Odds-On Choices Forced to Take Back Seat on Day's Racing Card.

Four favorites, three of them odds-on choices, fell by the wayside at Belmont Park yesterday and turned the tables in favor of the layers for the first time since the season opened. In spite of the fact that there was no outstanding race on the program, a large crowd took advantage of the fine weather and thoroughly enjoyed the sport, which was keener than might have been expected from the card.

The Garden City Handicap at six and a half furlongs brought out only three starters. Even in this limited field, the backers of J. J. Hallenbeck's Salvestra, which was made an odds-on favorite, had none too comfortable a time, for the filly had to be ridden out to beat R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, Wyoming by a length. For the first half of the journey it looked as though the talent had run against another snag, as Wyoming opened up a lead of two lengths in the first quarter and at the beginning of the turn drew still further away from the favorite. Callahan had to put Salvestra under a drive at the head of the stretch, and after she had caught Wyoming at the eighth pole she had to be ridden out to insure victory.

Two races for three-year-olds produced lively speculation and interesting contests. In the second number, at five and a half furlongs, F. D. Weir's Toto was an odds-on favorite in the field of a dozen, although he had to concede weight to some smart performers. Toto ran well under his burden of 120 pounds, but when the pinch came was unable to hold P. A. Clark's Merry Princess and R. F. Carman's The Boy. Ensor brought Merry Princess from behind to win by a length and a half, with The Boy just nosing out Toto.

In the fifth race, at seven furlongs, Mrs. W. A. Prime's Scotch Verdict closed a slight favorite over Uncle's Lassie and St. Quentin. The latter, after breaking through the barrier several times, was not ready when the break came, and Uncle's Lassie soon opened a long lead, with Scotch Verdict many lengths in front of St. Quentin. Myers was riding Uncle's Lassie hard at the finish to score by a length and a half, while St. Quentin made up a lot of ground and finished four lengths behind Scotch Verdict.

John Sanford showed a nice pair of two-year-olds in Betsinda and Enerinite in the first event. They were backed into favoritism and ran first and second, Polar Butterfly, favorite for the third race, was poorly handled by Pickens and with Betsinda in the van by six lengths, ran out on the stretch turn, which allowed P. S. P. Randolph's Favour to beat her a length for first money.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For maidens, two years old; claiming; purse $800. Five and a half furlongs.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
*Betsinda, 2	108	Walls	9-5	3-5 1*
*Enerinite, 2	100	Ensor	6-5	2-5 2no
Kirah, 2	109	Rice	12-5	7-10 3*
Merry Sinner, 2	107	Shutt'ger	18-5	9-10 4
Blue Star, 2	101	Myers	5-1	7-5 5

*Coupled as Sanford entry.
Time—0:54.

Start good; won easily. Betsinda, b. f., by Rockton-Winning Witch, owned by John Sanford, trained by P. M. Burch.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds, non-winners of $1,500 other than selling; by subscription of $10, with $700 added. Five and a half furlongs, straight.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Merry Princess, 3	105	Ensor	5-1	8-5 1½
The Boy, 3

LEE MAXWELL DEFEATS GARDINER WHITE ON THIRD EXTRA HOLE IN GOLF DUEL

REACH SEMI-FINALS AT SLEEPY HOLLOW

Marston, Maxwell, Cooke, and Dean Are Survivors Who Will Fight It Out Today.

WHITE LOSES LONG MATCH

Bows to Home Player After Going to Twenty-first Green, Where One Mistake Beats Him.

Three New Jersey representatives and one from the home club will fight it out in the semi-final stage of the invitation golf tournament at the Sleepy Hollow Country Club today. They are Lee Maxwell of the home club, D. D. Cooke of Arcola, Max Marston of Baltusrol, J. S. Dean of Princeton, and they will meet as named.

Practically all the thrills resulted from the meeting of Maxwell and Gardiner White yesterday afternoon. Both had won their earlier matches by comfortable margins, and as they had been playing well a keen struggle was looked for. From the moment they drove off until the time the affair ended, after three extra holes several hours later, the gallery was kept in a state of suspense. White always had the longer ball from the tee, but his second shots were no more accurate than those of the Sleepy Hollow golfer, and when it came to putting it was also about a standoff.

White Goes Into Lead.

Maxwell was weakest on the greens going out, for it was three putts at the sixth and again at the eighth that cost him the first-named hole and prevented him from winning the other. He squared accounts with a 3 at the ninth, however, each making the first nine in 40. White became 1 up at the tenth where his opponent shanked a mashie niblick shot, and the Nassau man with a 4 at the fifteenth became 2 up.

It looked like White's match then, but Maxwell came back with a "bird" 4 at the 510-yard sixteenth, where he laid a third shot to within about seven feet of the flag and sank the putt. He also won the seventeenth, White taking three putts. A half in 5 at the home hole left the match all even. They halved the nineteenth and twentieth in 4's, but White shoved his approach at the next to the right of the sand trap, and although he recovered well to within about five feet of the hole, he missed the putt, so that Maxwell who had made no mistakes won the hole in 4 and the match.

The card was as follows:

Maxwell, out	4	4	5	4	4	5	5	6	3	—40
White, out	4	3	5	5	3	4	6	6	4	—40
Maxwell, in	6	4	5	4	4	5	4	4	5	—41—81
White, in	5	4	5	4	4	4	5	5	5	—41—81

Extra holes—Maxwell, 4, 4, 4; White, 4, 4, 5.

Meanwhile Cooke, who is a better golfer than a good many have any idea, went along so fast that James C. Parrish, Jr., a trifle off his game, never had a chance, the Arcola man winning 9 and 7. Dean, the far-driving collegian, also won handily in the afternoon from C. L. Conley of Siwanoy, the winner going out in 39.

Marston Easy Winner.

Marston always had the upper hand over Hamilton K. Kerr of Greenwich, the first named going out in 40, and turning for home 3 up. When he won the short thirteenth hole in 3, Marston stood dormie 5, and by winning the new hole the match was his, 6 up and 4 to play.

In the early rounds both Marston and White won by comfortable margins. The first named eliminated W. G. Smith of the home club, 3 up and 2 to play, while White won from A. H. Johnson of Sleepy Hollow, by 4 and 3. The former New Jersey champion always had the advantage over Smith, although neither played as well as usual. White started badly, but once the turn was reached, Johnson never had a chance.

Maxwell traveled at a great pace against Dr. A. T. Haight, the first named going out in 34 and winning by 5 and 4. F. H. Hoyt carried Kerr to the seventeenth green before the Greenwich golfer won.

The summary follows:

First Sixteen.—First Round—Lee Maxwell, Sleepy Hollow, beat Dr. A. T. Haight, Bellecliare, 5 up and 4 to play; Gardiner W. White, Nassau, beat A. H. Johnson, Sleepy Hollow, 4 up and 3 to play; D. D. Cooke, Arcola, beat A. S. Bourne, Garden City, 2 up; James C. Parrish, Jr., National Links, beat George A. Dixon, Jr., National Links, 1 up; Max R. Marston, Baltusrol, beat W. G. Smith, Sleepy Hollow, 3 up and 2 to play; Hamilton K. Kerr, Greenwich, beat F. H. Hoyt, Engineers, 2 up and 1 to play; G. L. Conley, Siwanoy, beat J. M. Thorsen, Sleepy Hollow, 4 up and 3 to play; J. S. Dean, Princeton, beat Grantland Rice, Englewood, 3 up and 2 to play. Second Round—Maxwell beat White, 1 up (21 holes;) Cook beat Parrish, 9 up and 7 to play; Marston beat Kerr, 6 up and 4 to play; Dean beat Conley, 6 up and 5 to play.

Second Sixteen.—First Round.—T. Russell Brown, Scarsdale, beat H. V. Gaines, Wykagyl, 3 up and 2 to play; M. K. Waters, Ardsley, beat L. A. Hamilton, Garden City, 3 up and 2 to play; Charles H. Brown, St. Andrews, beat Scott Stewart, Sleepy Hollow, 2 up; H. W. Maxwell, Jr., Nassau, beat C. H. Measmore, Ardsley, by default; Oliver C. Macy, Sleepy Hollow, beat E. P. Cobb, Siwanoy, 2 up and 1 to play; C. L. Maxwell, Trenton, beat C. Van Clief, Richmond County, by default; Cornelius Smith, Jr., Ardsley, beat J. G. McMahon, Sleepy Hollow, 1 up; A. W. Haigh, Scarsdale, beat Dr. W. G. Fralick, Massapequa, 4 up and 3 to play. Second Round—Waters beat Brown, 2 up and 1 to play; Brown beat Maxwell, 2 up; Maxwell beat Van Clief, 6 up and 5 to play; Haigh beat Smith, 3 up and 1 to play.

Third Sixteen.—First Round—A. J. Mendes, Siwanoy, beat H. E. Ives, Sleepy Hollow, 3 up and 2 to play; J. C. Lord, Sleepy Hollow, beat H. W. Chapman, Scarsdale, 2 up and 1 to play; H. L. Brewster, Scarsdale, beat Lindsay Russell, Tuxedo, 4 up and 3 to play; S. H. Ivison, Cherry Valley, beat Richard Lounsbery, Sleepy Hollow, 7 up and 6 to play; D. B. Lawrence, Sleepy Hollow, beat Austin Sands, Newport, by default; L. A. Gillet, Sleepy Hollow, beat E. P. O'Brien, Sleepy Hollow, 1 up; O. C. Hoyt, Sleepy Hollow, beat A. E. Ranney, Greenwich, by default; F. V. D. Longacre, St. Andrews, beat G. B. Francis, Sleepy Hollow, 5 up and 4 to play. Second Round—Mendes beat Lord, 6 up and 5 to play; Brewster beat Ivison, 3 up and 2 to play; Lawrence beat Gillet, 6 up and 5 to play; Longacre beat Hoyt, 2 up and 1 to play.

Fourth Sixteen.—First Round—C. V. Rich, Sleepy Hollow, drew a bye; W. G. Bibb, Sleepy Hollow, 8 up and 6 to play; E. L. Bloodgood, Cherry Valley, beat R. Sutton, Sleepy Hollow, by default; Edmund Crandall, Gedney Farms, drew a bye; A. F. Moore, Apawamis, beat A. B. Jekyll, Sleepy Hollow, 4 up and 3 to play; J. W. Smith, Sleepy Hollow, beat R. C. Lee, Sleepy Hollow, 3 up and 2 to play; W. Nicholson, Wykagyl, drew a bye; A. M. Peterson, Sleepy Hollow, beat S. A. Talmadge, 3 up and 2 to play. Second Round—Bibb beat Rich, by default; Bloodgood beat Crandall by default; Smith beat Moore, 1 up (19 holes;) Peterson beat Nicholson, by default.

MRS. BARLOW WINS TITLE.

Defeats Miss Caverly in Final of Philadelphia Tourney.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow of the Merion Cricket Club today won the woman's golf championship of Philadelphia, defeating Miss Mildred Caverly of the Philadelphia Cricket Club in the final round 3 up, 1 to play.

Last year Miss Caverly defeated Mrs. Barlow for the title, 1 up. It is the seventh time Mrs. Barlow has won the local championship.

Fordham Prep Again Wins at Net.

The uninterrupted string of tennis victories for Fordham Prep School was lengthened to eight yesterday when the Bronx schoolboys trounced Morris High School's tennis players by 5 matches to 0 in a dual meet on the Fordham courts.

CORNELL CREW IS READY.

Rules Slight Favorite Over Princeton In Race Today.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 23.—The stage is all set for tomorrow's Cayuga Lake regatta, in which the Cornell and Princeton 'Varsity and Freshmen eights will race over a two-mile course. Frequent showers all day and this evening threaten unpleasant weather conditions tomorrow. Princeton oarsmen said that in their practice row over the course this morning they found better water than anywhere else this year, except at home. The Tiger oarsmen had a brisk paddle over the course. This afternoon they got away cleanly and made a favorable impression on spectators.

Cornell 'Varsity and Freshmen eights rowed down the west course this afternoon and gave a very good impression of being fit for the contest. Although the Cornell 'Varsity is favorite in the little betting that has occurred, the general impression is that the race should be close. Thousands of visitors have arrived in town for the regatta.

TATE IN DEMPSEY'S CAMP.

Big Negro Boxer Will Help Get Challenger Ready for Bout.

TOLEDO, Ohio, May 23.—Because of the danger of an injury to his hands, Jack Dempsey, who is to meet Jess Willard in a heavyweight championship battle here July 4, probably will drop baseball from his training program.

The challenger engaged in a game today, and Tex Rickard, promoter of the contest, wore a worried look every time Dempsey raced to pick up a bounder or stabbed the air in fielding fly balls. Rickard fears that Dempsey might break a finger if struck with a swiftly batted ball.

Bill Tate, a giant negro heavyweight from New York, joined the challenger's camp today, and he looks like a valuable addition. He is 6 feet 5 inches tall, just an inch shorter than Willard; weighs 236 pounds in ring togs, and has a reach an inch and half longer than that possessed by the champion.

Rickard today ordered two sets of especially handmade five-ounce boxing gloves for the championship battle from a San Francisco maker, who has made gloves for all important championship contests for twenty-five years.

Polo for Junior Cups to Start.

WEST POINT, N. Y., May 23.—Play will start here tomorrow between five polo teams for the West Point Junior Cups. The teams entered are the West Point Yellows, Whippany Whips, West Point Blues, Rumson Rovers, and West Point Reds.

KASHIO AND HUNTER VICTORS ON COURTS

Japanese Tennis Player Beats Fox in Rubber Set and Binzen Yields to Hunter.

Tennis tournaments are played between showers nowadays. At New Rochelle yesterday the committee in charge of the Quaker Ridge championship was lucky in being able to stage half a dozen singles matches and to give the doubles event a start. Two of the singles contests required only one set for a decision, as they had reached a deadlock earlier in the week. Both finishes were surprising.

Joseph W. Fox, who had given Seichiro Kashio a terrific battle through two evenly divided 7—5 sessions on the opening day of the tournament, went completely to pieces in the face of the steadiness and increasing speed of the Japanese star in the rubber set, losing at 6—1. Kashio showed what a pace he could set when fresh, and drove with consistent accuracy for every opening, keeping the Harlem expert constantly on the run. In contrast to his countryman Kumagae, Kashio possesses a well-developed net attack, and he does not hesitate to go in for a volley whenever the opportunity offers. His victory yesterday was an impressive one.

Francis T. Hunter also disregarded experts' calculations when he pulled out his match against Elliott H. Binzen, taking the deciding set at 6—4. This was a heart-breaking struggle for Binzen to lose. The two hard hitters had played about the equivalent of two ordinary matches in their opening set last Tuesday, which was eventually credited to Binzen at 17—5, and the winner had then proceeded to take a commanding lead, bringing him at one time within a point of the match, when Hunter braced and saved the set at 7—5.

Yesterday's rubber was another slambang affair, but it was obvious from the start that the recently returned naval Lieutenant was acquiring more and more control of his one-armed star was a commendable effort, for Hathaway is one of the best volleyers in the game and a difficult man to pass at the net. The Pelham Bay graduate, however, weathered a stormy first set, in which his shots varied from very good to very bad, and then steadied down for a quick cleanup, with his essentially brilliant game under full steam.

Hartman's defeat of R. L. James was to be expected, for the southpaw of the New York Tennis Club has been going at top speed of late. The Saratoga man, however, fought him to the limit in the first set. Hartman had run into a lead of 5—2 and 40—15 when James began to find the court with his low chops, which had previously been hitting the top of the net with dismal regularity. The sudden change in the breaks slightly flustered Hartman, and before he knew it the games were tied up, with James actually forging ahead to a 7—6 lead. But here the left-hander resumed command, rushing the net with the same success as at the start, and after closing out the long set, 9—7, he had little trouble in keeping his advantage to the end of the match.

Gerald Emerson made his first appearance on the New Rochelle courts yesterday and promptly put himself into the running with a pair of victories, his opponents being H. Norton and W. L. Lippencott.

Interest in the doubles event was aroused by the belated entry of Vincent Richards, now reinstated as an amateur. He teamed up with Allen Behr, his Yonkers fellow-townsman, and the pair at once ran into trouble when the draw gave them Ingo Hartman and Wylie C. Grant as opponents. Richards and Behr won the opening set at 7—5 after a hard fight, but the New York pair had tied up the match, 6—4, when the rain came again and put an end to further play.

The summaries:

QUAKER RIDGE CHAMPIONSHIP.

Singles.—Second Round—Seichiro Kashio defeated Joseph W. Fox, 5—7, 7—5, 6—1; Gerald Emerson defeated H. Norton, 6—3, 6—2.

Third Round—Francis T. Hunter defeated Elliott H. Binzen, 15—17, 7—5 6—4; Gerald Emerson defeated W. L. Lippencott, 6—3, 7—5; Alex Iler defeated H. R. Hathaway, 8—6, 6—2; Ingo Hartman defeated R. L. James, 9—7, 6—3.

Doubles.—First Round.—Vincent Richards and Allen Behr versus Ingo Hartman and Wylie C. Grant, 7—5, 4—6, (unfinished;) Alex Iler and Leon Croley versus Dr. B. F. Drake and J. Watson, 6—3, (unfinished.)

POSTPONE NET TOURNEY.

Harlem Club to Hold Finals on Monday.

Soft courts made it impossible to continue the open tournament at the Harlem Tennis Club yesterday, and the finish of the doubles again had to be postponed. An attempt will be made to complete the event on Monday, with one semi-final match and the final round still to be played. The teams remaining in the tournament are Iler and Croley, in the finals, and Kumagae and Taylor and Hartman and Grant in the semi-finals.

Title Play at West Side Today.

The annual singles championship of the West Side Tennis Club begins today at Forest Hills, L. I., the entries being divided into classes A, B and C.

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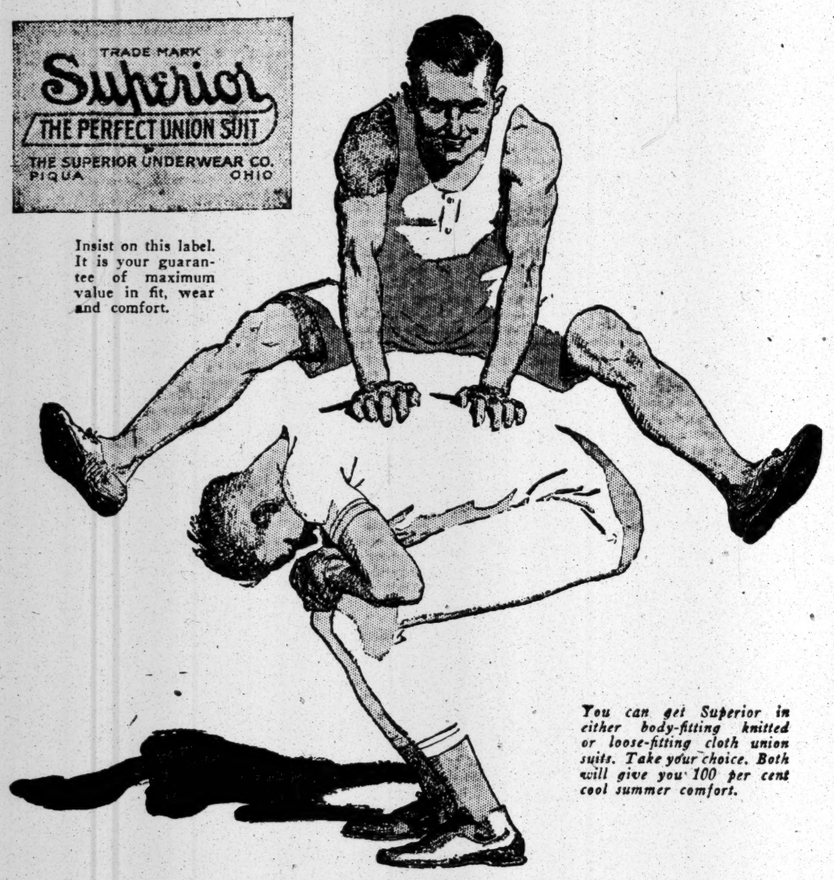

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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THE NATIONAL SHIPPING POLICY.

There is danger lest our war adventure into shipping construction may be as disappointing as Government operation of railways unless thought be taken betimes. To that end Mr. HURLEY, Chairman of the Shipping Board, called a conference at Washington between spokesmen for various interests and the House Committee on Merchant Marine. Singular as it may seem, there were those who favored Government ownership and operation. Hitherto the farmers have taken less interest in shipping than in the reduction of railway rates. The export of their products by the billion has attracted their attention, and some of the "political farmers" now favor Government operation of both railways and ships. The Farmers' National Council has so resolved, and similar views were expressed on behalf of the Soviet State of North Dakota. On the other hand, the spokesman for the Federation of Labor opposed it, saying that the Federation limited its approval of Government operation to facilities used by the people directly, such as city services.

Respecting the ownership of both railways and steamships, the Federation differs from the Brotherhood of Trainmen, which favors continuance of present conditions, so favorable for them, at the expense of others. If votes were to be weighed instead of counted, there can be no doubt that the idea of Government ownership and operation of anything would be kept down to the lowest terms, for the list of those opposing the Government operation or ownership of shipping is too long to be given. Both the New York and United States Chambers of Commerce so expressed themselves, together with the American Bankers' Association. Generally speaking, there was approval of Chairman HURLEY'S proposals, and the country may yet be put to its choice between the two positions.

Chairman HURLEY, in opening the conference, said that if the Government sold the ships "an equitable "distribution should be made, so that "the respective sections of the country will be able to own and operate "these ships out of our respective "ports." Equity is always desirable, but the Interstate Commerce Commission has never been able to apportion railway facilities in the manner proposed for shipping. Equity would require that New York should get all the business to which its natural advantages entitle it. But New York's natural equity is so great that it has been necessary to provide artificial attractions for other ports, to prevent New York's monopoly.

New York provides so large a share of the funds put into national shipping that it would be slow to see the equity of distributing them in any other manner than to the highest bidder. New York is tender on the subject because it has lost so much business through the arbitrary diversion of business to other ports by the Railway Administration. There is no jealousy here of the natural growth of the outports. Rather there is rejoicing at their increase of products for foreign trade, the nation's hope for the future. The operation of shipping as extensions of railways, rather as feeders mutually than as unnatural competitors by compulsion, is a better policy than hothouse forcing by gifts of facilities through the use of tax money. New York has a right to say this, because it has spent too liberally for the accommodation of commerce to afford to have it bought away from it, when the nation habitually favors other ports at the expense of New York. To divert tax paid shipping to other ports is prejudicial to the very large harbor improvements now pending here, without Government help.

Mr. HURLEY'S policy is that the United States should carry half of its commerce in American shipping. It is an arbitrary proportion, but right enough for a working proposal. It will be hard to find private capital for even so much shipping, and there will be need of encouragement, for a time at least. Mr. HURLEY'S proposal is to modify our existing subsidy, or, as some prefer to call it, our payment for carriage of mails in American vessels. The law allows $8 a mile for 35-knot ships, and $4 for 20 knots. The law is useless, for we have no such ships and do not need them. Neither, says Mr. HURLEY, do we need to send our mails in any other vessels than would accommodate our commerce. Slower ships we have in superfluity, and they would answer every purpose. Being less costly, it would be proper to reduce the mail carriage payment to $6 for 20-knot ships, $4 for 14-knot, and $2 for 12-knot. There will be enough of them to make up by the frequency of their departures for their lack of speed, and they could be put on all routes.

The general idea seemed to be that it was desirable that conditions of competition for business should be equalized by the repeal of our navigation, measurement, and seamen's laws. As to that there has been some change of sentiment, since our costs are now not so much above those of other countries as they were. There is no doubt that we are confident of our efficiency in both construction and operation under equal conditions, or even under some disadvantage if not too great, and conditions have been made fairer by the increase of foreign costs nearer our level. The conference still has some days to run, and its conclusions will afford a starting point for the action of Congress.

THE MULE OF ANTE.

Stories of extortion practiced upon the American Expeditionary Forces in France by the native inhabitants must be received with caution, that is to say, with a calculated credulity, high prices being universal and inescapable in wartime. The entente cordiale is qualified by necessity. But an American army mule, marooned since the second battle of the Marne in the village of Ante, seems to have a grievance against a local farmer, as a mule can think. The abandoned animal was discovered the other day by a "tracer" of the Baggage Department. An old wife told him that an American mule belonging to the armed forces had run up a long board bill on one of the village farms, and was wearing out his welcome. It seems that in the end of July a Sergeant in the Remount Division had left the mule, which was from Missouri, with a farmer, making an agreement in writing for its care and keep. The mule had been hit by a shell splinter in the advance of General PERSHING'S army and was lame in a fore leg, also he was worn and used up.

Every month the farmer had presented a lengthening bill headed "L'Addition" to the American boarder, who eyed it with drooping ears and a nostalgic eye. When the "tracer" found him the sum of the account was 500 francs, and the farmer could be appeased only by immediate liquidation. He complained that the boarder was eating his head off and disturbing the neighborhood with the loudest braying ever heard in that part of France. Evidently the mule missed and mourned the American soldier, also a gray horse that led the transport train. The devotion of mules to gray horses is as well known as it is pathetic. This flotsam of the species was what they call a sugar mule in the South, tall, well built, capable, and possessing in a remarkable degree "the sobriety, patience, endurance, and surefootedness of the ass, and the vigor, strength, and courage of the horse," to quote an authority upon the familiar hybrid.

The last report about this forgotten friend of the army was that the Remount Division had been calculating whether it would be worth while to pay 500 francs and ship him back to the States. The mule still limped, but he had the prodigious appetite of a convalescent. The rate in the bond was three francs a day, which the Remount Division considered rather steep, as the mule had been denied luxuries, living on roughage. It must be considered that the faith of the United States was pledged. Uncle Sam is no welcher.

It is not a question of whether the mule, somewhat frayed by service and perhaps incurably lame, is worth 500 francs. It is not even a question of whether to the frugal eye there are too many rows of figures in "L'Addition." The mule has done his bit, and he was honorably wounded. If he had had two legs he would probably have been decorated. He is far from home and he has feelings. After all, he is American, although a mule. If the army mules are to be demobilized he should not be left behind. A bargain's a bargain. The A. E. F. should reclaim the mule of Ante.

OUR NEW DYE INDUSTRY.

In his message the President said that "special consideration" should be given by Congress to legislation for the defense of the new dyestuffs industry. The War Trade Board has promptly taken action in accord with this recommendation by ordering that "German dyes shall not be imported "except to the extent that they are "needed in this country," and has appointed an advisory committee, composed of dyemakers and manufacturers of textile goods, which will grant import licenses only for such dyes as cannot be supplied by the domestic industry. This plan is like the one adopted some time ago by the British Government. In their appeal to the President, cabled in March, 200 companies in the textile industry, representing an annual output of $2,000,000,000, expressed the opinion that "an independent self-sustaining "American dye industry is a national "necessity," and asserted

that such an industry cannot be established unless competition from German factories, including those in occupied territory be cut off for a period of years; that no tariff will furnish protection against the enormous resources and unscrupulous methods of the German trust, fighting to regain its foreign market; and that only a licensing plan like the British, excluding all foreign dyes reasonably obtainable in the United States, will save the new industry.

Congress will be asked by these manufacturers to provide for license control of dye imports by statute. The movement for such a law will have the support of the Chemical Foundation, a new company which holds 4,500 German dye patents seized by the Alien Property Custodian.

Since Herr BRAUN, the German Secretary of State, said to a correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES at The Hague that "negotiations would soon "take place regarding exports from "Germany, especially dyestuffs for "America and England," there have been conflicting reports about the available supply of these products. Dr. NICHOLS, President of the American Chemical Society, heard that "immense quantities" were ready to be shipped. Secretary REDFIELD said three weeks ago that there appeared to be "no foundation" for stories about large stocks on hand. Similar opinions were published in London. But the recent report of an American officer, Major SILL of the Chemical Warfare Service, a member of the Interallied Commission appointed to inspect chemical factories in Germany, leaves no room for doubt. He found them "in splendid condition, with a "large trained force of employés, and "with new opportunities for increasing their production by utilizing "extra equipment added for war materials." During the war, while they were making explosives and poison gases, parts of the plants were used for dyestuffs, "resulting in an "accumulation of large stocks of material which is today ready for the "commercial warfare." At the present time, for lack of raw material and lubricating oils, they are operating at only 10 per cent. of normal capacity, but are keeping their employés ready, one firm paying 1,000,000 marks a week to those who are waiting.

Here is evidence that large quantities are available now for shipment, and that the factories, when raw material is supplied, can easily go beyond the old peace-time output, although higher wages and other new expenses must increase cost of production. The President had such evidence in mind when he said in his message that the "German chemical "industry, with which we will be "brought into competition, was, and "may well be again, a thoroughly "knit monopoly capable of exercising "a competition of a peculiarly insidious and dangerous kind." Congress will give due consideration to the new arrangement and increase of dyestuff duties already recommended by the Tariff Commission, but the coming legislation is probably foreshadowed by the War Trade Board's license plan.

THE SULTAN AND THE DEBT.

Perhaps it is not only solicitude for the religious susceptibilities of Indian Moslems that is back of the movement to keep the Turks in Constantinople. To leave the Sultan on the Bosporus with "nominal" authority, at the same time giving him "a "degree of temporal power over some "territory in Asia Minor to be selected," would preserve the form of the Turkish Empire, conciliate the diplomatic pedants who would have us believe that you cannot end a war without a treaty of peace, even if you have to keep the enemy State alive solely to get its signature on the treaty, and "would prevent the obliteration of the Turkish pre-war debt."

That debt was held largely in France and England, and French and British investors have a right to some guarantee of their investments. But the guarantee might be obtained in some more pleasing way. How about Turkey's debt incurred during the war—not the money which she borrowed from Germany, but the debt to the murdered Armenians and Greeks, the debt to a world which has tolerated the Turk and believed his promises? The pre-war debt was some $650,000,000; the Turks murdered, according to the most moderate estimate, about 800,000 Armenians. The Armenian massacres were the crowning proof that the Turks are unfit to rule anybody, particularly Christians; yet the Sultan may be left in Constantinople, and with a part of Asia Minor, to be selected for its revenue-producing capacity. It seems, then, that the Armenians are not worth $800 a head; their blood cries out from the ground, but not loudly enough to be heard amid the protests of Indian Moslems and the alarmed outcries of investors.

Naturally, any talk of an American protectorate of the Turks in Constantinople is ridiculous. America will certainly have nothing to do with maintaining the Turkish Empire. That is Europe's work, if anybody's; Europe kept the Turk in Constantinople for a century, at the cost of some millions of Armenian and other Christian lives; if Europe wishes to renew a covenant with death, let Europe do it. But the outcry which is already coming from influential French and British newspapers shows that European sentiment is fully awake to the meaning of such an infamous compromise. Investors in Turkish bonds can be bought off; Moslems can be reminded that the golden age of Mohammedanism was the age before the Turks appeared and that the decline of Islam has been largely traceable to the decline of Turkey. The civilized world has backed away from this plain duty long enough; if it backs away once more, the price will be paid again by the Near Eastern Christians, not by the timorous politicians. But there are penalties that could be applied to those politicians, penalties that politicians will fear; and it is the duty of the civilized world to see that those penalties are kept before their eyes.

FARMS FOR VETERANS.

In his message to Congress President WILSON again urged that veterans of the war be helped to take up land and cultivate it for the general welfare as well as for their own interest, the two objects being inseparable. The plan has been worked out by Secretary LANE, whose reclamation program prepares the way for farms for the soldiers and sailors. In his address to Congress on Dec. 2, 1918, Mr. WILSON said:

> The Congress can at once direct thousands of the returning soldiers to the reclamation of the arid lands, which it has already undertaken, if it will but enlarge the plans and the appropriations which it has intrusted to the Department of the Interior. It is possible in dealing with our unused land to effect a great rural and agricultural development which will afford the best sort of opportunity to men who want to help themselves.

In the message which Mr. WILSON has sent to the new Congress he asks for its "immediate and substantial support" of the plan. While the plan should be thoroughly discussed, delay in passing the bill, which has been already introduced, might cause the failure of one of the most promising economic conceptions ever proposed to the country. If properly worked out, the nation would be the gainer, ultimately without cost, of vast wealth in crops and live stock; and more than all that in a large addition to its sturdy citizenship. Great Britain, France, Canada, and Australia have projects for settling war veterans on the land, and the United States cannot afford to lag behind when it is the richest of all countries in natural resources.

MORE BROADWAY THOUGHTS.

One advantage of the current giving of thought to Broadway will be to remind the world, and perhaps even New York, that there are a number of Broadways, and that the part of the street which has earned its fame is only one of them. It is noticeable that many persons who have answered the call of the Broadway Association have agreed in suggesting what would be an undeniable improvement for lower Broadway, the destruction of the old Post Office, that melancholy memorial to the erroneous conceptions of beauty prevalent in a former time, and the restoration of the lower end of City Hall Park. Few outsiders, and not all New Yorkers, would think of an enterprise of this kind as affecting Broadway, but it would do a good deal for one of the most important parts of the thoroughfare.

The most backward part of Broadway, the stretch extending, with but little alleviation of beauty or great commercial value, from the City Hall pretty well to Madison Square, is in a way of being rehabilitated by the various movements of the last few years to check the spread of factories uptown. And then there is upper Broadway, with its great apartment houses and ground-floor shops—a street such as almost any other large city can show, but one which is a considerable asset to New York. We have not enough park streets here to disregard the value of a boulevard which can muster a very respectable array of shade trees along much of its course.

As for the Broadway of song, story, and screen, there is no lack of thoughts for it. The only danger is that reform may be allowed to go too far in this region; some things can be improved, but it would not be well to improve too many. With all its faults we love it still, and in no small degree because of its faults.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Libraries Severely Criticised.

Perhaps not the most helpful, but certainly the most interesting, of the remarks made at Thursday's hearing before the legislative committee now studying the rent problem in this city were those of FRANK L. DOWLING, whose high and important position is that of President of Manhattan Borough. "There are some big men here," he said, and then, speaking evidently from the heart, he exclaimed: "Take the Carnegie libraries! I believe that the city put up the land and CARNEGIE the buildings. We spent hundreds of thousands and millions for that work, and what does the work do in the long run? Men go into the libraries, read themselves to death, and then they come out and try to upset the Government!"

It is fairly evident that, as men who had read themselves to death could not thereafter even attempt to upset Governments, Mr. DOWLING allowed his emotions to lead him into saying a little more than he meant at that particular point, but what he did mean was that, in his opinion, libraries do more harm than good, if they do any good at all, and that the money used in building, filling, and maintaining them could be put to better purposes.

Probably, or rather certainly, he is not alone in this opinion, or alone in thinking that people read too much and are injured, not benefited, by what they read. Side by side with this fear of books and contempt for "book-learning" stands the opposite notion that education, and especially that given in the public schools, is the safeguard of the nation and never to be sufficiently revered and encouraged. The two ideas are in direct antagonism, but the contradiction seems to be the result of forgetting, or of not knowing, that, like other good things, both schools and libraries can be misused, and often are, and that what they put into minds is unimportant in comparison with what they bring out of them.

Possibilities of Evil Recognized.

Mr. DOWLING, and others like him, would probably have little difficulty in proving that from Carnegie and other libraries some industrious readers have, and any readers could have, increased their powers of evil, including those to be used in spreading false doctrines, upsetting Governments, and even making bombs. Schools, too, may and do turn into really dangerous social enemies some men and women who would be much less dangerous if illiterate. These are truths, however, that are far, and very far, from justifying the condemnation of either schools or libraries; they only show the need of giving intelligent attention to the conduct of both institutions.

And the doing of that is not any too easy or simple. In schools it raises the question of "academic freedom," than which none outside of theology is more prickly. In libraries it requires the exercise of a form of censorship sure to be vehemently denounced—usually with justice—by everybody except the censors. But, in spite of their harmful potentialities, schools and libraries in these days need no defenders, and of course Mr. DOWLING does not desire—would passionately oppose—the abolition of either of them.

He Showed Sense and Wisdom.

Whether or not Chairman HAYS of the Republican National Committee, as a practical politician, really rejoices, deep down in his heart, over the new complexities added to the conduct of party affairs by the enfranchisement of women, there is no doubt that in his speech at the dinner in Washington of the Republican Women's National Executive Committee he shows that he has taken what he regards as in part the inevitable and in part the unalterable in exactly the way the inevitable and the unalterable should be taken.

He gave the woman voter—whom he saw, of course, as voting the Republican ticket at every opportunity, and straight at that—a welcome that had all the semblance of cordiality and sincerity. There was nothing grudging about the welcome, nothing that even hinted a wish that she hadn't come.

That is the way to make the best of a bad matter, and it is also the way to make the best of a good one, and, by adopting it, Mr. HAYS set an excellent example for all his party friends and all his party opponents.

And he did more than that—he expressed, in the judicious form of congratulating his hostesses on the course they had followed in forgetting, as voters, that they were women, deserved condemnation for the misguided sisters who are making the foolish and wicked mistake of standing apart from their brother voters and trying to perpetuate an aloofness and separation for which there is no longer either reason or excuse. The sort of power thus to be obtained is undesirable, for it can accomplish only mean and selfish ends, if any.

The only enemies the woman voter is going to have are those she makes for herself by professing to have interests and ambitions different from those of men.

New York and Her Policemen.

Much more of temper than of intelligence was shown by Commissioner ENRIGHT in his letter denouncing the New York newspapers as wanton and malicious assailants of the Police Department and his administration of it. That all members of the metropolitan press have constantly been accurate or even just in their comments on him and his force may not be true, but beyond any question the great majority of the newspapers here have intended to treat both with fairness, and have gladly utilized every opportunity the course of events has provided to express appreciation and approval.

And there have been not a few such opportunities. Nobody doubts that the Commissioner has learned the police business thoroughly in the many years of his connection with the force, and he is credited with competence in performing it. He should not resent criticism or see mistakes of interpretation, if they occur, as "lies." New York likes and admires its policemen, and its preference is to praise, not to blame, what they do.

Ebert Quotes Henley.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE NEW YORK TIMES of May 15 President Ebert is quoted as saying:

"Notwithstanding the night covering them, I have abiding faith in the future of the German people and in the unconquerability of their soul."

The sentiment recalls the fine lines in William E. Henley's poem, entitled "Resolution:"

Out of the night that covers me,
Black as the pit, from pole to pole,
I thank whatever gods may be
For my unconquerable soul.

But President Ebert should remember the three last verses of the poem, as well as the first. These verses are as follows:

In the fell clutch of circumstance
I have not winced or cried aloud.
Under the bludgeonings of chance
My head is bloody but unbowed.
Beyond this place of wrath and tears
Looms but the horror of the shade,
And yet the menace of the years
Finds and shall find me unafraid.
It matters not how strait the gate,
How charged with punishments the scroll,
I am the master of my fate,
I am the captain of my soul.

It seems scarcely consistent that the resolute and unconquerable soul shall wince and cry aloud because the scroll is charged with punishments—all too well deserved.

GEORGE GORDON BATTLE.
New York, May 22, 1919.

Custer a Brigadier at 23.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Just as a matter of newspaper record, permit me to add to the correspondence on the subject of the attainment of high military rank at an early age enough to say that the illustrious Custer was a Brigadier General at the age of 23. Custer went from West Point into the Union Army and, because of his exceptional military genius and his quick, lightning-like decisions on the field of battle, and his devotion to the work in hand, and his entire disregard of danger, he became speedily one of the foremost and most brilliant officers in our whole army. F. S. D.

Cragsmoor, N. Y., May 14, 1919.

THE COVENANTER.

Questions of Sovereignty and the Obligations Imposed Upon Us by Article X.

This is a series of letters by four distinguished authorities discussing the Covenant for a League of Nations adopted by the Paris Peace Conference and now awaiting ratification by the United States Senate. The authors are: William H. Taft, ex-President of the United States; George W. Wickersham, formerly United States Attorney General; A. Lawrence Lowell, President of Harvard University, and Henry W. Taft of the New York Bar. The individual letters will not be identified.

FOURTH LETTER.

Every civilized nation must, in the interest of its citizens, make treaties, and, like ordinary trades between individuals, these must be negotiated on the principle of "give and take." Whatever it agrees to do or to refrain from doing imposes a restriction which detracts from its complete sovereignty. But it does not thereby unduly surrender its independence, unless the restriction makes its ordinary governmental functions subject to control by another country, as was the case, for instance, with Cuba, when she accepted the terms of the Platt amendment, and thereby subjected her national financial policy and her foreign relations to the supervisory control of the United States. A nation's independence is not unduly impaired by a treaty by which it receives advantages which compensate it for what it concedes.

Give-and-Take Principle Established.

It is too late to argue in this country that international agreements to make or to refrain from making war, to guarantee protection to the territory of other nations, and to limit armament unduly impair a nation's sovereignty; for numerous instances of such agreements in existing treaties will be found in our diplomatic history. Nor can it be said that such agreements were not contemplated when our Constitution was adopted, for the Supreme Court has held that under the treaty-making power the President and the Senate may make any agreement they regard as appropriate, provided it does not result in "a change in the character of the Government or in that of any of the States, or a cession of any portion of the territory of the latter, without its consent."

Purpose of Article X.

Article X. of the Covenant is criticised as involving an impairment of sovereignty. By that article there is created a defensive alliance of the nations of the League to prevent external aggressions threatening the territorial integrity or the political independence of any member nation. The alliance is designed primarily to give protection to the seven new republics in Europe and the four autonomous nations in the Near East, created as a result of the war; and the obligation to join in such an alliance was thrown upon us because, by the Fourteen Points on which the armistice was expressly based, we made ourselves responsible not only for the erection of the new States but also for their protection against attacks from without, threatening their status as it was to be established by the treaty of peace. For this we are to receive the further advantage of the continuous co-operation of the League in preserving the peace of the world.

Subject to Veto Power.

Furthermore, the obligation imposed by Article X. will probably be less burdensome than opponents of the League have assumed, for if it were sought to have the Council advise that the United States should intervene in what we regarded as an unsuitable case, we could veto the suggestion by our single vote. But it is altogether improbable that that would be necessary; for in any concrete case it would naturally happen that the burden of performing the guarantee would, in the first instance, fall on the nation nearest at hand or politically most concerned. The chance that we should often, if ever, be called upon to send troops or warships to Europe or Asia to repel local aggressions would be remote, since in practice they would have to be dealt with summarily by the nations more directly affected, precisely as, under the reservation of the Monroe Doctrine in Article XXI., we would be expected to deal with aggressions upon countries of the Western Hemisphere.

Isn't It Worth the Price?

In considering whether we are unduly hampered by Article X. "the real question," in the words of Sir Frederick Pollock, an eminent authority on the subject, "is whether the security for the common peace to be gained by the establishment of a common power is worth the price." When we became implicated in the European situation we committed ourselves to the proposition that the price paid by our becoming a party to the guarantee of Article X. was not out of proportion to [illegible]ecurity we expected to enjoy in the [illegible]e. It was in the interest of the [illegible] of this country that the United [illegible]tes should become a decisive factor in the world's affairs. We cannot, with national honor, now escape a responsibility corresponding to our contribution to the winning of the war. That is imposed upon us by the dictates of international morality, and no nation can be said unduly to surrender its sovereignty by discharging such an obligation.

TO REJECT SUPERWARSHIP.

Naval Officers Found British Policy Waiting on the Peace Conference.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Navy General Board took up today the task of formulating specific recommendations as to the types of capital ships which Congress will be asked to authorize. Secretary Daniels and his three chief technical advisers, Rear Admirals Griffin, Taylor, and Earle, were present at the board meeting to tell what they had learned while in Europe as to the direction that naval development was taking abroad.

The Secretary said later that the discussion was of a general character, as opinion in naval circles abroad was found to be in a state of flux. There is no clear trend in ship development, he said. In England the officers found a disposition to await the outcome of the Paris Peace Conference, and no additional capital ships were being laid down.

Three ships under construction similar to the new British composite battleship and battle cruiser, the Hood, have been torn up and all work done on them has been sacrificed. This did not mean, the American officers were told, that the type had been disapproved, but merely that the whole naval policy of Great Britain was at present so problematical that the completion of these 840,000,000 vessels did not seem to be warranted.

It is believed that the board will adhere to its former position and recommend an additional battleship and battle cruiser program.

ENVER PASHA IS FOUND.

Discovered in Trans-Caucasia, He Must Face Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Enver Pasha, former Minister of War of the Ottoman Empire, has been discovered among the Tartars of Trans-Caucasia, according to advices received today through official channels.

Enver Pasha is wanted by the allied authorities and by the Turkish Government on charges ranging from theft to wholesale murder. When he fled from Constantinople it was reported that he carried a large part of the cash of the Turkish Empire, possibly $25,000,000.

Enver Pasha is also accused of having directed the wholesale massacre of Armenians, Syrians, and Greeks during the war.

A BALLAD OF REDHEAD'S DAY.

Talk of the Greeks at Thermopylae!
They fought like mad till the last was dead;
But Alvin C. York of Tennessee
Stayed cool to the end though his hair was red,
Stayed mountain cool yet blazed that gray
October the Eighth as Redhead's Day.

With rifle and pistol and redhead nerve
He captured one hundred and thirty-two.
A battalion against him, he did not swerve
From the Titans' task they were sent to do—
Fourteen men under Sergeant Early
And York, the blacksmith, big and burly.

Sixteen only, but fighters all,
They dared the brood of a devil's nest,
And three of those that did not fall
Were wounded or out of the scrap; the rest
Were guarding a bunch of boche they'd caught,
When both were trapped by a fresh onslaught.

Excepting York, who smiled "Amen"
And, spotting the nests of spitting guns,
Potted some twenty birds, and then
Did with his pistol for eight more Huns
Who thought they could crush a Yankee alive
In each red pound of two hundred and five.

That was enough for kill-babe Fritz;
Ninety in all threw up their hands,
Suddenly tender as lamb at the Ritz,
Milder than sheep to a York's commands;
And back to his lines he drove the herd,
Gathering more on the way—Absurd!

Absurd, but true—aye, gospel fact;
For here was a man with a level head,
Who, scorning to fall for the help he lacked,
Helped himself till he won instead;
An elder was he in the Church of Christ,
Immortal at thirty; his faith sufficed.

RICHARD BUTLER GLAENZER.

URGE GOVERNMENT TO SELL ITS SHIPS

Many Speakers at Shipping Board Conference, However, Favor Federal Control.

FARMERS ALONE FEAR SALE

President of International Mercantile Marine Wants Shipping Companies Built Up in Every Port.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Private ownership under Federal control was the consensus of opinion expressed at the Shipping Board's conference to discuss peace time operation of the merchant marine. Advocates of Government ownership were in the minority at the conference, representing chiefly agricultural organizations, which expressed fear that the sale of the Government-built ships to private companies would result in rates and routes favorable to industrial exports at the expense of farm products.

Numerous speakers, including P. A. S. Franklin and Frank Munson, of the American Steamship Owners' Association, declared this fear to be unfounded. U. P. Magill of New York said the farmers did not realize the difficulties besetting shipowners, nor the great expenses involved in insurance, labor, marine casualties, and other risks of the business.

John L. Hamilton of Columbus, Ohio, representing the American Bankers' Association, said that the present Shipping Board offered the nucleus of an organization which would be to the American shipping world what the Federal Reserve Board is to banking. The extent to which the Government would supervise the industry was the subject of great variation in opinion among the speakers, however.

P. A. S. Franklin, President of the International Mercantile Marine, expressed the opinion that an American merchant marine could run in competition with ships of other nations without reduction of seamen's wage scales, and advocated a wide distribution of the tonnage built by the Shipping Board to private interests, both large and small.

"I feel that the wooden steamers are not suitable for foreign business and should be disposed of as soon as possible," said Mr. Franklin. "I also think that the steamers under 6,000 tons should to a very large extent be disposed of, as they also are not suitable for foreign trade as we look upon it. As for the others, I think the building program should be continued. The program would do the United States credit. If the United States prior to the war had decided upon a building program for the merchant marine of 10,000,000 tons in ten years I hardly think that the most sanguine person would have believed we should have accomplished it by 1920.

Wants Companies Built Up.

"It isn't a question only of manufacturing ships; it is a question of building up individual corporations, banking facilities, sales departments, in foreign countries, and other things necessary to enable traffic to be handled properly. I think it is exceedingly important, and we have given this matter a great deal of consideration, and feel that the steel steamer should be sold to private corporations and private individuals, and should be operated absolutely as private property, and not by the Government, in any way, shape, or form.

"We also feel that a very comprehensive policy should be adopted by the Shipping Board and by the Government for the prospective buyers of these steamers, so that they may know what the future situation is going to be, and not feel that two years from now we are going to have a different policy, and in that time having Government-owned ships competing with the privately owned ships. Without such policy it would be impossible to get people to put their money in the enterprise. They feel that if they would wait two years they would have a better opportunity than today.

"Again, we believe that it is essential that shipping houses should be built up in every port of this great country. Each port, each section of the country—the Pacific Coast, the Atlantic Coast, New Orleans, Galveston, San Francisco, Seattle, and every other place—should do their utmost to create shipping companies and corporations and build them up, and it is only by getting public money into these enterprises, and by getting the people of the section and the ports themselves interested all over the United States, that you are going to be able to absorb these ships that have been built by the Government during the period of the war.

Sees No Danger of a Monopoly.

"I do not see the slightest possibility of a monopoly. Large and small corporations may be formed and some may be more successful than others. But you are going into competition with the world. This country can develop the ship industry just as well as it has developed the steel industry. There is no reason why we should not go ahead with shipping on a large basis. We have the co-operation of the people and the country and the Government will give its indorsement and assistance.

"As far as the laws are concerned, they need certain modifications. It is only with the object of putting a ship at as little disadvantage as possible the world over. As far as the Seamen's act is concerned, I do not think that any of us would wish the seamen to receive less pay than they do now. We are all heartily in favor of doing everything possible to see that the steamers are manned to a very large extent as far as possible with American officers, seamen, engineers, and firemen.

"Now as regards a maximum rate, the United States Shipping Board should realize that in the majority of cases the freight rate is paid by the consuming country and not by the exporting country. There is no use in our handicapping our steamers with rate conditions that are not applicable to the steamers of other countries coming to our ports. Our ships should be in a position to trade with other nations of the world and not be expected to make way for these foreign ships if we are going to build up a general shipping business. And this is what the United States must do first."

Resolutions of the American Bankers Association favoring private ownership and operation of the merchant marine were read by William F. Collins, Secretary of the Committee on Commerce and Marine. Mr. Collins announced that a sub-committee had been appointed to recommend a safe plan of ship financing to guide the banks in providing funds for the purchase of Government-owned vessels on long terms.

Mr. Magill said conditions now were so unsettled, and foreign competition would be so keen, that it might be well for the Government to retain its merchant ships temporarily, chartering them to private operators, as a warning to foreigners that rebates and rate-cutting were directed against this country and not against private companies.

M. H. Royston of Galveston said he would like to see the Government retain and operate the merchant ships for a while.

On motion of Mr. Munson, the conference gave a vote of thanks to Mr. Hurley and the board for "the splendid work which helped so much to win the war."

The conference broke up in confusion when Benjamin C. Marsh, representing the Farmers' National Council, who frequently had taken the floor in opposition to statements by the shipping men present, attempted to ask several questions after Chairman Hurley announced adjournment, and in turn himself was asked about a story in a New York newspaper that he had opposed the draft. Mr. Marsh shouted that he cared nothing for statements in a "Wall Street organ," and said he had opposed the draft only until capital was ready to do its share in the war.

JEWS DENY DESIRE TO WEAKEN POLAND

Chairman Warburg Declares Appeals Against Pogroms Are Directed to New Government.

HAVE GIVEN CO-OPERATION

Relief Provided by Jews Here Distributed Regardless of Creed or Race.

Felix M. Warburg, Chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee of American Funds for Jewish War Sufferers, issued a statement yesterday deploring the assertions of Polish representatives in this country that the Jews, in protest against massacres, are seeking to prejudice Americans against the new Polish Government.

"It is to be regretted," he said, "that after successfully starting co-operation between the Poles and the Jews residing in the United States, the protest meeting of the Jews against the pogroms which have taken place, in the desire to prevent further ones, appear in the papers as an attempt by the Jews to prejudice Americans against the new Polish Government.

"Naturally the Jews are deeply interested in the welfare of their co-religionists, of whom about 5,000,000 are now living in the new Poland. Everybody must know that to excite unfriendly feelings on the part of Americans against the Polish Government would be criminal, as it is bound to react unfavorably against the Jews. What these protests mean is simply an earnest pleading that every possible step, official and unofficial, be taken by the new Polish Government to prevent outbreaks by an excited populace, which, feeling its new strength and old prejudices may, if not held in check, break loose when not watched. That is all we hope for.

"John F. Smulski, President of the National Polish Department in America, whose cable message to President Wilson appeared in today's papers, will bear me out that from the very first moment, even before the Polish Government was recognized by the Allies, the Joint Distribution Committee started co-operation in a most tangible form, namely, in joining with the Polish committee under Mr. Hoover's guidance in the shipment of foodstuffs on the Westward-Ho, which started on its first voyage on Jan. 26, 1919. I expressed to Mr. Smulski then what I feel today, that in establishing this method of distribution, where Jew and Gentile in Poland alike were to be fed and helped, we were laying the foundation for a new and happy Poland, and I have no reason to change my opinion in that regard.

No Halting of Relief.

"Nor has our plan of action in any way been changed by the unfortunate occurrences which are reported to us upon good authority, as for instance, the one in Pinsk. We have, since the first shipment, joined in a second shipment on the Westward-Ho, on which we sent 1,000 tons, consisting of 500 tons of milk and 500 tons of cottonseed oil, besides about $150,000 worth of clothing. The papers, no doubt, have misquoted Mr. Smulski, as we have ont received space from anybody free, but as we paid before, we again expect to pay, full freight and expenses for landing our share of the cargo on the other side.

"Not counting the large amount sent previously, this year alone we have spent nearly $5,000,000 for relief in Poland, which is being supervised and distributed by the American Relief Commission in Poland, on which our representative, Dr. Bogen, is doing everything in his power to reach the needy, regardless of their religion.

"A personal report of this satisfactory co-operation has been brought to us by Dr. Haim Idell Davis of Chicago, a Major of the Red Cross Commission, who returned a few days ago directly from Poland, and while he has confirmed the outbreaks against the Jews in various places, by photographs and his own statements, he has impressed us with the terrific need which still exists, and urges us to continue at full speed on the path of salvage of the terribly suffering humanity, irrespective of creed, which is clamoring for America's help, of which we will try to obtain our share.

"We will try to obtain our share from all corners of the United States and we hope that the Polish Committee, which no doubt will continue its efforts, will also be successful in obtaining large responses from those not of the Jewish faith, so that the whole Polish relief situation may be improved through our joint efforts."

Zionists Tell of Massacres.

The Zionist Organization of America sent out a statement yesterday regarding the interpellation in the British Parliament last Monday as to steps taken by the British Government to stop pogroms in Poland. The statement quotes Under Secretary Cecil Harmsworth as making the following reply:

"The attention of his Majesty's Government has been drawn to the reports of anti-Jewish groms in Poland and Galicia, as as to massacres in Pinsk, Lida, lima, referred to and inquiries have en addressed to his Majesty's representatives at Warsaw, with instructions to make urgent representations to the Polish Government if they are found to be true."

The Copenhagen Zionist Bureau cables," the statement of the Zionist Organization adds, "that it has received first first list of sixty victims of the Vilna pogrom, and says that it is distinguished by the predominance of female and children's names. The Vilna Jewish Journal has published a list of the Jews who were transported by the Polish authorities to Lida and Bialystock, where they are suffering severely in the prisons and barracks for want of food and medical attention.

"The Jewish Community of Vilna has issued a sharp protest against the outrages, denouncing the criminal attitude of the military in ill-treating hundreds of persons, irrespective of sex, and without trial or judgment, even killing large numbers after the innocence of these victims had been demonstrated by men of prominence in the Jewish community to representatives of the military power, whose protection and assistance had been invoked. These representations, the resolutions maintain, have failed to improve the situation."

DENIES PREJUDICE CHARGE.

School Principal Explains Why Excuses Were Asked of Jews.

William F. Kurz, Principal of Public School 134, at Ashford Street and Belmont Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday denied the charge of the parents of several of the pupils in his school that prejudice and not a desire for discipline had caused him to require excuses from about 100 students who were absent last Wednesday, when protest meetings against the massacres of Jews in Poland were held. Some of the fathers and mothers made the charge when they went to the school to offer an excuse for the absence of their children, and they declared also that remarks made by some of the teachers indicated that they were prejudiced.

Principal Kurz pointed out that he had told the students when he heard they had decided to absent themselves that he believed that all American citizens deplored the massacres, but that it would be the universal attitude that little good would be accomplished by pupils leaving their studies to participate in mass meetings or demonstrations. He denied the charge of John Bottner, the official interpreter of the Kings County Court, and of Alfred Burg of 761 Blake Street, Brooklyn, that Italian pupils had not been disciplined for being absent on Wednesday. Speaking of the assertion that some of the teachers had made remarks indicating prejudice he said that they were Jews themselves.

FINDS TAX REVIEW VALID.

Justice Tompkins Denies Motion of Westchester County.

The test case brought by the county of Westchester through County Attorney William A. Davidson for a writ of prohibition against the State Tax Commission reviewing the equalization table of the county upon the ground that the tax law of the State in this respect was unconstitutional, resulted yesterday in Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins handing down a decision at White Plains denying the motion.

County Attorney Davidson immediately gave notice that he would carry an appeal to the Appellate Division, so that the constitutionality of the tax law will be final and conclusive.

MISS CLEVELAND ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mrs. Harlan Cleveland to Wed Capt. P. K. Robinson.

Mrs. Harlan Cleveland of 125 East Thirty-eighth Street announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Jane Gray Cleveland, to Captain Philip Kyle Robinson, U. S. A., 306th Infantry, 77th Division, who served through the war.

Miss Cleveland is a graduate of Miss Spence's School, class of '18, and is the daughter of the late Harlan Cleveland, an attorney, of Cincinnati, Ohio, and a granddaughter of Justice Stanley Matthews of the United States Supreme Court.

Captain Robinson is the son of the late Frank P. Robinson of Green Bay, Wis. He is a graduate of the University of Wisconsin and was a law student when this country entered the war, receiving his commission from the first Fort Sheridan training camp.

TODAY'S WEDDINGS.

The marriage of Miss Mary Noble Doran, the daughter of George H. Doran, the publisher, to Lieutenant Stanley Rinehart, Jr., a son of Major Stanley Rinehart and of Mary Roberts Rinehart, the author, will be celebrated in Trinity Church, Ossining, today.

Miss Ruth McCullum Dayton, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Chandler Dayton of 190 Riverside Drive, and Captain Joseph Rudd Greenwood, U. S. A., A. S., will be married at the West End Collegiate Church this afternoon.

In the Fourth Presbyterian Church this afternoon Miss Janet Burnside Paterson will become the bride of Gustav L. Jaeger, 2d, of Maywood, N. J. A reception will follow at the St. Regis.

Miss Albert Franken and Horace H. Barse, a son of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Barse of this city and Long Beach, will be married this afternoon in Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM J. MAXWELL DIES.

Port Warden and Past Grand Commander of New York Knights.

William James Maxwell, Port Warden of New York and prominent in Freemasonry in Brooklyn, died on Thursday at his residence, 651 Tenth Street, Brooklyn. He was in his sixty-seventh year.

Mr. Maxwell was one of the organizers of the South Brooklyn Board of Trade and a Director of the Greater New York Savings Bank. He was a Past Master of Lebanon Lodge, 191, F. and A. M., Past Grand Commander of the Knights Templar of the State of New York, a member of Chaldean Chapter, 265, Royal Arch Masons Damascus Commandery, 58, Knights Templar; Mecca Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

DR. ALEXANDER LYLE DEAD.

Prominent Surgeon Dies at His Madison Avenue Home at 53.

Dr. Alexander Lyle died yesterday at his home, 1,043 Madison Avenue, after an illness of some time, at the age of 53. Dr. Lyle was graduated in medicine at the New York University and College in 1888. Early in his professional career he became associated with Dr. John A. Wyeth, at the Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, becoming professor of surgery in that institution in 1908.

He had been a member of the American College of Surgeons since soon after its organization, and was also a member of the New York Academy of Medicine.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. ELIZABETH J. WITHERSPOON, 76 years old, widow of John Witherspoon, died at her home in Elmhurst, L. I., on Thursday. Mrs. Witherspoon was an active worker in St. Bartholomew's Roman Catholic Church in Elmhurst.

Mrs. CATHERINE LEDDY WHITING, widow of Robert Murray Whiting, a grain merchant and former Commodore of the Brooklyn Yacht Club, died on Wednesday at her home, 481 Eighth Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 90 years.

Mrs. BRIDGET SCANLAN, widow of D. D. Scanlan, a pioneer business man of Syracuse, N. Y., died on Wednesday at the home of her son, Dr. W. D. Scanlan, 194 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, where she was visiting.

JAMES VAN WICKLAN, a civil war veteran and Past Commander of George B. Strong Post 534, G. A. R., died of heart disease on Tuesday and the following day his sister, Mrs. Margaretta A. Campbell, wife of John Campbell, died at her home, 211 Thirteenth Street, South Brooklyn. Mr. Van Wicklan had been a resident of Brooklyn for fifty-eight years and for many years was an attorney for pension claims with an office in Borough Hall.

WILLIAM HENRY BEEGLE, 64 years old, associated with his son in the management of The Rockaway Journal, died in St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway, on Wednesday. He was a Past Master of Asbury Lodge, F. and A. M., of Asbury Park, N. J.

CHARLES P. NOSTRAND, a lifelong resident of Long Island and for many years in business in Roslyn, died at his home in Sea Cliff on Thursday in his eighty-first year.

STATES De GROTE TOMPKINS, President of Miller, Tompkins & Co., manufacturers of paper bags, and Vice-President of Shuttleworth, Kellner & Co., in the same line of business, died on Thursday at his Summer home, Red Brooke, near Mount Kisco, N. Y. Mr. Tompkins was born fifty years ago at Chatham, N. Y., and had lived in Brooklyn for eighteen years, his home there being at 673 Ocean Avenue. He was a member of the Crescent Athletic Club, the Midwood Club, Montauk Lodge, 286, F. and A. M.

WILLIAM L. FLEMING, shipping superintendent of the Johnson & Johnson surgical goods plant in New Brunswick, N. J., died yesterday at his home, at the age of 35.

JOHN REVOLINSKY, former Police Superintendent of New Brunswick, N. J., died there yesterday, at the age of 62.

EDWARD BOOTE, 75 years old, importer of earthenware and china, died Wednesday of heart disease in Knithton, Wales. His home was at 26 North Arlington Avenue, East Orange.

HENRY HOYT PERRY, Treasurer of the Southport Savings Bank, died yesterday at his home in Southport, Conn., at the age of 67.

Mme BARZILAI, mother of Salvatore Barzilai of the Italian Peace Delegation, is dead in Rome.

FRANK LOUIS MASON, an instructor in the Gas Engineer School at Columbia University, died yesterday of erysipelas at his home, 1,892 Belmont Avenue, at the age of 33. Two years ago he enlisted in the navy, advancing two months ago to senior grade Lieutenant. He was graduated from Columbia University in the Department of Electrical Engineering in 1909.

RAY P. BURHAM, 32 years old, of Clinton, Conn., died Thursday night at the home of his fiancee, Miss Betty Finer of 403 Eighteenth Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., of blood poisoning. He was a stonemason in this city, and while at work scratched the finger of his right hand.

Mrs. EVELYN TILDEN LOW BRIDGEMAN, wife of Edward C. Bridgeman, President of the Staten Island Savings Bank, died yesterday afternoon at her home, Clifton, S. I.

The SCARBOROUGH SCHOOL
A day school for boys and girls
ELEMENTARY SCHOOL
JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL
SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL
An excellent place for your child from the beginning of his school life until he must leave home to go to college.
WILFORD M. AIKIN, Director.
SCARBOROUGH-ON-HUDSON
NEW YORK

BURY BISHOP GREER IN CATHEDRAL CRYPT

Edifice Filled with Clergy of Many Denominations and Other Mourners.

NOTABLES IN PROCESSION

Many Charitable Societies and Other Organizations Represented at Services.

The body of the Right Rev. Bishop David Hummell Greer was laid in a crypt under the Cathedral of St. John the Divine at noon yesterday after services in which hundreds of clergymen participated and many of the important civic and religious organizations of the city were represented.

The funeral procession, headed by acolytes carrying the American Flag, formed in the old Synod Hall and marched across the nave foundation into the Cathedral, which was filled with friends and associates of the noted churchman and with a representative body of men and women of New York.

As the Cathedral could hold only a small part of those who wished to pay honor to the memory of the Bishop, it was necessary to restrict admittance to the Cathedral during the services by card, but thousands had visited the Cathedral earlier yesterday morning and on Thursday and marched by the coffin.

The Cathedral choir followed the acolytes in the funeral procession. After them in order came clergymen representing other Protestant denominations; Protestant Episcopal clergymen from other dioceses; priests of Eastern Orthodox Churches, who formed a conspicuous part of the procession with their striking vestments; the clergy of the Diocese of New York; representatives of the Diocesan Boards and organizations; the faculty of the General Theological Seminary; the church officers of the Diocese of New York; the honorary pall-bearers; the Very Rev. Howard C. Robbins, Dean of the Cathedral; Bishops of the Eastern Orthodox Church, and Bishops of the Episcopal Church.

The Honorary Pallbearers.

The honorary pallbearers were the Rev. Frank Heartfield, the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, the Rev. Dr. Theodore Sedgwick, the Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery, Thaddeus R. Beal, Stuyvesant Fish, George Zabriskie, Edmund L. Baylies, Dean Robbins, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, the Rev. Dr. E. Clowes Thorley, the Rev. Dr. E. S. Smithers, Jr., the Rev. Dr. Frank W. Crowder, William H. Burr, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, August Belmont, Charles F. Hoffman, Robert G. Hone, J. Roosevelt Roosevelt, James McLean, Charles Steele, and William Fellowes Morgan.

As the last of the procession entered the Cathedral the Right Rev. Joseph M. Francis, Bishop of Indianapolis, opened the service. As those in the procession were assigned to seats the choir sang the 90th Psalm, "Lord, Thou Hast Been Our Refuge."

The lesson was read by Dean Robbins. The choir then sang one of the Bishop's favorite hymns, "My Faith Looks Up to Thee." The Creed and prayers were then read by the Right Rev. Edwin S. Lines, Bishop of Newark. This was followed by the choir singing "Souls of the Righteous in the Hand of God." The committal was pronounced by the Right Rev. Charles H. Brent, Bishop of Western New York. "I Heard a Voice from Heaven" was then sung by the choir. The Kyrie and Lord's Prayer followed. The benediction was pronounced by the Right Rev. Charles S. Burch. During the singing of the recessional hymn, which followed, the coffin was carried to the crypt under the Cathedral for burial, followed by the honorary pallbearers, the Cathedral clergy and Bishops.

Other Bodies Represented.

Mayor Hylan attended the services and walked up the centre aisle of the Cathedral in the rear of the procession. Organizations and other bodies officially represented at the funeral were the Cathedral League, the Diocesan Auxiliary, Laymen's Club, Vestry of St. Bartholomew's Church; Grace Church, Providence, R. I., of which Bishop Greer was formerly the rector; Diocesan Missionary and Church Extension Society, Diocesan Board of Religious Education, Trustees of the Episcopal Fund, Trustees of the Estate and Property of the Diocesan Convention, Trustees of St. Faith's House, Board of City Missions, City Missions Society, Seamen's Church Institute, Church Club, General Theological Seminary, Union Seminary Women's Auxiliary, Church Pension Fund, Church Peace Union, Armenian Apostolic Church, Waldesian Aid Society, Church Mission of Help, Girls' Friendly Society, Sisters of St. Mary, Sisters of St. John the Baptist, Deaconesses, Girl Pioneers of America, Hope Farm, Social Service Commission, Armenian National Commission, Columbia University, St. Andrew's Brotherhood, St. Luke's Hospital, St. Luke's Home, New York Association for the Blind, British Consulate, Sons of the Revolution, 7th Regiment Veterans, 7th Regiment, the Pilgrims, Chamber of Commerce, Merchants' Association, Century Association, Metropolitan Club, Riding Club, and Provident Loan Society.

The following resolution has been adopted by the Lutheran Conference of the Lutheran Synod of New York, in session at Hollis, L. I.:

"Resolved, That this Conference of the Evangelical Lutheran Synod of New York expresses its profound sorrow at the news of the death of Bishop David H. Greer, and desires to express its testimony to his marked Christian character, his rare graciousness of spirit, his broadmindedness toward other churches, and to his long life of active and faithful service to the Church of Christ and the whole Christian community."

This was introduced by the Rev. Dr. J. B. Remensnyder and adopted by a rising vote.

Ex-Senator Spooner's Condition.

There was no change late last night in the condition of former United States Senator John C. Spooner, who is suffering from a nervous breakdown at his home, 205 West Fifty-seventh Street. He spent a fairly comfortable day, it was said, and while he has held his own for the last two days his condition is still critical.

Dr. Robert A. Webb.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 23.—Dr. Robert A. Webb, 61 years old, Professor of Apologetics and Systematic Theology at the Presbyterian Seminary, Louisville, died at his home here today after a short illness. Dr. Webb became Professor of Systematic Theology at the Southwestern University in 1892. Since 1908 he had been in Louisville.

Born.

BRANDT.—Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Brandt (nee Delia Guterman) of 5 St. Paul's Place, Brooklyn, announce the birth of a son on May 23d, at the Misericordia Hospital, New York City.

GOLDBERG.—To Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Goldberg, a son, May 21st, (nee Clara Turkel.)

Engaged.

FAY—PETERS.—Rev. and Mrs. John P. Peters announce the engagement of their daughter, Joan St. Michael, to Willis Ward Fay, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Fay, of Auburn, N. Y.

Married.

BORENSTEIN — NEMETZ. — On Saturday evening, May 17, 1919, Miss Dianah Nemetz, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. I. Nemetz, was married to Mr. Paul H. Borenstein. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Bernard Drachman, followed by a reception at the Hotel Bon Ray, Madison Avenue and 92d Street.

Died.

ABRAMS.—May 21, Hannah, wife of Joseph Abrams, 57 East 95th St. Funeral Sunday, May 25, at 10 A. M.

ABRAMS.—Hannah, beloved wife of Joseph, long a member of SELRELAN LODGE NO. 8. Members attend funeral from 57 East 95th St., Sunday at 10.
SAMUEL S. BISGYER, Secy.

BLAUNER.—Jacob Blauner, in his 70th year, beloved husband of Fannie, beloved father of Joseph, Isadore, Dr. Samuel A., Louis, Saul, Mrs. Augusta Levy, and Mrs. Lillian Orgel. Notice of funeral services will appear in Sunday morning's paper. 71 East 121st St.

BRIDGMAN.—At her home, 60 Townsend Av., Clifton, Staten Island, May 23, 1919, Evelyn Tilden Low, wife of Edward C. Bridgman. Last services in First Presbyterian Church, Stapleton, Sunday, May 25, at 4 o'clock. Interment in Moravian Cemetery, New Dorp, S. I.

BROOKS.—Titus A. Brooks, suddenly, May 21. Services May 24, 8 P. M., at his late residence, 2,627 Webster Av. Interment at Sleepy Hollow Sunday morning.

BURROWES.—Frances Alicia, widow of John Burrowes, at Ramapo, N. Y., May 21, 1919. Funeral services at home of her son, 173 South Burnett St., East Orange, N. J., Saturday, May 24, at 3 P. M.

DI GENNO.—Antonio, Thursday, May 22, beloved husband of Philomena Di Genno, at his home, 1,638 Topping Av., Bronx. Notice of funeral later.

FLEISCHMANN.—William G. Entered into rest, in the 35th year of his age, beloved husband of Mae Josephine Fleischmann, (nee Hodges,) and loving father of Eleanor Fleischmann. Funeral services at his late residence, 425 West 214th St., Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Relatives and friends and members of Royal Arcanum, Acme Council, No. 594, invited. Interment Sunday, Lutheran Cemetery.

FORSTER.—Annie Carrick, on Friday, May 23. Funeral at the home of her son, William C. Forster, 942 Greene Ave., Brooklyn, Sunday evening at 8 o'clock.

GALE.—Joseph C., formerly of White Plains, N. Y., suddenly in Chicago, Ill., May 22.

HARRIS.—On Thursday, May 22, 1919, Sarah M., widow of William L. Harris, and daughter of the late John and Maria Demarest. Services at her late residence, 679 Macon St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, May 25, at 3 P. M.

HEFFERNAN.—Julia M., on Thursday, May 22, at her residence, 217 West 115th St. Funeral Monday, May 26, at 10 A. M.; thence to Church of St. Thomas the Apostle. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

HELM.—Suddenly, in New York City, on May 22, Annie Lloyd Potts Helm, wife of the late William H. Helm, M. D. Funeral services at St. Paul's Church, Ossining, N. Y., Sunday, May 25, at 4:30 P. M.

HOBBS.—Edward A., suddenly, at Chappaqua, N. Y., on Friday, May 23. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

HOLMQUIST.—On May 23, Sarah Louise Sommer, wife of Frederick L. Holmquist. Funeral private.

HUGHES. — On May 23, 1919, Ella, (nee Karrow,) beloved wife of the late Norman A. Hughes and mother of Norman A. Hughes, Jr. Funeral services from her late residence, 692 East 37th St., Flatbush, on Sunday at 2:30 P. M.

KEATING.—On Friday, May 23, James P., beloved husband of the late Catherine E. (nee Duncan) and father of Stephen H., the late John J., M. D., Richard J. D., and William F., and of Mrs. Thomas F. Murray and Mrs. William H. Clark. Funeral from his late residence, 1,808 Avenue O, Flatbush, Brooklyn, (accessible by Brighton "L" to Kings Highway station,) on Monday, May 26, at 10:15 o'clock A. M., thence to St. Stephen's Roman Catholic Church, 28th St., between 3d and Lexington Avs., Manhattan, where a solemn high mass of requiem will be said at 11 o'clock A. M. for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

LAWRENCE.—Mary Sylvester Dering, widow of the Rev. Egbert Charles Lawrence and daughter of the late Henry Sylvester Dering, M. D., and Harriet Eliza Smith Hulse Dering of East Setauket, L. I., at the home of her niece, Vesta Dering Sprague, Salem, N. Y., on May 22, 1919, in the 72d year of her age. Interment in the Sylvester Dering plot at Shelter Island, N. Y., May 25, 1919. Port Jefferson and Schenectady, N. Y., papers please copy.

LAWSON.—Adelaide, wife of the late Daniel D. Lawson, at her residence, 2,136 Lafontaine Av., May 23. Friends invited. Funeral service, Sunday, May 25, at 2:30 P. M.

THE SALVATION ARMY
Salvation Army's Secret of Success
At Home and in The Trenches of France
By
Commander Evangeline Booth
At
First Presbyterian Church
5th Ave. & 11th St.
Sunday Evening, May 25th
You are invited.

CAPT. GIPSY PAT SMITH
OF THE BRITISH ARMY.
Hero of many battles, will deliver his thrilling lecture, entitled:
"In the Firing Line on Armistice Day"
Fifth Ave. Presyterian Church
5th Ave. and 55th St.
Thursday, May 29, at 8 P. M.
Admission free. No reserved seats.
Doors open 7.15 P. M.
Special reservation for soldiers and sailors up to 7.45 P. M.

Captain Gipsy Pat Smith
Famous Soldier Evangelist, will speak at The Rescue Society, Old Chinese Theatre, 5-7 Doyers Street, tonight, Saturday, May 24. On Wednesday, May 28, Amy Unruhe, a wonderful story of how a drug addict found deliverance
IN CHINATOWN
Gospel service every night in the year at 10 P. M. All welcome. The place where you find a friend. T. J. Noonan, Superintendent.

Free Synagogue
CARNEGIE HALL—SUNDAY MORNING
MAY 25th: 10:45 O'CLOCK
MEMORIAL SERVICE
ADDRESSES BY
HENRY VAN DYKE
MAJOR-GENERAL O'RYAN
ALL ARE WELCOME

Died.

LOOS.—On Thursday, May 22, in his 86th year, John Loos, former member Live Oak Engine No. 44, Hook & Ladder No. 5, old Volunteer Fire Department, New York City. Funeral private, from 836 East 165th St., Bronx.

LYLE.—On Friday, May 23, Dr. Alexander, beloved husband of Sarah M. Lyle, in his 53d year, at his residence, 1,043 Madison Av. Funeral private.

McAULIFFE.—At Freeport, L. I., Wednesday, May 21, Rhoda Sailer, beloved wife of William A. McAuliffe and daughter of Mrs. Zachary and the late Dr. Zachary T. Sailer. Solemn requiem mass at Our Lady of Lourdes Church, 142d St., near Amsterdam Av., New York, Saturday, May 24, at 11 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers. Mount Holly (N. J.) papers please copy.

MASON.—Suddenly, at 1,892 Belmont Av., on May 23, Frank Louis Mason, E. E. Columbia '09, former instructor Columbia, former Lieutenant (S. G.) U. S. N. R. F. Funeral services Saturday, 8 P. M. Interment Woodlawn, Sunday.

MASON.—On Thursday, May 22, 1919, Elizabeth Ann Mason, widow of Albert Mason and daughter of the late Isaac H. Frothingham, in the 80th year of her age. Funeral services at her residence, 47 Remsen St., Brooklyn, on Saturday, May 24, at 2 P. M. Interment private. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

MEAD.—At Greenwich, Conn., May 22, 1919, Esther Waterbury, wife of Elkanah Mead. Funeral private on Saturday, May 24. Relatives are invited.

MILLHISER.—Clarence Millhiser, beloved husband of Regina Millhiser, May 20, at Mount Sinai Hospital. Lying in state at the Campbell FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St. Funeral Sunday, May 25, at 2:30 P. M. Woodlawn Cemetery.

MITCHELL.—Stephen John, Sr. Entered into rest, May 22, at his residence, 431 West 30th, in the 75th year of his age. Services Saturday, May 24, 1 P. M.

NOLAN.—Mrs. Fanny, on Friday, May 23, at the residence of her son, Dr. John P. Nolan, 539 West 112th St. Funeral announcement later.

PARSONS.—On Wednesday, May 21, Gerard Stanton, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Parsons of Bonne Terre, Mo. Interment Bonne Terre, Mo.

PECK.—Mary Curtis, wife of the late Eugene B. Peck, in her 82d year. Survived by two sons, Carlos Curtis Peck of New London and Richard Eugene Peck of Brooklyn. Brooklyn papers please copy.

PERRY.—At his home, Southport, Conn., Friday, May 23, 1919, Henry Hoyt Perry, husband of Isabel Douglas Perry, and son of the late Oliver H. and Harriet Perry, aged 69. Funeral service at his late home Monday, May 26, at 2 P. M.

PURDY, A. B.—Son of the late John F. and Virginia T. Purdy. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ROE.—On Friday, May 23, 1919, Albert S. Roe, in his 62d year. Funeral services at his late home, 218 St. James Place, Brooklyn, on Monday, May 26, at 2 P. M.

RUBENSTEIN.—Entered into rest on Thursday, May 22, Bertha, widow of Meyer Rubenstein. Services at her late residence, "The Granite," 20 Morningside Av., corner 116th St., Sunday, May 25, at 1:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

SHEA.—Suddenly, on May 23, 1919, Frank Alden Shea, dearly beloved husband of Rose Vincent Shea, (nee Murphy.) Funeral will be held from his late residence, 555 West 186th St., Monday, May 26, at 11 A. M. Interment Calvary, automobile cortege. New England papers please copy.

SHERWOOD.—Richard Simpson, aged 37 years. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 314 West 94th St., on Monday, at 10:30 A. M. Interment Oakland Cemetery at Fairfield, Conn.

SIMPSON.—William Vanderbilt, age 77, beloved husband of Emma Fielder Simpson and father of Mary Simpson Allen, and Francis Fielder Simpson, at his home, Matawan, New Jersey, May 23, 1919. Funeral service Monday, May 26, at 2:30 P. M., in the Matawan Presbyterian Church. Train leaves foot of Liberty St., Central R. R. of New Jersey, at 1:10 P. M.

In Case of Death Call "Columbus 8200"
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Lots of small size for sale.

FLORAL DESIGNS
a specialty; moderately priced at $1.00 and up. BLOOMINGDALE BROS., 59th St. and 3d Av.

Died.

STEINER.—At her residence, 455 East 140th St., in her 74th year, Katie, (nee Fischel,) wife of the late Simon Steiner, beloved mother of Louis, Helen, and Leon. Funeral Sunday, May 25, at 1:30 P. M., from Central Synagogue, 55th St. and Lexington Av. Members of Fortuna Ladies' Society and Star of Israel Lodge invited.

TILSON.—May 22, Elizabeth Eleanor Murray, wife of the late Thomas Tilson. Funeral services at her late residence, 611 West 187th St., Sunday, at 2 o'clock.

TOMPKINS.—Wednesday evening, May 21, 1919, Minthorne Tompkins, in his 83d year. Funeral services at the residence of his son, William M. Tompkins, East Williston, L. I., Saturday, May 24, at 12:30 noon.

TOMPKINS.—States D., on Friday morning, May 23, in his 51st year. Funeral services at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon, May 25, at his country home, Redbrooke Farm, North Castle, N. Y. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 2:13 P. M. for White Plains, where automobiles will be waiting.

WARD.—May 22, Elizabeth Ward. Funeral service, Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Sunday, 10 A. M.

WEISS.—Morris, on May 22, beloved husband of Annie and father of Ben, Hattie, and Edward, in his fiftieth year. Funeral Sunday, May 25, 10 A. M. sharp, from his late residence, 1,386 Washington Av., Bronx.

WHITMAN.—Suddenly, at Montclair, N. J., on Thursday, May 22, 1919, William G., husband of Myrtle Whitman and father of Mrs. E. B. Crane. Services at his late residence, 7 Oxford St., Montclair, Saturday afternoon, May 24, at 3 o'clock. Interment Hornell, N. Y.

WILE.—Eugene C., of 67 Riverside Drive, on May 22, beloved husband of Rae Wile, (nee Sondheim,) devoted son of Mrs. Bella Wile, and brother of Mrs. Mabel Schiff, Mrs. Blanche Poons, Florence and Clarice Wile. Funeral services at Linden Hills Cemetery, Sunday, May 25, at 11 A. M. Boston and Chicago papers please copy.

WRIGHT.—On May 22, after a brief illness, Cornelia Marvin, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver W. Marvin. Services private, from late residence, 458 Macon St., Brooklyn.

ZINN.—Mary Bachman, on Thursday, May 22, widow of the late Simon Zinn and beloved mother of Martin, Arthur, Edward, Mrs. Gustav M. Thurnauer, Mrs. Charles W. Elbow, Mrs. Arthur Miller, in the 75th year of her age. Funeral services at Temple Emanu-El, 43d St. and 5th Av., Sunday morning, May 25, at 10 o'clock.

Died.

ZINN.—THE EMERGENCY RELIEF SOCIETY expresses its profound sorrow at the passing away of our beloved honorary President, Mary Zinn, for many years zealous, active member of our organization, faithful in every duty, actuated by the loftiest principles, coupled with love of her fellow-men. She was an encouragement and inspiration in our endeavors to bring relief to the unfortunate. We express to the members of her family heartfelt sympathy in their great bereavement.
FANNIE H. SINTON, President.

ZSCHAEBITZ.—On Thursday, May 22, 1919, Laura A. L. Zschaebitz, (nee Schelter,) wife of the late Richard Zschaebitz, aged 56 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services on Saturday, May 24, at 8 P. M., at her late residence, 129 Booraem Av., Jersey City, N. J. Funeral Sunday at 9 A. M., private.

In Memoriam

McPHERSON.—A service in memory of Dr. Simon J. McPherson, former head master at the Lawrenceville School, Lawrenceville, N. J., will be held in the Edith Memorial Chapel in Lawrenceville, Saturday, May 24, at 11:45 A. M. All alumni and friends cordially invited.

ROWEDDER.—In loving memory of Irma Awnee Meyer. Died May 24, 1918.

Unveiling.

GRAUER.—Marcus H., unveiling of monument at Washington Cemetery, in memory of the late Marcus H. Grauer, died Feb. 15, 1916. Cemetery at 12 o'clock, on Sunday, May 25.

SAMPLINER.—Unveiling of the monument to the memory of my dear husband and our beloved father, Nathan Sampliner, on Sunday, May 25, Washington Cemetery, at 2 P. M. If rain, following Sunday. Relatives and friends invited.

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FULL-PAGE COLORED MAP OF NEW FRANCE, BELGIUM, LUXEMBURG in this week's "Digest." This splendid map shows added territories awarded by the Peace Treaty—Alsace-Lorraine, Rhenish-Prussia, the Sarre Basin, etc.

Does the Treaty Violate President's Fourteen Points?

The latest and bitterest blow to German hopes, successively disappointed in the Zeppelins, the submarines, and the Kaiser, is the discovery that President Wilson and the American people have not secured for Germany a "soft peace." German leaders and German papers angrily protest that America has "betrayed" the German people. President Ebert declares that in the Peace Treaty President Wilson "has desrted his fourteen points" while Ludendorff declares after reading the terms that "if this is peace, America can go to hell!"

In the leading article in THE LITERARY DIGEST this week, May 24th, German and American public opinion, as represented by the statements in the leading journals of both countries, is presented. Each of the fourteen points is carefully analyzed in its relation to the terms of the Peace Treaty so that the reader may readily understand just how much justification there is in Germany's protestations.

Other very interesting articles this week are:

What the Regulars Did in the War
With a Comparative Chart Record of Every Regular, National Guard, and National Army, Division Engaged—the Major Casualties, Artillery Captured, Prisoners Taken, Kilometers Advanced

Germany's Economic Shackles
The End of Price-fixing
Japan's Press Barrage on America
Turkish Women's Cry for Mercy
A River of Electric Power
Why Aviators Fall
D'Annunzio at His "Worst and Best"
Ninety-five Per Cent. Efficiency in the Y. M. C. A.
News of Finance and Commerce
Finns in the U. S.
Labor's Bill of Rights
Hopeful Signs in the Business Sky
Germany Starts a Commercial Offensive
British "Failure" in Egypt
For Better Control of Explosives
Flesh-eating and Ferocity
Shall Ltierature Go Dry Too?
Dropping the Old and New Testaments
The Best of the Current Poetry

Numerous Interesting Illustrations, Including Humorous Cartoons

The Literary Digest An Ide

FAVOR FEDERAL AID IN HOUSING PROBLEM

Eidlitz Tells Rent Committee Government Should Lend Money to Home Builders.

URGE CHANGES IN LAWS

Max Morgenthau, Jr., Would Form Loan Bank Along Lines of Rural Credit System.

Government aid in the solution of the housing situation was urged yesterday by both Otto M. Eidlitz, the New York builder who during the war was Director of Housing and Transportation for the Government, and by Max Morgenthau, Jr., former President of the Real Estate Association of New York. They offered this advice to the Joint Legislative Committee on Rents and Housing, which continued its hearings yesterday at City Hall. Mr. Eidlitz saw no other way of inducing the man of moderate means to own his home than to establish a Federal Administrative Board which would loan money at reasonable rates of interest to the home builder and would guarantee that the property would not be forced out of his hands by any temporary financial setback, while Mr. Morgenthau favored the establishment of a Federal home loan bank to do for the suburban resident what the rural credit system is doing for the farmer.

James B. Fisher, Assistant Manager of the Division of Passenger Transportation and Housing with the Emergency Fleet Corporation of the United States Shipping Board, testified that from his experience he thought that one and two family houses could be built in Brooklyn which would rent for about $33 an apartment, and that they could be erected in three or four months. Aaron J. Levy, President of the Board of Justices of the Municipal Courts, before whom many dispossess cases have been brought, urged a number of changes in the law, the effect of which would be to give the Judges more discretion in the settlement of such cases and make it impossible summarily to eject a tenant from his home.

Other witnesses were Municipal Court Judge Benjamin Hoffman, Calvin D. VanNuare, Borough President of Richmond; L. A. Dreyfus, President of the Civic League of Staten Island; Bruce Bliven of the New York Globe, and Andrew J. O'Neil, at one time Superintendent of Tenement Houses in New York, but now with the Railroad Administration. The hearings will be resumed by the committee on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Emphasizing the fact that "the economical housing for workers could not be solved by the old method of the speculative builder," and calling attention to what England and Canada had done in setting aside appreciable sums for fostering the building of homes for workers, Mr. Eidlitz urged that there did not seem to be any reason why our country should not do as much for the urban dweller as for the rural dweller. "Now we have a system of rural credits," he said, "which enables the farmer to get a loan on a piece of property and pay interest, and not competing with any private institutions, but simply to obtain money at a fair rate of interest, and in that way conduct his business in a proper way. In the same way there ought to be a fund created, whether administered by the State or by the United States Government, whereby a provident worker could on properly approved plans, secure a loan at a reasonable rate of interest, not to compete with going rates, but at that rate, and be able to build that house and feel that he is only going to pay what the regular rate of interest is and what the reasonable cost would be for paying for the construction.

"It would be a great mistake for the Government to go into the construction business, but a small administrative body, having all the experience of the work which has been done in the Emergency Fleet Corporation and the Department of Labor, could deal with the situation. There ought to be some Government function which would help the man who has saved a little and wants to invest it in a home without the chance of having everything swept away later."

Mr. Eidlitz said that rent profiteering in Bridgeport had been stopped by the Government entirely through publicity, except in obstinate cases, where houses had been commandeered.

The testimony of Mr. Morgenthau was concerned principally with the practical devices for financing large apartment houses as well as small homes. For the multi-family houses in the cities he urged the legalizing of first mortgage real estate bonds properly secured and supervised by the Banking Department. This, he said, would permit savings banks to invest in participating certificates in first mortgages and would establish investment among the people of moderate means, because it would allow the splitting up of a large mortgage or a small mortgage into small units.

"What we want," he said, "is something like the French plan. In France they developed a mortgage running for fifty years, in some cases for sixty years, with the small annual payments which absolutely wiped it out at the end of that period. By making that loan a long term mortgage, the payments are so small that the man pays less than 6 per cent. interest, and that 6 per cent. includes that amount necessary to cover the interest, which runs from 3½ to 4 per cent. on the mortgage, and wipes it out in fifty years; so that he is paying less than what our average borrower pays here, and amortizes his mortgage in fifty years."

Judge Levy held that much of the present misery caused by existing laws might be ameliorated by adopting certain changes in the statutes. He recommended the increase of the length of time for notice of dispossess from ten to thirty or sixty days; and that, even if a landlord won his case in a summary proceeding, the Judge be allowed to grant a stay of from thirty to ninety days, thus allowing the tenant to remain in his apartment for that length of time. The Judge would have the law amended so that all apartments should be deemed as hired to the first of the following October unless otherwise specifically agreed to in writing, thus giving the tenant the right to the apartment until that date.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—With party holding man's green jade seal ring please telephone Bryant 3000, arrange for its return and receive reward? Ring lost Saturday evening, May 17; the gold mounting is engraved to represent armor scales; coat-of-arms cut in the jade, with motto, "Ma Force d'en Haut."

LOST.—Between 45th St. and 78th St., May 22d, flexible platinum bracelet, with large emerald surrounded with diamonds and small emeralds; if pawned owner will redeem; liberal reward will be paid; no questions asked. Notify Apartment 31, 229 West 78th St.

LOST—Large velvet bag, 7th Ave. subway, between Chambers and Cortland St. Station, Friday, about 11:30 A. M.; contains miscellaneous items. Finder may keep money. Please return bag to C. E. Thorn, 56 Liberty St.

LOST—Gentleman's diamond scarf pin, cluster 8 diamonds, pearl in centre, May 21; Brooklyn, between Borough Park, Manhattan Beach; reward. Dr. Clurman, 4,504 15th Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Chamois bag, containing diamonds and bonds, neighborhood Times Square, Thursday evening. Please return to Helen Bedini, Columbia Theatre, 47th St. and Broadway.

LOST—Will the party who found my purse in Thompson's restaurant, Broadway, between 31st and 32d Sts., please mail papers to me? Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Mrs. S. R. Stevens.

LOST.—May 15, on or near Racquet Club, man's ring with star sapphire; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

LOST.—Pigskin billfold and change purse; on south-bound 5th Av. bus about 7:30 P. M., May 21; $10 reward, no questions. Merriman, 9 Gramercy Park.

LOST.—Bracelet, 44 links, 3 diamonds, 6 sapphires; Tuesday, between Arden, Dyckman-207th Sts.; liberal reward. Yorke, 88 Warren St.

LOST.—Bracelet, 44 links, 3 diamonds, 6 sapphires, between Dyckman and 207th Sts., Tuesday; liberal reward. Yorke, 420 Barclay St.

LOST—Monogrammed diamond brooch, initials J. A., Wednesday evening, between Hotel Astor and Globe Theatre; suitable reward. Return to J. Axelrod, 166 W. 87th St.

LOST.—Wednesday, Long Beach-New York, black, blue velvet purse; cash, R. R. tickets, keys—important; reward. McVicker, 295 Douglass St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Friday, brown pigskin pocketbook, containing receipts, Portland Lodge, B. P. O. E. card. Please return to 42 West 39th St., Room 314. Reward.

LOST.—Blue fox scarf, Thursday night, Cafe de Paris, Fay's, West 125th St., or between those two places; reward, no questions asked. Phone Lenox 4367.

LOST.—Diamond bar pin, last Tuesday, in or near Garrick Theatre; suitable reward. Miss Meeker, 50 West 67th St. Phone 1405 Columbus.

LOST—May 22, diamond bar pin, at Healy's or taxi to 778 Broadway; liberal reward; notify Connell, St. Andrews Hotel, 72d and Broadway.

LOST—At Biltmore Hotel, Thursday night, lady's black onyx, diamond and platinum pin. Return to Reavis, 2930 Equitable Bldg. Phone Rector 7339. Reward.

LOST.—Pearl bar pin; shopping district of 5th Av.-34th St., McAlpin Hotel or Grand Central Station. Reward. C 568 Times Downtown.

LOST—Gold wrist-watch, 170th St. or Crotona Ave., monogrammed "R. M. G.," evening May 22d; keepsake; reward. R 126 Times.

LOST—By working lady, purse and $45 cash; subway, between 50th St. and Times Square; finder will receive reward and greatly assist loser. Mrs. Barry, 254 West 52d St.

LOST—Small gold match safe, initialed E. S.; sentimental value; liberal reward. Murray Hill 3458.

LOST—34th, opposite Waldorf, diamond bar-pin; liberal reward. No questions asked if returned to Cashier, Hotel Astor.

LOST—Pair of shell-rimmed spectacles in case marked Harris; finder please return to E. Baruch, 906 Broadway.

LOST.—Skunk fur neckpiece, in lobby Lyric Theatre; May 22; return to desk Hotel Leonori, 801 Madison Av.

LOST—Platinum diamond bar pin, 57 5th Ave., 53 Lexington; liberal reward. Dobson, 10 West 57th. Care Bendel.

LOST.—Diamond brooch, with one large diamond and 14 small ones, May 21; reward $200. Telephone Bryant 3025.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, in Penn Station, L. I. R. R. Reward if returned to Jamaica Savings Bank, Jamaica, N. Y.

LOST.—Dark fox fur neckpiece, Tuesday, in uptown subway; about 6 P. M.; reward. Riverside 7080, Room 914.

LOST.—Strand Theatre, May 20, ring, 2 sapphires, 3 diamonds, platinum setting, filigree band. Reward. Parnelee, 344 West 72d.

LOST.—Bunch of keys on Riverside Drive; reward. Return to Edward Ehrlich, Room 412, 47 West 42d St.

LOST—Sunday, 18th, diamond-sapphire bar-pin; reward, 53 West 86th St.

LOST—Bunch of keys. Finder call Flatbush 1292W. Reward.

$500 REWARD

for platinum and diamond bowknot brooch; no duplicate made; lost May 19th, between Lexington Av. and 37th St., Central Theatre, and Helsenweber's. Marcus & Co., 5th Av., and 45th St.

$100 REWARD

for return of seven-stone diamond pin, valued for association; lost while shopping in the 5th Av. district, between 47th and 54th Sts., afternoon of May 22d. Finder return to William A. White, 46 Cedar St.

$300 REWARD,

no questions asked, return platinum bracelet, containing 41 diamonds; lost about May 13. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$50 REWARD

return gold vanity case with diamond monogram M. H.; lost about May 14. I. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

$500 REWARD for emerald and diamond flexible platinum bracelet, lost May 22. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 57th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Airedale terrier, female, at Baldwin, L. I., the evening of Friday, May 16, and will probably try to make her way to Flushing, L. I.; answers to name "Girlie"; 1919 license number on collar 192758; liberal reward if found or information leading to finding. A. C. Gregsan, telephone 1112-W Flushing, or 9650 Bowling Green.

LOST—Brindle bull, white breast, no tail and broken ear, Friday morning, Broadway and 76th, near Hotel Belleclaire; suitable reward if returned. 325 West End Av.

LOST.—Red Chow dog, Friday, near West 73d St. most liberal reward for return. Telephone Stevenson, Columbus 4500.

$100 REWARD.

Lost, brindle Aberdeen terrier, (Sammy,) May 9, from Farmingdale, L. I.; return Rose Colonna, Fulton St., Farmingdale, L. I., or Ruth Chester, 245 Lexington Av., City.

MANAGERS REFUSE ACTORS' DEMANDS

Will Not Grant Extra Pay for Holidays—Issue That May Lead to Strike.

DEFIANCE OF EQUITY BODY

If Players Enforce a "Closed Shop," Producers Say, They Will Seek Talent Elsewhere.

Flat refusal to meet the demands of the Actors' Equity Association, with particular regard to payment for holiday matinées, was made last night by the New York theatrical managers. The actors had previously put forth this demand as an unalterable one, and accordingly an impasse has now been reached between the two factions. The next step will be taken by the actors at the annual meeting of their association at the Hotel Astor on Monday afternoon, when a motion to join the American Federation of Labor and call an actors' strike will be voted upon.

The reply to the actors followed a meeting of the Producing Managers' Association at the Hotel Claridge. The following communication was sent to Frank Gillmore, secretary of the Actors' Equity Association:

"Referring to the proposed contract on behalf of the Actors' Equity Association, I am instructed to say that after careful consideration it has been deemed impossible for the Producing Managers' Association to accept same, involving as it does so many departures from established and tested practices of the profession.

"I am instructed to say further that the prevailing and accepted conditions, which exist in the present contracts, have proven fair, and, in the main, satisfactory in operation. We cannot, nor will we, acquiesce in any attempt to bring about unconsidered innovations as the result of self-interested agitation, which really has not in mind the well-being of the profession, nor the helpful co-operation of its members.

"Your declared purpose that upon our failure to accept the demands of the Actors' Equity Association it will retaliate by organizing the acting profession as a closed shop, is one that we will not consider.

"The proposal is so incongruous with the nature of an artistic profession, and involves such an abandonment of the actor's standing and dignity, that we cannot believe it has received unbiased consideration from those who affect to be in favor of such a step.

"It would not be possible, I am instructed to add, for us to deal with an organization which so far departs from its original ideals as to threaten the profession with what is known as a closed shop."

The communication was signed by Lawrence L. Weber, secretary of the Producing Managers' Association. Those present at the meeting included representatives of David Belasco, Lee & J. J. Shubert, Klaw & Erlanger, Cohan & Harris, Henry Miller, A. H. Woods, F. Ray Comstock, William A. Brady, Selwyn & Co., George Broadhurst, Smith & Golden, John Cort, Charles Frohman, Inc., Henry W. Savage, Arthur Hopkins, Winthrop Ames, Oliver Morosco and a number of others.

Following the meeting Sam H. Harris, President of the Managers' Association, said that if the actors affiliated themselves with the American Federation of Labor and attempted to enforce the "closed shop" the managers in the association would look elsewhere for their acting talent. Grant Stewart, an officer in the Equity Association, said later that the membership of the association is now 3,999, and that it embraces, perhaps, 90 per cent. of the players from whom Broadway casts are generally recruited. To go outside of the society for actors, he declared, would mean gathering untried and untrained actors from amateur societies and from the road.

Although the managers' letter refers to "many departures from established and tested practices of the profession," Mr. Stewart said that the actors' association would be willing to yield on practically all points except that of payment for extra matinees. Questions of payment for layoffs and half payment for rehearsals over a certain period had also been brought up, he said, but these would be waived if the demand for payment for extra performances is granted.

The present standard contract stipulates eleven legal holidays on which the actor must give matinees without charge if so requested, and it is the elimination of this clause which the actors now insist upon. The playing week, they declare, must be put upon an eight-performance basis, and all additional performances, for whatever reason they are given, must be paid for proportionately. If this is granted, Mr. Stewart said, the association will be willing to enter into a three-years' contract with the managers.

The specific point to be voted upon at the meeting of the actors on Monday afternoon is the enforcement of the "closed shop"—that is, whether association members are to be permitted to play in the same companies with non-members. According to the managers' letter of yesterday, the enforcement of such an edict by the actors will be regarded as a declaration of war, and will possibly be the prelude to a real strike. In this event the Actors' Equity Association, as a measure by which to keep their members strictly in line, will immediately affiliate with the American Federation of Labor.

ACTORS' FUND HAS DEFICIT.

It Is in Need of 10% of All Benefits —Frohman Again Head.

The expenditures of the Actors' Fund of America, during the last year, in providing for the sick and disabled for the profession, were $78,421.60, and the income during the same period about $49,000. Ways and means of relieving the deficit were discussed yesterday morning at the thirty-eighth annual meeting of the organization at the Hudson Theatre. Every effort will be made to bring about a wide recognition of the custom of setting aside for the fund 10 per cent. of all money received from benefit performances, for whatever cause they are given. The Actors' Fund has already received $2,300 from this source.

Daniel Frohman was re-elected President of the organization at yesterday's meeting, and the other officers were also continued. Trustees elected for three years were E. F. Albee, Walter Vincent, Oscar Eagle, Bernard A. Reinold, Charles A. Stevenson, and Bijou Fernandez. Mrs. Edwin Arden was elected a trustee for one year to fill the unexpired term of the late Hollis E. Cooley.

Benefit for University Settlement.

For the benefit of the fresh air work of the University Settlement a performance will be given tomorrow night at the Morosco Theatre. Donald Brian will be master of ceremonies, and among others the following will appear: Blanche Ring, Barney Bernard, Taylor Holmes, Wellington Cross, Constance Binney, Charles Judels, Henrietta Crosman, Vernon Stiles, Marguerite Sylva, Lieutenant B. C. Billiam, Henry Hull. Last year 800 children from the lower East Side were taken into the country and funds are needed to carry on the work this Summer.

SENTENCES HOLDUP MEN.

Judge Warns Manhattan Criminals to Keep Out of Brooklyn.

As a warning to Manhattan criminals to stay out of Brooklyn, Judge Dike yesterday sentenced two men to fifteen years' imprisonment in Sing Sing, after they had been found guilty of robbery. The two men were: John J. Obrisy of 49 Grove Street and Salvatore Riesle of 8 Spring Street. With two others they were charged with holding up and robbing Onifrio Barbaro in his jewelry store at 187 Graham Avenue, Brooklyn, on March 4. In sentencing the men, Judge Dike said:

"You two men have pleaded guilty to robbery in the second degree. Yesterday, in the Supreme Court, your co-defendant was convicted by a jury of robbery in the first degree. It was an atrocious crime, it was a brutal crime, and has no place in this community. A man and his wife, owners of this jewelry store, were held up by you four men with revolvers and knives and their entire stock of jewelry taken.

"Now, apparently, it is time to send word across to Manhattan again that Manhattan crooks must keep out of Brooklyn. I sent such a word by a severe sentence about a year ago, and it has had a very wholesome effect. Again I am going to send across the river, to the crooks of Manhattan, this word, that they must keep out of Brooklyn, and that they cannot rob the citizens of this borough. I sentence you each to Sing Sing at hard labor for fifteen years."

WANT BOOKS FOR TROOPS.

Campaign Begins Today to Collect 500,000 Volumes in Nation.

The nation-wide campaign to provide 500,000 books for soldiers and sailors will be opened today by the American Library Association, when upon the steps of the Public Library, at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, the work of building a tower of books 32 feet high will begin. Fifteen thousand books, already received, will make the foundation of the tower. From 20,000 to 25,000 more volumes have been promised. One hundred thousand books closely packed will be needed to complete the tower.

The books are needed for transports, for the hospitals, and for the soldiers now serving in Russia and Siberia and with the Army of Occupation in Germany.

The War and Navy Departments have determined to continue the library service for the permanent military and naval establishment of the United States as an all-important factor in maintaining morale.

Wm. Harris Gets 'Abraham Lincoln'

The American rights to "Abraham Lincoln," a play by John Drinkwater, the English poet and theatrical producer, have been acquired by William Harris. The play was produced in Hammersmith, a London suburb, last February, and is still being played. It is in six episodes, and shows Lincoln at various stages of his career. Mr. Harris will soon sail for England to witness the production.

Lambs' Gambol Auction on June 3.

An auction sale of seats for the approaching Lambs' Gambol will take place at the Hudson Theatre on the afternoon of Tuesday, June 3. A single performance will be given in this city, Sunday night, June 8, at the Manhattan Opera House. The only other city to be visited will be Philadelphia, where a matinee will be given on June 9.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Hadassah Chorus, led by Abraham Binder, will give a concert of Jewish music on Sunday evening at the De Witt Clinton High School.

Isabella Zimbler, violinist, gave a recital last evening, assisted by Alois Trnka, at the Washington Irving High School.

Celia Trevino, a child violinist from Mexico, who has played for Kreisler and Maud Powell, has a benefit concert today at the Hotel McAlpin.

SIX HOURS' WORK IN A DAY.

This is the plan of Lord Leverhuime, a British employer and philanthropist, who has done much for the welfare of his employes. His ideas are formulated in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

WE SELL SO SOCONY MOTOR GASOLINE STANDARD OIL CO. OF N.Y.

The sign of a reliable dealer and the world's best Gasoline

SOCONY MOTOR GASOLINE

Just clean, power-full, all refinery gasoline-available everywhere.

See Monday's issue of the New York Times for a list of dealers who display the Socony sign.

FREEDOM MASS MEETING

Let us recognize LITHUANIA UKRAINIA

"Bulwarks Against Bolshevism"

CARNEGIE HALL

Sunday, May 25th, 3 p. m.

Prominent Speakers

Music

MARK EISNER, Chairman

Admission . . . . . FREE

PLUTO eliminates poison from intestines, from the kidneys and through the blood—an ideal remedy for gout. Also beneficial in treatment of other kidney, liver and stomach troubles, rheumatism and nervous disorders.

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HOLIDAY CITY OF THE FUTURE. When New York goes dry and desolate, Montreal, Quebec, will be the "holiday city." Read of its accessibility and promised delights in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

The Neighborhood Playhouse
466 Grand St. Tel. Orchard 1171.
Only One More Performance
TO-MORROW EVE.
The Neighborhood Players
in
"THE NOOSE"
"EVERYBODY'S HUSBAND"
"THE ETERNAL MEGALOSAURUS"
Tickets 75, 60 and 30 cents.

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15. McNally, Dinus & De Wolfe, Ward & Pryor, "Which One Shall I Marry?" 6 Other Acts. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily. Pop. Prices. | Jean Bedini's PEEK-A-BOO. All-Summer Show.

GIANTS VS. ST. LOUIS, TODAY, 3:00 P. M., Polo Grounds.—Adm. 50c.—Advt.

MOTION PICTURES.

Geo. M. Cohan THEATRE. B'way, 43d. 2:40—Twice Daily—8:40

MATINEE TODAY & EVERY DAY
D. W. Griffith
Presents
"Broken Blossoms"
"MOST BEAUTIFUL WE EVER HAVE BEEN OR EVER EXPECT TO SEE." —Tribune.
In Courtesy to Patrons No One Seated After Rise of Curtain.
PRICES 50C TO $3.00
ALL SEATS RESERVED.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. | DOROTHY GISH in "I'll Get Him Yet." Rolfe Ballet, Comedy. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square | PAULINE FREDERICK "One Week of Life." Rialto Magazine, Comedy. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

BEST PHOTO PLAY OF THE YEAR. LAST TWO TIMES TODAY.
"FIRES OF FAITH"
HARRIS THEATRE, 42d St., W. of B'way. TWICE TODAY. Mats. 2:20, 25-50c. Eves. 8:20, 25c-$1.00.

BROADWAY THEATRE, B'way & 41st St. Daily, Noon to 11 P. M.
BLANCHE SWEET in RUPERT HUGHES'S THE UNPARDONABLE SIN
"IT BAFFLES COMPARISON."—Eve. Mail

81 1st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
ENID BENNETT in her latest, "The Law of Man"
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.
BARGAIN MAT. TO-DAY & TO-MORROW 20c & 30c, including tax.

PLAZA MADISON AVE. AT 59TH ST.
AN ALL-LAUGH PROGRAM.
MABEL NORMAND THE LITTLE PEST.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN, "POLICE!"

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 20, 30. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
ZENA KEEFE, "The Amateur Widow."

STRAND B'way at 47 St. | ETHEL CLAYTON in "The Woman Next Door." "Roaring Lions & Monkey Shines." STRAND ORCH

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McBride's Theatre Ticket Offices
Phone Bryant 1100.
Up-town: 1497 Broadway (Times Square West)
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"Standard for forty years."

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THE PIROUETTE 22 East 45th Street. Luncheon 40c; Dinner 65c.
MARY LOUISE 173 Madison Avenue. Lunch 35c; Chicken Lunch 50c.
THE ADELAIDE 7 West 56th Street. LUNCHEON, 50c
CLOVER TEA SHOP 640 Madison Ave. Corner 59th St. Established 1913. Closed Sundays. Breakfast, 40-50c; Lunch 60-75c; Dinner, $1-1.25. Under Same Management as the ROSE GARDEN.
Sisters Three Teashop 53d Street and Madison Ave. A la carte from 8:30 A. M. to 8 P. M. New Rochelle branch, 455 Pelham Road, will open for the season May 1st.
THE MARGUERITE 40 West 39th Street. Club Breakfast. Open Sundays from 1 to 7 P. M. Luncheon 50c; Afternoon Tea; Dinner 75c. Chicken Dinner Sunday, Wednesday and Friday.
ORANGE AND BLACK 47 West 49th. Circle 4383. Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner. Chicken Dinner Thursday & Sunday, 6 P. M.
THE PICCADILLY, 170 West 72d Street, near Broadway. Special Chicken and Waffle Dinner every Monday & Thursday. Delicious home cooking.
Luncheon, dinner and always a nearly welcome at SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. SPECIAL Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.
THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's. Luncheon: Tea: Southern Chicken Dinner $1.50.
THE GREEN WITCH 49 East 10th Street. An artists' rendezvous. LUNCH 50c. (Closed Sundays.) DINNER, 65c.
THE BILLY ANN 295 Madison Avenue, near 41st St. STRICTLY HOME-COOKED LUNCHEON, 50c
HEATHERDELL 15 East 43d Street. Sunday Dinner, 75c. LUNCHEON : AFTERNOON TEA : DINNER
SAMOVAR 6 EAST 38TH STREET. Waffles, 3 to 5. CHICKEN, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, SATURDAY
RUSSIAN INN Table d'Hote. Luncheon & Dinner. 57 W. 37TH ST. A la Carte & Afternoon Tea.
OLD CHELSEA 51 West 16th St. LUNCH, 40c-50c. DINNER, 6-7:30, 80c.

CARUSO SAILS TODAY.

With His Wife He Will Spend the Summer at His Estate in Italy.

Signor Caruso will sail by the Italian liner Giuseppe Verdi today for Naples to spend his first Summer holiday in Italy in three years, or since America entered the war. Mrs. Caruso, formerly Miss Dorothy Benjamin, will accompany the tenor to his estate in the hills near Florence, where Caruso's two sons have also returned, the elder one from service in the Italian Army. On today's liner also will be Giuseppe De Luca, the Metropolitan baritone, who takes home for burial the ashes of his wife, a victim of the last Winter's epidemic of influenza.

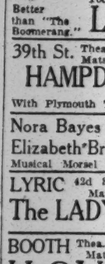
Another of the Metropolitan artists, Giovanni Martinelli, the tenor, sails today by the White Star liner Baltic for London, where he will sing during the opera season at Covent Garden, the first revival of "foreign-language" opera in the British capital after four years of European war. Signor Martinelli's family will remain in New York, owing to the illness of one of his children, at their home in West Seventy-first Street.

CONCERT OF FRENCH SONGS.

Mme. Janacopulos and E. Robert Schmitz Aid Russian Orphans.

Vera Janacopulos sang French chansons and nursery songs charmingly and E. Robert Schmitz, composer, and pianist, was heard at his best, at a small concert given by these two artists yesterday afternoon at the Ritz-Carlton to aid the Catherine Breshkovsy Relief Fund for Russian orphans and school children. All the songs of Mme. Janacopulos were appreciatively received. The best were perhaps the Brahms "D'Amours éternelles" and Schubert's "La Poste." The favorite among Mr. Schmitz's piano selections was Debussy's "Cathédrale engloutie" with its echoing church bells. Both artists united in more Debussy themes, "Le temps a laissié son manteau" and "Mandoline," to close a pleasant afternoon recital. Mme. Breshkovsky whose hard work for Russia here bears hardly upon her at her advanced age, was unable to attend, but sent a touching letter of thanks to the friends who thus aided her favorite charity.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.



WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Evgs. at 8. MATINEE TODAY AT 2. Extra Matinee Decoration Day. A Carnival of Travesty in 3 Acts and 16 Scenes
"The world's greatest entertainment."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.
MONTE CRISTO, Jr.
Astonishing Assemblage of Artists
A DIAMOND MINE OF ENTERTAINMENT
THE MOST BEAUTIFUL WOMEN IN THE WORLD.

CENTURY GROVE, Roof of Century Theatre. MORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL at 11:30—A SENSATION—Phone Col. 8800

TOBY'S BOW With NORMAN TREVOR at the COMEDY THEATRE 41st St., Near B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today, Thurs. & Dec. Day

44TH ST. New Musical Play. Thea., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:10. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day. Take It From Me

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Dec. Day, 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Newest Comedy "39 EAST" With Henry Hull and Constance Binney.

Vanderbilt 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day, 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Brilliant Comedy A Little Journey With Cyril Keightley and Ethel Dane.

SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day, 2:30. Good Morning Judge George Hassell, Mollie King, Charles King.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S, W. 39th St. Evs. 8:30. TEA for 3 The Comedy Hit. Matinees Today, Wednesday & Dec. Day, 2:30.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Today, 2:30. COME-ON CHARLEY

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

Plymouth 45th, W. of B'way. Bryant 4283. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Thurs., Sat. & May 30. JOHN and LIONEL BARRYMORE in "THE JEST"

! EAST IS WEST With FAY BAINTER ASTOR THEA. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. B'way, 97th. Mat. Today. Jane Cowl in The Crowded Hour

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day, 2:30. Better than "The Boomerang." LOVE LAUGHS

39th St. Thea., near B'way. Evs. 8:10 Sharp. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day, 2:15. HAMPDEN in HAMLET With Plymouth Thea. Cast. Return Engagement.

Nora Bayes Th., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day, 2:15. Elizabeth Brice in "TOOT SWEET" Musical Morsel Filled with Girls and Ginger.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day. The LADY IN RED With Adele Rowland and Beauty Chorus

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day, 2:30. I LOVE YOU. By WM. LE BARON. "The best farce of the year."—Herald.

Garrick 35th, E. B'way. Greeley 1522. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Dec. Day. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30. Theatre Guild Presents St. John Ervine's JOHN FERGUSON Run Extended Till June 7th

THESE THEATRES GIVE SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERTS SEATS NOW ON SALE
Winter Garden B'way & 50th, at 8:15. Phone Circle 3330. BEST BILL IN NEW YORK.
Nora Bayes THEA., 44th, W. of B'way, at 8:30. Phone Bryant 61. ELIZABETH BRICE, SOPHIE TUCKER, MAY BOLEY, WILL MORRISSEY, Others.
Central THEATRE, B'way & 47th St. at 8:15. Phone Bryant 17. BIG BILL OF BROADWAY FAVORITES

REPUBLIC W. 42nd St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. LOUIS MANN in FRIENDLY ENEMIES

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day. ALICE BRADY in FOREVER AFTER

FULTON West 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30. Oliver Morosco's Whirlwind Farce PLEASE GET MARRIED with Ernest Truex & Edith Taliaferro

Selwyn Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day, 2:20. Musical Comedy Splash "TUMBLE IN"

Central B'way & 47th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day, 2:30. Musical Play Somebody's Sweetheart

Casino Thea., B'way & 39th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed. & Dec. Day, 2:15. A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED WYNN.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:20. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times. WILLIAM GILLETTE "Barrie's Best Play."—Herald. DEAR BRUTUS EXTRA MAT. DECORATION DAY.

Excellent seats for D. W. GRIFFITH'S "BROKEN BLOSSOMS" can be secured NOW in advance for all performances at Geo. M. Cohan's Theatre. Best Seats 50c. to $3. M'BRIDE TICKET AGENCY

LIGHTNIN GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evgs. at 8:30. MATS. TODAY Wed. & Fri., 2:30. SMITH-GOLDEN SUCCESSES.

3 WISE FOOLS CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20. David Belasco presents a Comedy of Irish Life Dark Rosaleen

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 W. 43 St. LAST 2 TIMES. Matinee Today, 2:30. Tonight 8:30. in "MISS NELLY OF N'ORLEANS" Mrs. FISKE NEXT MONDAY NIGHT—Seats Now LA LA LUCILLE A NEW COMEDY WITH MUSIC.

GLOBE, Evs. 8:20. Mat. Today, 2:20. "Best Musical Show in Town."—Sun. Charles Dillingham's Merry Hit. SHE'S A GOOD FELLOW

"BROKEN BLOSSOMS" Best seats on sale now at NEWMAN'S Next door to Geo. M. Cohan's Theatre. 50C. TO $3.00.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Evs. at 8:15. MATS. TODAY & WEDNESDAY, 2:15. Musical Comedy of 1000 Laughs THE KLAW & ERLANGER'S GALLOP OF FUN & MELODY Velvet Lady
MUSIC BY VICTOR HERBERT.
ON THE ROOF Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic Limited Engagement WILL ROGERS

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE B'way and 38th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:15. JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY LISTEN LESTER!

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20. DAVID BELASCO Presents DADDIES

Choice seats for Griffith's "BROKEN BLOSSOMS," at Geo. M. Cohan Theatre, can be obtained in advance at all our ticket offices. Best seats 50c. to $3. TYSON & CO.

COHAN & HARRIS Thea., W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. Biggest Success Since "The Merry Widow." The Royal Vagabond A Cohanized Opera Comique

LONGACRE West 48th St., Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Most fascinating mystery play ever written THREE FACES EAST with Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20. Mr. & Mrs. COBURN in The Better 'Ole BEST SHOW IN TOWN

Biggest—Best—Worthiest Benefit Ever Given
TO-MORROW (Sun.) NIGHT
AT 8 SHARP AT THE HIPPODROME IN AID OF THE
SALVATION ARMY DRIVE
Positively—FIFTY FAMOUS ACTS—Positively
Stars and Headliners Plead for Places on This Programme.

Geo. M. Cohan Writes

"Since the war has been won,
It's the truth,
Every noble American youth
That's returned overseas
Has got down on his knees
And has prayed
For Ev

COURT REFUSES AID IN NEW HAVEN SUIT

Judge Denies Plea for Receiver to Prosecute Former Directors for Alleged Waste.

PLAINTIFFS' RIGHTS STAND

May Renew Application or Join Other Minority Stockholders In Like Action.

The application of Harold Norris and other minority stockholders of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company for the appointment of a temporary receiver of the company with powers limited to the prosecution of suits against former directors for the restitution of money alleged to have been wasted and wrongfully spent, was denied yesterday by Federal Judge Manton. Beside seeking to have such a suit prosecuted at the expense of the company, the keeping alive of a similar suit instituted by Edwin Adams and other minority stockholders in Massachusetts was also sought.

It was hoped to have a receiver named who would report back to the court whether the former directors, who were called conspirators, were liable for the alleged loss and waste of the corporation's money and assets resulting from unlawful acts and as to the desirability of bringing suit to enforce such liability. The receiver was also expected to report as to the necessity of the plaintiffs intervening in the Adams suit.

The charges on which the application was based were in all essential respects the same as the allegations contained in the Adams complaint. The defendants named in that suit are William Rockefeller, Charles M. Pratt, Lewis Cass Ledyard; and J. Pierpont Morgan, Herbert L. Satterlee, William P. Hamilton, and Mr. Ledyard, as executors of the estate of the late J. Pierpont Morgan, Mrs. Florence A. V. Twombly, executrix of the estate of the late Hamilton McK. Twombly, and the New Haven Company.

The plaintiffs in the suit represented 1,056 shares of stock in the company. They asked the court to compel the defendants to return to the company's treasury $165,000,000 which they alleged had been spent in inducing various newspapers to print articles favorable to the company's schemes and in influencing legislation in several New England States and in Canada, and alleged that large sums were given to lawyers and, spent for litigation to carry out plans laid by the defendants, and that wrong had been done in allowing rebates to shippers, to the detriment of the transportation of the property, and which resulted in a large loss. The main difference between the two suits is that the Norris complaint fixes the total loss by these alleged acts at about $15,000,000 less than the amount stated in the Adams suit.

Denied on Two Grounds.

The application for the receiver is denied by Judge Manton on two grounds —that a large majority of the stockholders had voted against the institution of any restitution suits, and that in an equity action no receiver could be appointed unless the property involved was in danger, and not alone on the grounds stated in the proceeding.

Saul S. Myers, chief counsel for the stockholders in the action, expressed satisfaction with the decision of the court.

"As I read it," he said, "the Judge says that the action for the appointment of a receiver should have been made in the Adams suit and not in the Norris suit. He also says that an application for the appointment of a receiver may be successfully maintained in the Adams suit.

"This is the first time that we have been able to get a favorable expression from any court in reference to the conduct of the former Directors of the New Haven. And I am particularly well pleased with the statement of the Judge that 'nor can the Directors take refuge in the excuse the company has a large floating debt which, in the near future, may require borrowing large sums of money to finance it, and that, therefore, if suits were brought against powerful financial men, such as are named as defendants in the Adams suit, their ability to finance the affairs of the company might be endangered, and the suggestion contained in the advice that it is for the Dorectors to take caution what effect on the financial situation might be produced by the proceedings proposed, is one that should not go unchallenged in a court in America.'"

The denial of the application for the appointment of a receiver does not affect the rights of the plaintiffs. Their suit for restitution may still be pressed, and if it be established that damage was done to their corporation by ultra vires acts or other fraudulent or wilful usage, they should at once abandon their position, and, as is their duty, from that moment on prosecute vigorously in the effort to bring to the corporation's treasury the mon y lost."

Then followed the part quoted by Mr. Myers. Other parts of the decision said that no man was too powerful to go beyond the reach of the law, no matter what may be his social or financial status.

Directors Oppose Restitution.

Taking up the proceeding in the Adams case, the decision states:

"But with all that there was what has been held to be an open and frank submission of the question of whether or not a suit be instituted and prosecuted, and, as appears by the affidavits, the subject was discussed for several days and a vote taken at which 954,000 out of 1,571,000 outstanding shares of stock of the company were represented, either in person or by proxy, and after full discussion the stockholders voted against bringing such suits by a majority of 925,124 to 14,553 shares, which latter number voted in favor of said suits.

"Whether or not this result was influenced by the advice given or whether other matters entered into the judgment of the majority of the stockholders, the result is the same, namely, that the wish of the large majority of the stockholders was against the institution and prosecution of these actions."

The opinion states that no shareholder has an absolute right to carry on the purposes which a majority of the shareholders had determined not to maintain. But if a shoulder has a right which has been violated, the opinion says, he may assert it and ask for the appointment of a receivership incidentally. Therefore in denying the application for the appointment of a receiver, the decision points out, a litigant is not deprived of his rights. Explaining the application for the appointment of a receiver the opinion said:

"In the case at bar the plaintiffs ask for a receivership with restricted powers solely for the purpose, not of continuing the present suit for the alleged waste or for the recision or cancellation of onerous contracts, guarantees and leases, but for the purpose of examining into the merits of the Adams suit case, and for the purpose of examining the books, accounts, and financial status of the defendant corporations. It will be noted that this action is not maintained against the Directors who committed wrongs against the corporation but it is maintained against the corporation itself."

In this respect the suit, it is explained, differs from the Adams suit, which is directed against the former Directors to compel them to make good alleged losses due to their management. Therefore, the Court says, an application for the appointment of a receiver may be successfully maintained in the Adams suit, particularly if there is continued refusal on the part of the present Directors to carry on litigation against the offending Directors.

PLANS PHYSICAL TRAINING.

Education Society Discusses Ways for Developing Boys.

Physical training will be provided to all boys in this State between the ages of 16 and 18 years, who are included in the universal military training law, according to plans discussed last night at a meeting of the Physical Education Society of New York at the Cosmopolitan Club.

Under the military law, it is estimated, 220,000 boys are affected. It was disclosed at the meeting that statistics show but 20,000 of the boys are attending schools where there are facilities for physical training and for the upbuilding of the youngsters. Under a plan which provides for a reorganization of the national military program it is proposed to teach the remaining 200,000 and drill them in beneficial athletics, recreation, games, and gymnastics.

This plan was embodied in an address given by Dr. Thomas A. Storey, State Inspector of Physical Training, who dwelt on the war emphases on physical training. The lessons learned in the war were widely discussed by Dr. Storey and other speakers, including Dr. George J. Fisher, Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, Dr. John H. Finley, and Dr. C. R. Mann.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Continued improvement in the domestic business of the country is reported by the trade reviews of the week. In the smaller markets weather conditions have acted as somewhat of a check, but in the more central and larger centres the increase is continuing. Dun's Review says:

Neither political and economic uncertainties nor the backward season has halted the domestic business revival, which has already assumed boom characteristics in certain quarters. More than a year after the armistice some important engagements are still being held in abeyance because peace is not yet an actuality, but many commitments that could no longer be deferred have been confidently undertaken, and special emphasis is now placed on the hopeful and constructive elements in the situation, rather than on the obscure and unfavorable aspects.

With practically all centres reporting expansion, bank clearings at the principal cities in the United States this week attained notably high figures and surpassed all previous records for the period. The total at fifteen points amounted to no less than $7,028,308,834, an increase of 26.4 per cent. over the same week last year, and one of 39.3 per cent. in comparison with 1917.

Bradstreet's says:

Something like a shifting of activity is revealed in the trade and industrial reports this week. Cool, rainy weather and the lateness of some of the Spring planted crops, especially corn and cotton, seem to be more stressed at the smaller markets, but increased activity, strength, and confidence are revealed at the larger centres, while in instances where weather conditions have been favorable and seasonable temperatures have prevailed the trend has been a very cheerful one.

Terre Haute Telephone Girls Strike.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., May 23.—One hundred operators employed in the exchange of the Citizens' Independent Telephone Company, who recently formed a union, went on strike this morning. The company's service is suspended and the city is without service, except local and long-distance connections of the Central Union. The girls are demanding recognition of the union, eight-hour day, an advance in wages of about $2 weekly, and time and one-half for overtime. The present wage scale is $8 to $15 a week.

It Is One Long Holiday.

Salesmen in the textile lines are not very much concerned over the question of whether or not a two-day holiday comes to them over Decoration Day and the Fourth. Life for them lately has been one long holiday, as one of them pointed out. On the slightest pretext, where there is not too much discipline in a house, a salesman nowadays can declare a holiday, and frequent cases are quoted at present where the week runs from Tuesday to Friday. This, of course, only happens in the smaller organizations where the entire force, including the managers, is on a more or less friendly basis. "We are all sold up," explained one dress goods salesman, "have a strike in the cutting up trade and there's nothing to do, so we do it."

Hard Coal Output Well Covered.

As a general proposition, Saward's Journal will say today, the anthracite producers now have orders enough in hand to carry them through to the end of June on their domestic sizes. Even this satisfactory condition does not fully reflect the demand for stove and egg coal, for most of the companies and individual operators have broken away from the habit of accepting orders regardless of their ability to ship on them within a reasonable time. This is resulting in a lot of business being turned down for the time being. The spot market for bituminous coal is depressed, and the cheaper grades are in oversupply at tidewater.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Alfred Boehm, local representative of Hess Brothers, Allentown, Penn., and the Pollack Dry Goods Company, Mobile, Ala., has removed from 41 Union Square to 225 Fifth Avenue.

Announcement has been made by the War Trade Board, Washington, that guild numbers and import numbers are no longer required for the export of sugar to Denmark. Application for export license, however, should be made to the board as usual.

GARY SEES GREAT PROSPERITY AHEAD

Tells Iron and Steel Institute He Expects Record Year of Production.

OPPOSES DRASTIC PEACE

Declares "Those Who Tender the Terms Should Be More Considerate and Painstaking."

Increased activity in the iron and steel industry that would make the present year a record one in production was predicted yesterday by Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of the United States Steel Corporation, in the opening address at the fifteenth general meeting of the American Iron and Steel Institute at the Hotel Pennsylvania. Business during the last six months, he said, had been better than there was reason to expect, and it was his opinion that there was a large and profitable business ahead, because the necessities of the purchasing public were piling up.

His statement that before long copper might be selling at 20 cents a pound as compared with a present price of 16½ cents was taken by many who heard him to mean that there would be a corresponding advance in steel prices. Attention was called to the prosperous condition of the country and he said "there is still room in this country for the optimist but little space for the pessimist."

Judge Gary touched at length on the accomplishments of the steel industry during the war. While having no words but those of blame for the leaders in Germany during the war he advocated a peace which would be fair to the masses of the German people.

"It is to be presumed," he remarked, "the Central Governments with their associates in the war will sign the terms of peace offered or will at least submit to them. They are helpless and have no alternative. For this reason, if for no other, those who tender the terms should be more considerate and painstaking."

Boom in View.

"Since the armistice was signed," Judge Gary went on in part, "the steel industry had made two substantial reductions in selling prices, first by voluntary action, Dec. 9, and then, March 21, after consultation and discussion with the members of the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce. There are incidents connected with the efforts of the Secretary of Commerce to stabilize conditions which interfered more or less with business activity. You are familiar with the subject. At present there is a perceptible and gradual improvement. It seems probable this will contine and increase. On the whole, our business during the last six months has been better than we had reason to expect. After what has occurred during the last few years it is wonderful that conditions are so good. As I have said before, more than once, there is a large and fairly profitable business ahead. The necessities of the purchasing public are piling up. Some may wait too long before placing the orders under contemplation.

"As you are aware, the wheat crop of the season is enormous—far above previous calculations—and it will soon be harvested, threshed, transported, and converted into cash. This will provide business and prosperity for many others. What they will do with it I cannot say, but they probably will make some necessary improvements in roadbed and equipment. Other crops will soon be coming on. From present appearances the production this year will exceed all former records. The price of copper is increasing. It is expected to be selling in the near future at 20 cents. Most, if not all, of us are making expenditures in preparation for the future business that is coming.

"Gentlemen, the people of this country are rich and growing richer. It is estimated the wealth of this country is equal to one-third or more of the total wealth of all countries; that there is held by the banks $15,000,000,000 or $16,000,000,000; that the money in circulation is about $56 per capita, as against about $34 before the war. What is it to be supposed will be done with it? Why, invested and expended in order to increase wealth. Perhaps you and I will get some of it, and if so we will expend or invest it. If we are like other human beings. There is still room in this country for the optimist, but little space for the pessimist. If the tax assessor and collector will only permit us to retain a little fairer percentage of our earnings we shall be happy, and we are beginning to see a gleam of light on this subject.

"Patience and confidence are justified, and with these great prosperity is assured.

Expects Treaty to Be Signed.

"We now have reason to assume the peace terms will be agreed to and subscribed at least by the majority of Governments and that a League of Nations for the continued preservation of peace will be established. A large majority of the people of all countries are favorable to these results and their desire and will must prevail. If the plan adopted, in form or substance, shall prove, by experience, to be imperfect or incomplete, corrections or amendment can be made later. If the plan turns out to be unworkable or unsatisfactory it can and will be abandoned. Naturally every one is wondering whether or not peace will be permanent or long continued. There are numerous things to be considered, too many for discussion or even reference at this time; but the controlling factor in this respect is one of fairness to all nations, taking all the facts and circumstances into account. If, at the start, either the treaty of peace or constitution of the League of Nations is manifestly unjust and unfair to any leading country it will turn out to be a temporary arrangement only. Honesty, justice, truth and Christian spirit are all kindred to and have a bearing upon the idea of fairness.

"At this particular time it is difficult for any one connected with our side of the military conflict which has been raging to view the situation dispassionately. The precipitation of the war by the German leaders seems to us to have been unjustified and unconscionable; their conduct, brutal and remorseless; their treatment of captives and captured territory, cruel and diabolical; their disregard of law and right and human sanctity, barbarous and dastardly. This has outraged our feelings and inflamed our passions. It could not be otherwise. If we are thus affected, what must be the mental attitude of those who were in close proximity to the scenes of horror.

"Nevertheless there must be maintained at present composure and judicial temperament having in view the long future and the vital welfare of the whole world. As we hate wrong, it is natural to hate those who perpetrate wrong, and we often entertain these sentiments without discrimination of persons. The leaders of the German people, in control of affairs, civil and military, should be distinguished from the masses, who are responsible for the conduct of their leaders, but not equally guilty of moral turpitude. Therefore the penalties imposed should be different.

"Believing the war is ended and that peace will soon be declared, we instinctively turn our thoughts to the present and future economic situation. We realize that competition between the business men of this country and those of other countries, and between ourselves, however good-natured and friendly, will be persistent and aggressive. So far as the members of this institute are concerned it will never intentionally be wanton and destructive. We have learned the folly and the wrong of such a course. But we believe that the underlying reason for precipitating the late war was economic, and that the question which is uppermost in the minds of many, if not most of the representatives at the Peace Conference, is economic, and that a desire for economic advantage and success will actuate the political, financial, and industrial administrators of affairs of all countries in future decisions and efforts."

Wants League of Classes.

At the dinner in the evening George W. Perkins declared that if business were to be done in France the first steps should be taken in Washington. He told of meeting thirty-six business men from Cleveland who were in Paris preparing to open negotiations for business. His advice to them was that they should have first consulted with the Government at Washington, it being necessary, in his opinion, that there should be a determination of whether there was in the future to be co-operation or whether co-operation was to go back to the old basis before the war.

It was necessary, he said, that there should be co-operation. He said inasmuch as we were to have a League of Nations for the preservation of world peace so also we should have a league of classes, a bringing together of capital and labor to discuss the great fundamental principles underlying the industrial structure.

Joseph G. Butler, Jr., reviewed the history of the steel industry in the world war and said that it was due to the unflagging endeavor of the steelmakers of the country that it had been possible to carry on the struggle so successfully. He pointed out that the quick invasion of Northern France, and the acquisition thereby of important ore fields, deprived that country and the Allies of a considerable portion of its possible steel manufacture.

Robert W. Brookings, Chairman of the Price Fixing Committee of the War Industries Board, paid a tribute to the steel manufacturers for their war endeavors and said that he was present to express in person the appreciation of the Government for the spirit that was shown.

Marcel Knecht, Director of the Official Bureau of French Information, said that it was through the efficiency and vision of the steel manufacturers of America that France had once more attained the gate to liberty.

"Two years ago," he said, "I asked you to bring your steel sword to our help; I ask you today, on behalf of our millions of dead and of wounded, of millions of refugees and ruined populations, to have, like us, like all our great allies, a will of iron in the normal execution of the restitutions, reparations, and guarantees which international justice will impose on Germany. If we had had a Bismarck or Hindenburg at the Peace Conference, the peace treaty would have been a treaty of iron: the delegates of the Allies are only imposing a treaty of broad justice."

Heavy Cottons Are Higher.

Along with other goods in local market for unfinished cottons, sheetings took a further upturn yesterday. Five-yard sheetings, for instance, were sold for nearby delivery at 12½ cents, while 5.50s brought 11½ cents. For four-yard 56-60s, 15¼ cents was paid. Four-yard 48 squares sold for 14 cents. Business in these constructions was active, and other weights also had a good day. The call for fine-yarn goods and specialties continued in a large way, and there appeared to be no limit to the prices that sellers were asking. For the most part, however, buyers were willing to pay them.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Business man wanted, clean cut, conscientious, active, full of vim; must be definite and aggressive in his actions; capital needed for expansion, building own factory for manufacturing of high-grade slippers and gaiters; will make good proposition to right party. Address Box Y 322 Times Annex.

Party with 5,000 to go in with me in export and domestic sale company; one who understands the distribution and sales through South America, Cuba, Central America, United States, and Canada. Address Box Y 320 Times Annex.

Party with $10,000 to join me in overgaiter manufacturing business; large profit; make staple proposition; going concern, no chance; no trifler; must be quick action. Address Box Y 321 Times Annex.

Established export business man wishes to meet party with working connections to finance orders for responsible Latin-American merchants; partnership considered. W 409 Times Downtown.

Furnished room proposition; undoubted responsible family needs immediately three or four thousand dollars; repayable $100 per month, or more, as agreed; best security. Address Private Family, R 87 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Young man, 24, all-around business experience, has few thousand dollars to invest in any good jobbing line; would like to hear from good salesman or established business. R 120 Times.

Executive, accountant would invest few thousand dollars, with services, in legitimate business; must be on paying basis. W 501 Times Downtown.

Will invest $1,000 and services in sound business proposition; give details. A 53 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Demobilised British officer requires sole agency for London and Provinces for supplying bottles to dairy trade; good connection; offices established in London; unimpeachable bankers and trade references. Thorne, 8 Gt. Marlborough St., London, England.

Italian Representative.—Commercial agency in Milan; with traveling personnel covering entire kingdom of Italy, wishes to represent American commercial house; best business and bank references. Write Giuseppe Marzorati, via Cario Alberto, 32, Milan. (Italy).

Appraisal engineer, now en route British Columbia, offers to report on industrial proposition between there and here. Box 451 Times, 2 Rector St.

Party sailing for South America would handle modern office specialty; commission basis. B 354 Times.

FOR SALE.

Auto supply, tire, and vulcanizing establishment for sale; best location in Washington Heights; established two years; owner has other business to attend to; price, $2,500; must sell at once. Communicate with J. Greenberg, 839 Whitlock Av., Bronx.

My complete course of instruction in leading school of mechanical dentistry for sale. Excellent chance to learn modern trade at a big discount. Must discontinue account illness. Full particulars, apply M. D., Box G 214 Times.

Printing plant for sale; well-established, doing good business; investigation invited. Box W614, 1,265 Broadway.

Book and stationery store for sale; established in 1807. B. S. Gaither, Morganton, N. C.

Will sell profitable, established business for $25,000; fully equipped plant in operation. B 902 Times Harlem.

Ladies' tailoring store, with room, for sale, $700. Besbeck, 1,322 St. Nicholas Av., 176th St.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For Rent.—Hosiery and underwear department in large fancy knit goods house opening up on one of the busiest block on Fulton St., Brooklyn; subway entrance at door; store facing on two streets, show window privilege; exceptional opportunity to party carrying the right kind of merchandise. L 505 Times Downtown.

Exporters willing to dispose of foreign directories are invited to communicate with Iron Age Publishing Co., Catalog Dept., 239 West 39th St.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
New York, N. Y., May 16, 1919.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the GROTE MILLER COMPANY, INC., will be held on the 3d day of June, 1919, at 12 o'clock of that day, at the office of said Company, No. 121 East 24th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from Ten Thousand Dollars, consisting of one hundred shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars each, to Thirty Thousand Dollars, to consist of three hundred shares, of the par value of One Hundred Dollars each.

BRUNO J. MILLER, President.
ALBINUS B. MILLER, Secretary.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALES.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—I will sell at public auction on Monday, May 26, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, the steamships "Huron," "Minneapolis," and "St. Paul," their engines, &c., said steamships to be sold at U. S. Marshal's office, Room No. 307, third floor, U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, New York City, N. Y. The Steamships "Huron" and "Minneapolis" lie at Red Hook Flats and steamship "St. Paul" lies in the clover bay.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
Dated, New York, May 19, 1919.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—I will sell at public auction on Tuesday, May 27, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, the steamship "Binghampton," her engines, &c., said steamship to be sold at the foot of 18th Street and East River, New York City, N. Y., where she can now be seen and inspected.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
Dated, New York, May 19, 1919.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

CHINCHILLA Wanted.—Raritan gray, Chelsea 4814.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—All colors. 648 Eagle. Adelson & Weinberg, 5 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing big stock orders; taffeta, Georgettes, charmeuse, serge, tricotine and tricolette; only those making high-class merchandise need submit samples; call after 3 o'clock. 14 East 27th St., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will buy, for cash, jobs of taffetas, georgettes, satin, jersey, tricolette, and wash dresses, any quantity. Samples daily 9 to 5, Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on all grades of taffetas, satin, georgette, tricolette, and party dresses. Samples daily 9 to 5, Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on serges; tricotines, and satins; bring new samples only. 45 West 27th St., 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for early Fall models in satins and serges; orders placed immediately. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders on new fall styles in satins, tricottines, Paulettes. Submit samples 4th floor, 302 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are ready to place large orders on silk and serge dresses for Fall. Call Saturday from 9 to 12, 32 West 32d. Newman & Reifer.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at popular-priced serge dresses. S. Munves, 134 West 29th, fourth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobs Georgettes, taffetas, and satins for cash, 114 W. 26th, 11th floor.

FELT Wanted.—Large quantities, several colors. Room 1401, 303 5th Av.

FLANNELS Wanted.—White, for immediate delivery; can use 2,500 yards. Phone Spring 1101 N. C.

FLANNELS Wanted.—W 102, Parker Wilder; scarlet and navy. Madison Square 879.

GABARDINE AND PIQUE wanted for wash skirts; large quantity at a price. 87 5th Av., 7th floor.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Small or large quantities. Schlang & Co., 151 West 26th.

LININGS, Printed Satin Wanted. — Telephone Gramercy 6694.

PILE FABRICS and Cloth Coats Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders for Fall plain and fur-trimmed junior, misses' and ladies' coats. Samples looked at between 9 and 12 A. M. at Room 1221, 1,133 Broadway.

PLUSH Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity of Salts peco plush; quantity no object; spot cash. I. Funt, Chelsea 9513.

PLUSH Wanted.—N. Hurwits, 109 West 26th. Farragut 2840.

SEAL PLUSH Wanted.—40-40., Gramercy 6694.

SERGES; MEN'S WEAR Wanted.—Quantity. Kramer, Madison Square 9696.

SERGES Wanted.—11433 and other French serge for cash. H. B. Levine, 12 East 33d.

SERGES Wanted.—11433 and 4061; navy only. Madison Square 879.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Madison broadcloths, duvet de laine, all shades. J. N. Birkenstein, Farragut 7100.

SUITS Wanted.—We are placing orders on Fall suits; show samples any morning between 9 and 12. 10th floor, 119 West 31st St.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Open for quantities, navy, better material, at a price. Seid, 32 East 31st.

TRICOLETTE Wanted.—Open for all colors. L. J., Box 1619 St. James Building.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—We are open to buy large quantities of Scotia 2999, U. S. 907, and Arthur Joel's 6308 at a price. Gramercy 4481.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Open for 500 pieces U. S. 907 or similar; also French serges at a price. Sipken and Gorschen, 15 East 26th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Arthur Joel 6308. Madison Square 2740.

WOOL SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 36. David Harris Sons, 38 West 21st St. Farragut 8860.

WOOLENS Wanted.—No. 4061, Juilliard's, navy quantity; for cash. Farr. 2886.

WOOLENS Wanted.—U. S. tricotines. Farr. 2886.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BLOOMERS—1,000 dozen; sizes 4 to 14; to close out, $4 per dozen. Quality Skirt Co., 153 West 23d. Farragut 596.

BROADCLOTH. — Botany, $15; Wool $6.50; Stevens 7622; also velours X 5442, 11050, 11052, 1300, and light weight velours at reasonable prices. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d St.

BROADCLOTH, velours, serges, oxfords.—Quick delivery. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av.; Madison Square 292.

CAPES, COATS, DOLMANS.—Closing out, large assortment; immediate delivery. Potter & Shaatman, 31 West 31st St.

CAPES, sold to $16.75, several hundred, pure worsted, navy blue, men's wear serge, to close $5. Freedman Bros. Corp., 1,333 Broadway.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits.—Closing out stock. Dhen-Edelman, 35 West 31st St.

CHINCHILLAS. — Slagers Oxfords and brown, $1 yard. Frederick Winter Corp., 220 5th Av. Mad. Sq. 2804.

COATS.—Satin; immediate delivery. I Novick, 45 West 27th.

COTTON GOODS.—Khaki drill, suitable for pants and overalls; splendid for export; price below market; immediate deliveries. Shapiro Bros., 514 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS.—All kinds; also remnants and seconds, bleached and unbleached goods. Meyer Barish Mfg. Co., 545 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Three-thread, 68 pick, $1.15; four-thread, 80 pick, $1.35; white, flesh colors. C 390 Times.

DRESSES.—Come right over and see our most remarkable close out jobs of printed georgette dresses at $6.75; other georgettes from $9 up; poplins $8.75; crepe de chine $6; taffeta $5.75; 3,000 dresses ready for immediate delivery. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—New Fall serge and satin dress lines are ready for out-of-town jobbers; wonderful models, extraordinary values; serges have gone up considerably; our prices same as last year, $3.50 to $16.75. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—5,000 to close out, large variety; Georgettes, printed Georgettes, Satins, Crepe Meteors, Crepe de Chines, Taffetas, etc. M. Lugerman, 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—5,000 taffeta and satin; low prices; also big silk dresses and large assortment cotton dresses for immediate delivery. Pan-American, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—3,000 dainty printed voiles, ginghams, organdies, slaughtering prices; also printed georgettes, taffetas, closing prices. Emanuel, 48 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Girls' white graduation dresses; immediate shipment. Miss Metropolis Dress Co., 153 West 23d. Farragut 596.

DRESSES.—Georgette and cotton; immediate delivery. Cohen Polowan, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES, Skirts, Waists. — Immediate delivery. Hilton Waist Co., 48 West 20th.

KHAKI, gabardine and all wood military uniforms; ready for immediate delivery. Metropolitan Uniform Co., 77 East 10th St., near 4th Ave. Tel Stuyvesant 3806.

PANAMAS, poplins, tricotines, flannels, cheviots. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av.; Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—0036, 7614, 7301, Gilbert's 2080, S. B. G. L., 1133, 780; colors and velours. Mad. Sq. 7378.

SKIRTS.—High-grade white gabardine skirts to close out. Quality Skirt Co., 153 West 23d.

SUITS, Coats.—Straight line Spring navys; dolmans, capes; sell our extraordinarily cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

SUITS.—Taffeta suits and cloth capes, on the racks for immediate delivery. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th.

SUITS, Capes.—Blue, black serges, velour coats, Theodore Weiss, 25 West 27th St.

TAFETAS.—Skinner's, quantity; good assortment; will sell under the market. Fred. Winter Corp., 220 5th Av.

TISSUES.—Stripes and plaids; also check percales and plaid ginghams. Madison Square 7296.

VELOURS.—0360, 032, Stevens 6097, all shades, cheap; also No. 9 serge. Gramercy 7058.

WAISTS.—Cotton waists; quick delivery; low prices. S. Schlein, 1,270 Broadway.

WORSTED YARDS, 10,000 pounds, for sale; exceptional bargain. National Textile Mills, 48 West 22d St.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS.—We are open to make arrangements with a reliable party who can make silk waists: $3.75 and up; good clean workmanship, including pressing; will guarantee 52 weeks' work in the year; good opportunity for right party. Fair Waist and Dress, 1,372 Broadway.

CONTRACTORS on silk and cotton dresses; orders placed; bring samples. 7th floor, 15 West 24th.

Allied Industries.

PATTERNS.—Home patterns. The Home Pattern Co., Inc., 114 5th Av., New York, sole manufacturers of patterns for The Ladies' Home Journal. Telephone 4216 Chelsea.

Help Wanted.

MAN wanted for shipping department, one with experience, for wholesale house; apply in own handwriting, giving references; good opportunity for right man, L 615 Times Downtown.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN.—The Altex Petroleum Corporation is a high-class Texas refining and producing company. It is now paying 1½% dividends monthly from its earnings. We can use a few high-class salesmen and will furnish live leads; commission basis. Call at 220 5th Av., Suite 407.

SALESMAN.—We have an opening for a good live wire salesman and manager; one thoroughly experienced in selling cloaks and suits; steady position; salary and commission. The Bon Ton, 264 6th Av.

YOUNG MAN.—Refined, well-educated stenographer, typist; clerical work; intelligent, ambitious, trustworthy, and able to interview customers, to take charge of small salesroom and office silk business; good opportunity for rapid advancement. Apply by letter, stating experience, references, and salary wanted. Z 27 Times Annex.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN, 26, married, would connect with reliable popular price dress house; very good following in Pennsylvania; city and office trade; best references. M M 803 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....5@5¼ p. c. for the best names
Thursday .....5@5¼ p. c. for the best names
The quotations are for six months paper.

Moves by the Germans.

Indicative of what may be expected from German lace and embroidery interests anxious to get back into business was the story told by a man just returned from Europe. Some of the prominent German houses in this trade have already completed plans, he said, to move their factories to Switzerland and Belgium. Others are planning to operate factories in these countries under thinly disguised names. Controlling interests in these concerns, chiefly in Belgium where capital is lacking to start up enterprises, have been bought by the Germans.

Clothing on a Better Basis.

The evolution of the clothing industry has been watched with a good deal of interest by some of the old timers in that business. The conditions prevailing during the war and after the armistice have emphasized the fact, it was pointed out, that the time of the small one-machine house has passed. For one thing, a manufacturer long in the business stated, the retailers during these periods of stress learned to depend on the more representative houses and, with mills picking their customers, there was not the opportunity to pick up a piece of goods and start in manufacturing.

Silks Well Sold Up.

Buyers in the market to add to their orders of Fall silks have to do quite a little shopping these days to find manufacturers who are willing to put them down for a few extra pieces. What the first rush of purchases by retailers and manufacturers failed to take up, and it was a very small quantity, the jobbers went in and tied up. The result is that, unless the trade is willing to take deliveries well into the Fall, the manufacturers are unable to satisfy their demands. Satin goods continue to lead in the business placed.

Printcloth Prices Very High.

Printcloth prices again advanced smartly in the local gray goods market yesterday, and quotations on several constructions are now well above the levels set by the Government as wartime maximums. Buying apparently is getting more active as the market advances, and the end of the rise is said not to be in sight. Yesterday's sales were again largely restricted to goods wanted for delivery in the nearby months, but buyers were trying harder to place contracts than for some time. The mills, however, are for the most part playing safe. These sales were put through yesterday: 39-inch 80 squares, 22 cents; 39-inch 72-76s, 19 cents; 39-inch 68-72s, 16½ cents; 38½-inch 64-60s, 14¼ cents; 38½-inch 64-56s, 14 cents; 38½-inch 60-48s, 12½ cents; 37-inch 64-60s, 9¼ cents, and 27-inch 60-52s, 8¼ cents.

Jewelers Want Title 9 Repealed.

The repeal of Title 9 of the internal revenue law, which places a tax on many kinds of merchandise, including jewelry, that are supposed to come under the head of luxuries, is called for by resolutions adopted yesterday at a meeting of the leading jewelry interests of the country that was held in the Assembly Room of the Gillender Building. The general interest in this movement was shown by the large attendance at the meeting, delegations representing jewelry organizations being present from cities as far west as Chicago. The resolutions were forwarded last night by the Jewelers' Vigilance Committee to every member of the Senate and House of Representatives. Congressman Rainey of Illinois, who had been invited to address the meeting, was unable to attend because of pressure of Government business in Washington.

Platinum Prices Are High.

Platinum prices are strongly sustained in the local market, and reports were current yesterday to the effect that another advance is imminent. The quotation for medium platinum was $105 an ounce, while that containing 10 per cent. of iridium was held at $117 an ounce. The margin between the two prices is larger than usual, and is said to be due to the present scarcity and high cost of iridium. While trade opinions differ as to the amount of platinum now in the hands of the regular refiners and dealers, it was said yesterday that the Government still holds about $5,000,000 worth of the metal that was commandeered about a year ago for war purposes.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE, Md.—Hanneman, Jess Co.; L. W. Sapinsky, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d St.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Joel Gutman & Co.; J. G. Nassauer, dresses; 200 5th Ave.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; M. Hochschild, dry goods; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Caplan Bros.; M. Caplan, men's hats; Wallick.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; R. P. Smith, house furn. goods; 6 W. 32d; Herald Square.
BOISE, Idaho—C. C. Anderson & Co.; W. E. Graham, men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods, hats, trunks; 116 W. 32d.
BONHAM, Texas—M. Hermer, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way, R. 402.
BOSTON—Mitchell-Woodbury Co.; G. A. Stuart; Breslin.
BOSTON—Leopold Morse Co.; M. J. Marks, furs, children's clothing; Breslin.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; H. D. Johnson, boys' clothing; J. D. Granfield, men's furn. goods; 404 4th Av.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Farris Bros.; C. M. Farris, furniture; Broxtell.
CHICAGO—Hirsh, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Miss R. Grosse, trimmings; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Wilson Bros.; H. R. Wilson, men's furn goods; 218 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; W. Shenton, guns, sporting goods; 115 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Forsch Co., suitings, skirtings; McAlpin.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; Miss M. L. Roberts, shoes; 225 5th Av.; Collingwood.
DENVER.—Joslin D. G. Co.; Miss G. Mason, waists; 23 E. 26th; Woodward.
DETROIT—H. & B. Marks; H. Marks, furs; Gerard.
DUBUQUE, Iowa—Roshek Bros. Co.; F. H. Roshek, jobs silk dresses; R723, 1133 B'way.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—K. Stein, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.
GARY, Ind.—Miss M. Kish, millinery; Breslin.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; E. N. Allen, cloaks

WORKING MONEY

By serving a population of well over a million people in a diversified territory comprising 438 communities, the Middle West Utilities Company is assured of an unusually efficient employment of its invested dollar throughout the year.

This stability of earning power is an important element of strength behind the 3-year 6% notes of the company, due Sept., 1921. These notes are a prime investment and can be purchased today to yield about

7¼%

Write for circular T.M.

A.H. Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Assured Income

CITIES SERVICE COMPANY'S 8s public utility and 27 oil subsidiaries afford the investor the strength of diversified investments.

The Company is not subject to risks encountered by corporations restricted to a single line of business.

Preferred dividend was earned over five times in 1918.

Cities Service Preferred Stock yields about 7½% at present prices.

Monthly Dividends
Monthly Earning Statements
Write for Circular T. 198

Henry L. Doherty & Company
60 Wall Street
New York

Long Term Railroad Bonds

We have prepared a list of well known issues now selling at prices to yield from

4.90% to 7.10%

which ultimately should sell at much higher prices.

Copy on Request.

CHARLES W. HILL & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
2 Wall St. New York
Telephone Rector 4454

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American Cigar Co.
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George W. Helme Co.
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U. S. STEEL
COMMON

The Standard Statistics Company of New York has prepared for us an analysis of the book value of U. S. Steel common stock.

Copy on request.

Chandler Bros. & Co.
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The only operating Tin Mine in the United States

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Judge Gary's Optimistic Outlook Quickens Buying of Steel Stocks —General Business Better.

The cheerful outlook voiced by Chairman Gary of the Steel Corporation at the Spring meeting of the American Iron and Steel Institute yesterday, supplied the stock market with constructive material for which it had been looking for a week. Business quickly rose from a rather indefinite course into one marked by decided strength of steel and allied shares, while many others joined the movement forward. There was much in Judge Gary's remarks to stir the speculative imagination in respect to higher prices for stocks, and, by the same token, to cast gloom upon the calculations of those traders who recently sold the steel stocks short. The prediction that "from present appearances the production this year will exceed all former records" would probably have been received with amazement if it had been made by a steel producer less conservative than the head the largest unit. As it was the Wall Street community read it through twice, as presented by the news tickers, and then proceeded to scan general business prospects for evidence of potential activity such as the steel trade held forth.

The week's reports on general commercial activities appeared to show a much more substantial betterment than the steel and iron industry has recorded to date. In textile, building and other lines the improvement noted in the last seven days appears to be more pronounced than in any other similar period of the year. While the late Spring has hampered distribution in some localities, the surveys made by competent observers indicate that business is going ahead, returning to a normal basis with the demand for particular products, notably so-called luxuries, exceeding the supply. The outflow of wheat, amounting to 10,385,453 bushels from the United States and Canada, as reported to Bradstreet's for the week ended May 22, was one of the three largest weekly totals for the year, and forecasts another important expansion of our foreign trade during the current month. Undoubtedly, the industrial and business situation has been taking significant strides forward of late, and others beside Judge Gary have been basing their vision upon knowledge that a vast accumulation of orders for iron and steel is in process which must sooner or later find expression in orders. While blast furnaces are being closed down for lack of actual business, the needs of the country for new buildings, machinery, bridges, &c., must be increasing under the urge of work long delayed because of war necessities.

Steel common assumed the leadership in the day's market with a net gain of 4 points. The other steel stocks displayed strength less than this, but large enough to denote persistent buying. The railroad issues, while in fair demand, still dragged, supplying evidence once again that the unsettled problem of the carriers acts as a brake upon speculative interest in them. The bond market continued active, without bringing about any marked price advances among corporation securities. Liberty bonds receded somewhat. Investment bankers look for irregular movements—illustrated by yesterday's reaction and the previous day's rise—in the war bonds until the market tendency of the Victory notes is revealed after open trading begins in this latter issue. The possibility of the Victory 4¼s advancing shortly above par is the subject of much mental speculation in investment circles.

The foreign exchange market recorded the first good recovery since the declining process gained force earlier in the month. French cables moved from a minimum quotation of 6.64 up to 6.58, closing at 6.60 with a gain of 7 centimes. At 8.61 Italian cable rates ended the day higher than on Thursday. Sterling improved slightly after covering a rather wide range, and the Scandinavian exchanges also moved in favor of the foreign markets. Call money was easier, for while most loans were made at 5½ and 5 per cent., the quotation later receded to 3½ per cent.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	5	High	5½
Low	4½	Low	4½
Renewals	5	Renewals	5½
Last	5	Last	4

Call Loans on Acceptances.
Prime eligible acceptances.....6½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5½	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5½	Four months	5½
Five months	5½	Five months	5½
Six months	5½	Six months	5½

Bank Acceptances.
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4¾@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5¼@5

Commercial Paper.
30 to 90 days.....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months.....5 @5¼

Other Names.
4 to 6 months.....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Changes.
Demand	$4.64¾	$4.63¾	$4.63¾	+.00¾
Cables	4.65¼	4.64¼	4.64¼	+.00¾
France—				
Demand	6.60	6.66	6.62	+.07
Cables	6.58	6.64	6.60	+.07

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8685	London	$4.63½	$4.64¾
5.1813	Paris	6.62	6.60
5.1813	Belgium	6.65	6.60
	China—		
	Hongkong	53.00	53.10
	Shanghai	123.00	123.25
	Peking	131.00	131.25
40.29	Holland	39.25	37.4375
19.30	Greece	19.25	19.30
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	40.00	40.25
	Calcutta	40.00	40.25
5.1813	Italy	5.63	5.61
49.85	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.50	51.75
	Yokohama	51.50	51.75
19.30	Spain	20.10	20.18
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.50	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	25.00	25.25
	Copenhagen	23.40	23.60
	Christiania	25.00	25.25
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	44.00	44.125
32.44	Rio	27.75	27.875
5.1813	Switzerland	5.13	5.09¾
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	11.55	11.65
	500 rubles	11.45	11.55

The following exchange rates are quoted by the American Relief Administration for dealings in which it is the exclusive authorized agency:

	Marks Per Dollar.
Germany	12.64
Poland	10.5
Finland	9.30
Czechoslovakia	*16.5

*Kronen per dollar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
Nominal.		$4.60¾	$4.59¾

Clearing House Exchanges.
Clearing House exchanges, $701,780,122; balances, $66,760,992; Sub-Treasury debit balance $333,319; Federal Reserve credit balance, $54,028,723.

Domestic Exchanges.
Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.0625.

Silver Quotations.
Bar silver in London, 51¾d; in New York, $1.01½; Mexican dollars, 84@89c.

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$13,564,387	$155,745,320
Internal revenue:		
Income and excess profits taxes	36,363,574	2,032,867,256
Miscellaneous	84,514,273	1,138,831,330
Miscellaneous, rev.	79,548,080	577,509,792
Total receipts	$213,990,315	$3,890,923,699
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	406,978,811	16,021,552,429
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	96,785,784	899,158,790
Expenditures	$20,996,127	15,921,476,123

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	1,338,227	889,630	1,648,156
Year to date	99,065,936	58,030,271	78,084,363

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
58¼	61	2,000	Adams Express	63	64	58½	61	+3
32	32½	700	Advance Rumely	31⅜	32	31½	32	+ ⅛
86½	87	400	Ajax Rubber	86⅞	86⅞	86½	86½	
		900	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅞	3⅞	3¾	3¾	
2⅜	2¾	1,800	Alaska Juneau	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
42⅝	42¾	18,600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	42⅜	43⅜	42	42¾	+ ⅛
04	04½	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	94	94	94	94	
110¾	111	4,800	Am. Agricul. Chem.	108⅞	111⅛	108⅞	110½	+2⅜
80½	81	2,600	Am. Beet Sugar	81	81	80½	80½	+ ⅛
96	97½	800	Am. Bosch Magneto	93¼	94½	93½	94	+ ⅛
54⅞	55	7,700	Am. Can	54⅜	55¼	54⅜	55	+ ⅛
102	102¼	2,100	Am. Car & Fdry	102¼	102⅞	101⅝	102⅜	+ ⅛
86¼	86½	7,500	Am. Cotton Oil	84¼	86¾	84¼	85⅝	+1⅜
13¼	13½	300	Am. Druggists	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	— ⅛
100	102	1,100	Am. Express	100	102	99	102	+6
33⅜	33⅝	2,700	Am. H. & Leather	33⅜	34	33½	33½	
101⅜	102⅜	2,100	Am. H. & L. pf	120½	122	120½	122	+1⅛
55¼	55½	4,800	Am. Ice	53¾	55⅜	53¾	55¼	+1⅜
70¾	71	700	Am. Ice pf	71	71	71	71	
92⅜	92⅞	22,500	Am. International	92	92⅞	90⅝	92⅜	+1⅞
63¼	64	2,000	Am. Linseed	63¼	64	63¼	63¾	
94	96	300	Am. Linseed pf	95	95	95	95	
81	81⅜	7,900	Am. Locomotive	81⅜	81⅜	80¼	81	+⅜
3	3½	2,300	Am. Malting	3¼	3¼	3¼	3½	
78¾	79	1,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	78⅜	79	78¾	79	+ ⅛
107	107½	500	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	107¼	107¼	107	107	— ⅛
36⅞	36⅞	10,600	Am. Steel Fdries	36⅝	37	36½	36⅝	— ⅛
131½	131⅝	3,000	Am. Sugar Ref	132	132½	131	132	+ ⅛
106⅝	107	2,250	Am. Sumatra Tob	106⅞	108	106½	106½	— ⅜
		8,260	Do. rights	3⅛	4⅜	3⅛	4	
105⅞	106	1,400	Am. Tob. & Tel	106	106¼	105¾	106¼	
208	208	300	Am. Tobacco	208½	208½	208½	208½	+5¼
100	101	100	Am. Tob. pf new	100	100	100	100	
84¾	85	5,700	Am. Woolen	85	86½	84½	85	+1⅝
101	101⅝	200	Am. Woolen pf	101½	101½	101½	101¼	+ ⅛
44½	44¾	1,100	Am. Writing P. pf	45	45	44¾	44¾	
49½	51	400	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	49¼	49¾	49¼	49¾	
63¼	63½	9,500	Anaconda Copper	67¼	68⅜	67⅛	68⅜	+ ⅛
1⅞	2	100	Assets Realization	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
51⅜	51⅞	10,000	Assoc. Dry Goods	48⅝	52	48¾	51¾	+3⅜
77	79	100	As. Dry Gds. 1st pf	79	79	79	79	
90¼	91	200	Associated Oil	90	90	90	90	
97½	98	7,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	96¼	98¼	96½	97¼	+1⅜
86	87	400	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	87	87	86½	86½	+ ⅛
103	104	700	Atlantic Coast Line	104	104½	103½	103½	—1½
162	164	700	At., Gulf & West I	164	164½	163	163	— ⅞
100	100¼	32,300	Baldwin Loco	100⅜	101⅜	99½	100¼	
105	108	200	Baldwin Loco. pf	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	
54¼	54½	1,100	Baltimore& Ohio	53⅝	54⅞	53⅝	54½	+ ⅛
58	60	100	Baltimore & O. pf	58	58	58	58	
137	137¼	500	Barrett Co	137	137	136½	137	+ ⅛
	2	100	Batopilas Mining	2	2	2	2	— ⅛
78⅝	79	19,500	Beth. Steel, class B	76¾	79	76½	79	+2
112	112½	600	Beth. Steel 8% pf	112	112	111¾	111⅝	+ ⅛
23⅝	23¾	19,000	Booth Fisheries	24½	24½	23¾	23¾	+ ⅛
26⅜	27	3,800	Brklyn Rapid Tran	26¼	27	26¼	26⅞	+ ⅛
24⅞	25¼	2,100	Do. cfs. of dep	24½	25¼	24⅝	25	+ ⅛
87½	88	400	Bklyn Union Gas	86½	88	86½	87½	+⅝
90	92¼	100	Brown Shoe	92	92	92	92	
8½	10	200	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. S	9	9	9	9	—1
	60	10	Buf., Roch. & Pitts	60	60	60	60	
71	75	100	Buffalo & Susqueh	75	75	75	75	
27	27½	200	Butterick Co	27	27	27	27	— ⅛
118⅜	119	100	Butte & Superior	118	119	118	119	+ ⅛
23⅝	24	500	Butte Cop. & Zinc	12	13¼	12⅜	13½	+ ⅜
24¼	24⅝	500	Butte & Superior	24⅛	24⅞	24⅛	24⅞	+ ⅛
49¼	49¾	8,500	Caddo Cent. O. & R	49¼	49¾	48¾	49¼	+ ⅛
65⅞	66	1,800	California Packing	66⅛	66⅛	66	66	
21⅝	22	2,000	California Petrol	32¾	32¾	32	32	— ¼
80	80	300	California Pet. pf	79⅝	80	79⅝	79⅝	— ¼
165¼	166	400	Canadian Pacific	166	168¼	166	166	— ¼
99	100	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	99¼	99¾	99¼	99¼	— ¼
21½	22	400	Central Foundry	22	22¼	22	22	—2½
49	49¾	600	Central Foundry pf	49	49¾	48½	49¼	+ ⅛
91⅝	91⅞	9,000	Central Leather Co	91¼	92	91¼	91⅝	+ ⅛
110	111½	700	Central Leather pf	111¼	111¾	111¼	111½	+ ⅛
42	44	200	Certain-teed Prod	43¾	45	42	42	—2
44	44⅜	1,000	Cerro de Pasco Cop	44¼	44¾	43¾	44	+ ⅛
180	185	4,100	Chandler Motor	168	184	168	180	+12¾
		900	Chesapeake & Ohio	66¼	67	66¼	67	+1
12½	15½	100	Chicago & Alton pf	15	15	15	15	
10¼	10¾	400	Chi. Great Western	10¼	10¾	10¼	10¾	
28	29	100	Chi. Great West. pf	25¾	29	25¾	29	+ ⅛
		3,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P	45¾	46	45¾	45¾	+ ⅛
		700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	71¾	71¾	71	71¾	+1
101	101⅜	1,300	Chi. & Northwest'n	100½	101⅜	100½	100½	
130½	131½	200	Chi. & Northw. pf	130½	132	130½	131	— ⅜
29⅞	30	11,100	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	29	30¼	29	30	+1
82⅜	82⅝	400	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	82¼	82¼	82	82¼	+ ⅛
70¾	70¾	400	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	69½	70¾	69½	70¾	+ ⅛
23½	23⅝	2,400	Chile Copper	23¼	23⅝	23¼	23⅝	+ ⅛
38¼	38½	2,400	Chino Copper	38¾	38¾	38	38¼	—1
46½	47	1,300	Col. Fuel & Iron	46¾	47	46	47	+ ⅛
29	30	400	Col. & Southern	29	29¾	29	29¾	+ ⅛
54⅞	55	13,300	Columbia Gas & El	54	55¼	54	55	+1⅛
45⅝	47¾	200	Comput. Tab. Rec	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	+1⅛
101½	102½	1,700	Consolidated Gas	100	103¼	100	101⅝	+1⅛
8⅞	8¾	900	Con. Int. Cal. Min	8¼	8¾	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛
86¼	86⅝	2,600	Continental Can	86¾	87¼	86⅜	86⅝	+ ⅛
70	71	100	Continental Insur	71	71	71	71	
63¼	63¾	24,200	Corn Products Ref	62½	63½	62	63¼	+1¼
76¾	76⅞	11,800	Crucible Steel	74½	76¾	74½	76½	+2½
97¾	98	700	Crucible Steel pf	97¼	97¾	97¼	97¾	
35⅝	35⅞	8,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	34¼	36⅛	34¼	35⅝	+1⅞
81½	82¼	1,100	Cuba Cane S. pf	81½	82¼	81½	82	+1⅜
113	114	200	Delaware & Hud	114	114	114	114	
11¼	11½	700	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	11¼	11¼	11	11	
120	123	15	Detroit Edison Co	122½	122½	122½	122½	
14½	15	200	Dome Mines	15	15	15	15	+ ⅛
		200	Do. cash	15	15½	15	15¼	
29¼	30	200	Elk Horn Coal	29½	29¾	29½	29¾	+ ⅛
19	19½	1,900	Erie	18¾	19¾	18¾	19¾	+ ⅛
30½	30¾	600	Erie 1st pf	30¾	31	30¾	30¾	+ ⅛
21½	22½	100	Erie 2d pf	21¾	21¾	21¾	21½	+ ⅛
135	135	700	Federal Min. & S	134½	136¼	134½	134½	— ⅝
42¼	43	1,700	Fed. M. & S. pf xd	42¾	43¾	42¾	43¾	+1¼
78½	78¾	900	Fisher Body	79	79¾	78¼	79	+ ⅛
35⅝	35⅞	3,600	Gaston, W. & W	35¾	36	35¾	35¾	
187	193	25	General Chemical	187½	187½	187½	187½	
81⅜	81¾	5,500	General Cigar	80¾	82	80¾	81⅝	+1¼
164½	165¾	900	General Electric	165¼	165¾	163	165¾	+ ⅜
188	188½	4,500	General Motors	187½	188	187	188	+2½
90	90¾	700	General Motors deb	90	90¾	90	90	
71	71½	1,600	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	70¾	71½	70¾	71	— ¼
70	70¾	300	Granby Consol	70	70¾	70	70¾	— ¼
97⅜	98	1,400	Great Northern pf	97¾	98¼	97¾	98	+ ⅛
47¼	47⅝	4,800	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	46¾	47¼	46¾	47¼	+ ⅛
41¾	42	400	Greene-Can. Cop	42	42	42	42	+ ⅛
72⅛	73½	1,800	Gulf States Steel	71¾	73¾	71	72⅜	+2⅝
100	100	100	Gulf, Mob. & Nor	11	11	11	11	
200	200	200	Gulf, Mob.& Nor.pf	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	+ ⅛
79	83	100	Hartman Corp	79	79	79	79	+ ⅛
58⅜	59¾	1,000	Haskell & Barker	58⅜	59½	58⅜	59	
55	56¾	4,400	Inspiration Copper	54⅝	55¾	54⅝	55¾	+ ⅛
	6½	8,200	Interboro Consol	6¼	6¾	6¼	6¾	+ ⅛
24	24½	3,400	Interboro Con. pf	24½	24½	24	24	+ ⅛
26¾	27	3,100	Int. Agricultural	25⅝	27	25	26¾	+2⅜
83½	85	1,600	Int. Agricultural pf	84	84	81¾	84	+ ⅛
130	131½	1,300	Int. Harvester new	130¾	132	130¼	130¼	+ ⅛
115		100	Int. Harv. pf., new	117	117	117	117	— ⅛
47½	47¾	32,700	Int. Mer. Marine	47	47¾	45¾	47⅜	+1⅝
124½	124⅝	9,100	Int. Mer. Marine pf	123¾	124⅞	123¾	124⅝	+1⅝
26½	26⅝	8,100	Int. Nickel	26½	26⅝	26¼	26⅜	+ ⅛
53⅜	54	8,700	Int. Paper	53⅜	54½	53	54¼	+1
76	76½	800	Int. Paper pf., sta	76	76	76	76½	+1½
38⅝	38⅝	300	Jewel Tea	39	39	39	39	+ ⅞
23½	23¾	900	Kansas City South	24	24	23½	23¾	— ⅛
120	125	100	Kayser (J.) & Co	124	124	124	124	—5
119	119⅝	1,300	Kelly Springf. Tire	118¾	119⅝	118¾	119¼	+1¼
34½	35¼	3,900	Kennecott Copper	34½	35¼	34½	35¼	+ ⅛
90¾	90¾	3,900	Keystone Tire & R	89¾	91	89	90¾	+1½
82¾	82½	6,600	Lackawanna Steel	81¾	82½	80	82¼	+1½
71	73	1,100	Laclede Gas	73	73	70	72¾	+1½
24	24	100	Lake Erie & W. pf	21½	21¾	21½	21¾	—1½
32½	32⅝	100	Lee Rubber & Tire	32½	32½	32½	32½	
58⅜	58⅝	1,100	Lehigh Valley	58½	58⅞	58½	58⅝	+ ⅛
111	113	100	Liggett & Myers pf	111¾	111¾	111¼	111¼	—1½
55½	56½	300	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	56½	56¾	56½	56½	+1½
120	121	100	Louis. & Nash	121	121	121	121	
116	118½	300	Manhattan Shirt	116	118	116	118	
44⅝	45	2,400	Maxwell Motors	44	45¾	44	45¼	—1
72	73	6,000	Max. Motors 1st pf	72	73¾	72	73	+2½
35½	36	1,600	Max. Motors 2d pf	35¼	36	35¼	36	+1½
95	96¼	300	May Dept. Stores	95¾	95¾	95	95	—1
181	181½	7,700	Mexican Petroleum	182	182	180	181¾	+ ⅝
27¼	27½	400	Miami Copper	28¾	27½	28¾	27½	+ ⅛
90	109	7	Michigan Central	92	92	92	92	
		11,100	Midvale Steel	48	48¾	47¾	48¾	+1¼
		100	Minn. & St. L. new	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ⅛
		2,300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
		900	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	22	22	19¾	19¾	—2½
		6,600	Missouri Pacific	32¼	33½	32¼	32½	+ ½
		200	Missouri Pacific pf	56½	56½	56	56	
		100	Montana Power	72½	72½	72½	72¼	+ ⅛
		10	Morris & Essex	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼	
		800	Nat. Acme	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼	
		300	Nat. Cloak & Suit	83	83	83	83	— ⅛
		13,500	Nat. Cond. & Cable	19¼	21¼	19¼	20¼	+1
		3,400	Nat. Enam. & St	63¼	67½	63¼	65¼	+2½
		4,500	Nat. Lead	77¾	78⅞	77¾	78¼	+2½
		100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	10	10	10	10	+ ½
		1,400	Nevada Con. Cop	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	+ ½
		100	N. O., Tex. & Mex	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	+ ⅛
		100	N. Y. Air Brake	119	119	119	119	+ ½
		3,900	N. Y. Central	80¾	81⅞	80¾	81⅝	+ ⅞
		1,400	N. Y. Dock	33	33½	32¾	32¾	— ⅜
		600	N. Y. Dock pf	52	55	52	55	+4
		3,600	N. Y., N. H. & H	32	33¼	32	32¼	+ ½
		100	N. Y., Ont. & West	22¼	22¼	22¼	22½	— ½
		100	Norfolk & Western	110¼	111½	110	111½	+ ⅞
		2,500	North American	60¼	61¾	60¾	61¾	+2⅜
		2,200	Northern Pacific	96⅝	97¾	96⅝	97⅜	+ ⅞
		5,800	Nova Scotia S. & C	68⅝	73¾	68	72	+4½
		80,400	Ohio Cities Gas	54¾	56	54⅜	55½	+2⅝
		200	Ontario Mining	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
		31,500	Okla. Prod. & Ref	12½	12⅝	12¼	12⅜	— ⅛
		400	Owens Bottle	55	56	55½	55½	— ⅛
		800	Pacific Mail	38¼	39	38¼	38¾	+1
		11,400	Pan-Am. P. & T	93	95¼	93¾	94¼	— ¼
		100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	163	163	163	163	— ½
		1,800	Penn. Seab. Steel	35¾	38	35¾	38	+2½
		8,500	Penn. R. R	47¼	47¾	47¼	47¾	+ ⅛
		8,900	People's Gas, Chi	53¾	55¾	53¾	55¼	+2½
		100	Peoria & Eastern	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	+ ⅛
		2,900	Pere Marquette	22¾	23½	22¾	22¾	+ ½
		300	Pere Marq. prior pf	63	63	62¼	62¼	+ ½
		3,800	Philadelphia Co	40¾	41¾	40¾	41¾	+1⅛
		7,100	Pierce-Arrow	50¾	51¾	50¾	51	+ ⅝
		7,000	Pierce Oil	26¾	26¾	26¼	26¼	
		16,700	Pittsburgh Coal	58	59¼	58	59¼	+1⅝
		100	Pittsburgh Coal pf	89¼	89½	89½	89½	+ ½
		1,500	Pitts. & West Va	37¾	38	37¼	37⅝	+ ¼
		200	Pond Creek Coal	16¼	17¼	16¼	17¼	+ ¼
		300	Pressed Steel Car	79½	79¾	79¼	79¼	— ¼
		300	Pullman Co	125¾	128¾	125¾	128½	+ ⅝
		2,400	Punta Alegre Sugar	56	56	54½	54½	—1½
		800	Railway & Light	89¼	89¾	89¼	89¾	+ ¾
		1,100	Ray Con. Copper	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	+ ⅛
		7,900	Reading	88	88⅞	87½	88¼	+ ¾
		100	Reading 2d pf	39	39	39	39	
		8,100	Rep. Iron & Steel

DISCUSSES PROBLEM OF RAILROAD CREDIT

Paul M. Warburg Declares Nation Would Profit if Carriers Regained Their Position.

OUTLINES A BROAD PLAN

Sees Sentiment Favoring a Small Number of Large Systems Under Federal Charter.

Addressing the monthly luncheon meeting of the Bond Club yesterday, Paul M. Warburg said that a satisfactory solution of the American railroad problem, which would restore railroad credit to a point where the carriers could offer their securities at prices not unduly low, would aid in the absorption of Government war bonds and the advancing of them to par or higher and at the same time lay the foundation for the development here of a broad market for foreign securities.

The positive advantages which the Government would derive from such a situation, Mr. Warburg said, might be realized by considering only one phase of the situation. A return to par for Liberty Bonds, accompanied by a recovery of only half the shrinkage in value of railroad securities in the last few years, would give to the nation an addition to its taxable wealth of about $3,000,000,000.

Commenting on the trend of public opinion in favor of a return of the railroads to private operation and control, Mr. Warburg said it was encouraging to note that public opinion generally was in favor of an early return after enactment of legislation assuring them adequate protection on a basis which would permit them to live and expand. In this respect, he thought, the President's recent message to Congress had put a quietus on the fear that the roads would be thrown back upon their owners without remedial legislation, and, also, the President had placed the responsibility squarely upon Congress to enact a sound railroad reform bill within the next six months.

Discusses Future Legislation.

"A general agreement appears to have been reached on the part of most students of the question that the future legislation must contain a clear and binding definition of what is to be considered the fair value of the carriers and as to what is to constitute an adequate return on such fair value, and, furthermore, that the law must contain an unqualified assurance that this return cannot be regulated away from the carriers," said Mr. Warburg. "Finally, there seems to be a consensus of opinion that railroad reform must bring about a unification of our hundreds of individual railroads into a small number of large systems operating under Federal charters, and competing in service, though not in rates.

"We may take it as admitted, I believe, that a majority of the American people do not favor regional railroad monopolies, but desire a system of strong and competing railroads. This leads to the inevitable conclusion that the law must leave an opportunity for earnings sufficient to preserve a private enterprise and rivalry, though on the other hand it is conceded that the interest of the public require restriction of railroad profits in case they exceed certain limits.

Phases of the Problem.

"This is great progress auguring well for the finding of a sound and fair solution even though we must realize that it is one thing to announce the broad principles and another to master the intricate questions of technique and detail. These, however, will appear much less puzzling when the complex problem is properly dissected into its three phases, in which it must be treated. They are: The final stage of possibly between 20 and 30 consolidated Federal railway systems operating under a law making the rates based on the established aggregate value of the properties grouped in traffic sections; the intermediate stage covering the time necessary to complete consolidations and valuations, and finally, the first stage, including the immediate steps necessary to disentangle the railroads from Government operation and to put them back on their own feet.

"No doubt some attempts will be made in Congress to reduce further than wise and equitable the adequate return to be permitted to private capital. But safety lies in the consideration that any policy of undue niggardliness would defeat the very object of the legislation, which is the re-establishment of railroad credit and the preservation of a healthy spirit of private efficiency and enterprise. Private capital realizes that it must be satisfied with a return minimum that will accomplish these ends; on the other hand, any encroachment upon that minimum must needs lead to Government ownership and operation.

"The country begins to understand that where the price of goods increased by about 200 per cent. since 1896, the cost of transportation in the same period is estimated to have risen only about 40 per cent. for passenger fares and 20 per cent. for freight rates. It begins to comprehend, furthermore, that one year's increase in wages, estimated at $1,250,000,000, equals about three times the total amount of the annual railroad dividends paid by all railroads combined. And when it is fully appreciated that the question of a successful or abortive legislation may depend upon the grant or denial of an additional return of less than $100,000,000, the people will leave no doubt as to their wishes in the matter. That addition, if it results in establishing a healthy and permanent basis for private railroad operation, in its direct and indirect results would prove one of the greatest savings ever made by the country."

Protection of Investors.

Mr. Warburg also took up the question of protecting investors, so that Government bonds might be thoroughly distributed and not forced to meet the competition of cheap and worthless emissions of stock swindlers. He suggested that in each Federal Reserve district a committee, possibly unofficial, be formed which would be charged with the duty of examing new security issues, not with authority to prohibit any, but with power to say whether or not the securities, in the opinion of the committee, were valuable and contributed to the economic needs of the community.

"If committees of this sort were organized," he said, "the public could soon be warned that no security should be considered unless the prospectus showed the certification number of the Securities Committee of the district."

That, he thought, would greatly help the investment market and would open the way for the United States taking its place in world finance, by increasing the confidence of the people and securing their co-operation in absorbing securities from all parts of the world.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.85	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½, 5, 6	5.90	5.55
Can. Northern	1919-'29	4½, 5, 6	6.25	6.00
Can. Pacific	1919-'26	5	5.90	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.70	5.40
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.65	5.25
Chi., R. I. & P.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.35	5.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.85	5.40
Chicksaw Rfln.	1919-'21	6	7.35	7.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.25	5.75
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.75	5.45
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.40	5.80
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@6	5.70	5.50
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.70	5.30
Michigan Central	1919-'27	5 @6	5.90	5.70
Minn. & St. L.	1919-'27	5	6.30	6.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1919-'23	5	7.10	6.00
Mo. Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.10	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.30	5.70
N. Y. C. Lines	1919-'28	4½@5	5.80	5.40
N. Y. Cent. Rail'd.	1919-'24	5	5.90	5.70
Norfolk & West.	1919-'24	4½	5.65	5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@5-6	6.50	6.00
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.60	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'27	4½	5.65	5.40
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	6.75	5.75
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.70	5.25
Southern Railway	1919-'24	4½@5	6.10	5.95
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	6.00	5.80

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chg'e.
25 railroads	67.42	66.70	67.05	+ .33
25 industrials	100.72	99.25	100.43	+1.36
50 stocks	84.07	82.97	83.74	+ .85

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chg'e.
May 22	83.67	82.56	82.89	+ .06
May 21	83.81	82.65	82.83	- .42
May 20	83.61	82.37	83.25	+ .39
May 19	84.27	82.63	82.86	- .64
May 17	83.88	83.15	83.50	+ .30
May 16	83.96	82.43	83.20	+ .71

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

May	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919.	84.27 May 19	78.50 May 1	83.74
†1918.	74.22 May 16	67.58 May 1	69.33
1917.	83.78 May 31	75.77 May 9	82.77
1916.	89.16 May 25	82.39 May 5	87.94
1915.	72.94 May 1	64.14 May 10	67.06

*To date.

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919.	84.27 May 19	69.73 Jan. 21	83.74
†1918.	74.22 May 16	64.12 Jan. 15	70.85
	Full Years.		
1918.	86.16 Nov. 13	64.12 Jan. 15	73.39
1917.	90.46 Jan. 4	57.43 Dec. 20	65.83
1916.	101.52 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915.	94.13 Oct. 22	58.90 Feb. 24	91.38

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.68	+.15	+1.76 +.81

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

May 22	78.53 —.01	May 15	78.24 +.23
May 21	78.54 +.09	May 14	78.01 +.19
May 20	78.45 —.02	May 15	77.82 +.04
May 19	78.43 +.21	May 12	77.79 +.25
May 17	78.22	May 10	77.54 +.02
May 16	78.22 —.02	May 9	77.52 +.02

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1919.	79.01 Jan. 3	76.60 Mar. 31	78.68
†1918.	77.87 May 24	75.77 Apr. 5	77.87
	Full Years.		
1918.	82.36 Nov. 12	75.85 Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48 Jan. 20	74.24 Dec. 20	74.54
1916.	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov.	5	May 15,'20	99½	99¼	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.50
Dom. of Can.	5	Apr., 1921	98⅜	98⅜	6.05
Dom. of Can.	5	Dec., 1925	95⅞	96⅛	5.65
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99½	99⅝	5.40
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99	100	6.00
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	98	98⅜	5.95
Russian Govt.	6½	June 1919	58	59	..
Do rubles	6½	Feb.14,'26	11⅞	17	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	45	48	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99¼	100¼	5.40
War F. Corp.	5	Apr., 1920	99⅝	99⅞	5.00
Company Issues.					
A. B. Mag.	7	Jan.,'20-22	100	101	6.40
Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100¾	100½	5.25
Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	98	7.80
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1928	101¼	102	5.75
A., T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	100	100¼	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100¼	100⅜	5.15
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	102	102⅛	5.35
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¾	102⅝	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	103½	103¾	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅞	104¼	5.90
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	98	100	6.00
B. & O. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.85
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100	100¼	5.50
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	101	101⅜	5.55
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	101½	101¾	6.10
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	102¼	102⅜	6.00
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	102¾	102⅞	6.25
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	101	101⅜	5.75
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	91	92½	7.30
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	99	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	98½	99½	6.20
Chi., B. & Q.	4	July 19,'21	95⅜	96	6.15
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	98¾	98¾	6.45
Con. G. & P. Bal.	7	Aug., 1922	100¾	101⅛	6.50
Cub. Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1919	100¼	100⅝	5.40
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99⅞	100¼	5.75
Cudahy P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102½	102⅝	6.15
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	99	99⅜	..
Dug. L. Co.	6	July, 1921	99⅜	100¼	5.85
Fed. Sug. Rf.	6	Jan., 1924	99½	100¼	6.20
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100¼	100⅜	5.20
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100¼	100⅜	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	95	99½	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	99½	99⅝	..
Hocking Val. R. R. Co.	6	Mar., 1924	98¼	98½	5.40
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97½	99½	8.60
Leslie Co.	6	Jan., 1920	100½	100⅝	6.00
Met. Edison.	6	Dec., 1920	94	97½	10.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.25
Okla. G. & E.	7	Apr., 1920	99	99⅜	7.70
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	9.10
Ott. Ry. & L. 1st & reg.	5	June, 1924	88	91	..
Pac. G. & E.	7	Apr., 1920	97	99½	8.80
Pac. G. & E.	7	Nov., 1921	97¼	99⅝	5.85
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	96¾	97¼	..
Pitts. & S. R. A.	6	Mar., 1920	99¾	100⅛	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101	101½	5.00
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¼	102⅝	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102¾	103¼	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103¾	104¼	5.70
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	97¾	97⅞	7.60
Roch. & S. T.	7	Sep., 1921	100	101	6.55
San Diego C. G. E. & E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	8.10
Shawinigan W. & P.	6	Dec., 1919	100½	111	..
St. G. & E.	6	Sep., 1921	97	99	7.90
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	99¾	99⅞	6.15
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	100¾	101	6.25
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	99	99¾	7.10
United L. & R. Sec.	6	May, 1920	97	99	8.10
U. L. & R. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	96	99	7.70
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	91	92½	8.35
W. E. & M.	6	Feb. 19,'20	100½	100⅝	5.65

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.
Airplane	1	2
Am. Oil	6	6½
Boston Wyo.	67	69
Bohemia	96	1¼
Butte Lon.	13	18
Champion	2	3
Calaveras	1⅛	..
Chief	3⅜	3½
Con Copper	5¼	5½
Cortez	19	20
Crystal	16	18
Crown Res.	53	45
Earl-Eagle	..	3
Eagle B. B.	2½	2⅝
Fortuna	1	..
Houghton	50	1
Homa	45	52
La Rose	45	48
Iron Blos.	38	42
Iron Cap.	10½	11½
J. Verde	70	80
Majestic	19	20
Mex. Metals	17	19
Moj. Tung.	16	18
New Butte	..	1⅛
Nat. L. & Z.	11	14
Nixon	20	22
Nev. Doug.	12	18
Oneco	15	17
Ondagas	45	75
Rainier	80	85
S. W. Miami	3	3½
Seven Metals	33	50
Texona	45	1.47
V. V. Ext.	37½	38
Victoria	..	1
Yukon	80	1

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99¾	99⅞
Anglo-French 5s	97½	97½
Argentine 5s	85	86¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98¾	98¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	98¼	98¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅝	97⅞
Chinese Government 5s	69	71⅝
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	99½	99⅝
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	93½	93½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	84½	85
Dominican Republic 5s	99	..
City of Bordeaux 6s	99¼	99½
City of Lyons 6s	99¼	99½
City of Marseilles 6s	99¼	99¾
City of Paris 6s	97¾	98
Japanese 4½s	91½	92¼
Japanese 4½s, second series	91½	92¼
Japanese 4s	79	..
City of Tokio 5s	80½	..
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	99¾	99¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98¾	98¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	99¼	99¾
United States of Mexico 6s	69½	71
United States of Mexico 4s	56½	58¾
Russian Government 4s, 1894	20	..

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	99¾	99¾
2s, c, 1930	99½	99¾
3s, r, 1946	89	92
3s, c, 1946	89	92
3s, r, 1925	106	106½
3s, c, 1925	106½	106½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	..	98¾
Pan 2s, c, 1936	..	98¾
Pan 2s, r, 1938	..	98¾

	Bid.	Asked.
Pan 2s, c, 1938	98¾	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	89	92
Pan 3s, c, 1961	89	92
P I 4s, '34	90	96
P I 4s, '35	90	96
P I 4s, '36	90	96
Dist. of C 3-65s	97	100

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adv R pf.	65¾	69
Alb & Sus.	185	..
Am Ag Ch pf	100½	101½
Am B N.	39½	41
Do pf.	46½	50
Am B Sug pf.	92½	95
Am Br Sh.	83	95
Am C pf.	102½	103½
Am C & F pf.	116½	117
Am Coal.	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	90	93
Am Lo pf.	106½	108
Am M 1st pf.	57	58
Am Shipb.	130½	142
Am Sm pf.	93	94
Am Snuff.	120	125
Do pf.	95	100
Am S Ref pf.	118	119
Am S Tob pf.	93½	..
Am T & C.	60	65
Am Zinc.	16½	16¾
Ann Arbor.	4½	5
Do pf.	10½	30
Asso D G 1st pf.	77	80½
2d pf.	77	80½
A, B & A.	8	10
A, G & W I pf.	72	76
Barrett Co pf.	116½	118½
B'ch Cr'k.	29¾	..
Beth Steel.	78½	79½
Do 7% pf.	99	..
B & S pf.	50¾	52
B'klyn Ed.	98	100
Br Sh pf.	100	101¾
B, R & P pf.	30	35
Burns Br.	150	151
Do pf.	99¾	102
Bush Ter.	80	97
Cal Sec.	45½	48½
C R R of N J.	203	225
C & S A pf.	110	116
C'tain-teed 1st pf.	88	90
Chi & Alt.	10	12
C & E Ill.	7½	8½
Do pf.	6	7
Chi, St P, M & Om.	70	74
Do pf.	105	115
C, C, C & St L pf.	46	47
Do pf.	70	74
Do spec.	38	..
Clu-Peab.	70	72½
Do pf.	103	105½
Col F pf.	100	120
C & S 1st pf.	55	58
Do 2d pf.	47	51
Cont C pf.	109	115
Corn P R pf.	107	108½
Crex Carp.	58	61
C-Am Sug.	180	197
Do pf.	104	107
D & Co pf.	99	100
D, L & W.	210	214
D & R G.	7½	8
Det & M.	85	90
Det T Sh.	162	165½
Dia Match.	113½	116
D, S S & A pf.	4½	5½
Do pf.	9	10
Elec S B.	73	76
Elk L C pf.	47	70
Erie & P.	..	77
F M & S.	13	15
Fisher Body pf.	100	102
Gen Ch pf.	102½	104
Gen Cig pf.	104⅜	108
Gen M pf.	90	90½
G'drich pf.	107⅞	108
Gulf S S 1st pf.	93	95½
Homestake.	85	97
Ill Cent.	102	103
Int N pf.	96½	..
Int P pf.	96	100
Int Salt.	..	54
Iowa Cent.	4½	5½
Isl Cr Cl.	49½	..
Jewel Tea pf.	85	89
K C, Ft S & M pf.	59	65
Kan C So pf.	56	57
Kayser (J) 1st pf.	103	120
Kelly S T pf.	96	96
Kelsey Wh.	50	58
Do pf.	78	78½
K & D M.	4½	6
Do pf.	10	30
Kresge (SS)	126¾	136
Do pf.	107	107¾
Kress (S H)	70	75
Do pf.	106½	..
L E & W.	10½	11
Ligg & M.	205	215
L-W B 1st pf.	101	104¾
Do 2d pf.	108	115
Lorill'd Co.	163¾	165
Do pf.	109	113
M'kay Cos.	76½	80
Do pf.	64	65
Man B'ch.	½	1⅝
Marlin R.	13	18
Man Elev.	85	95
Math Alk.	31	40
M Dep Sts pf.	100	102
Mex P pf.	107¾	108¾
Mich Cent.	90	109
M. St P & S S M.	92	95
Do pf.	104	112
Do P.	88	88
Mon P pf.	105	108
N, C & St L.	117	120
Nat Bisc.	121	122½
Do pf.	117	120
Nat C & S pf, ex d.	106	108
Nat En pf.	101	103
Nat Ld pf, ex div.	106¾	111
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	16	25
N. Y. L. & W.	55	58
West.	98	99
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	59	68
2d pf.	38	42
N Y Dock pf.	25	28¾
N Y Ship.	47	48
Do pf.	82	94
Nor Am.	46	47
Nor Pac.	87	88
Ohio Fuel.	32	33
Owens B pf.	102	103
Pac Coast.	42	48
Do 1st pf.	70	100
Do 2d pf.	51	53
Nor So.	18¾	19½
N & W pf.	75	78
Ont.	67	70
Ohio P Cr.	90	94
Owens B pf.	102	103
Pac Coast.	42	48
Do 1st pf.	70	100
Do 2d pf.	51	53
P T & Tel.	25	26¾
Do pf.	82	94
Pere M pf.	48	49
P Mull.	35	45
1st pf.	96	102
Pitts Coal.	107	107½
C &		
St L.	57	59
Pr El W & C.		
Pitts S pf.	96¼	99
P & W Va pf.	80½	82½
Pr Stl Car pf.	102	105
P S N J.	'82	83
R R Sec.	81	..
C Cank c.	..	75
Ry Stl Spr pf.	100	115
Rdg 1st pf.	37¾	38
Rep I & S pf.	103¾	104
St L S F pf.	30	33
St L S W.	20	22
Sasage.	59	61
Sears-Roeb.	207½	208
Do pf.	119	120
Shat Ariz.	13¾	14
S-S S & I pf.	89	91¾
So P R S.	170	175
So Ry pf.	69¾	70¼
Std Mill.	130	144
Do pf.	90	94
Studeb. Co pf.	96¼	100
Sup Stl 1st pf.	99	101
T P L Tr.	350	500
T. St L & West.	6	8
Do cfs.	7	9
Do pf.	12	20
Do pf c.	16	18
Tran & W.	52	52½
T C R T pf.	81	124
Und Type.	175	185
Do pf.	111	120
Un Cig Sts pf.	112	117
Unit Dr 1st pf.	55	55½
Do 2d pf.	115	118
Un Dyew.	61	63
Un Fruit.	181	183
Va-Car Ch pf.	112½	113½
Va I C & Co.	67	68
Va R & P.	48	49
W Md 2d pf.	24	27
West A B.	114½	115
W E & M 1st pf.	67	70
Wor Pol pf.	86	90
Wilson pf.	101½	102
Wm Cem.	39	41
W'w'th pf.	116¼	..
Wor Pump pf, A.	95¾	96½
Do pf, B.	75	79

DAVISON HOPEFUL FOR WORLD FINANCE

Banker, Back from Europe, Sure Economic Rehabilitation Will Be Accomplished.

ALL NOW AWAITING PEACE

Rebuilding of Devastated Areas a Lighter Task Than Was Expected —No Hope Yet for Russia.

Henry P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co., who returned to New York late on Thursday after a protracted absence in Europe, where he had charge of the American Red Cross activities, said yesterday that he was far from pessimistic on the outlook for world financial and economic rehabilitation. "The job is big," he said, "but, if we all work as I am sure we will, and give to the matter the intelligent consideration and extend the intelligent co-operation of which we are capable, I feel confident that it can be accomplished. America has never yet failed to meet a situation and there is no reason to suppose we will not meet this one."

Mr. Davison said that, contrary to general belief, he had not come back with any comprehensive plan for the solution of the great financial problems of the moment. It would be impossible, he said, to have any positive ideas at this time, for the reason that nobody knew precisely what the situation in Europe was or how it may develop. Just now all Europe is giving its attention to making peace, and until the treaty is signed and the several countries know exactly where they stand, other matters must be put aside. As soon as peace comes, however, the questions of finance and of trade relations will be taken up.

Speaking of the rebuilding of Europe, Mr. Davison thought America's part would be relatively small. The greatest factor in that work will be labor, and Europe will find its own labor. Our part of it, the supplying of the bricks and mortar, so to speak, will not be so large as many believe. In fact, I am convinced that the whole operation will be infinitely smaller than most persons now expect. It will be smaller than I thought a few weeks ago."

The financing of rehabilitation, Mr. Davison said, would fall largely to bankers and not to Governments, for the Governments were rapidly getting out of banking, which, Mr. Davison believes, is highly desirable. But Governments will probably exercise a paternal interest in the plan, and whatever is done will be with the full knowledge and consent of the Governments.

The United States will have a very great share in the program, Mr. Daniels explained. This will mean that there must be close co-operation among all financial interests in the country. We must all work together as a unit," he said, "if we would be selfish though and for the general good. Everybody in North, East, South, and West, must pull for the one purpose, and anyone who does not will be lacking in patriotism."

The co-operation will not be confined to the United States and the Allies. The European neutral countries, which have profited enormously by their trade with the belligerents, will also be asked to join in the rehabilitation, and Mr. Davison said that these nations were already displaying a pleasing desire to be of assistance. But to arrive at the highest degree of co-operation, Mr. Davison thought it would not be necessary to have a central international committee to exercise supreme authority, nor would the League of Nations be concerned with the financial arrangements, in his opinion. Mr. Davison intimated, though, that there might be formed a committee of financiers here to arrange for America's participation.

In reply to a question as to Russia's status, Mr. Davison said he believed nothing could be done or decided upon until some stable government was set up there. "There is no one there with whom we can deal at present, and until there is, I fail to see how we can render Russia any assistance," he said.

With regard to foreign exchange, which has been moving sharply against France and Italy of late, he said there was no international plan afoot, so far as he knew, for supporting the market, and he was inclined to believe that nothing would be done until the peace treaty was out of the way.

Irving National to Increase Capital.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Irving National Bank will be held on June 20 to vote on a recommendation to increase the bank's capital from $4,500,000 to $6,000,000. The new issue is to take the form of 15,000 shares of stock, of which 11,250 shares will be offered on subscription at par, $100 a share, in the proportion of one new share for each four of the present stock. The remaining 3,750 shares are to be authorized will be disposed of at the discretion of the Board of Directors at a price not less than the book value. The books close for the special meeting on June 12 and reopen on June 20.

COTTON IS IRREGULAR.

Market Heavy in Early Trading, but Prices Recover Later.

After the great upward rush of the day before, the irregularity—at times, the weakness, of yesterday's cotton market was perfectly natural. In the early part of the day the market was heavy and around noon, when trading in May contracts came to an end in none too robust fashion, it was weak, with most options down 30 to 40 points from Thursday's closing. But in the afternoon, as if to demonstrate the underlying strength of the staple, the market came back well and at one time late months were up 20 points or more on the day, and at the close the net gains ranged from 15 in October to 5 in March. July, which moved into the near position after the passing of May, closed about where it left off the night before, at 30.02.

The break in May contracts was somewhat of a surprise. On Thursday it had sold up to 31 cents and closed on that day at 30¾. Yesterday it opened at 30.15, rose to 30.50 and then broke precipitately to 29.60, 140 points under Thursday's high. The option was very weak, but offerings were not as heavy as might be looked for in such a break.

Aside from the readjustment of the technical position there was little of new interest in the market. Some of the sold out bulls talked disparagingly of the big stocks of cotton in the South and of the small exports. The movement to the ports for the week showed 109,415 bales, against 103,777 bales in the previous week, against exports of only 78,840 bales this week and 46,391 bales last week. This is a rather unfavorable situation, as far as surface indications go, but the trade has been told that a good many tons of ship space will be available next week and the early part of June, and it is confidently believed that the forward movement will quicken considerably at that time. As it is, exports are far ahead of what they were at this time a year ago.

Furthermore, the goods markets both here and in England have been active and strong lately, and there is every reason to look for a brisker export demand for American cotton, especially if the peace treaty is soon signed and international financial arrangements are completed, as it is believed they will be.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

COTTON.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
May	30.15	30.50	29.60		30.50
July	29.80	30.15	29.62	30.02@30.10	30.01
Oct.	28.80	29.16	28.60	29.04@29.10	28.89
Dec.	28.32	28.65	28.50	28.62@28.63	28.45
Jan.	28.15	28.50	28.00	28.40@28.50	28.30

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Southern District of New York.
In the matter of CHARLES B. TOOLE and DOUGLAS HENRY, individually and as copartners, trading as TOOLE, HENRY & CO., Bankrupts.
SIR:
PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the FRANKLIN TRUST CO., LEVY BROS.; L. SCHEPP CO., and KEAN, TAYLOR & CO., with whom the above named bankrupts pledged certain securities as collateral for loans made to them by the above named, and sufficient of such securities to satisfy their respective claims, and have delivered to EDWARDS H. CHILDS, as Receiver, the following:
From Franklin Trust Co.:
Cash $1,977.21
Securities:
$2,000 Southern Ry Co. 2 yr. 5% notes due 3/2/19, No. M15449/50, with 3/2/19 coupons attached.
1,000 St. Louis Southwestern Ry. Co. 1st Term & Unifying 5% Mtge Bond due Jan. 1, 1952, No. M5548, with July 1, 1919, and subsequent coupons attached.
1,000 The Adams Express Co. Collateral Trust 4% due 1947, No. 8991, with June 1, 1919, and subsequent coupons attached.
1,000 Erie R. R. Co. Conv. 4% due 1953, No. 18714, with April, 1919, and subsequent coupons attached.
1,000 4th L/L. 4½% Bonds due 1933, No. 1758125, with Oct. 15, 1918, and subsequent coupons attached.
5 Shares Canadian Pacific Ry. Co. Ctft. D35739 in n/o Levy Bros.
20 Shares The Chic., R. I. & Pac. Ry. Co. 6% Pfd. Ctfs., No. D4058, in n/o Toole, Henry & Co.
Coupons:
2 Southern Pacific Co. due 3/1/19, $20, ea. $40.00.
3 Baltimore & Ohio due 3/1/19, $22.50, ea. $67.50.
1 Lake Shore & Mich. Ry. due 3/1/19, $20.00, ea. $20.00.
From Levy Brothers:
Cash $4,236.64
Securities:
20 Amer. Smelting & Ref. No. A135766
100 Amer. Smelting & Ref. No. 134054
500 Alaska Brit.Col. Metals Nos. 9431 to 9435
100 Alaska Brit.Col. Metals Nos. 9142
900 Alaska Brit.Col. Metals Nos. 9144 to 9152
700 Alaska Brit.Col. Metals Nos. 9154 to 9160
500 Alaska Brit.Col. Metals Nos. 7569 to 7573
500 Alaska Brit.Col. Metals Nos. 9436 to 9440
1,000 Alaska Brit.Col. Metals Nos. 9421 to 9430
1,000 Alaska Brit.Col. Metals No. 225
1,000 Alaska Brit.Col. Metals No. A730
1,000 Alaska Brit.Col. Metals No. A729
25 Broadway Central Bank No. 199
100 Central Leather No. C40765
10 Con. Gas E.L. & P. of Balt. No. N.Y.687
10 Dupont Chem. Pfd. No. 2135
500 Emerson Phono. Nos. 1783-1689-1260
30 Gen'l Motors Debenture Stk. No. 03874
300 Glenrock Nos. N.Y.9367, N.Y.9469-70
25 Glenrock No. N.Y.06729
50 Havana Tobacco No. A2367
40 Havana Tobacco No. A2730
10 Havana Tobacco No. A2050
200 Island Oil Nos. T7144, T18259
50 Island Oil No. T.O.2809
5 Maxwell Motor No. C.62427
20 Pan American P. & T. No. 04366
10 Quicksilver No. 3245
100 Rick & Texas No. 187
50 Reo Motor No. L.O.7260
50 Reo Motor No. L.O.7261
50 Reo Motor No. L.O.6184
10 Reo Motor No. L.O.6183
1,000 Tumpam Star No. B12214
25 U. S. Steamship No. 10132
20 U. S. Ind. Alcohol No. 15327
$46,000 Green Bay & W. Deb. B., Certificate Nos. as follows:

1185	939	964	5700
5718-19	6087	134	1697
5720	1688	1697	1398
3033-34	1673	5099	2387
2074	2054	2039	577
5767	3900	4241	6383
4849	4836	4783	5031
3171	5212	5071	5034
5164	5642	3441	2321
3172	5255	5472	890
1890	2038-37	2033	

$100 U. S. Liberty 1st 4% No. 85018
$50 U. S. Liberty 4th 4¼% No. 14647546
$3,000 Equitable Gas Light 5s Nos. 3253, 3268-69
$100 Dominion of Canada No. A083126
$2,000 Cedarhurst 4½s Nos. 71-72
$5,000 Jap Yen 5s Nos. 41827-8, 178665, 117740-41
From L. Schepp Co.:
Cash $1,548.41
Securities:
100 Shares West Porto Rico Sugar Pfd., Cert. Nos. A60, A62
100 Shares Empire Steel & Iron Co., Cert. Nos. 1950, 1810, 1962
30 Shares Cleveland, Cin., Chicago & St. Louis, Cert. No. D17717
20 Stromberg Carburetor Co. of America, Cert. No. T.O.744
100 Shares Assets Realization Co., Cert. No. N.Y.1329
8,000 yen Japanese 5% Bonds, 41822, 41823, 41824
$1,000 Commonwealth Light & Power 1st Mtge. Bonds 6% due 1947, Cert. No. M144
$4,000 Cosden & Co. 1st Mtge. Sinking Fund Conv. 6% due 1926, Cert. Nos. D397, D386, D389, D388, D387, D384, D385.
From Kean Taylor & Co.:
Cash $8,018.10
Coupons:
City of Lyons 6s due November, 1918, 1 at $30, No. 10785; 1 at $30, No. 1865
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific First & Refunding 4s due April, 1919, 1 at $20, No. 16580; 1 at $20, No. 64802, 1 at $20, No. 18977; 1 at $20, No. 15579; 1 at $20, No. 11595
Lackawanna Steel Co. 1st 5s due April, 1919, 1 at $25, No. 10207
Northern States Power Co. 6% note due April, 1919, 1 at $50, No. 6590

A list of the collateral sold by the Franklin Trust Co., Levy Bros., L. Schepp Co., and Kean, Taylor & Co. may be inspected at the office of the undersigned attorneys.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that orders were made by the Hon. Augustus N. Hand, on the 10th day of May, 1919, on the petitions of Edwards H. Childs, which said petitions and orders are now on file with the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, directing all persons, firms and corporations having any claims against any of the securities pledged with the Franklin Trust Company, or Levy Bros., or L. Schepp Co., or Kean, Taylor & Co., or the stocks, bonds, coupons and cash above mentioned, to file such claims with JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 16th day of June, 1919.

TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the Referee in Bankruptcy is directed to hear and determine the rights of all claimants, and in all respects to adjust, determine and adjudicate the rights, titles and interests, equities, claims and liens of all and any persons making or asserting any claim or right to said stocks, bonds and coupons and to said respective funds, etc., and said Referee in Bankruptcy will give notice of all hearings to all who have filed such claims.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the said order provides that all creditors and other persons who shall not file a notice of claim against the said stocks, bonds, coupons or funds as aforementioned, on or before the 16th day of June, 1919, will be forever barred from making claim or asserting any title or ownership in and to any part of said funds, stocks, bonds and coupons.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the said order provides that all persons claiming rights, titles, interests, equities or liens, in and to any of the said stocks, bonds, coupons or the proceeds thereof, are enjoined and restrained from beginning, maintaining or prosecuting any action at law or proceedings in equity against the said Franklin Trust Company, Levy Brothers, L. Schepp Co., Kean, Taylor & Co., or against the Receiver, or the Trustee when appointed or elected, except the prosecution of their claims as provided by said order.

Dated, New York, May 10th, 1919.
Yours, &c.,
EDWARDS H. CHILDS, Receiver,
59 Wall Street, New York City.
ZALKIN & COHEN,
LOUIS H. MOOS,
Attorneys for Receiver, 51 Chambers Street, New York City.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF CHEMICAL PLANT EQUIPMENT AND CHEMICALS.—Edgewood Arsenal, Chemical Warfare Service, headquarters McCoy Hall, Baltimore, Md. Niagara Falls and Buffalo Plants of Edgewood Arsenal will be sold at public auction. Sale of Niagara Falls Plant, situated adjacent to Oldbury Electro-Chemical Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y., will commence 10 A. M. June 4, 1919. Plant consists of Buildings, Heating Installation, Laboratory Apparatus, Catalizers, Condensers, Refrigerating Plant, Transformers, Miscellaneous Tanks, Motors, Electrical Equipment, Chemicals, etc. Sale of Buffalo Plant, situated adjacent to Contact Process Co., south of Abbott Rd., Buffalo, N. Y., will commence 10 A. M. June 5, 1919. Plant consists of Buildings, Boilers, Ethylene Furnaces, Laboratory Apparatus, Refrigerating Machinery, Tanks, Chemicals, etc. Either sale may be adjourned from day to day until all property herein advertised is sold. For full particulars and information apply Commanding Officer, Edgewood Arsenal, either at Niagara Falls or Buffalo. Terms of Sale: United States reserves right to reject any and all bids. Successful bidder in any sale will be required to deposit cash or certified check for 20% of amount of purchase at time of sale, and balance within 48 hours thereafter. Purchaser must remove material within 60 days after date of sale.

PROPOSALS FOR JETTY AND REVETment Construction. U. S. Engineer Office, Jacksonville, Fla.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 M. May 28, 1919, and then opened, for Jetty and Revetment Construction in Miami Harbor (Biscayne Bay). Further information on application.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS,
Houston, Texas.
May 20th, 1919.

By order of the Board of Directors a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Houston Oil Company of Texas, is hereby called, to be held on the 31st day of May, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of the Company at Houston, Texas, for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the Company, fixing the amount of the increase, and providing for the subscription, sale, or other disposition thereof.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from the close of business on the 28th day of May, 1919, to and including the 5th day of June, 1919, during which period no stock will be transferred.

A. H. KENNERLY, Secretary.

VOTE TO INCREASE CAPITAL.

Chatham and Phenix Bank Directors Favor $3,500,000 Advance.

The Directors of the Chatham and Phenix National Bank have voted to recommend to shareholders that the capital of the bank be increased from $3,500,000 to $7,000,000. The shareholders will meet on June 12 to take action on this recommendation, and if the action is favorable the increase in capitalization will take place officially on July 15.

Under the contemplated plan, the new stock will be offered to shareholders in equal proportion to their present holdings at $200 a share. As the par value of the stock is $100 a share, this sale will increase the assets of the bank by $7,000,000, one-half of which will be added to capital, $3,500,000 now, and the remainder credited to undivided profits and surplus, which is approximately $2,500,000. Thus under the plan the Chatham and Phenix National will have a capital of $7,000,000 and a surplus of $6,000,000.

The Chatham and Phenix National Bank has twelve branches, all in New York City. It was said yesterday that the proposed increase in capitalization was not being brought about with any intention of expanding the institution. Under its charter it can have no more branches here, and the Directors do not contemplate opening any foreign branches at this time. It was explained that the bank's capital and surplus account was rather small for the size of its deposits, which are more than $100,000,000, and that the proposed increase in both items is for the purpose of improving the ratio to deposits.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Forecast:
N. Car., S. Car., and Ga.—Fair Sat. and probably Sun., mild temp.
Fla.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair in s. and probably Ala. and Miss.—Fair in s. and probably showers in n. Sat. and Sun., mild temp.
Ky. and Tenn.—Partly cloudy, with showers Sat. and probably Sun., mild temp.
Ind., Ohio, and Mich.—Partly cloudy, with showers Sat. and probably Sun., moderate temp.
Ill. and Kan.—Unsettled Sat. and Sun.
Wis. and Minn.—Partly cloudy and unsettled weather Sat. and Sun.
Iowa and Neb.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun., probably showers Sun.
N. Dak.—Fair and warm Sat. and probably Sun.
S. Dak.—Fair Sat. Sunday cloudy, unsettled.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
A. G. & W. I.	.25	S	Aug. 1	June 30
Brooklyn Union Gas.	1½	Q	July 1	June 13
Galena Signal Oil pf.	2	Q	June 30	May 31
Gen. Chemical pf.	1¾	Q	July 1	June 18
L. V. Coal Sales.	$2	Q	July 1	May 27
Do	*$2.50	Sp.	June 10	May 27
North American.	1¼	Q	July 1	June 16
Nor. Pipe Line.	.85	S	July 1	June 11
Ohio Oil	$1.25	Q	June 13	May 31
Do	$4.75	Ex.	June 13	May 31
Va. I. C. & C.	3	S	July 25	June 25
Wolverine Copper.	.60c	Q	July 1	June 14

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.08	Gould & Curry	.11
Alta	.04	Jacket	.22
Andes	.24	Mexican	.52
Best & Belcher	.29	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.18	Ophir	1.85
Caledonia	.22	Overman	.09
Confidence	.25	Sierra Nevada	.16
Con. Virginia	2.00	Union Con.	.35
Exchequer	.09	Utah	.04

TONOPAH.

Cash Boy	.09	Operator	.06
Gipsy Queen	.04	Reno	.08
Great Western	.05	Revert	.40
Halifax	.20	Rosetta	.16
Jim Butler	.35	Royal	.16
McNamara	.97	Silver Divide	.23
Midway	.41	Silver King	.19
Mizpah	.04	Sutherland	.18
Monarch Pitts.	.06	Teggery	.25
North Star	.10	Tonopah Div.	7.70
Rescue	.23	Tonopah Dividend	.26
Tonopah Exten.	2.85	Trilby	.08
West End	1.37½	Verdi	.54
West Tonopah	.21	Victory	.44
DIVIDE.		Western	.15
Allied	.10	Wilson	.07
Alto	.23	Wonder	.14
Annex	.07	Zone	.80
Apex	.10	GOLDFIELD.	
Belcher	.40	Atlanta	.03
Belcher Exten.	.24	Blue Bull	.02
Ben Hur	.15	Booth	.10
Brougher	1.20	Crackerjack	.04
Butte	.09	Daisy	.03
Calumet	.06	Florence Fract.	.05
Charlot	.06	Goldfield Cons.	.17
Consolidatde	.22	Great Bend	.03
Divide City	.13	Jumbo Extension	.13
Divide Exten.	.42	Kewanna	.13
East Divide	.25	Lone Star	.08
Florence	.20	Merger	.03
Giant	.10	Red Hills	.03
Gold Reef	.30	Silver Pick	.07
Gold Wedge	.07	Spearhead	.06
Grimes	.17	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Hasbrouck	.60	Comb	.48
Hennessy	.18	Manhattan Cons.	.05
High Divide	.13	Mayflower	.05
High Divide Ext.	.08	Nevada Hills	.04
Homestake	.12	Packard	.22
Jims	.15	Rand	.18
Junior	.08	Rochester	.20
Keystone	.09	Round Mountain	.30
Myrtn	.20	Simon Lead	2.10
North Divide	.09	White Caps	.15

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¼	4⅝	Isabella	5¼	5¾
Dr. J'pot.	3	4	McKinney	7¼	9
Elkton	4⅞	6½	Portland	101½	102¼
El Paso	20	..	U. Gold M.	12	15¾
Golden C.	17½	181	Vindicator	32½	38
Granite	14	..	Rose Nicol.	13¾	15

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 23.—Sixty-one new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,502,200, were chartered today. They include:

Hamilton Dellsser, Inc., Manhattan, advertising, $5,000; M. A. Jones, L. A. N. Dellsser, J. R. Hamilton, 622 West 113th St.

J. B. Williams & Co., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $10,000; J. B. Williams, A. C. Gubner, W. E. Werner, 970 Home St., Bronx.

Economy Oil Trucking Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; E. C. and L. Calder, T. P. Lyons, 2,444 Broadway.

Model Hat Mfg., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; S. and S. Morel, 1,372 54th St., Brooklyn.

Feldman, Miller & Co., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $5,000; J. Brenner, L. J. Fine, A. H. Friesner, 1,428 Lexington Av.

Sylvamore Realty Co., Manhattan, $20,000; M. Leuden, B. L. and R. Cohen, 68 East 96th St.

Jarcho & Ebert, Inc., Bronx; plumbing and heating, $10,000; L. H. Jarco, J. Ebert, M. Neisten, 1,482 Southern Boulevard.

Tucker, Prince & Ripley, Inc., White Plains, realty and insurance, $18,000; E. H. Ripley, C. K. Tucker, L. W. Prince, White Plains.

Solomon Restaurants, Inc., Brooklyn, $5,000; L. Frisch, J. and E. Solomon, 668 Sutter Av., Brooklyn.

Mount Vernon Automobile and Supply Co., Mount Vernon, $5,000; L. E. Miller, L. Sprague, C. M. Bruno, Mount Vernon.

Buffalo Live Stock Show, Buffalo, $100,000; C. J. Huson, J. C. Dold, G. P. Urban, Buffalo.

Harbor Cont. Co., Manhattan, $25,000; A. C. Gubner, J. Snyder, W. E. Werner, 970 Home St., Bronx.

X. Delile & Co., Manhattan, vegetables and canned goods, $5,000; X. Delile, J. Ottino, J. Harris, 1,547 Broadway.

Kay-Gee Co., Manhattan, children's wearing apparel, $10,000; H. Kornreich, L. Weber, H. Greenfeld, 1,421 53d St., Brooklyn.

Nicholson, Schneider & Smallwood, Inc., Manhattan, general contracting, $10,000; A. F. Nicholson, H. Schneider, P. Crichton, 120 Broadway.

United Lighting Fixture Co., Manhattan, $6,000; W. Schiesinger, M. and S. Swartz, 280 Broadway.

Reel of Knowledge, Inc., Manhattan, motion pictures and vaudeville, $50,000; P. A. Keppler, J. and H. Cohen, 1,579 Broadway.

S. K. Bakery and Lunch Co., Manhattan, $5,000; L. Schwartz, D. Klinger, A. Blumenthal, 299 Broadway.

Marguerite Towing Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; J. M. Schnily, A. S. Gilbert, G. Cohen, 460 West 147th St.

Fredonia Hotel Corp., Fredonia, $25,000; N. G. Richmond, A. F. French, D. G. Sackett, Fredonia.

Leff Const. Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; L. Fishel, B. and I. Leff, 1,416 80th St., Brooklyn.

Italo-American Chess Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; D. Francione, P. D'Abate, F. Mirti, 132 Nassau St.

Crawford Apparel Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Monfried, C. G. Barron, C. R. Brown, 559 West 150th St.

Macoris Transp. Co., Manhattan, trucking, $5,000; J. Armenteros, F. A. Ricart, A. W. Herzog, 123 West 83d St.

Tiger Film Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; F. Dale, E. J. May, H. W. Ferron, 1,482 Broadway.

Hercules Export and Import Corp. of America, Manhattan, $30,000; A. Sholubsky, J. Newhouse, H. F. Goulston, 1,465 Broadway.

Anchor Trucking Co., Manhattan, $10,600; A. M. Austin, W. S. Orton, G. W. Case, Jr., 57 West 45th St.

Allied Cigar Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; L. Ireazen, P. Silverman, E. Bloch, 421 First Av.

Anybee Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. W. Dorfman, B. R. Stein, A. Isear, 320 Broadway.

Rainess Jewelry Co., Manhattan, $10,000; C. J. Weinberg, C. and J. L. Raines, 624 West 182d St.

Eben, Graeber, Schaeffer & Banks, Inc., Manhattan, general insurance agency; $5,000; C. S. Schaeffer, Jr., E. G. Graeber, S. N. Eben, 1,061 St. Nicholas Av.

Crescent Show Case Co., Brooklyn, $15,000; S. Glaser, H. Rovak, I. P. Hoffman, 3,213 Church St., Brooklyn.

Emmons Realty Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; S. Dietz, W. Rosenberg, M. Levin, 518 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.

Ex Kay Photo Co., Manhattan, $10,000, F. Ex., P. Kosonovsky, R. J. F. Gerstle, 309 Broadway.

Kruse-Goetz Motor Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; R. L. Goetz, H. M. and F. J. Kruse, 66 82d St., Brooklyn.

Fabricated Textiles Corp., Albany, $100,000; A. C. Goodwin, F. E. Griffin, C. F. Murray, Albany.

Louis, Inc., Buffalo, hotel and restaurant, $100,000; L. Rosenbloom, M. Amberg, S. Pfeiffer, Buffalo.

Brand Novelty Co., Manhattan, millinery, $5,000; I. Brand, D. Marcus, L. Levy, 228 East 90th St.

Screen Letter Box, Manhattan, motion pictures and vaudeville, $50,000; T. A. Keppler, J. and H. Cohn, 1,579 Broadway.

Canada-Atlantic Grain Export Co., Manhattan, $30,000; W. W. Clinch, R. M. Macauley, J. G. Moses, 15 William St.

Tourine Restaurant Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. L. Horwitz, J. Harris, B. Levy, 291 Broadway.

The Rodmax Realty Corp., Manhattan, $135,000; M. Loewenthal, R. A. Low, M. Damsann, 61 Broadway.

Flatbush Industrial Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $600,000; W. B. Morrell, W. A. Courtland, H. W. Cotton, 233 Broadway.

Royal Wool Stock Co., Manhattan, paper and metals, $10,000; D. Zimbler, I. Zeidman, M. Savetsky, 291 Church St.

Rainbow Mercantile Co., Manhattan, food products, wines and whisky, $200,000; F. H. Berges, Jr., H. C. Eeels, F. Singer, 371 West 119th St.

Pellisheer, Jonas & Rivet, Inc., Brooklyn, furnishings, $400,000; J. A. and G. E. Jonas, F. Debek, 30 Broad St.

East Eighth Street Automobile and Supply Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Klein, J. and M. L. Richter, 371 East 8th St.

Cooper Corp., Manhattan, drugs and chemicals, $75,000; L. and H. Cooper, S. D. Heffman, 501 West 172d St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Yankee Polish Co., Manhattan, $6,000 to $50,000.

John Sleater Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Jahraus-Braun Co., Buffalo, $60,000 to $250,000.

Nickroll Amusement Corp., Manhattan, $1,000 to $25,000.

The Coldwell Lawn Mower Co., Newburg, $120,000 to $195,000.

Majestic Cap Works, Inc., Manhattan, $1,000 to $2,000.

Alcutar Realty Co., Manhattan, $2,400 to $100,000.

Albany Journal Building Co., Albany, $275,000 to $325,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Poughkeepsie Concrete Stone Co., Poughkeepsie, to Lloyd & Holden, Inc.

Nugio Co., Buffalo, to Oxydene Mfg. Corp.

Alfalfa Growers' Assn., Inc., Manhattan, to the Beacon Feed Co., Inc.

MERGER.

East Creek Electric Light and Power Co., Mohawk Gas Co. of Schenectady, and Schenectady Power Co. with Schenectady Illuminating Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Ardsley Art Film Corp., Manhattan.
Hotel Bancroft Operating Co., Manhattan.
Renowned Pictures Corp., Manhattan.
Wicke & Wolfe, Inc., Manhattan.
William Kleinman, Inc., Brooklyn.
Crawfor Garment Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 23.—Charters filed, A. and F. Realty Co., Newark, $50,000; Joseph and Armon Alexrad, and Frank Fuerst, all of Newark.

Eureka Pearl Works, Newark, novelties, $25,000; Jacob Zauber, Louis Lazer, and Isidore Lapopsky, all of Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., May 23.—Charters filed: Mike Henry Consolidated, Inc., acquire oil and gas lands and develop same, $15,000,000; Samuel C. Wood, Arthur M. Brady, Chicago, Ill.; L. B. Phillips, Dover, Del.

Delamar Co., mining business, $1,000,500; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

Atlas Petroleum Corp., $1,000,000; B. Franklin Harberger, David Weinstein, J. William Ostrow, New York parties.

Hayward-Majestic Motion Picture Corp., $1,000,000; Charles H. Jones, Frank Jackson, W. I. N. Lofland of Dover.

Ecuador-American Corp., import and export business, $1,000,000; M. L. Horty, S. L. Mackey, M. C. Kelley of Wilmington.

Northern Oil Co., $750,000; Benjamin M. Frank, C. J. Frank, Kansas City, Mo., parties.

Caine Brothers Paper Co., wall paper, &c., $40,000; Justin H. Caine, New York; Benjamin P. Caine, Belle Harbor, L. I.; John Taffe, Yonkers, N. Y.

Madison Tackle-Block Mfg. Co., $300,000; F. R. Hansell, Philadelphia; E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm, Camden, N. J.

American Plus Institute, Inc., $200,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

New York, Allentown & Philadelphia Motor Express Co., $25,000; Charles B. Jones, Frank Jackson, W. I. N. Lofland of Dover, Del.

Seerite Chemical Co., $25,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, C. L. Rimlinger of Wilmington.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

Victor Oil Co. of Ind., $100,000 to $200,000.

CONSOLIDATION

Barnsdall Corp. and Union Metal Mines Corp. under name of Barnsdall Corp., New York.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Of Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Statement of Condition May 12th, 1919

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts		$708,375.12
Bank Acceptances		836,974.26
Municipal Securities		380,306.02
Bonds maturing in less than ten years		756,207.50
Other Bonds		615,113.76
Federal Reserve Bank Stock		7,500.00
Government Bonds and Certificates		1,518,533.00
Real Estate		229,055.91
Cash and Reserve		518,716.51
		$5,570,782.08

LIABILITIES

Capital Paid in	$50,000	
Capital Earned	150,000	$200,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits Earned		127,566.17
Circulation		193,900.00
Deposits		4,911,662.41
Payments on Fifth Liberty Loan		137,653.50
		$5,570,782.08

OFFICERS

C. S. McCLELLAN, President
WILLIAM ARCHER, Vice-President
GARDNER G. WINSHIP, Cashier
JOHN J. HAGMANN, Asst. Cashier
FRANCIS S. WANDALL, Asst. Cashier

DIVIDENDS.

St. Louis, Missouri, May 6, 1919.

The Board of Directors of BROWN SHOE COMPANY, INC., at a meeting held today declared a dividend of $1.50 per share on the common stock of this company payable June 1, 1919, to stockholders of record May 20th, 1919.

WM. KRAIL, Secretary.

What Germans Would Have Claimed.

Map of the Teuton dreams of 1915-1917, when it seemed to the Germans that they would win the war, appears in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

DIVIDENDS.

GREEN BAY & WESTERN RAILROAD CO.

The Board of Directors has fixed and declared Five Per Cent. to be the amount payable on Class A Debentures, a dividend of Five Per Cent. to be payable on the capital stock, and One-eighth of One Per Cent. to be the amount payable on Class B Debentures, out of the net earnings for the year 1918, payable at No. 40 Wall Street, New York, on and after June 3, 1919. The dividend on the stock will be paid to stockholders of record at the close of business May 20th, 1919.

Dated May 23, 1919.

C. W. COX, Treasurer.

OUT-OF-TOWN BANK STATEMENTS

Member Federal Reserve Bank — United States Depository

THE PEOPLES STATE BANK
DETROIT, MICHIGAN

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
At the close of business, May 12, 1919

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$29,415,395.27	
Mortgages	17,679,335.33	
Bonds	11,764,569.00	
Liberty Loan Bonds	4,977,000.00	
U. S. Victory Liberty Loan Certificates	34,374,000.00	$98,210,299.60
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank		195,000.00
Banking House and Branch Buildings		1,250,000.00
Customers Liability, Letters of Credit		158,491.16
Cash on hand and due from banks		20,006,261.98
		$119,820,052.74

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock		$ 2,500,000.00
Surplus Fund		4,000,000.00
Undivided Profits, net		525,037.67
Letters of Credit and Acceptances		172,381.16
Bills Payable Federal Reserve Bank, secured by U.S. Certificates		6,500,000.00
Commercial Deposits	$58,177,962.53	
Bank Deposits	7,128,330.84	
Savings Deposits	40,716,340.54	106,022,633.91
		$119,820,052.74

OFFICERS

JAMES T. KEENA, Chairman of the Board
JOHN W. STALEY, President — CHARLES H. AYERS, Assistant Cashier
F. A. SCHULTE, Vice-President — ENOCH SMITH, Assistant Cashier,
JOHN R. BODDE, Vice President — A. H. MOODY, Assistant Cashier
H. G. BORGMAN, Vice-President — D. E. LEUTY, Assistant Cashier
E. W. SKYTTE, Vice-President — WILLIAM BRAASCH, Assistant Cashier
AUSTIN E. WING, Assistant to President — CARROLL B. LAWSON, Bond Officer
H. T. CUDMORE, Cashier — GEORGE T. COURTNEY, Auditor
R. P. FRASER, Mgr. Foreign Department

Nineteen Branches Conveniently Located

THE GIRARD NATIONAL BANK
PHILADELPHIA

May 12, 1919.

RESOURCES

Loans and Investments	$69,502,439.00
Accrued Interest	273,881.02
Acceptances and Letters of Credit	6,412,616.92
Exchange for Clearing House	2,029,149.00
Due from Banks	14,373,061.82
Cash and Reserve	5,808,484.07
	$98,399,631.83

LIABILITIES

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits	6,180,675.36
Discount Collected But Not Earned	352,618.54
Reserve for Taxes	319,338.53
Circulation	1,085,000.00
Acceptances and Letters of Credit	6,412,616.92
Bills Payable, Due Federal Reserve Bank	11,500,000.00
Deposits	70,549,382.48
	$98,399,631.83

JOSEPH WAYNE, Jr., President.

Evan Randolph, Vice-President. — Alfred Barratt, Assistant Cashier.
A. W. Pickford, Vice-President. — David J. Myers, Assistant Cashier.
Charles M. Ashton, Cashier. — Walter P. French, Assistant Cashier.

Incorporated 1855

Branches Throughout Canada

THE MOLSONS BANK

HEAD OFFICE:
MONTREAL, CANADA

Capital Paid Up - $4,000,000.00
Reserve Fund - - $4,800,000.00

WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, President
S. H. EWING, Vice-President.
EDWARD C. PRATT, General Manager.

THE MOLSONS BANK HAS
Over 100 Branches Throughout Canada

Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and returns promptly remitted at lowest rates of exchange.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Head Office: MONTREAL. — Established Over 100 Years.

Capital Paid Up, $20,000,000. — Rest, $20,000,000. — Undivided Profits, $1,971,814

Total Assets - - - - - - $489,271,197

SIR VINCENT MEREDITH, Bart., President. — SIR CHARLES GORDON, G.B.E., Vice-President.
SIR FREDERICK WILLIAMS TAYLOR, General Manager.

STATEMENT AS OF 30TH APRIL, 1919

LIABILITIES

	1919	1918
Capital, Rest and Undivided Profits	$41,661,614	$33,784,979
Bank's Notes in Circulation	41,011,084	28,349,607
Deposits in Canada	341,907,863	282,348,460
Deposits outside Canada	56,868,370	77,850,043
Bills payable and acceptances under Letters of Credit	6,195,998	2,638,476
Other Liabilities	1,626,268	1,350,532
	$489,271,197	$426,322,097

ASSETS

	1919	1918
Cash and Clearing House Items	$133,575,651	$126,151,496
Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	81,541,752	68,888,212
Loans in Canada	185,878,702	127,821,008
Call Loans outside Canada	76,653,441	96,384,366
Bank Premises	6,000,000	4,000,000
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit	4,387,468	1,921,822
Other Assets	1,234,183	935,193
	$489,271,197	$426,322,097

NEW YORK AGENCY, 64 Wall St., R. Y. HEBDEN, W. A. BOG, A. T. SMITH, Agents.
CHICAGO, SPOKANE, SAN FRANCISCO—British American Bank (owned and controlled by Bank of Montreal)
MEXICO, City of Mexico.
LONDON, ENGLAND, OFFICES—G. C. CASSELS, Manager.
47 Threadneedle St., E. C., 9 Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S. W., and Trafalgar Sq., S. W.
Special facilities for the handling of Foreign Exchange and Commercial and Travellers' Credits.

Continental and Commercial National Bank of CHICAGO

Statement of Condition at Close of Business, Monday, May 12, 1919.

RESOURCES

Time Loans	$131,382,994.67	
Demand Loans	60,869,717.44	
Acceptances	226,195.99	
Bonds, Securities, etc.	14,284,989.92	
	$207,284,894.93	
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	35,313,767.50	
U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness pledged to secure Foreign Bills of Exchange	2,181,610.00	
Bank Premises (Equity)	6,000,000.00	
Other Real Estate	48,734.80	
Customers' Liability on Letters of Credit	3,116,255.88	
Customers' Liability on Acceptances (as per Contra)	2,126,010.56	
Overdrafts	32,295.81	
Cash and Due from Banks	105,461,943.00

SUSETTE PERFORMS AT ZOO GARDEN FETE

Chimpanzee's Capers and Exhibit of Seven War Pigeons Features of the Day.

PITY INJURED LADY OSBORN

Seals Bark Continuously During Playing of the Band—Board of Managers Attend Luncheon.

Atmospheric conditions were ideal yesterday afternoon for the annual garden party of the New York Zoological Society after the postponement from the day previous on account of the rain. About 300 attended the party, enjoying tea and the music of the 71st Regiment Band on the lawn near the Administration Building.

Much interest was centred around the exhibit of seven war pigeons that had seen service in France, and also the exhibition of the trained chimpanzee, Suzette, which Keeper D'Osta put through some clever stunts.

The pigeons were deposited in the park by the Signal Corps. One of them, known as Lady Osborn, gained much sympathy from the visitors, as it has lost its power of flight. The birds all did excellent service, carrying many messages from troops whose other means of communication had been cut off. Lady Osborn's six companions came through without a scratch, but she was struck in the wing by a German projectile, and her life saved by careful nursing. It was a matter of note that Lady Osborn, although wounded, delivered safely the message with which she had been entrusted.

The three seals in captivity nearby barked continuously during the playing of the band, but the pigeons and Suzette did not seem to mind, and appeared to enjoy the novelty of being stared at through the golden lorgnettes of the feminine visitors. Suzette seemed to gaze longingly at the plates heaped with strawberry ice cream.

A loft of highly pedigreed homing pigeons has been established in the park for the purpose of preserving and improving the breed, so that a supply of the finest pigeon talent may be available in case of another war. Last week the park birds made flights of 800 miles.

The Board of Managers attended a luncheon preceding the garden party, followed by a meeting at which Professor Henry Fairfield Osborn presided. George C. Clark was appointed a manager in place of his late father, and W. Redmond Cross succeeded the late Frederick C. Bourne.

Among the members of the Ladies' Auxiliary, of which Mrs. Osborn is Chairman, who attended, were Mrs. De Forest Grant, Mrs. William B. Osgood Field, Mrs. William P. Hamilton, Mrs. Walter E. Maynard, Mrs. William White Niles, Mrs. Stephen H. Olin, Mrs. Percy R. Pyne, Mrs. Henry M. Tilford, Mrs. Ralph Sanger, and Mrs. Richard Trimble.

Peekskill Gladly Pays Higher Fare.

PEEKSKILL, May 23.—It is rare in these days for the people of a community to plead with their officials to grant an increase in fare to a trolley company but that is what has taken place in this village, and starting today the Westchester and Putnam Street Railway Company began charging eight cents instead of seven cents for fares. Hearing the company might suspend operations, the citizens petitioned for the increase.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 28591. —In Bankruptcy.—JAMES M. McNEY, WILLIAM E. EASTERDAY, and FRANK M. RYAN, individually and as co-partners trading under the firm name and style of JAMES M. McNEY & CO., Bankrupts.

James M. McNey, William E. Easterday, and Frank M. Ryan, individually and as copartners doing business under the firm name and style of James M. McNey & Co., were duly adjudicated bankrupts on April 28th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on June 4th, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 28833. —In Bankruptcy.—JOHN RAGOZZINO, Bankrupt.

John Ragozzino was duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 15th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on June 4th, 1919, at 10:00 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY STAIER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 29, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 66 Broadway, Room 501, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of stock quotation board, office furniture, safe, fixtures, etc.

WILLIAM HAYWARD, Receiver.

EMANUEL M. KAISER, Attorney for Receiver, 206 Broadway, New York.

Inspection Tuesday, May 27th, and Wednesday, May 28th, between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.

GETS VERDICT OF $350,000.

Underwriters' Association Wins Suit Involving Automobile Insurance.

A jury before Supreme Court Justice McAvoy returned a verdict yesterday for $350,000 against the Fire Brokers' Association of New York in a suit for damages by the Manufacturers' and Dealers' Motor Underwriters' Association for the alleged conspiracy of the defendants to ruin the plaintiff business. Testimony showed that the plaintiff corporation originated with Earnest H. Greenwood, who conceived the plan of insuring automobiles directly through the dealers and manufacturers. Greenwood testified that he had interested a number of insurance companies in his plan when the Fire Brokers' Association decided to put the plaintiff out of business by blocking its efforts to do business.

The defendants named were Seeley Benedict, R. Henry Depew, Robert C. Rathbone, Percy S. Mallett, Malcolm B. Ditcher, John A. Eckert, Albert Hegeman, P. S. Little and Franklin W. Stillman. They denied that they had conspired against the plaintiff but gave testimony that they didn't believe the manufacturers and dealers in autos could carry out the insurance plan successfully and that the effort would be to the detriment of the fire insurance brokers. The brokers had threatened to withdraw their business from the insurance companies Greenwood had interested in his plan.

ROYAL DUTCH CO. PLANS.

To Increase Authorized Capital to 400,000,000 Guilders.

The Equitable Trust Company announced yesterday that it had been informed that at the general meeting of the Royal Dutch Company on June 10 the Board of Directors would propose increasing the authorized capital of the company to 400,000,000 guilders. It is the intention to give the shareholders the right to subscribe for new stock at par on the basis of one share of new for every four shares of old stock held, this right to become available when the final dividend for 1918 is payable.

Additional information in regard to the subscription privilege and the record dates for the issue of warrants will be given out by the Equitable Trust Company as soon as possible after formal action on the capital increase has been taken.

The Royal Dutch Company is at present capitalized at 240,000,000 guilders, and of this amount there is 171,058,400 guilders outstanding. It is estimated that the rights on the new stock increase will be worth about $20 a share.

WILL EXPLORE NEW YORK.

Columbia Students to Take Trip for Geography oCurse.

Columbia students of geography and geology will explore New York, New England, and Pennsylvania as a part of the work of the Summer session. Under E. M. Lehnerts, associate professor of geography in the University of Minnesota, those enrolled in the course styled "Field Work in Physiography" will do practical field work at the Gorge of the Highlands, Mt. Beacon, the folded mountains at Catskill, the northern end of the Great Appalachian Valley, the Adirondack Mountains, Lake George, Lake Champlain, the Green Mountains, and the White Mountains, and along the Hudson. The trip will take twelve days.

In another course, called "Field Work in the Paleozoic Rocks of Eastern North America," the young geologists will spend a month in localities of Pennsylvania and New York. A wide variety of courses in geography and geology will be given in the Summer session this year. The study of geography has been greatly stimulated by the war, and an increased number of courses will be given next year in the Columbia School of Business.

In one of the Summer courses this year the physiography of the western half of the United States will be studied with special attention to the interpretation of scenery, including the scenery of national parks. The influence of topography upon the human geography of the region will be studied under Professor Lehnerts.

Professor Harold Jacoby of Columbia will give a course of mathematical geography, and Dr. Guy E. Snider, assistant professor of political science in the College of the City of New York, will direct a course in the economic geography of international trade.

VETOES PARK RIGHT OF WAY

Gov. Smith Refuses Traprock Outlet Through Palisades Property.

Special to The New York Times.

HAVERSTRAW, May 23.—Word has been received that Governor Alfred Smith has vetoed the bill which would give the owners of the Conger estate right of way through the Palisades Interstate Park as an outlet from traprock quarries to the Hudson River.

Albert Francis Hagar, as trustee for one of the owners of the property, tried to get the law adopted, and, in spite of strong opposition, it got through both branches of the Legislature. It was charged by those supporting it that the so-called "Traprock Trust" secretly opposed the measure, in order to shut the new traprock quarries out of the market. Mr. Hagar, who worked for the bill, is sole executor now of the estate of Mrs. Julia Butterfield of Cold Spring, who had $4,700,000 just before she died.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 328, Post Office Building, 10 A. M.

U. S. (Lewis Heltzman (on trial.)

At 10:30 A. M.

Re Sperry & Sadlie Co., Inc., alleged bank rupt (on trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 812, Post Office Building, at 9:30.

U. S. (James Hanse and Seton Bens (on trial.)

At 10 A. M.

Jorgenson (Atlantic Stevedoring Co (motion.)

At 11 A. M.

Smith (" Susquehanna " (motion.)

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department.

DISPOSITIONS.

Re Rebecca T. R. Gay, decd.—Decree affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Sidney Blumenthal & Co., plff., v. Moses Ascher, deft.—Exceptions overruled, with costs and judgment ordered for plaintiff on the verdict, with costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Re Elizabeth McCaffrey, respt., v. John A. Williams, as admr., &c., aplt.—Decree affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, respt., v. John G. Peppler, impld., &c.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Leon Cooper et al., respts., v. Mundial Trading Co., aplt.—Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Export & Import Film Co., aplt., v. Harry C. Fisher et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

William D. Bloodgood & Co., aplt., v. Edmund Coffin et al., as exrs., &c., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

William Lau, respt., v. J. Goldberg's Son & Co., aplt.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Minnie C. Kruse, as admx., &c., aplt., v. Third Avenue Railway Co., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, on the ground that plaintiff's decedent was guilty of contributory negligence as a matter of law. Order filed.

Max J. Bloom, respt., v. Carl L. Vietor et al., as exrs., &c., aplts.—Order affirmed, with costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Edmund Mayer, respt., v. Frank Halbauer, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Celia Friedman, aplt., v. Julius Blauner et al., respts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. (Dowling and Smith, J.J., dissenting on the ground that the offer of judgment in question was not served as required by Section 738 of the Code of Civil Procedure and that, having been executed by one member of the copartnership, it did not bind his partners, in the absence of any affirmative proof of his authority being annexed thereto and accompanying the same, as required by the code.) Order filed.

Goshi Sasaha Famamieto Schenten, aplt., v. France & Canada Steamship Co., Ltd., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Edward W. Hatch, respt., v. Frontier & Western Rd. Co., aplt. The same, respt., v. Buffalo Frontier Terminal Rd. Co., aplt.—Orders modified by striking out the requirement "that the defendant file within two days from the entry of this order a surety company undertaking to pay any judgment that may be recovered by the plaintiff herein," as a condition for the granting of the order; the judgments to stand as security and injunctions to issue forbidding any transfer by the defendants of their property or franchises until the determination of the actions; and as so modified affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements to the appellants. No opinion. Settle orders on notice.

The same, respt., v. Buffalo Frontier Terminal Rd. Co., aplt. The same, respt., v. Frontier & Western Rd. Co., aplt.—Appeals dismissed without costs. No opinion. Orders filed.

Ellen I. Musgrave, as admx., &c., respt., v. Christopher J. Musgrave, indy., and as admr., &c., et al., aplts.—Orders modified and affirmed, without costs. Opinion per curiam. Orders filed.

The same, aplt., v. the same, respts.—Orders affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Orders filed.

Emanuel Bamberger, respt., v. Sidney J. Stern et al., aplt. Charles E. Gremmels, purchaser, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Joseph Ondrayka, respt., v. New Jersey Zinc Co., aplt.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Guiseppi Bice, respt., v. David Stevenson Brewing Co., aplt.—Order modified and affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements to appellant. No opinion. Order filed.

Sabina Foy, respt., v. Thomas Foy, aplt.—Order modified and affirmed without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Pompei Const. Co., aplt., v. Carlo Giolitto et al., respts.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

John P. McKervey, respt., v. Kerr Steamship Co., aplt.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

John P. Parsons, aplt., v. Edith M. Parsons, respt.—Order modified and affirmed without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Real Estate Trust Co. Ins. & Trust Co. of Phila. et al. v. Edward A. Hendrickson et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted with $10 costs. Order filed.

Saranac Land & Timber Co. v. James A. Roberts, as controller, &c.—Motions granted, questions certified. Order filed.

Leon Tanenbaum et al. v. William Ross.—Motion denied with $10 costs. Order filed.

Matter of Henry Bischoff, deceased.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Fairfax Hotel Co. v. Bernabo Barrios.—Motion granted on plaintiff's filing stipulation for judgment absolute in event of affirmance. Order signed.

Katherine H. Bischoff v. Robert M. Catto.—Application granted. Order signed.

137th St. Realty Corp. v. Samuel Robbins.—Application denied with $10 costs. Order signed.

Pompei Const. Co. vs. Carlo Giolitto et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs and stay vacated. Order filed.

Leon Jobin vs. Julia W. M. C. Lawrence.—Motion denied, without costs and without prejudice to renewal, as stated in order. Order filed.

Herbert S. Michael vs. Cayey-Caguas Tobacco Co.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Joseph P. Collins vs. International High Speed Steel Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Equitable Life Assurance Soc. vs. Judson B. Wilds, as exr.—Motion for leave to appeal granted; motion for reargument denied. Order filed.

Zeroldo W. Beatty vs. Walter R. Bacon et al., as exrs.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Frank J. Baumert et al. vs. Manfred Malkin et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. (See Perwillowitz vs. Bunting, Sing & Co., 207 N. Y. 473, 481.) Order filed.

Bayard Products Co. vs. Paul Gross et al.—Motions denied, with $10 costs and stays vacated. Orders filed.

Annie P. Tabneck vs. Frances N. Townsend.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Albert E. Well vs. Harris Hausman et al.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Goshi K. Y. Schonten vs. France & Canada Steamship Co., Inc.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Wills for probate:

James Dowling, Paul H Tracy.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Thomashefsky (Edelstein—Martin M Sittenfield.

SUPREME COURT—Wagner, J.—Matter of Schild—Michael S Wolfe.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Eddystone Ammunition Co (National Metals Co—James B Butler.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Legros (Chain Shirt Shops, Inc—David B Simpson.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Cornell University (Tour, Directory, Printing & Bookbinding Co—Howard C Kelly. Matter of Biehl—Edward J Dunphy.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Thomashefsky (Edelstein—Abraham B Kene.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Flour Exchange Co (Malco Realty Corp—Barnett Berger.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Michael Santora (Remaigio Santeranco—Anthony J Romagna.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department.

DECISIONS.

M. Feld respt., v. H. Raab et al., aplts.—Motion for stay denied, without costs.

In re supplementary proceedings, &c., J. H. Holstein respt., v. A. J. Southard, aplt.—Motion for stay denied, without costs.

In re application of J. F. Kelly for admission to the bar. (From District of Columbia.)—Application granted.

In re application of C. A. Wilson, for admission to the bar. (From the State of Illinois.)—Application granted.

S. Mandelbaum respt. v. Central Live Poultry Co., Inc., and ano. aplts.—Motion for stay granted on condition that appeal be argued first Friday of June term.

M. P. Schmidt as exr., &c., respt. v. E. M. Jewett et al., respt., F. L. Schmidt, Jr., aplt.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs.

H. Barrett respt. v. B. H. R. R. Co. aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

M. Bernstein respt. v. S. Goldsticker aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

T. F. Byron respt. v. La Mura Cont. Co. aplt. (Acts 1 and 2). Order granting plff's motion to compel defts attorney to accept service of complaint reversed and motion denied. Order denying deft.'s motion to dismiss complaint reversed and motion granted, and complaint dismissed, with costs of this appeal.

C. E. F. Cohen respt. v. M. Cohen and others defts. R. E. Rogers as trustee, &c. aplt.—Judgment reversed as to deft Rogers, trustee in bankruptcy, and new trial granted. Costs to abide the event.

A. C. Decker respt. v. Staten Island Rapid Transit Ry Co. aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted. Costs to abide event.

R. Ferraro and A. Ranna as admrs., &c., of J. Ferrara, dec'd, respts., v. C. F. and J. P. Terrence, co-partners, &c., aplts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

In re application for letters of E. E. Hall, dec'd, E. L. McManus, aplt., Hugh B. McNeil, respt.—Decree of Surrogate's Court of Westchester County affirmed, with costs.

F. Johnson, aplt., v. Standard Transp. Co., respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

B. F. Lissner, aplt., v. the Haynes Auto. Co. of N. Y., respt.—Order of the Appellate Term affirmed, with costs.

B. Matican, respt., v. Langrock Bros. Co., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

M. A. Pollock, respt., v. S. I. Rapid Transit Co., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

Public Service Com. for the First District, respt., v. Brooklyn Borough Gas Co., aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

The People, &c., respts., v. J. Saul, aplt.—Judgment of conviction affirmed.

The People, &c., respts., v. G. Vinti, aplt.—Judgment of conviction affirmed.

M. Sullivan, respt., v. J. J. Sullivan, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

J. Thatcher & Son, pltf., v. New Amsterdam Casualty Co., deft.—Judgment for deft., dismissing the complaint, without costs, in accordance with term of submission.

J. and W. H. Way, aplts., v. J. H. Russell as trustee, &c., et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

K. Wetteje, respt., v. L. Goldstein, aplt.—Judgment an order affirmed, with costs.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schuls, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

BRONX COUNTY.
Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.
Snyder (Fred Frederick Williams Co. — Joseph V. McKee.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Negotiations which have been pending for the sale of the sixteen-story commercial structure at 916 to 920 Broadway, were closed yesterday when the property was sold by the Ritz Realty Corporation, R. M. Catts, President, to the 920 Broadway Corporation, incorporated at Albany, Thursday, with B. A. Weathers, Jr., R. T. Woodruff, and M. A. Muller as Directors. It is capitalized at $225,000.

The structure, which was erected several years ago, displacing an old Broadway landmark, the Pursell restaurant, occupies a plot fronting 91.6 feet on Broadway and 78.5 feet on Twenty-first Street. Schwartz and Gross, the architects who designed the building, estimated its cost at about $300 000.

Buys Water Street Loft.

Joseph F. Cullman bought the six-story loft building at 152 Water Street and 130 and 132 Maiden Lane, with frontages of 62 feet on Maiden Lane and 27.7 feet on Water Street, from Richard S. Elliot through Charles F. Noyes Company. The deal was for all cash. Walker & Fay, attorneys, represented the seller, while Charles B. Cole represented the purchaser.

Operator Buys Midtown Loft Held at $150,000.

Isaac Portman, operator, purchased from the New York Life Insurance Company 252 to 258 West Twenty-ninth Street, a seven-story loft building on a plot 90 by 74 by irregular, adjoining the southwest corner of Eighth Avenue.

The property which was bought at auction in foreclosure proceedings in December, 1916, was held at $150,000. G. E. Fowler negotiated the sale.

The Chesterfield Resold.

Otto R. Hartman, President of the North Castle Realty Company, resold the Chesterfield, a ten-story apartment house, on plot 130 by 130, assessed at $550,000, at the northeast corner of Riverside Drive and Ninety-eighth Street, to a corporation now being formed.

Heights Apartment Sold.

Samuel H. Kupferman sold the five-story new-law apartment house, on plot 50 by 115, held at $90,000 and renting for $14,000, at the northwest corner of Wadsworth Avenue and 185th Street, through Charles S. Kohler, Inc. Davis & Davis, attorneys, represented the seller and Otterbourg, Steinler & Houston the purchaser.

Downtown Sales.

The American Missionary Association sold the six-story building, on lot 36 by 81 by 27 by 56, at 68 Chambers Street, running through to Roosevelt Street, to Nat E. Berzen through Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd.

The estate of Mary Lockman sold the three-story store building on plot about 22 by 65, at 155 Cedar Street, to the Hellenic Catholic Church of St. Nicholas, which will remodel the building for its own use. The Cruikshank Company negotiated the sale.

The New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission sold the property at 128 to 132 Stanton Street, held at $65,000 and used for almost a century by the mission for religious purposes, to Hyman Weisner, who will demolish the present building. Abraham J. Halprin represented Mr. Weisner as attorney.

Estate Sells Vacant Plot.

The estate of Mary G. Pinckney sold the vacant plot, 100 by 100, on the south side of 141st Street, 331 feet east of Lenox Avenue, to Harry Baff through Porter & Co.

Private Dwellings.

The Anna L. Gardner estate of Brookline, Mass., sold the four-story dwelling, 19 by 102, at 178 West Seventy-sixth Street, to Elsie Holzman through Frederick Zittel & Sons.

Robert E. Kelly sold the three-story and basement dwelling, 18 by 100, at 234 East Sixty-eighth Street to a client of Joseph F. Seitz.

James H. Cruikshank sold the dwelling, 20 by 100, at 203 West 121st Street to a client of Mulvihill & Co.

Marcus L. Osk bought the three-story brownstone dwelling on lot 18.9 by 100.11 at 123 West 122d Street from a Mrs. Haas through a broker named Alexander.

Hannie Grill bought the three-story and basement dwelling on plot 20 by 100 at 331 East 124th Street through Albert H. Stout, who also sold for Isabel Mackin to a client of B. J. Green, Jr., the three-story and basement dwelling on plot 19.6 by 100 at 215 West 130th Street.

The estate of Dr. P. Schaeffler sold the four-story and basement dwelling, 20 by 75.6, at 969 Lexington Avenue, between Seventieth and Seventy-first Streets, to a client of Pease & Elliman.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company, trustee for the estate of C. J. Ryan, sold the five-story dwelling on lot 21x100, at 712 St. Nicholas Avenue, to a physician, who will occupy after making alterations. J. J. Hutson & Son negotiated the transaction.

Benjamin Welles, as trustee for Harriet K. Welles, sold 154 and 156 East Seventy-eighth Street, three-story and basement dwellings on plot 37.6 by 102.2.

The Lawyers' Mortgage Company has sold at 181 East Ninety-third Street, a four-story dwelling on a plot 20 by 100.8, between Lexington and Third Avenues.

A. Kane Company sold for the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company the dwelling 134 West 136th Street, 16.8 by 99.11, to an investor.

James H. Cruikshank purchased from Mary L. Wood the three-story dwelling at 38 West 115th Street, on plot 19 by 100. George W. Brettell & Sons were the brokers.

Bernhard Buse sold the frame dwelling, 34 by 100, at 47 Adrian Avenue, in the Marble Hill section.

Tenement Deals.

The Empire City Holding Company (William Prager) bought the five-story building, on lot 25 by 100, at 181 Madison Street, through Alexander Selkin and David Mintz.

Mary B. Ryan bought the single flat, 19.2 by 100, at 66 West Ninety-third Street, through Jacob J. Talbot.

Ward Balknap & Son have sold for the estate of George W. Coutts (Frank G. Wild, executor) the five-story, four-family tenement, with stores, on lot 25 by 100, 227 East Ninety-seventh Street, to the Merit Realty Corporation, (Marcus L. Oak, President.)

Sidney J. Moll bought the five-story apartment house, 27 by 100, at 68 West 117th Street, from Theresa Weinstock and sister.

Sells Vacant Lots.

Everett Hall sold two lots on the north side of 209th Street, 150 feet west of Ninth Avenue, to a buyer who intends improving the property. John N. Golding negotiated the sale.

The Bronx Market.

Morris Polsky resold the vacant plot, 90 by 97, at the southeast corner of Creston Avenue and 197th Street, to a builder who will improve the property with a five-story apartment house. Schwab & Co. negotiated the sale.

The Isaac Lowenfeld Realty Corporation bought the plot, 50 by 100, on McLean Avenue, known as lots 356 and 357 of the Murray estate, through Alexander Selkin and David Mintz. The same brokers sold the plot, 50 by 100, on the west side of Plimpton Avenue, 200 feet north of 170th Street, to Sarah Ashman.

M. L. & C. Ernst sold the three-story two-family frame dwelling on plot 25 by 103, at 1,384 Stebbins Avenue, to Simon Goldberg, through Leitner, Brener & Starr. Through the same brokers they sold a three-story dwelling, 25 by 100, at 845 Whitlock Avenue, to R. Schrieber.

An investing client of Paul Hellinger, attorney, has bought from the Van Buren Realty Company the five-story apartment house at 520 Morris Park Avenue and 1,751 Van Buren Street, southwest corner, on a plot fronting 103.2 feet on Morris Park Avenue and 102.5 feet on Van Buren Street.

Hyman Weisner has bought from the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company the property at 1,443 to 1,447 Washington Avenue. A. I. Halprin represented the buyer as attorney.

Frederick Brown sold to a client of Samuel H. Golding seven lots at the northeast corner of University Avenue and Fordham Road.

Frederick Brown sold to a client of Cahn & Cahn, 210 East 180th Street, a three-story dwelling, 22 by 93; also 2,373 Grand Avenue, one-family dwelling, 50 by 90; 2,310 Grand Avenue, one-family dwelling, 25 by 80, and 58 East 190th Street, one-family dwelling, 43 by 175. Leitner, Brener & Starr, brokers.

Brooklyn.

The Alco Building Company sold fourteen one-family brick dwellings, built in pairs in the Philadelphia style, on the south side of Sixty-fourth Street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first Avenues, Mapleton Park, to Edwin M. LaRoche, through the Realty Trust. Through the same brokers it sold the one-family semi-detached brick dwelling at 5,014 Twenty-second Street, Mapleton Park, to William H. Mumme for occupancy.

Paul H. Graef sold the three-story brick one-family dwelling on lot 20 by 110 irregular at 1,214 Pacific Street, between Bedford and Nostrand Avenues, to a client of the Bulkley & Horton Company for occupancy.

Clinton Trading Corporation sold the one-family brick dwelling on lot 20 by 98.8, at 8,736 Fifteenth Avenue, to Rosa Carami through Frank Bambara.

Matilda C. Witte sold the three-story dwelling, 20 by 131, at 385 Sterling Place, to a client of Henry Pierson & Co. The same brokers sold the three-story brownstone house, 20 by 131, at 197 Prospect Place, to Kathleen Roberts for occupancy.

Realty Associates sold the three-story and basement house, on lot 25 by 107.6, at 40 Lawrence Street, to Fortunata Saverese through N. J. Sasso, and the two-story brick, 20 by 52 by 100, at 1,154 Fifty-first Street, to Catherine Molinari.

Nills H. Nelson sold the two-family brick dwelling on lot 20 by 100, at 1,904 Eighty-fourth Street, to Giovanni Fabiano for occupancy.

Violet A. Sims sold the one-family brick dwelling, with garage, at 653 Sixty-eighth Street, to a client of Walter S. Ross and C. C. Gretsinger for occupancy.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold the two-story dwelling on plot 20 by 100, at 903 Sixth Street, to a client for occupancy.

The Brooklyn Trust Co., as executors, sold the two-story and basement white stone two-family house at 455 Fifteenth Street to a client of F. C. Sauter.

D. Griffith sold a one-family cottage on plot 60 by 100, at 5,211 Thirteenth Avenue, to M. Fidelman through I. Salzberg.

Queens Borough Sales.

William H. Carr bought the dwelling, on plot 30 by 100, at 6 Neff Place, Flushing, from Emma Enderman, through J. Albert Johntra.

Frederick Dunton sold to M. Miller a plot, 175 by 271, on the north side of Hillside Avenue, east of Flushing Avenue, Jamaica.

The Hillside Realty Company purchased, for immediate development, a plot, 100 by 102, at the southwest corner of Belmont and Lefferts Avenues, Woodhaven. The seller was W. Tunstill.

The Loshen Construction Company sold to D. Goldstein two plots, improved with dwellings, at Maspeth. A plot 22 by 100 is at the southeast corner of George Street and Franklin Place, and another, 27 by 100, is on the east side of Barnum Avenue, north of Lafayette Street.

The Stability Realty Company purchased from the Windsor Park Company a plot, 60 by 100, on the west side of Rue De St. Felix, north of Sea Girt Avenue, Far Rockaway.

Suburban Sales.

The executors of the Henry Iden Estate sold a sixteen-acre tract on Larchmont Avenue, Larchmont, N. Y., held at $100,000, to the Parkside-Larchmont Corporation, through Charles Field Griffen & Co.

Mrs. Elizabeth Banfield bought a residence site at Pelidston, Riverdale, N. Y., through George Lowe.

Annie A. Johnson sold her residence on Clifford Avenue, Pelhamwood, N. Y., held at $18,000, to C. B. Mertz, through Fish & Marvin. The same brokers sold to Lucius Greve two lots adjoining his residence on Monterey Avenue, Pelham Manor.

Albert Turner sold Whippoorwill Farm, consisting of fifty-six acres with dwelling and outbuildings, two miles from Chappaqua, N. Y., to John W. Bicknell, through Griffen, Prince & Ripley.

Richard W. Knight bought the dwelling at 85 Greenway South, Forest Hills Gardens, L. I., for $21,000 cash, from Will Philip Hooper, through Guyon L. C. Earle.

Mrs. Edward I. Frost sold about three acres at Cedarhurst, L. I., to DeCourcy Hird, through Stebbins & Son.

Mrs. Duncan Doble bought the Kerwin cottage at Brightwaters, L. I., through Badgley & Brewster.

R. Kearney sold a large plot at Davenport, N. J., to a client of Williamson & Bryan.

J. Mayers bought a four-family brick apartment building, 59 by 100, at 214 and 216 Larkin Street, Arverne, L. I., through Louis H. May & Co.

Commercial Leases.

Morris White leased the first and second floors in the former Greenhut Annex, at the southwest corner of Nineteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, from the William Vincent Astor estate for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $100,000, through Spear & Co.

Price, Waterhouse & Co. leased the west half of the twelfth floor at 6 and 8 Forty-eighth Street, through the Brett & Goode Company.

New York Guild for the Jewish Blind, Mrs. Edward I. Wilson, Chairman, has purchased for a home 42 lots in Yonkers, bounded by Jerome Avenue, Vernon Place, Park Place, and Orient Avenue, from the Verlaguet Estate, formerly owned by the estate of Daniel Friedman. The mansion on the property will be remodeled and the total expense will be about $100,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

Broad St, 82-4, w s, 43.3 ft n of Stone St, 52.1x98.10 irreg, two four-story loft and store buildings; Equitable Life Assurance Society against Helen Herbert et al; Alexander & G., attorneys; due, $162,099.31; taxes, $1,812.10; withdrawn.

116th St, 58-62 East, s s, 130 ft e of Madison Av, 60x100, three five-story tenements and stores; Central Union Trust Co. against Broadway-Lenox Street Corp. et al; Larkin & P., attorneys; due, $1,841; adjourned to June 6.

By Joseph P. Day.

101st St, 416 East, s s, 385 ft e of 1st Av, 37.6x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; Central Union Trust Co. against Amy Holder et al; Larkin & P., attorneys; due, $22,595.83; taxes, &c., $637.20; to the plaintiff for $19,000.

123d St, 439 East, n s, 205.1 ft w of Pleasant Av, 16.8x100.11, three-story and bk dwelling; Christian Schroeder et al, exrs, &c., against Christian A. Schroeder et al; Rudolph Schroeder, attorney; due, $6,819.96; taxes, &c., $50; to the plaintiff for $4,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Grand Concourse, e s, 50 ft s of 192d St, five-story brick tenement, 100x88; Henlee Real Estate Corporation, Inc., Louis Wolf, 1,812 Clinton Avenue, President, owners; Irving Margon, 385 East 149th St, architect; cost $100,000.

Whitlock Av, s e corner Barretto St, one-story brick garage, 100.7x134.06; S. & B. Construction Co., Marcus Singer, 700 Trinity Av, Treasurer, owners; William Shary, 369 East 207th St, architect; cost $12,000.

Cypress Av, n e corner of 137th St, one-story hollow tile garage, 18x48; Isak Roy, 590 East 140th St, owner; Stoughton & Stoughton, architect; cost $8,000.

Vincent Av, e s, 150 ft s of Baisley Av, one-story brick garage, 18x20; John Sellitto, 1,044 East Tremont Av, owner; Bernhard Ebling, 2,400 Westchester Av, architect; cost $1,000.

Edson Av, e s, 256.02 ft s of Boston Road, four two-story frame dwellings, 20x24 each; Crawford Real Estate and Building Co., George Crawford, 7 East 42d St, President, owners; Kingsley Lloyd, Bergen Building, architect; total cost $16,000.

Alterations.

Items under $3,000 omitted.

Cypress Av, w s, 100 ft n of 137th St, three-story frame dwelling and garage, 22x80; Isak Roy, 590 East 140th St, owner; Stoughton & Stoughton, 96 5th Av, architects; cost $3,000.

3d Av, s, 981-83, two-story brick store, 50.3x108; Adolph Weg, on premises, owner; William H. Mayer, 1,861 Carter Av, architect; cost $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

FORT WASHINGTON AV, w s, 100 ft n of 180th St, 81.5x108.5 x irregular; Edwin H. Peck to Compass Realty Corporation, 31 Nassau St, ½ part, mtg $82,500, all liens, May 19; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; same as executor and trustee; Walter J. Peck to same, ½ part, all title, mtg $82,500, all liens, May 19; attorneys, same.....$36,250

SAME PROPERTY; Edna P. Jenkins to same, ½ part, all title, mtg $82,500, all liens, May 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

MADISON ST, 181, n s, 24.6x100; S. Ashman to Empire State Holding Corp, 37 Lib-erty St, mtg, $21,000; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway.....$100

MADISON AV, e s, 50 ft n of 65th St, 325x 70; Katherine M. Barnes to Joseph R. Barnes, 775 Madison Av, one-half part, May 1; attorneys, Thompson, F. & C., 2 Wall St.....$100

NORTHERN AV, n e c 177th St, 225 ft to s s 178th St, 50.2x228x102; Niles Realty Co to Lusonray Holding Co

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Real Estate Operator,

He was one of the Executive Committee of the Fort Washington Heights and Buena Vista Syndicates, 176th to 181st st., Broadway to Riverside Drive. This property brought at Public Auction, April, 1909, $3,000 to $10,000 per lot. These lots are now a big city of apartment houses.

Mr. Marx was one of our largest ***tobacco merchants*** before he took up Real Estate operating as a profession.

The general advance in operating and overhead costs may be discounted if leases are signed now for October.

AN APARTMENT IN THE

HOTEL WOODWARD ANNEX

204 West 55th Street

Offers all the conveniences and advantages of a restaurant in emergencies; a cafe; a barber shop; a cashier to cash checks and advance cash; a package room to receive, receipt and pay C. O. D.'s; additional rooms in hotel for guests, and servants not essential.

Telephone 2000 Circle.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Ardsley Park

"The Garden Spot of Westchester County."

CHOICE ACREAGE

Overlooking the Hudson.

FINE BUILDING SITES

Bordering the New Golf Course of the Ardsley Club.

Ardsley Towers

A palatial edifice of stone and brick, may be purchased for less than its assessed valuation, or rented.

Field Homestead

with four acres; procurable on easy terms. Would rent for season.

For all further particulars address

ANSON F. ROBINSON,

39 Liberty St., N. Y., and Ardsley-on-Hudson, N. Y. Tel. John 903.

A Sunny Home on Chester Hill

Finest location; beautiful wide lawn south of the house with trees; 7 room house; built when sturdy timber was cheap; slate roof, electric light, tiled bath; veranda on two sides; fine condition; always occupied by present owner. Price with extra building plot, $16,000.

Anderson Realty Co.

MOUNT VERNON, NEW YORK.

SCARSDALE

EDGEMONT PARK SECTION

I have the finest location in the park, with a new 8-room Colonial house, 3 baths, sun parlor; everything finished with finest materials, on a plot 89x181; 4 minutes from station; electric light fixtures, bathroom fixtures and shades.

J. M. Pendleton

No. 10 Wyndam Road.

Phone Scarsdale 524.

$5000 CASH

Will give you immediate possession of a choice residence at Scarsdale.

MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE

Two acres, 10 rooms, 3 baths, garage for 2 cars. Fine trees.

ANGELL & CO., Scarsdale, N. Y.

SPECIALISTS IN

WESTCHESTER, NEARBY CONNECTICUT AND NORTH SHORE, L. I., PROPERTIES—INSURANCE.

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kensington

GREAT NECK

SEVERAL houses, ready to occupy. These homes range in price from $25,000 to $45,000 and are exceptionally good propositions at these prices. Ownership includes use of $100,000 Waterfront Park. Before deciding make sure to see these properties.

Finlay Realty Company

Phone 5921 Greeley. 1 West 34th St.

A Few Choice Bungalows to Rent

Furnished, plumbing and electricity. $400 per season, West End, Long Beach, L. I.

(A Limited Number for Sale.)

SUNSET BUNGALOW CO., Inc.

1335 Grand St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Phone Stagg 2600.

CHARMING COTTAGE

AT GREAT NECK. Nine rooms and bath; all improvements. Fine, high location. Convenient to railroad station. Price $11,000. S. HERTZ, Box 331, Great Neck Station. Telephone Great Neck 126.

Broadway Flushing House

Convenient to station; 8 rooms and bath. Plot 40x100. Price $5,500. Also one for $6,800. LEON A. BIRCK, Station Plaza, Broadway, Flushing. Telephone Flushing 1054.

WESTBURY

One to Ten Acre Plots

adjoining the Ladenburg Estate and ten minutes from golf course.

CHARLES CROSBY, 47 West 34th St.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

! 100 ACRES !

of groves, mountain springs; residence, improvements; 25-mile vista, unequaled! Ask Francis Smith, Temple Bar, Brooklyn. Phone 1280 Main.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE

Most attractive modern Colonial residence in very best condition, beautiful surroundings, in Morristown, N. J. Property consists of between three and four acres, commodious house of twelve rooms, eight master bedrooms, six baths; electrically lighted and with all improvements and conveniences; large dry cellar; servants' rooms in garage; eight rooms and bath. Garage stable with capacity four cars and with four box stalls. Well-kept lawns, majestic old trees, beautiful shrubs and hedges, large vegetable garden, tennis court or croquet grounds, handsome iron fence and gates; convenient to post office, railroad station, banks and business part of town. Excellently located and surrounded by the best homes in residence section. Price $40,000, of which $15,000 to $25,000 can remain on mortgage. Address

G. W. BACOT,

63 Macculloch Av., Morristown, N. J.

WESTFIELD, N. J.

FOR SALE

Eleven room house, one tile bath and maid's bath; perfect condition; vacuum vapor heating system, 2 fireplaces, oak floors, porch glassed and screened; double garage, heated, water and hand light; 2 box stall carriage shed; chicken house for 100 chickens; fine garden plat; fine fruit trees, berry bushes. Title guarantee. Possession at once.

WORTH $18,000

will sell for

$15,000

H. R. WELCH,

214 E. Broad Street, Westfield, N. J.

Splendid Proposition

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Real Estate

Salesmen and Agents

TO SELL FOR CASH

500 IMPROVED LOTS

AT METUCHEN, N. J.

Only those who can give bond need apply.

Exclusively commission basis. No drawing account, advances or expenses. Apply Room 1102, World Building, 68 Park Row.

Atlantic City

$60,000 SMALL HOTEL

65 bedrooms, 2 dining rooms; lot, 50x180; street to street. Centrally located; well equipped.

Ready to step in. Terms arranged.

For information call or write W. D. Riley, 51 East 42nd Street. Vanderbilt 5462. Brokers protected.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MUST BE SOLD

GREENWICH

Riverside Station

AT LESS THAN COST TO BUILD. 1½ acres, lawns and garden, modern house, A1 condition. Six large master's bedrooms and 2 baths. Three double servants' rooms and bath. Stable or garage, two rooms. Private bathing beach, fine trees and shrubs. Fully furnished. Open for inspection Saturday and Sunday.

W. G. BUXTON.

206 West 14th St. Phone 2630 Chelsea.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

NOW READY

FOR OCCUPANCY

300 Central Park West

Cor. 90th St.

1-2-3 ROOMS

Furnished and Unfurnished

Restaurant on Premises

Apply on Premises or

BING & BING

119 West 40th St.

FOR RENT

New Studio

Apartments

120 West 71st St.

Two Rooms & Bath,

Rents $1,050 to $1,500

Open for Inspection!

Saturday Afternoon & Sunday.

BROOKS & MOMAND

115 Broadway.

81st St. and West End Ave. 80. West Corner.

APARTMENTS NOW READY.

2 ROOMS AND BATH

3 ROOMS AND BATH

2 ROOMS AND BATH, SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIAN.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Massachusetts.

26-room granite house, one acre land, East Milton, 7 miles from Boston, South Station; great bargain; $18,000. Particulars, Azzimonti, 40 Union Square, New York.

Country Houses Wanted.

SIX OR SEVEN ROOM UNFURNISHED HOUSE

wanted June 1 by responsible Christian couple with 2 children; within commuting distance of city; rent not to exceed $50 or $60 per month; willing to lease and references given; Long Island preferred; give location, means of transportation, and rent in answering. Phone Spring 1082. L 666 Times Downtown.

Wanted.—Six or seven-room house, bungalow type; will rent with view of purchase; Westchester or Long Island; not over 30 minutes out. H. H., 289 Times.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

Beautifully furnished modern new nine room Moorish stucco home; season, $575; screened porch; piano; lawn; half acre in piney woods; mile from seashore; new garage; will be open Saturday, Sunday, Monday; look for Noroma Cottage, 760 Baldwin Blvd., Brightwaters, near Bay Shore, L. I. R. R.; one hour from Penn station; automobilists take Merrick Road to Brightwaters. After Monday call Schuyler 5366.

Shore front cottage, 4 bedrooms, 2 baths; furnished for owner; exceptionally beautiful location; North Shore; 1¼ hours N. Y.; price $10,000; $5,000 mortgage; terms; might rent desirable part for season. W. B. Room 1514, 32 Broadway. Phone Broad 6352.

Kew Gardens.—Nine rooms, bath, lavatory; sleeping porch; electric dishwasher; near station; $150 monthly. Telephone Richmond Hill 1469.

Forest Hills.—Furnished apartment, outside exposure; two bedrooms, extra large sitting, dining room, kitchen, to Sept. 1. Tel. Forest Hills 6311.

Good Ground, Long Island, always cool, desirable waterfront house 15 rooms, 4 baths, stable, garage. Nugent, 325 W. 84th St.

Forest Hills Gardens.—Corner house, detached, 8 rooms, 2 baths; large sun parlor; $225. Hobbs, Forest Hills 6200.

Furnished house, near bay and station; rent $700. Telephone Far Rockaway 17.

Westchester County.

Attractive, completely furnished house for Summer in Pleasantville, Westchester County, N. Y.; six bedrooms, two baths; near station; large porches, grounds, &c.; one hour via New York Central. Telephone 90 Pleasantville, or 1249 John, N. Y. City. T. S. Hand.

Chappaqua, N. Y.—Charming, artistic, modern 7-room cottage, attractive grounds, shade; Harlem Railroad, 50 miles out, 5 minutes' walk from station; garage near for car; $400 June to October. Ida H. Miller. Tel. 101 Chappaqua.

Rent, furnished, corner house at Greenwich, Conn.; grounds and garden; ten rooms and three baths; best section; five minutes from station; ten minutes from water and yacht club. 104 Field Point Rd. Tel. 926 Greenwich.

Furnished eight-room house, North Yonkers, for three months or longer; $65 per month. J. D. B., Room 804, 25 West 45th St., New York City.

July and August; 7-room house; attractive neighborhood; near trolley; all conveniences; terms $350 for two months. 15 Ellenton Av., New Rochelle. Phone 2304.

New York State.

Lake Waccabuc, New York.—Large cottage, five master's bedrooms, three baths, servants' quarters and bath; fully furnished. Apply Waccabuc Inn Co., Lake Waccabuc, N. Y.

Lawrence Park, Bronxville, large modern house, six master's rooms, three bathrooms, four servants' rooms, bath, large porches, flower, vegetable gardens, two car garage, man's room; three months, $1,800; see owner. H. R. Burt. Telephone 296 Bronxville.

New Jersey.

To Rent.—Completely furnished shore residence; five bedrooms, three baths, large living room, dining room and kitchen; also sun parlor; easy access from New York by Sandy Hook boats; fifteen hundred dollars rent for season; if desired, meals can be had at hotel nearby. Address W., Box 302, Atlantic Highlands, N. J.

For rent for Summer, attractive cottage at Sea Girt, N. J.; all conveniences; fully furnished. Five bedrooms. Inquire of G. F. Richardson, 46 Bridge St., Newark, N. J., or W. W. Wilson, Chicago Boulevard, Sea Girt, N. J.

Attractively furnished cottage, Upper Montclair, for rent season; 9 rooms; 2 baths; spacious verandas; electricity; gas; excellent neighborhood; attractive outlook; conveniently located; reasonable. T 504 Times Downtown.

CRANFORD COTTAGE AND GARAGE.

Owner will rent until May, 1920, attractively furnished 7-room cottage and garage. Phone Schuyler 4434. B 705 Times Downtown.

Ten-room house; all improvements; near beach; commuting; Sandy Hook boats; ½ mile Atlantic Highlands. Phone 10025 Cathedral. Address D. C. Leonard, Leonardo, N. J.

Beautifully furnished houses for Summer season, $400 up; all outdoor sports, fishing, swimming, tennis, &c. Write or phone Mrs. H. C. Klintrup, Mountain Lakes, N. J.

Locust Point, near Navesink.—Furnished house on high land; ocean view; six master's, three servants' rooms, three baths. Cranford, N. J., summer months, new seven-room house, attractively furnished; $80 monthly; golf; tennis; canoeing. Phone 445.

Connecticut.

Rent for the season, furnished house; five bedrooms, two baths, one en suite and servant's room; 100 miles out, in beautiful Litchfield Hills; all improvements, including electric lights; reasonable. See A. E. Fuller, Litchfield, Conn., or E. G. Trowbridge, 761 St. Nicholas Av.

Will rent furnished, to desirable family, own suburban home, Sound Beach; hour out; eight rooms; two baths; garage; garden; best references essential. Rawson, Phone 296 Sound Beach or 1200 Vanderbilt.

Furnished cottage, 7 rooms, bath; running water; electric light; wide verandas; directly on water; private bathing beach; season $400. Address Box 624, Stonington, Conn.

Rent, furnished, Shippan Point, 8 rooms, 2 baths, and large private beach. W 319 Times.

New Hampshire.

Beautiful, healthful New Hampshire; Colonial house, standing high, ideally situated amid old trees and lawns; facing lake; 16 acres; entrancing views from large porches; fine fishing, boating, bathing; house well and artistically furnished; 6 fireplaces; 2 baths; hot-water heater; motor pump; garage; stable; boat; season, $500. Telephone before 3, Cathedral 9117. Write Room 612, 19 Liberty St.

Summer Homes Wanted—Furnished.

Wanted.—To rent, Summer season, 6 or 8-room furnished cottage or bungalow in refined neighborhood, on or near ocean front, within commuting distance of New York; Long Island preferred; give full particulars. O 512 Times Downtown.

Two adjoining cottages furnished, month July, Rhode Island or Massachusetts ocean shore, under $100 each. Send particulars, F. J. C., 90 Washington Av., Suffern, N. Y.

SUMMER HOMES—Unfurnished.

Westchester County.

Two bungalows for sale or for rent, six rooms and bath, outside shower; plot 40x200; all improvements; 5 minutes' walk to Oakland Beach, Rye, N. Y. Apply Room 2,942 Grand Central Terminal. Murray Hill 4647.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Six-story new law tenement on leading Harlem business street; first class investment; principals only. Owner 1,929 Amsterdam Av.

We have several desirable plots, suitable for theatre, garage or hotel. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 EAST 42D ST.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—Seven room houses; all modern improvements; electric lights, at 998 Brooklyn Av., Brooklyn, now ready and open for inspection Saturday, from 12 M. to 4 P. M., and all day Sunday. For details inquire Complete Home Building Co., inc., 1,133 Broadway, New York. Tel. Farragut 2903.

Four six family apartments; hot water, electrics, and parquet floors; plot 100x100, including corner; one-half minute from West End Subway; rent $7,200, and has not been raised since property was built; asking $53,000; easy terms. Cummins & Holleran, 614 79th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

GOOD INVESTMENT—TWO APARTMENTS.

Flatbush section of Brooklyn; will show $5,184 rental; price $35,000; all light rooms; lot 40x100; near trolley and new subway. Kenmore 6238. H. R. Bailey Bros., 1,516 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

FLATBUSH & BROOKLYN APARTMENTS. Investors' opportunity; 6 to 36 families; choice location; good income; see us. Phone Kenmore 6238. H. R. Bailey, 1,516 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Eight-family apartment house, steam heat and hot water, also electricity, in Bronx; near subway; can be bought with little cash. Owner, Greeley 6073.

A Bargain.—3-story single flats and store in West Bronx. Inquire Box 463 Monticello, N. Y.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

HOUSE AND CONSERVATORY.

Beautiful one-family frame cottage, 7 rooms and bath, and Lord & Burnham greenhouse on grounds, 50x100; $2,500 cash, balance $4,000 on mortgage; in Richmond Hill, Long Island; 3 minutes' walk from Long Island Railroad Station, connecting with Interborough Subway; 4 minutes from Jamaica, connecting with Pennsylvania Railroad Station, New York. Wm. Vander Koogh, 33 Park Row. Phone Cort. 2629.

Cozy, 7-room home, $5,000; parquet floors, steam heat, latest plumbing, open fireplace, large porch, screens, storm sash; 30 minutes to Pennsylvania Station, New York or Brooklyn; restricted neighborhood; 80-foot macadam street; 5 minutes' walk to station. A. L. Kingsley, 336 Fulton St. Telephone 79 Jamaica.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Seven-room stucco and hollow tile dwelling; open fireplace, steam heat, &c.; fine section, near water; beautiful views; 50x100; bargain at $5,500. M. Bache, Great Kills, Staten Island.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Freeport, L. I.—Waterfront house on Randall Bay; commuting distance of N. Y.; house equipped with all modern improvements, electric light, hot water, heat, gas, and running water; porches inclosed in glass; also large sun parlor; large garage for two cars; also sleeping room and bath room for help; large plot; will sacrifice; good reason for selling; asking $9,000; terms to suit. L. G. Heiberger, Baldwin, L. I.

AT FLUSHING, MOVE RIGHT IN.—$13,000 proposition for $8,500 to quick buyer; modern house; unoccupied now; nine rooms and two finished off in attic; location finest in Flushing; large plot, 50x200; two street frontages; near churches, schools, trolleys; 16 minutes electric train service to city; investigate, satisfy yourself. Particulars, Box 203, Flushing, L. I.

Westbury.—Ready to occupy; $9,500; beautiful new dwelling; Colonial type; 9 rooms; steam heat, 2 fireplaces, gas, and electricity; ¼ acre; latest decorations; hardwood floors; Maple Av., east of Ellison. H. Pierson, owner. Telephone 260 Westbury.

KEW GARDENS HOUSE.

On N. E. corner Lefferts and Metropolitan Avs.; half acre plot; 6 bedrooms; every improvement; large garage; price $25,000. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

For Sale Cheap.—Equity in lot 100 by 250 feet, Stewart Av., finest residential section of Garden City; easy terms of payment. Telephone or write, A. C. Hume, 547 5th Av. Telephone 498 Vanderbilt.

For sale at Lynbrook, L. I., eight-room Colonial house, all improvements; corner plot, 65x125; garage; eight minutes' walk from station. Inquire at 59 East Grove St., Lynbrook, L. I. Telephone 764J.

FLUSHING HOUSES

on North Parsons Ave. and Washington Place; immediate possession. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

LOCUST PARK, OSCAWANA, N. Y.

Three to 7 room bungalows and cottages for rent; one hour from Grand Central Station. Representative on premises or inquire Room 613, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn. Phone 456 Main.

Adirondacks brought near; 42 miles out; 50 acres, accessible, some tillable; secluded, picturesque, splendid outlook, streams, timbered; suitable estate, bungalows, camps; bathing, boating, fishing; $100 acre; easy terms. D 170 Times.

LOCUST PARK, OSCAWANA, N. Y.

Summer boarding house on road to Mount Airy, Westchester County; beautiful country. Representative on premises or inquire Room 613, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn. Phone 456 Main.

If you can pay $400 down you can build a bungalow at Hastings-on-Hudson; monthly payments. Write Edwards, 11 West 45th St.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

2½ lots on Greenway North, in best section; price $4,600. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful Craftsman home goes for $5,000; 6 rooms, tile bath; open fireplace; steam heat; beam ceiling; parquet floors; bedrooms white enamel; plot 38x120; paved street; sewer, water, gas, electricity; near station and public school; 28 minutes N. Y. City; 8c. com. fare; $500 cash, balance monthly less than rent. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

17 beautiful suburban single and two-family houses, all sizes; positively every improvement; equal to best city apartments; up-to-date town, ½-hour Manhattan, 8c commutation; bargains, $3,500 to $11,000; terms arranged; one beauty, $350 cash; easy terms. Henschel, 80 8th St., Ridgefield Park, N. J. Don't hesitate, phone now. 1481-J Hackensack, 3823 Cortlandt, N. Y.

AVON-BY-THE-SEA, N. J.

For sale, 7 furnished cottages; all improvements; 7 to 14 rooms; prices from $4,500 to $10,500; easy terms.

APPLY C. D. SNYDER,

500 Main St. Phone 246.

Atlantic Highlands.—Furnished cottage for sale, on high bluff overlooking bay, ten rooms and bath, all conveniences, $7,000. Address all agents, or Caffrey, 98 Bayview Av., Atlantic Highlands, New Jersey.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

A gentleman's country place on Lake Champlain, 27 miles north of Plattsburg, and 43 miles south of Montreal, on State road; 165 feet lake front; house thoroughly modern; 12 large bedrooms; large living room, furnished. William I. Millard, Rouses Point, N. Y.

FARMS.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

750 acres, all equipped, 1,800 feet elevation, brooks and waterfall; 12 miles from Lake Mahopac or 60 from city. Personal interview. Azzimonti, 40 Union Square.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Farm of sixty (60) acres, good buildings, house with ten (10) rooms, all improvements; located five miles from Newark, four miles from Elizabeth; trolleys to Newark and Elizabeth pass the door; city water in fine property. Address J. W. Apgar, 1,186 East Grand St., Elizabeth, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LARGE CORNER STORE FOR RENT ON MADISON AV., IN 40S; RENT $6,500; PARTICULARS TO PRINCIPALS ONLY. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

5TH AV., CORNER STORE FOR RENT, ABOVE 42D ST.; 21x84; LARGE SHOW WINDOWS ON AVENUE AND STREET; RENT $22,000. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

One-story building, 25x103; concrete floor; all open; suitable for garage or any business. Owner, 611 East 156th St.

Mail privileges; $3.00; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Basement to let, 25x100; cement floor; sprinkled. Apply Sloane & Moller, 316 East 65th St.

253 Madison Av.—Parlor floor; two magnificent rooms; bath, electricity; responsible tenant.

Madison Av., 785, (67th St.)—Parlor floor, large, light basement; newly decorated; electricity.

For Rent.—Partitioned office. Room 507, 51 East 42d St., A. J. Betten.

PART OF FACTORY, OFFICE AND SHOWROOM TO SUBLET. R 17 TIMES.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

LOFT SPACE WANTED.

5,000 sq. ft.
5,000 sq. ft.
10,000 sq. ft.

3 distinct pieces; possession now or soon, for manufacturing garments; a wonderful opportunity to dispose of your lease, as we are ready to buy also your entire shop or office equipment for spot cash; will not go outside district bounded by Lexington Av., 25th St., 8th Av., 40th St.

OFFICE SPACE WANTED.

7,500 sq. ft.

Within 1 block of 5th Av., between 32d and 42d St.; we are ready to buy also your entire office equipment for spot cash. Phone or write L. A. Sherburne, 1 West 34th. Greeley 85.

WANTED—LOFT, APPROXIMATELY 4,000 SQ. FEET, FROM 28TH TO 45TH ST.; WILL LEASE OR SUBLEASE; POSSESSION ABOUT JULY 1 OR SOONER. PHONE MAD. SQ. 3665.

FACTORY WANTED,

with loft, 30 to 50 machines, between 20th and 33d Sts. Call Stuyvesant 4228.

Loft or space suitable jobbing dresses, with or without fixtures.
or without fixtures. F 143 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 23.—Elegantly furnished apartment to rent; apartment of 4 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, ground floor; $250 monthly.

30TH ST., Corner Lexington Av., (163.)—Apartment hotel exclusively for women; corner suite, parlor, bedroom, and bath, beautifully furnished, $17 weekly up; appointments complete.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

39TH, 124 EAST.—Two attractively furnished apartments; one of three, another six unusually large rooms, two baths, kitchenette; references.

48TH ST., 19 EAST.—Two rooms, bath; immediate possession; elevator service.

40 EAST 51ST ST.

Attractively furnished one, two, three room apartments by month; Summer rates; meals.

55TH ST., 116 EAST. (near Park Ave.)—High class, large, airy, four-room furnished apartment; maid service; $100 per month. Plaza 7313.

61ST ST., EAST.—Until Sept. 30, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; furniture can be bought at bargain and lease continued if desired. Telephone Plaza 6574.

75TH, 103 EAST.—Modern elevator apartment; handsomely furnished; front, outside exposure; 8 large rooms, including 3 master's bedrooms, with 2 baths; 2 servants' rooms; bath; 7th floor; light and cool; just off Park Av.; for Summer, possibly longer. Phone Rhinelander 3980 for appointment.

81ST ST. AND PARK AV.—Corner apartment, 6 rooms and bath. Apply Harris & Vaughan, 589 5th Av.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished, two and three rooms and bath; $17.50 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Benton, 35 East 27th St.

FOR RENT.—Charmingly furnished cool apartment from date to Oct. 1; six rooms and bath, maid's toilet; $100 per month. Inquire Superintendent, 144 East 40th.

GRAMERCY PARK SECTION.—Exceptional duplex apartment in private house for Summer; reasonable to desirable tenant. Call afternoons. 140 East 22d.

HANDSOMELY furnished 4 rooms and bath; elevator apartment, including grand piano, silver and linen; neighborhood Park Av. and 86th St.; convenient subway, cars and bus; rent $160 month to Oct. 1 or longer; references required. For appointment phone Lenox 7048.

MADISON AV., 1,070, (81st.)—Very desirable, elegantly furnished, newly renovated corner; seventh floor, 3 master bedrooms, bath, maids' rooms, bath, until November; responsible party. Apply personally.

MADISON AV., 780, Near 66th.—Two rooms and bath; elevator and maid service. Apt. 6D. Plaza 9280.

MOSHOLU PARKWAY.—3-room apartment, June to October; ideal location; reasonable rent for desirable tenant. Williamsbridge 290, Extension 44.

PARK AV. and 61st St., (Northwest corner.)—For rent, furnished, for the Summer months, eight rooms, two baths, duplex, housekeeping apartment; private entrance. Telephone appointment Plaza 8063; best of references required.

PARK AV., 36.—Elegant one and two room furnished apartment; private bath; kitchenette.

SEVEN ROOM, corner apartment; all improvements; rent $60. Inquire Janitor, 350 E. 164th.

STUDIO Apartment furnished completely; 2 large rooms, high ceilings, with private balcony, bathroom and kitchenette; bargain at $35 monthly until November. Telephone Spring 9282.

TIEBOUT AV.-183D ST.—2 rooms, kitchen, bath, silver and linen; 1 flight; references. Telephone Lenox 4071.

Unusual values in choice apartments for the Summer season, east and west sides; much less than unfurnished rent. Railing Realty Co., 7914 Murray Hill.

Young gentleman desires native-born Englishman or Scotchman to occupy apartment; owner frequently away. F 142 Times.

2 SUNNY, attractively furnished, large room, bath and kitchenette apartment; also one unfurnished. Phone Plaza 2566.

Furnished—West Side.

12TH, 145 WEST.—Two rooms front, kitchenette, bath, apartment. 5774 Chelsea. Baker.

12TH ST., 17 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette; light, attractive apartment; southern exposure; references required. Chelsea 8262.

12TH ST., 145 WEST.—Attractive four-room apartment; modern conveniences; telephone; $65. Barr.

14TH ST., 337 WEST.—Comfortable 6-room elevator apartment; all improvements; attractively furnished; conveniently located; 3 or 6 months' lease; $100 monthly; references. Superintendent.

21ST, 441 WEST.—Artistically furnished housekeeping apartment of six large, airy rooms facing Chelsea Square, $150 per month; may be seen any hour Saturday and Sunday. Jonson.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom, and bath; $21 per week up; full hotel service.

43D, 26 WEST.—TWO ROOMS, BATH. MADISON SQUARE 4076.

44TH, 236 WEST.—3 pleasant front rooms, complete housekeeping, elevator apartment. Wilson.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 2-3 rooms, private, tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

45TH ST., 137 WEST, (Hotel King James.)—Beautifully furnished, with piano, one-two room apartment.

46TH, 352 WEST.—Sublet, 7 rooms, bath, outside; elevator; piano; June, July, August. Apt. 3-A. Phone 9139 Bryant.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished bachelor apartment, two and three rooms, bath, $80 to $100; Summer concessions; modern elevator building. PATSON McL. MERRILL CO., INC., 9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

45TH, Near Broadway.—Five rooms, completely furnished, price $125. Phone Circle 1248.

51ST, 302 WEST.—4-room apartment; neatly furnished; very light, gas, electric; June to October. S. G. Lowden.

52D, 33 WEST.—Sitting, bedroom, bath, beautifully furnished, $150; short lease. Circle 4720.

52D, 57 WEST.—Newly furnished small apartments to let. Atkinson. Tel. 4080 Circle.

52D, 29 WEST.—Apartment three rooms, bath, service; first floor. Tel 3670 Plaza.

54TH ST., at Broadway, Hotel Albemarle.—Furnished apartment for rent, 2 rooms and bath, $25 a week; 4 rooms and bath, $45 a week; special monthly rates.

55TH ST., (Near 5th Av.)—Artist studio apartment, two rooms and bath; front apartment; fireplace; light and cool; beautifully furnished; reasonable to suitable tenant. Circle 4794.

55TH, Corner 7th Av., (The Regal.)—Modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished; hotel service; 1 and 2 rooms and bath; $75-$150; references required.

55TH ST., 347 WEST.—Two rooms and kitchenette, well furnished, June 1-Oct. 1. Apply Apartment 8D.

55TH ST., 253 WEST, (Above Nereid Broadway.)—One, two, or three rooms, private bath, kitchen; attractive.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)—Exceptionally attractive two-room suite, with private bath; full hotel service; special weekly, monthly rate.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)—Very desirable room, with private bath; suitable for one or two persons; full hotel service; special weekly or monthly rates.

57TH ST., 340 WEST. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 134. $15 WEEKLY AND UP.

Two, three-room suites, private bath; modern improvements; elevator; neatly furnished; maid service; references absolutely required. owner managing.

57TH, 42 WEST.—Exceptional opportunity; suite two large, artistically furnished rooms, bath, linen; balance lease sacrificed; immediate possession. Smith.

57TH ST., 130 WEST.—Sublet studio and bath; new; will rent furnished; accommodations for two; restaurant in building.

58TH ST., 21 WEST.—Exquisitely appointed apartment, furnished complete, consisting two rooms, bath, and kitchenette; new building; restaurant and maid service if desired; will rent furnished for rental unfurnished. Apartment 74.

58TH ST., 40 WEST.

Two rooms and bath; attractively furnished.

59TH, 128 WEST, (overlooking park.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths, to rent for Summer, possibly longer; unusually cool; reasonable rent. Telephone Circle 5389.

59TH, 100 WEST, (Corner Apt.)—3 rooms, kitchenette; exquisitely furnished. Mason.

67TH, 39 WEST.—Studio, bedroom, bath, furnished; all outside rooms above housetops; restaurant, maid service, linen, etc. from June 1st for Summer; references. Richards.

69TH, 1 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE SIX ROOMS OVERLOOKING PARK, SUMMER MONTHS, $115. WARAM. 5885 COL.

70S.—Attractive five room elevator apartment; bargain $80. Columbus 1277.

72D, 105 WEST.—Five large airy rooms, attractively furnished, two baths, to sublet until Oct. 1 at $200 per month. Apartment 11-A. Telephone Columbus 5669.

73D ST., 118 WEST.—Suite two rooms, bath, kitchenette privileges; other rooms. Columbus 8027.

73D, 140 WEST.—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED TWO ROOM PARLOR FLOOR KITCHENETTE SUITE, COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; PRIVATE BATH; LAVATORY; ELECTRICITY; WEEKLY, MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

73D, 170 WEST.—7 large outside rooms, 2 baths, beautifully furnished, silver, linen, piano, Victrola, until October or shorter period. Brander, Columbus 3847.

73D ST., 118 WEST.—Parlor floor 3 large rooms, bath, suitable physician, studio.

74TH, 170 WEST, (Berkley Hotel.)—Two-room suite handsomely furnished, including Knabe piano and Oriental rugs; $95 per month. Stolz, Suite 612.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

74TH, 227 WEST.—Beautifully furnished seven-room, sunny apartment; June 1-Oct. 1; Rent $300 per month. Phone Columbus 2672.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Suites, kitchenettes, private baths; also large room; improvements; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Seven outside rooms to Sept. 20; big bargain; apartment 41.

76TH ST., 39 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, tastefully furnished, complete; references required; rent $100. Inquire Superintendent.

76TH ST., 55 WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment; 3 rooms, bath; electricity, telephone; Summer rate.

77TH ST., 106 WEST.—Exceptional suite, 2 large rooms; private bath; newly furnished residence.

77TH ST., 307 WEST.—Eight outside rooms, 2 baths; 2E 6th floor; grand piano; June-Oct.; reduced from $300 to $175. John 1599.

79TH ST., 173 WEST, (3-E.)—Modern, $1,500, apartment; seven outside rooms; piano, linen, silver; $120 to October. Alexander.

79TH, 230 EAST.—Corner, Broadway subway, complete, handsomely furnished 5 rooms, 2 baths; any length lease. De Leon.

81ST, 203 WEST.—6 rooms, elevator apartment, complete, four months, reliable party. Supt.

82D, 66 WEST.—3-room apartment to sublet furnished; June 1 to Oct. 1. Bransom.

83D, 220 WEST.—Furnished apartment, 4-3-E. Just off the Drive; unusually attractive 6-room apartment; fully appointed in excellent taste; cool and comfortable as the seashore; June to October; references required; $175 monthly.

83D, (Near Drive.)—Attractive 7 rooms; furnished mahogany. Oriental rugs; year's lease from June 1. Schuyler 2037.

85TH, 249 WEST.—Lovely cool summer apartment, handsome furnishing, real home; sacrifice.

86TH, WEST.—Two rooms, bath; exclusive Broadway apartment house; cool, artistically appointed; $90, including service. Schuyler 2137.

86TH, 350 WEST, (Near Riverside Drive.)—10 rooms, 3 baths in high-class apartment house; elegantly furnished; baby grand piano, &c., $2,000 for season to Oct. 1. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

86TH, 72 WEST.—7 large light rooms, comfortably furnished; electricity. Inquire Janitor.

90S.—Attractive seven room apartment, 6th floor; bargain $100. Columbus 1278.

91ST, 27 WEST.—High-class furnished apartment, one and two rooms, with bath, maid service, $25-$60.

93D, 325 WEST.—Five bright rooms, bath, completely furnished, June 15th, Sept. 15th; near Drive; $125 monthly; phone 6860 Riverside; Apt. 24.

93D, 310 WEST.—7 rooms, 2 baths; every convenience; June-October. River. 4010.

96TH ST., 317 WEST.—Six light outside rooms; view of river; particularly furnished; immediate possession to October; reasonable rental to responsible party. Bernhard, Apartment 62.

98TH ST., 215 WEST.—Modernly furnished 6-room and 2-bath apartment; Victrola and Grand piano; from June 15th to September 15th; rental $175 monthly for appointment 'phone Riverside 727 before 10 A. M. Geist, Apartment 7-F.

100TH ST., 314 WEST.—Beautifully furnished seven large rooms, two baths, overlooking Riverside; sublet Summer. Riverside 6550. Fountain.

101ST ST., 230 WEST, (Apt. 25.)—Five rooms, top floor north; light; moderate.

101ST, (near Broadway.)—Four-room apartment, cozy and bright, until October. Phone before noon, Riverside 8413.

102D, 253 WEST.—Summer rates; attractive apartments; furnished or unfurnished; one and two rooms, bath, large kitchenette. Carpenter.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

125TH ST., 245 WEST.—Apartment for rent, close by "L" station; 8 rooms and bath; rent $60 per month. Apply to Owner, W. L. Bruen, 17 Battery Place, N. Y. Phone Rector 1138.

148TH ST., 218 WEST.—Six large rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water supply; completely redecorated; new law house; rent, $40.

150TH, 511 WEST. — Two-family dwelling; duplex apartments; 8 rooms, bath; $75.

160TH, 524, and 161ST, 526 WEST.—5 rooms, modern apartments.

164TH ST., 601 WEST.—Modern eight-room apartment to sublet.

165TH ST., 600 WEST.—Choice three-room apartment to sublet.

172D, 515 WEST.—5-6 rooms; all improvements; newly renovated; $36-$40.

188TH ST., 556 WEST.—3 rooms and bath; $20; all modern improvements.

190TH ST., 558 WEST.—4 rooms and bath, $46; also 562 West, 5 rooms and bath, $58; very fine apartments; all modern improvements.

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, (501 West 110th.) —High-class 7 rooms, elevator, corner apartment; $1,800 and $2,100.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 333, (Corner 92d St.)—The Turin, highest type apartment building, 6, 7, 8, 9 rooms and 2 and 3 baths; rent $1,800 to $3,000. Apply owner, on premises. Telephone Riverside 3521.

DOCTOR or dentist; exceptional opportunity to rent office in hotel building; cheap rental. Apply Hotel Cecil, 210 W. 118th.

EDGECOMBE, 365, Also 367.—North of 150th St.; 5 rooms and bath; $46; beautiful location.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 435.—An attractive apartment, 5 rooms, 2 baths; furnished or unfurnished; cool in Summer; windows screened; Oct. 1 or longer. Phone Morningside 2518.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 258.—6-room apartment, overlooking river; unfurnished; until October, 1920; possession June 1. Telephone Riverside 2157.

SEVEN-ROOM APARTMENT.

209 Dyckman St., near Broadway and subway; telephone; first-class order; $63.

SUBLET to Oct. 1, 7-room apartment, 3 baths, all outside rooms; open for further lease. Phone Mad. Square 3577, or call Superintendent at 644 Riverside Drive. Audubon 6900.

WEST END AV., (72d.)—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; first floor, fronting avenue; suitable physician; lease $85. Schuyler 8068.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

6-room apartment in South Yonkers; at $65; from June 1. Telephone Vanderbilt 2482.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

26th St., 141 East.—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; below 59th preferred; refined, modern; references exchanged. King. Phone 3506 Madison Square.

Wanted 2 rooms, furnished, kitchenette; convenient to 181st or 191st sub-station; west side. W 398 Times.

Wanted, five-room apartment, furnished, between 47th and 80th Sts. Address Wm. Ryan, care Somerset Hotel, 47th and B'way.

Major, U. S. A., and wife desire furnished kitchenette apartment, three or five rooms; $75 month. B 362 Times.

Unfurnished.

Responsible couple desire to rent, from Oct. 1, for several years' lease, 7-room apartment; neighborhood of West End Av., between 86th and 110th St., must have 3 bedside bedrooms in modern building; give full particulars. Address Responsible, 215 Times Downtown.

Two to five room modern apartment, below 96th; lease from September or October. 507 5th Av., Room 525.

One-year lease on modern two or three room kitchenette apartment, below 100th St. Room 52, Hotel Richmond.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

25TH ST. and Lexington Av., (Hotel Amsterdam.)—Scrupulously clean rooms; fireproof; attractive Summer rate for permanents; $7 weekly and up.

25TH ST. AND LEXINGTON AV.—Hotel Belmore—Attractive Summer rates. Every room with electric fan; $5 weekly and up.

30TH ST., 163 EAST (Corner Lexington Ave.) —Exclusively for women; $7.00 weekly and up with use of bath; $12.00 weekly and up with private bath; cozy, cool, comfortable; service unexcelled; rooms en suite; special summer rates.

32D ST., Corner 4th Av.—Elegant rooms; beautiful exposure and location. Dahlgren.

41ST, 4 EAST.—Large room, with bath; southern exposure; references.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; also parlor floor, furnished; references.

55TH, 11½ EAST, (near Park Av.)—Large double front room for one, two gentlemen; $50 per month; also large double front room and private bath, $60 per month; telephone, maid service, and all conveniences. Plaza 7813.

55TH ST., 56 EAST.—Large, light room; private bath; all conveniences; references.

61ST, 166 EAST.—Large room with private bath; gentleman.

62D, 15 EAST.—Comfortable 3-window room, with two beds; private family.

66TH, 58 EAST.—Large double room, $10 for couple; single $5; references.

67TH, 74 EAST, (Corner Park Av.)—With French family of 2; room, $4.50; only tenant; top floor, 4 flights. Ackerman.

LEXINGTON AV., 739, (59TH.)—Comfortable cool rooms, alcove, electricity, phone, private bath.

LEXINGTON AV., 791, (61st-62d.)—Large front room, own bath; private house.

MADISON AV., 174, Vanderbilt Studios; (33d St.)—Furnished, unfurnished room; $25-$35; references essential. Call only 12-2.

MADISON AV., 785, (67th.)—Attractive, large rooms, suites; private baths; electricity; gentlemen.

MADISON AV., 768.—Room, all improvements; vacant June 1. Hoban, Plaza 8518.

PARK AV., 36.—Elegant furnished double room, suitable for two; also skylight room.

West side.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, one flight; electricity; gentleman; references.

47TH, 29 WEST.—Large rooms; running water; excellent location; reference. Bryant 6296.

50TH, 226 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Exceptional rooms; electricity; elevator; 7th floor. Circle 5738.

52D ST., 43 WEST.

Single room, adjoining bath; parquet; electricity.

52D, 224 WEST.—2 large newly furnished rooms, for couple or gentlemen; Apt. 4.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Very large attractive front room, overlooking park; business people; references essential; 7th floor.

57TH ST., 256 WEST.—Newly furnished large room; hot and cold running water; southern exposure; $60 per month.

59TH, 220 WEST.—Bedroom, dining room, kitchen privileges; elevator; $65; references; third west.

68TH, 15 WEST.—Attractive room, bath, in charming house, for exclusive people.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Beautifully furnished suite; kitchenette privileges; complete housekeeping; bath; single room.

69TH, 11 WEST.—Ideal location; handsomely furnished 1, 2 room suites; bath; kitchenette privileges; maid service; all conveniences.

70TH, 40 WEST.—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, BATH; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; REASONABLE.

70TH, 222 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; references; gentleman. Columbus 8791.

70TH, 200 WEST.—Opposite Sherman Sq.; attractive, home-like rooms; running water; elevator; board; table guests accommodated. Hubbell.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, kitchenette privileges; single room; gentlemen, business couple.

70TH, 220 WEST.—Attractive room; private; bath, electricity, 'phone; gentlemen; business couple.

71ST, 30 WEST.—LARGE FRONT ROOM, COMPLETE BATH, PERFECTLY APPOINTED HOUSE; OTHER ROOMS.

72D, 111 WEST.—Very nice room; French house; between subway and L; price from $10 to $20.

72D, 122 WEST.—Beautiful large, light room; private bath.

73D, 110 WEST.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; RUNNING WATER; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

73D, 257 WEST.—Nicely furnished, well kept room, suitable for 2; all conveniences; business people preferred.

73D ST., 164 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; select residence; $10-$5. Columbus 1063.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Near park; newly furnished large and single rooms, bath; excellent table board optional; electricity, telephone.

74TH ST., 144 WEST.—Attractive, medium-sized room; running water, electricity; references required.

74TH ST., 150 WEST. — Newly furnished house; large rooms, private baths; electricity, telephone.

76TH, 2 WEST. — EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, SHOWER; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING.

76TH, 134 WEST.—Nicely furnished bedroom and sitting room; clean house.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

75TH ST., 259 WEST.—Parlor floor, bed, sitting room; private bath; suitable for one or two gentlemen.

75TH ST., 55 WEST.—Attractive front parlor, private bath; electricity, telephone; also medium room.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Large, comfortable room with private bath.

76TH ST., 112 WEST. — Newly furnished house; electricity; rooms $7-$8-$10; telephone.

76TH ST., 116 WEST. — Newly furnished house; large rooms, private baths; electricity; telephone.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Back parlor, handsomely furnished, for one or two gentlemen; other small rooms. Phone Schuyler 5852.

76TH ST., 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean, bed parlor, private bath; electricity; medium room; references.

77TH, 266 WEST, (between Broadway and West End Av.)—Very desirable clean room, with, without private bath, electricity; service.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, private bath, beautiful parlor suite, phone, electricity.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small, comfortable rooms, adjoining bath, running water, telephone, electricity.

77TH, 161 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, electricity, hot water, select new house.

77TH, 106 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; room, private bath, electricity; gentlemen; $12-$14.

77TH ST., 150 WEST.—Handsome suite and rooms; bachelors, couples; newly furnished house.

77TH ST., 106 WEST. — Newly furnished residence; rooms, private bath; exceptional suite; $12-$20.

80TH, 128 WEST.—Large front room to let.

81ST, 29 WEST.—Elegant front room, southern exposure; porch, private bath, electricity, maid service; exclusive private house. Schuyler 10068.

84TH, 268 WEST, (near West End.)—Attractive outside; elevator, electricity, lavatory. Haskins.

84TH, 160 WEST.—Sublet all or part 5-room apartment; reference. Fennel.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Beautiful, large front room; light and airy; all conveniences.

84TH, 156 WEST.—Single room, adjoining bath; telephone. Earl.

84TH, RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 116.—Beautiful, large room; twin beds; breakfast. 3 East.

85TH, 159 WEST.—Large, clean, front room, private bath, second floor.

85TH, 129 WEST.—Beautiful suite, private bath, electricity, phone, kitchenette privilege; subway; elevated.

85TH, 122 WEST.—Large, attractive rooms, private bath, kitchenette privilege, $10-$15.

85TH, 101 WEST.—Two rooms, parquet floor, electricity, running water; one block from "L" station; $15 weekly. Phone Schuyler 4774. Goodwin.

86TH, 140 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, private bath, modern conveniences; references.

86TH, 206 WEST.—Handsome front suite; also one room; elevator; shower. 3E.

86TH, 338 WEST.—WELL FURNISHED, SINGLE ROOM, BATH ADJOINING; UNUSUAL HOUSE; NEAR RIVERSIDE.

87TH, 313 WEST.—Near Riverside; 2-room suite; reference; also single room.

87TH, 201 WEST.—Attractively furnished outside rooms; single or suite; elevator apartment.

88TH, 19 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, electricity, two beds, private baths; home of refined family; breakfast if wanted.

88TH ST., 353 WEST.—Elegant room, electricity, bath, telephone. Riverside 8007.

88TH ST., 39 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms and suites.

89TH, 70 WEST.—Select house; second floor bedroom, parlor, bath; modern furnished.

89TH, 55 WEST.—Beautiful large room; twin beds, running water, electricity; private.

89TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath; also room adjoining bath.

91ST, (2,469 Broadway.)—Subway station; nice, sunny room, use kitchen. Apt. 40.

92D, 292 WEST.—Delightful Summer bedroom, parlor and piano; convenient; elevator apartment.

93D ST., 48 WEST. — Medium-sized, clean room in private family, gentleman, $5. Murphy.

93D ST., 257 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; single or suite; running water, electricity; exclusive private house.

93D, 265 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large room, constant hot water, electricity; connecting rooms.

93D ST., (2,491 Broadway.)—Attractively light, airy rooms; elevator; running water. Apartment 6.

93D, 35 WEST.—Well furnished, clean, sunny front and back parlor to rent on first floor; one small room third floor. Call at once.

93D, 40 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom, and bath; excellent location; private family; $50. Phone Riverside 3433J, Schwietert.

93D, 151 WEST.—Beautiful large room, adjoining bath; also connecting rooms.

93D, 254 WEST.—Double room, private bath, shower; owner's residence. Riverside 9170.

94TH, 156 WEST.—Large front room, all conveniences; private house; references.

94TH ST., 17 WEST.—Comfortable room in owner's private house; bath convenient.

94TH, 142 WEST.—Desirable southern exposure room; excellent meals.

95TH, 317 WEST. (Near Riverside.)—Handsomely furnished parlor and bedroom, front. Noble.

97TH ST.—Elegant room; private family; homelike; gentlemen; $9. Riverside 6780.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Couple who have large apartment will rent one room, suitable one or two persons; bath adjoining; modern improvements; elevator. Apt. 6. Maher.

104TH, 309 WEST. (near Riverside Drive.)—Elegantly furnished, light, sunny rooms; private family; every improvement.

107TH, 236 WEST.—Large room with kitchenette $10; references; telephone; private house.

107TH, 322 WEST, (overlooking Riverside.)—Modern residence, single, double rooms, $8-$15; 2-3 rooms, bath, $23-$45.

112TH, 507 WEST.—Attractive living and bedroom; reasonable. Cathedral 7230, Apt. 11.

112TH, 505 WEST.—Small, sunny room, facing vacant lot; telephone; $3.50. Wilford.

113TH, 546 WEST.—Large front room, with dressing room; suitable couple; small room.

113TH, 511 WEST.—Front room, well furnished; exceptionally clean; gentleman. M. English.

113TH, 548 WEST (Near College.)—Beautiful furnished suites, consisting of parlor, bedroom and private baths; electricity, telephone; also small rooms. Call 1 to 4.

115TH, 604 WEST. (Apt. 1D.)—Beautifully furnished front room, private bath.

116TH, 620 WEST, Apart. 63.—Possession June 1; for couple or business people; private family; reference required.

118TH, 425 WEST.—Attractive, outside, single, double rooms; reasonable; subway. Apt. 43.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Well furnished rooms, near Columbia; elevator, telephone. Apt 41.

121ST, 501 and 519 WEST (Morningside Heights)—Attractive Summer location; near restaurants, parks, tennis courts, libraries and Columbia University; artistically furnished rooms, all exposures, one to five windows; suitable for one to three persons; some with alcove, some en suite, some with kitchen; $5 to $18 week; recreation room, dancing; all transportation lines. Hostesses at 501, Mrs. Young and Mrs. Lakin; telephone Morningside 4886; at 519, Miss Williams; telephone Morningside 8790.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Rooms; one double, one single; reasonable. Mrs. Small, Apt. 22.

121ST ST., 523 WEST.—Large, attractive room, suitable for two; also small room; elevator apartment. Smith.

136TH, 618 WEST.—American family; no other roomers; $4.50. Apt. 18.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large front room; exclusive use of kitchen. Apt. 27.

145TH, (3,544 Broadway.)—Large outside sunny room; all modern conveniences; private. Mayer.

152D ST., 590 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large room; ideal Summer home; reasonable. Walker.

153D, 402 WEST, (Apt. 4-E.)—Nicely furnished outside room, with running water. Telephone Audubon 2640.

156TH, 545 WEST, (Apt. 66.)—Sunny front; breakfast; Japanese business gentleman preferred.

172D, 720 WEST.—Southern exposure; guest room and bath; gentlemen only; references. Apt. 4F. Tel. St. Nicholas 4350.

BROADWAY, 2,491, (93d.)—Clean, comfortable room, high-class elevator apartment, $6. Ehrlich.

BROADWAY, 82.—Elegant large bedroom suitable for two; modern apartment; $10 weekly; gentlemen; reference. Schuyler 4205.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st.)—Comfortable room, modern elevator apartment; electricity, phone; moderate. Kendall.

BROADWAY, 3,131, (124th St.)—Beautiful room; twin beds; gentlemen; private; $8. Apt. 64.

CONVENT AV., 414, (near 148th St.)—Large room in American family.

MADISON AV., 644, (at 60th.)—Two rooms, bath, elevator, maid service procurable. Phone Schuyler 2084, before noon.

Private family will rent to one or more persons any part of four rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with maid and board optional. F 842 Times Annex.

Private family will rent large outside room; private lavatory; gentleman. Phone Audubon 980, Apt. 53, after 6 P. M.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, block from 157th Subway.—Large room, adjoining bath, fully furnished; southern exposure; view of Hudson River; suitable for 2; reasonable. Telephone Audubon 229 or my private phone.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (157th St. subway.)—Superior surroundings; would rent medium-sized room; business gentleman; references exchanged. Evenings, Audubon 8100; 5-F.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (Corner 94th St.) —Handsomely furnished suite; single rooms; also room private bath. Riverside 9881, Apt. 58.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 61.—Large, airy room; private bath; all conveniences; quiet, clean house.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large rooms, overlooking drive; excellent board; $12-$14. Payne.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244, (97th.)—Unusual suite, all rooms overlooking Hudson; reasonable. Park.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 116, (84th.)—Beautiful, large room, bath, breakfast. Apt. 3 east.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125.

Apt. 10 north; delightful Summer location.

TWO, three congenial business women share cool furnished apartment, Summer, with lady. Lenox 9671.

UNUSUAL front rooms; one private bath; high class apartment; convenient location; gentlemen. Phone Circle 479 for appointment.

WEST END AV., 410.—Attractively furnished, running water; gentleman; references. Ferguson. 1 Schuyler 9811.

WEST END AV., 344.—Select house, front and back parlor; private bath; modern; furnished.

WEST END AV., 613—Beautiful large, light room; private bath.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished large room, adjoining bath; refined home.

WEST END AV., 265.—Large front room; private bath; telephone.

Brooklyn.

BEAUTIFUL FRONT SUITE—FLATBUSH, Without board or service; adults; $12 weekly. 364 East 21st St. 3397-J Flatbush.

Westchester County.

Chester Hill, Mount Vernon.—Two sunny bedrooms, adjoining bathroom; gentleman only; 28 minutes 42d St. Phone 148-W.

Long Island.

Arverne, L. I.—To let, furnished room with private family; no board; one minute from station, one minute to beach. 7 South Varnam Av.

COUNTRY BOARD.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard
20 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown N. Y.
Lovely Furnished, Excellent Chef & Service,
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Water View;
Weekly, $17 Up. Capacity 75. Booklet.
Ten Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Richmond.

Halcyon Hall, 21 Howard Av.—Delightful location, Grymes Hill, Staten Island; beautiful grounds; tennis, croquet; garage; rooms large; attractively furnished; every convenience; excellent table; vegetables from our gardens. Phone 1603 Tompkinsville.

Long Island.

Far Rockaway.—Choice board; exclusive home; 2 suites, with bath; references; corner Grassmere Av. and Far Rockaway Boulevard; Wavecrest. Phone Far Rockaway 103.

Refined Hebrew family having well-appointed house, Long Beach, will rent 1 or 2 rooms. 247 West 102d.

Far Rockaway, 2,125 Carlton Av.—Elegant rooms; splendid Jewish table.

Westchester County.

Accommodate a few paying guests in modern home, Westchester Hills, along the Sound; forty minutes out; excellent train service; property adjacent to golf club; few minutes from bathing beach at Rye; tennis, &c.; no children; Japanese service. W 394 Times.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts, country sports; private baths; saddle horses, instructor; picturesque bridle paths; 45 min. from 42d St.; $12 up; capacity 150. Phone 1165 White Plains.

New York State.

College woman, large Catskill residence, will take limited number girls for Summer; moderate terms; every advantage. 3,201 Broadway.

Graylock, (for Little Children.)—A charming all-year country home; thorough instruction; home care; $50-$70 per month. Mrs. M. Lewtas Burt, Peekskill, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Asbury Park, 1,408 Park Av.—Comfortably furnished rooms, overlooking Sunset Lake; attractive private home; superior table; 3 blocks from beach; private bath if desired.

Accommodations two or three bachelors; private home; near station; garage, tennis; moderate; 32 minutes, West Shore. Phone Englewood 778-J, or Box B 372 Times.

Maple Hill Health Resort, Madison, N. J. Specialists nervous and rheumatic diseases; booklet.

Country Board Wanted.

Young Jewish couple, with child of 2, and nurse, desire two rooms and bath, also board with small, refined family who have no other boarders, for the Summer, within short commuting distance of New York; either seashore or Westchester County; only highest-grade home will be considered; reference exchanged; willing to pay great price for the right surroundings. Z 76 Times Annex.

Refined woman, with child 5 years, desires board with private family or small boarding house in Mount Vernon; $18 weekly; permanent if satisfactory. Z 74 Times Annex.

Young man wants board on farm for few weeks; elevated country; state how high; give all particulars. Manuel Pruneda, 55 33d St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY, with business occupation, desires room and board on moderate terms; New York or seaside. B 364 Times.

Room, full board, wanted by business man nice district New York or seaside; moderate terms required. B 365 Times.

A lady desires first-class accommodations, private family preferred; one hour city. Krakauer, 101 West 85th St.

Country board wanted for self, wife, year-old baby, 45 minutes from city; give full particulars. G. B., 1,152 Third Av.

Accommodations two adults, child of 5, within easy commuting distance. R 125 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

80TH, corner Lexington Av., (163.)—Single rooms with meals, $14 weekly and up; good home cooking; hotel service, elevator, telephone; women exclusively.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Service and table unexcelled; exclusive rate; moderate; references.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST, (NEAR 5TH AV.)—Medium size, near bath; excellent board; summer rates.

51ST ST., 11-13 WEST.—Large and small rooms, kitchenette; telephone Circle 458.

53D, 57 WEST.—Attractive, quiet, large room, adjoining bath; second floor; references.

54 WEST 54TH ST.

Single, double rooms, private baths; references.

57TH ST., 851 WEST, (Near Circle.)—Large room, electricity, private bath; French table.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; parlor dining; excellent table; near Park.

72D, 359 WEST.—Desirable large room; handsomely furnished; board; references.

75TH, 161 WEST.—Lovely large room; couple; private bath; excellent board; table guests.

76TH, (near Riverside.)—Elegant large room, private bath, in new modern home of refined Christian family; gentleman appreciating home; congenial surroundings. 2176 Schuyler.

79TH, 114-182 WEST, (wide, parked street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 121 WEST. — Old-established house; large room, front; hot and cold water.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath, electricity; French cuisine.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small room, all accommodations; excellent board; table guests.

85TH, 132 WEST.—Large rooms; back parlor; private bath; French cuisine; homelike.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Party having handsome home, 4 baths, desires few paying guests.

88TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive double room; near Riverside; Southern table a specialty.

93D, 21 WEST.—Front, single room; excellent cuisine; table guests; park, "L."

104TH, 246 WEST.—Desirable room; excellent table; homelike. Academy 2793. Jantzen.

120TH ST., 116 WEST.—Double room, with private bath; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

CONVENT AV., 414, (near 148th St.)—Large room in American family.

WEST END AV., 391, (74th.)—Large double rooms, private baths, meals; one flight; singles; facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 315.—Private family; beautiful room, bath; unexcelled table; gentleman; references.

WEST END AV., 693, (94TH.)—Large room, suitable 2-3, private bath, also suite; French spoken, table guests, references.

BOARD WANTED.

American desires instruction in Spanish by educated Spaniard, also room and board with Spanish family. B 357 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Typist; knowledge of stenography; bright, quick, accurate, can take charge of any set of books, trial balances; willing to assist a bookkeeper and do any office or clerical work; best references; moderate salary because beginner. M. S., 119 Rivington St.

COOK.—Lady wishes to place first-class cook in small private family; is a very clean, neat, superior person; wages $60. Call at 845 West End Av., s. w. corner 92d St., Saturday, 10 and 12 A. M. Apt. 3A.

COMPANION.—Refined woman desires position with lady; city or shore; Catskill Mts. preferred; references. 31 Wilcox Av., East Orange, N. J.

COMPANION, governess, 30, to lady or child on European trip; cultured, refined. P. O. Station N, Box 19, City.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, four years' experience, expert on cost work, accurate, steady worker; best references given. T 493 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, expert, experienced; can supervise clerical department; $30. W 383 Times.

FILE CLERK, systematizer, available at once, $20-$25. W 504 Times Downtown.

GIRL, Swedish, wants housework; adults; city; no laundry. Write 574 West End Av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined, capable American lady, (widow,) wishes position as housekeeper for private adult family. W 397 Times.

MAID, English, going to England, would take care of one or two children in return for passage; any time after June 1. B 377 Times.

MAID, neat, willing, useful; no heavy cooking; don't mind washing; care children; $40-$45. Bradley. Chelsea 8055.

MASSAGE.—Licensed, graduate, facial, scalp treatments. Florence Russell, 563 Broad St., one block Hudson Tube. Telephone Market 2543 Newark N. J.

MASSEUSE, licensed, facial. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J. Telephone Market 8275.

NURSE. — Experienced graduate trained child's nurse wishes position with one or two children. Phone Branch Brook 5058, Newark, N. J. Salary $16 weekly. Best of reference.

NURSE, practical, strong and refined, desires resident position, city or country, aged invalid or mental cases; $25 per week. F 168 Times.

NURSE.—Undergraduate wishes position, either city or country; finest references. D 179 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER or secretary, 10 years' business experience; capable of handling correspondence; understands office details; executive ability and initiative; A1 references. J. H., 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

SECRETARY.—Expert stenographer; thorough correspondent; 6 years' experience; initiative; $25. T 587 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish, English, Christian, also bookkeeper with experience desires permanent position. A. J., 1,357 Clinton Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, bright, accurate, willing do any office or clerical work; moderate salary because beginner. Metro, 117 Rivington St.

STENOGRAPHER desires permanent position; 6 months' experience; $12. F 160 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced, Christian, age 26; references. Barlow, 416 East 140th St.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, knowledge Spanish; some experience; $15. Kleban, 383 Howard Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Typist, 18, neat, competent, refined. Address Miss Smith, 453 Tremont Av., telephone 6265 Tremont.

STENOGRAPHER.—Typist, accurate, neat; references. Bettie Cooper, 200 W 116th, Morningside 1480.

TUTOR OR GOVERNESS, by young American lady, college graduate, teacher of elementary and high school subjects, four years' excellent references; salary moderate; mountains preferred. Phone Richmond Hill 1717-R or address B 349 Times.

TYPIST-SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR; general office work; neat and willing worker; references. Miss Thomer, 324 Elmwood Av., Brooklyn. Tel. 3148 Midwood.

TYPIST.—Young lady, 2½ years' experience in fire insurance. B 764 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, capable, excellent cleaner and laundress, wishes to find steady work; 20 years' experience; leaving present employer, 555 Madison Av., between 2 and 4 Saturday, or 9 and 11 Sunday.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, reliable, reasonable, books opened, closed, audited; financial statements, systems, special bookkeeping accommodations; $2.50 weekly. Murray Hill 1191.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high-grade executive, wide experience, record of achievement, seeks big job with corporation. Z 37 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly; books opened; systems; tax reports. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTING, bookkeeping, day or evening service; senior accountant; moderate charges. C 553 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly; tax, financial reports; university graduate. B 763 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography; references. Address Langer, 453 Tremont Av. Tel. Tremont 6265.

ATTENDANT VALET.—Physical culture, nursing; to accompany; steady, lease Woolf & Co., 105 Madison Av., 19th floor.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN. — Experienced automobile man seeks connection with firm, trucks or pleasure cars; ex-service man. A 47 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, knowledge of stenography; bright, quick, accurate, willing to help out anywhere and anything but be given chance for advancement; references; moderate salary. B B 119 Rivington St.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, experienced double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; references. B 780 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, high school graduate, knowledge bookkeeping, moderate salary. B 990 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER and assistant credit man, 23; experience, initiative, systems, results. F 154 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; experienced; accountancy college student; ambitious; willing; moderate salary. F 81 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (26,) experienced, desires responsible connection. E 77 Times.

BUTLER, experienced; country home preferred; Japanese student. Shiomi, 17 East 83d St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—Careful city driver; expert high-powered cars; good appearance; strictly temperate, neat, pleasing personality; highly recommended; reasonable salary. Telephone Greeley 4055.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman would like to place good, reliable, experienced chauffeur and mechanic; sober and industrious. Telephone before 11 A. M. or 2 to 6 P. M., Riverside 7260, Dr. S. De Sola.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 34, married, thoroughly competent, reliable man, every detail; best references; speaks French. Kocl, 100 Manhattan Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—English experience, Pierce-Arrows, Rolls-Royce, Locomobile; best reference. Perry, 1525 Amsterdam Avenue, Tel. Morningside 4444.

CHAUFFEUR, 22, four years' experience, all cars; private references; own tools; no Fords. W. M. Bechtoldt, 1668 3d Av., Lenox 7295.

CHAUFFEUR. — Scotch - American, experienced on Pierce-Arrows, Rolls-Royce; best references. Higgins, 288 St. Nicholas Avenue, Morningside 1958.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 8 years' experience, wishes private position. Edward Fischel, Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR, American, expert, married, mechanic; country preferred; any car; best references. Brown, 118 West 90th St.

CHAUFFEUR-HOUSEMAN, 30; excellent reference; anywhere. Ferdinand, 330 East 50th St. Plaza 9320.

CHAUFFEUR, young, single, honorably discharged soldier, wants position with private family, city or country. D 143 Times.

CLERK.—Gentleman from South America, just discharged from the U. S. Army, speaking English, French, and Spanish fluently, desires a clerical position; have civil engineering knowledge. A 46 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, army discharge, seeks commercial opening; start at anything at any salary. D 172 Times.

CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER, 11 years' experience on large works, wishes permanent connection. Z 39 Times Annex.

COUPLE.—Finnish man, chauffeur-mechanic; wife housework-waitress. Bohm, 268 67th St., Brooklyn.

COUPLE, Swedish; man chauffeur, 16 years' experience; wife first-class cook. 878 3d Av., write Box 300.

DO YOUR ACCOUNTS BALANCE?
Experienced engineer-accountant wants work evenings and Sundays, any kind of books; terms reasonable. Y 498 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE, young man, age, 28, American, recently discharged United States Army, college graduate, with four years' factory experience, desires position with manufacturing concern with opportunity for advancement; salary moderate. C 389 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

EXECUTIVE.—Young man, 26 years old, possessing good education and technical experience, hard worker, desires connection with manufacturing concern affording opportunity for future. I. B. S., Room 410, 51 Chambers St., City.

EXECUTIVE officer, demobilized, 4 years' active service, British infantry, air force, requires permanent position of trust, where ability will earn executive office, manufacturing or import and export preferred; American. W 389 Times.

EXPORT MANAGER.—Thoroughly qualified to take full charge Spanish Department, from buying to shipping; experienced in handling office force; only large concerns requiring services executive need answer; not interested in firms doing less than hundred thousand a year. W 511 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.—French-American, (32,) army discharge, seeks position with export house where knowledge of French will be useful; several years' clerical experience. D 146 Times.

GAS ENGINE MECHANIC, with tools, two years' shop experience overhauling, with motor boat and chauffeur license; city or country. E 78 Times.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT.—Position wanted by practical chemist of great natural ability, handicapped by poor eyesight; desires opportunity for experimentation; first-class references. Address J. B., 407 West 55th St., city.

MASSEUR, licensed; electrical treatments gentlemen's residence. Nicholson, 112 West 125th St. Morningside 4046.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, experienced and successful in experimental work and in developing new mechanical devices, desires change. Z 36 Times Annex.

OFFICE MAN.—Experienced; bookkeeper, general office detail; an opportunity wanted by a young man. (21.) B 70 Times.

PHARMACIST.—First-class man of good appearance, with broad knowledge of drugs, chemicals, and medicines; also has selling experience. Box 60, 2,121 3d Av.

SALESMAN,
26, married, would connect with reliable popular price dress house; very good following in Pennsylvania city and office trade; best references. M M 803 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man (24) desires position with wholesale concern, dry goods, ladies' or children's apparel preferred. B 768 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 19, capable, high school, wishes position security salesman. B 767 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 14 months' service overseas, 8 years' experience, seeks connection as assistant to busy executive, or can take entire charge clerical force; $25-$30. E 80 Times.

SECRETARY, steno, man, 26, released overseas duty, desires good position with firm or private party; six years' experience private secretary; strong executive ability; references; can take full charge. F 107 Times.

SECRETARY, 26, confidential and stenographic, to executive of large affairs, college graduate with legal training. B 771 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, (24,) competent, 8 years' experience, knowledge bookkeeping, excellent references; $21. B 790 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Knowledge bookkeeping, office routine; experienced; best references; $25. D 164 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, willing; 6 months' experience; salary $12. Beyer, 540 W. 166th St.

TIMEKEEPER, 23, ex-service man; high school education; best references. T 482 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, intelligent, excellent appearance, convincing talker, recently honorably discharged from American Expeditionary Force, desires connection with firm where pep, ambition, and exceptional knowledge of men are essential qualifications. Arkell, 155 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) good education, seeks position with American firm in France; knowledge of language passable; experience, bookkeeping, textiles, claim adjusting. W 332 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Spanish, 28, wishes a position as bookkeeper with reliable export concern; highly educated and A-1 references. C 381 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, college graduate, business experience, connections in Poland, leaving soon, desires representation for Poland. B 755 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (22) wishes position with reliable wholesale hardware or housefurnishing concern, outside. Benjamin Miller,

HELP WANTED—Male.

OFFICE BOY, bright, active, in company exporting automobiles; must be generally useful. Address, giving age, experience, schooling, reference, and salary desired, B 114 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted by large downtown manufacturing concern; excellent opportunity for ambitious, willing young man; state age, and experience if any. L 628 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, stenographer, typist; high school graduate; good prospects; two hours from city. J. D. Weil, Wingdale, N. Y.

OFFICE BOY, dry goods commission house, Christian firm; state age, salary, &c. T 483 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, (16). Call Room 1110, 56 Pine St.

OFFICE BOY, ambitious, wanted for export house; good chance for advancement; apply by letter. B 718 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Wide awake, ambitious; good opportunity. Apply Room 312, 50 East 42d St.

OFFICE BOY, 16 to 18, for downtown office; $35 month. C 618 Times Downtown.

OFFICERS wanted for the new merchant marine. Native or naturalized Americans can enter the United States Shipping Board School for Teaching Navigation and get an officer's license; two years previous experience in the deck department as a seaman is necessary in order to get a third officer's license; instruction is entirely free; no enlistment is required; course from four to eight weeks; day and night classes so you can support yourself while at school. Apply to Capt. Bond, The Polytechnic Institute, Brooklyn, or to A. B. Spaulding, 371 Jersey Av., Jersey City, N. J. John Frederick Lewis, Chief of Section 2, 108 South 4th St., Philadelphia, Penn.

ORDER CLERK by Stock Exchange house; must be experienced and reliable, familiar all details day orders, open orders, card index system, checking, and confirmations; chance to develop into responsible position; state age, experience, salary. B 371 Times.

POLICY EXAMINER wanted for insurance broker's office; must be competent to pass on all kinds of policies and understand all forms of insurance. Reply stating experience and qualifications fully. L 365 Times Downtown.

PORTER, white, to do light work in broker's office. L 651 Times Downtown.

PRINTERS TO WORK IN OPEN SHOP; NEWSPAPER AND JOB LINOTYPERS PARTICULARLY WANTED; ALSO JOB AND ADVERTISING MEN AND COMPOSITORS; SCALE $31.50; UNION SCALE THROUGHOUT; FEW CYLINDER AND JOB PRESSMEN CAN BE USED. LOCATION BUFFALO; FARES REFUNDED. APPLY FROM 9:30 TO 12, ROOM 53, 81 FULTON ST., N. Y.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.—A few middle-aged men can make a connection with high-class real estate concern that will afford them an opportunity to earn a substantial amount each week; liberal commission. Call Room 301, 277 Broadway, New York.

REPAIR MEN AND BURNISHERS wanted on hotel silverware; good wages. Chas. A. Allen Plating Co., 23 E. Jackson Blvd., Chicago.

SALES CORRESPONDENT.—Young man, mechanical or mining engineer graduate; excellent opportunity; salary begin $1,500. Write only, give telephone, United Motors Section, 33 West 42d St.

SALESMEN.

Large provision concern manufacturing a diversified line of high-class staple food products is about to develop its business in New York and surrounding territory by selling direct to the retail trade. An exceptional opportunity for experienced salesmen with retail trade connections; commission basis.

The International Preserving Corporation, Cypress Av. and Weirfield St., Brooklyn. Telephone Evergreen 276.

SALESMAN.—A self-respecting salesman whose ambition is beyond his present place might find more congenial employment in our sales organization; must be a man clean of character and possessing plain common sense; to such a man we offer a permanent position, with possibilities of advancement to a managership paying a large income; we are now selling the balance of the stock of an old dividend paying financial institution, and our men are making large sums; experience is not necessary, we will teach you scientific salesmanship at no expense to you; commission. Room 1707, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMEN.—THREE GENTLEMEN OF GOOD CONNECTIONS WHO HAVE JUST BEEN RELEASED FROM THE ARMY OR NAVY FOR HIGH-CLASS INSURANCE PROPOSITION, AGE 24 TO 30; MUST BE COLLEGE TRAINED MEN WITH GOOD APPEARANCE AND PLEASING PERSONALITY, ABLE TO MEET AND TALK TO SUCCESSFUL MEN; WRITE, STATING AGE AND EXPERIENCE, DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION; INTERVIEWS WILL FOLLOW; THE BUSINESS OFFERS UNLIMITED OPPORTUNITIES. R 6 TIMES.

SALESMAN COVERING TEXTILE MILLS IN SOUTH WANTED TO CARRY A SIDE LINE OF BALE TIES ON COMMISSION BASIS; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS OF TERRITORY COVERED, OTHER LINES CARRIED AND PAST EXPERIENCE. TWISTED WIRE AND STEEL CO., 437 11TH AV.

SALESMAN.—Experienced and acquainted with retail and jobbing grocery trade in Greater New York, to represent well known manufacturer of food products of established demand; must be reliable, high-grade man for permanent position; write in own hand, stating experience in detail, age, salary expected, and references; all strictly confidential. Address L 664 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED

to get memberships in commercial organization; commission basis; minimum earnings should average $100 per week from start; only high-type men, possessing personality and ability considered; state full particulars of experience and accomplishment; also phone number, where you can be called. P 75 Times.

SALESMAN wanted by high-class manufacturer to sell bakers' supplies; salesman well acquainted with bakers; do not mean by this you simply know the street they are on, but you must have come to us by highest recommendation that you have a long standing business acquaintance with them showing results you have done in the past; good position now open for such a man; salary. M 461 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — Reliable, thoroughly experienced in the selling of food products to hotel, restaurant, and club trade in New York City, to offer well-known, established goods for reputable manufacturer; good position for the right man; write fully in own hand, stating age, salary expected, experience, in detail, also references, which will be regarded strictly confidential. Address L 663 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN who knows flavoring extracts thoroughly and is well acquainted with bakers and restaurant trade in New York is wanted by one of largest flavoring extract manufacturers in the country. This is a real opportunity for the man who knows his business; salary and commission. Apply confidentially B 356 Times.

SALESMEN.—The Altex Petroleum Corporation is a high-class Texas refining and producing company. It is now paying 1½ dividends monthly from its earnings. We can use a few high-class salesmen and will furnish live leads; commission basis. Call at 220 5th Av., Suite 407.

SALESMEN wanted; factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; requires an automobile; estimated commissions about $100 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Call in person, Eastman Rubber Works, Inc., 218 West 40th St., New York.

SALESMAN wanted; S. S. Bowser & Co., Inc., 50 Church St.; we offer exclusive agency to sell garage gasoline pumps; outside territory; salesman should use automobile; must pay own expenses; commissions can be realized in first 30 days. Apply Mr. Brown, May 26, 27, or 28.

SALESMEN.—A few live wires to sell motor trucks and pleasure cars; full line; good proposition; drawing account against commission if ability is proven. Call 1,078 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Ask for Mr. Sauer.

SALESMAN wanted who calls upon automobile repair and auto top firms, to take samples of auto cloths, on commission basis only, for out-of-town trade. W 506 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—We have an opening for a good live wire salesman and manager; one thoroughly experienced in selling cloaks and suits; steady position; salary and commission. The Bon Ton, 264 6th Av.

SALESMAN.—Assistant to sales manager; small tool department; experienced man, handling inside sales and details; good opportunity offered; references. L 662 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Commission; new Ford timer; big money for right men. Only active hustlers need apply Saturday, 2-5 P. M., 133 Cooper St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN wanted, experienced, to sell preferred crude oil stock; good standing corporation; commission and salary to those that prove ability. 198 Broadway, Room 606.

SALESMAN to sell a special device used by all shippers; commission basis and $15 week drawing account. Apply by letter, Downtown Warehouse, 362 West Broadway.

SALESMAN, competent, to call upon educational institutions with standard work; salary and commission. Call 9 to 10 A. M., Room 20, 188 Market St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMEN with good references to sell oil stocks; liberal commission. Suite 702, 110 West 40th St.

SALESMEN, experienced on caps; reference required; commission basis. P. A., 808 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN of copper shares, commission basis. Apply Suite 1011, 1,476 Broadway (Times Square).

SALESMAN, experienced in selling gas and incandescent goods; salary. Lindsay Light Co., 91 Chambers St.

SALESMAN wanted to handle a line of silk skirts for South and Southwest; commission basis. Post Skirt Co., 47 East 29th.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

If you are making $100 weekly and want to make more, this is the best opportunity you have ever had; combination oil and utility proposition; best men in the country identified with it; indorsed by 30 biggest banks in New York and Chicago; we offer you permanent connection and chance to make from $500 month up; commission basis. Rishell & Co., 1006, 220 West 42d St.

SHIPPING CLERK in fur dyeing establishment; good chance for advancement. Apply Brenner Bros., 48 West 25th.

SPANISH CORRESPONDENT.

Wanted, in export commission house, Spanish stenographer and typewriter; chance for advancement; state experience, age, references, and salary. L 657 Times Downtown.

SPANISH CORRESPONDENT; efficient worker; must take dictation English and Spanish; good salary. P. O. Box 722, City Hall Station.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN, experienced, to call on retail food product trade, Brooklyn, New York City, and Northern New Jersey; state age, nationality, and give complete record of previous employment, indicating salary at which would be willing to start with, understanding that increases be granted as fast as results obtained warranted. Z 43 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, experienced, quick, accurate, willing to do detail work in export department of large cotton goods house; only those not afraid of hard work and long hours need apply; excellent opportunity for right young man. Apply Saturday afternoon, May 24, at 3 P. M., 3d floor; salary to start, $18. Taylor, Clapp & Beall, 100 Worth St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Quick; active young man in corporation office; must have about one year's experience; not afraid of work; accuracy essential; give full details. L 654 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMEN.
MINING PROPOSITION.

Selling Cobalt silver mining stock; paying 20 per cent. commission to high-class salesmen; come at once; I can use twenty salesmen; 217-219 St. James St., Montreal, Quebec; this store is located in the heart of the business and financial district of this city. Write Albert O'Connor, Esq., care O'Connor Silver Mines, Ltd., Montreal, Quebec.

STOCK SALESMAN, hog raising and pork packing proposition; big profit possibility; newspaper leads; top commission. 428, 50 Pine St.

STOCK SALESMEN, (2,) wanted on investment issue; commission basis. Room 1808, 40 Exchange Place.

TYPEWRITER; beginner; chance for law student. Room 605, 55 Cedar.

TYPIST.—Young man; congenial surroundings; short hours; half day Saturday year round; salary to start, $10. Apply by letter, L 588 Times Downtown.

WANTED IN BOSTON.

A half tone and color pressman; one who is familiar with make-ready and register or color half tones and tint plates; permanent position; exceptionally good wages; labor trouble exists. Address Wright Engraving Co., 216 High St., Boston, Mass.

WATCH CASE JOINTER; ALSO JEWELER ON PLATINUM AND GOLD WATCH CASES. H. W. MATALENE, 153 SUMMIT ST., NEWARK, N. J.

WINDOW TRIMMER, card writer, advertising man for medium-size department store in Binghamton, N. Y. Call with samples of work in morning or from 5 to 6:30 P. M., or else write full particulars, making an appointment, Ben F. Levis, 37 West 26th St.

YOUNG MAN, bright, 17 to 22, for office work and errands; $10 to $12; good opportunity for boy with "pep" and an eye to the future. Apply to Mr. Guerin Saturday morning between 9 and 12. Filene's, 225 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of ready-to-wear department in medium-size department store in Binghamton, N. Y. Call Monday morning or evening or write, mail have department store experience, Ben. F. Levis, 37 West 26th St.

YOUNG MAN familiar with clerical work, writing cutting tickets, &c., in large shirt house; good opportunity; steady position; salary to start, $20. L 626 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 20, as office assistant; able correctly write French and Spanish letters, with knowledge typewriting. C 622 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in office work, having knowledge of bookkeeping; state experience, references, and salary expected. T. K., 247 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted for stock in woolen business; good opportunity for one who is bright and active. Address F 123 Times.

YOUNG MEN

for mail and messenger service; must be 16 years old; good opportunity for advancement along engineering lines. Employment office open 8 to 4.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MEN, good appearance, school work, willing on beginning salary, $20 and commission. Call School, 453 Tremont Av.

Instruction.

HOW TO BECOME
A MASTER OF ENGLISH

is the title of a booklet—sent Free—describing the Kleiser Method of teaching men and women by mail how to enlarge their stock of words, use the right word in the right place, write tactful, forceful Letters, Advertisements, Stories, Sermons, Treatises, etc., become an engaging conversationalist, win promotion in business. Endorsed by Booth Tarkington, Irvin S. Cobb, Mary Roberts Rinehart, and other famous writers; and by executives of big business houses everywhere. Sent free by mail. Address Funk & Wagnalls Company, Dept. A., 354-360 Fourth Avenue, New York.

ARE YOU IN THE RIGHT POSITION?

Thousands are holding positions to which they are not suited—they do not know their own capabilities. A character analysis will determine your qualifications and tell you in what vocation you will achieve the greatest success and happiness. Character readings by appointment. Call, write, or phone Chelsea 4054 for Booklet K. Merton Institute, 96 5th Av., at 15th St., New York.

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Bookkeeping, Stenography, Typewriting, Arithmetic, English, Spelling, and Penmanship, 10 weeks. Write or phone for catalog and visitor's free admission card to opening session, May 26. Address F. P. Lamphear, 23d St. Y. M. C. A., 215 West 23d St. Phone Chelsea 1984.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 1067 Pullman Bldg., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for Your Market Value and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

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Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY, (Near Wall St.)
C. P. HASSON, J. J. McLAUGHLIN,
Pres. General Mgr.
MUTUAL SERVICE BUREAU,
6 Wall St. 96 Broadway.
Bkkpr., brokerage exp., $35; Blotter clerk, $18; Stenos., $17-$22. Immediate placement.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, shipping; stenographer, (Brooklyn,) $25-$30. Atlas Agency, 132 Nassau St.

YOUNG MEN for clerical work. Owen's Agency, 165 Fulton, or Times Building.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

AUSTRIAN DAIMLER, sport model.
BIDDLE brougham 1917, collapsible.
CADILLAC 1917, 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1917 and 1915, touring.
DISBROW 1917 and 1918, speedster.
CHANDLER DISPATCH 1918, touring.
LIBERTY CHUMMY 1917, 4-passenger.
STUTZ SPECIAL 1917, Victoria top.
MERCER 1917 4-passenger.
ALEXANDER G. HARRIS,
1,700 Broadway; Circle 1582.

BIDDLE 1918 ROADSTER.
BIDDLE 1917 Sporting, 4-Pass.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 TOURING, 7-PASS.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 TOWN CAR.
CADILLAC TYPE 57, 5 PASSENGER.
ESSEX 1919 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 RUNABOUT LANDAU.
HUDSON 1918 LIMOUSINE.
HUDSON 1917 SPEEDSTER, Walton Body.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
MARMON 1917 7-PASSENGER.
MARMON "34" SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Town Car.
PIERCE ARROW 1917 "66" TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway. Open evenings.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK roadster; new paint; all new shoes; bargain. Dexter, care Bell Garage, 529 West 131st.

BUICK, late 1917, D45, six cylinder runabout; perfect; $950. "Owner," 6867 Barclay.

BUICK; late 1917; light 6; perfect condition; 8,150 miles; 5 new tires; original paint; no dealers. 312 West 42d.

BUICK.—Big six, roadster, 1917. Whitehall Garage, 328 St. Marks Av., Brooklyn.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICKS, &c., 1919; immediate delivery; discounts. Write 706, 10 Wall St.

BURRELLE'S
AUTO SHOW
of RECONSTRUCTED MOTOR CARS.
WE ISSUE A WRITTEN GUARANTEE
For Four Months With Every Car.
CUNNINGHAM 1919 FRENCH BROUGHAM.
CRANE SIMPLEX 4 PASS. SPORT.
CADILLAC 1917 4-PASSENGER.
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CADILLAC 1919 7-PASS. TOURING.
CADILLAC 1918 7-PASS. TOURING.
CADILLAC 1918 7-PASS. TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 VICTORIA.
LOCOMOBILE 1918 "38" 4-PASS. SPECIAL.
DODGE 1919 SEDAN; NEW; BARGAIN.
DANIELS 1919 COUPE.
DANIELS 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
DANIELS 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
PACKARD 3-35 TOURING, 7-PASS.
PACKARD 1917 FLEETWOOD TOWN.
PIERCE-ARROW Limousine, "38," Series 4.
CHANDLER 1918 TOURING.
HUDSON 1919 SPORT.
HUDSON SEDAN, 4-PASS. SPECIAL.
MARMON 1917 BROUGHAM-LANDAULET.
MERCER 1917 ROADSTER.
MERCER 1917 4-PASS.
MERCER 1916 SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 4 & 6 PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SPORTING FOUR.
STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
STUTZ 1917 6-PASS. TOUR.
OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 ROADSTER.
MURRAY 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
ISOTTA-FRASCHINI SEDAN, LATEST Imp.
FIAT FLEETWOOD, LATEST importation.
FIAT 1918 LIMOUSINE.
PHIANNA 1919 TOURING, NEW.
MANY OTHERS. OPEN EVENINGS.
1,680 B'way, Entire Bldg. Formerly Iceland.

CADILLAC 1917, 4-pass., sport.
CADILLAC 1917, 4-pass., roadster; perfect.
CHANDLER 1918, sedan; practically new.
HUDSON 1917, 7-pass. touring, Victoria top.
HUDSON 1917, sedan, Model J.
LOCOMOBILE 1917, 7-passenger touring.
MARMON 1917 7-passenger touring.
PACKARD, 1918, Judkin sedan; almost new.
PACKARD 1918, 7-passenger; almost new.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., EST. 1902.
1,676 Broadway, Circle 65. Open Evenings.

CADILLAC 1917 Limousine Town Car.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918 Suburban Sedan 38.
STUTZ 1918 Speedster; like new.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918 Landaulet 48.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC 1917 limousine; perfect condition; four good tires, new spare; extras; Amesbury body; late model; dead storage past year; no dealers. Hanover 7272.

CADILLAC, 1917, seven-passenger touring; long wheelbase; almost new; small mileage; must be seen to appreciate; no dealers. Seen at 121 West 52d.

CADILLAC TOURING, 1919.
Almost new, run 3,500 miles; immediate delivery; will sacrifice. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

CADILLAC 1917 phaeton, excellent condition; must be seen to be appreciated. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 landaulet, newly painted; mechanically perfect; no dealers. Columbus 4647.

CADILLAC, 5-passenger and 7-passenger; all new tires; bargain. Dexter, care Bell Garage, 529 West 131st.

CADILLAC 1916 seven-passenger; good condition; any demonstration. Claremont Garage, 3,255 Broadway.

CADILLEC 1918 ROADSTER.
R. K. Underhill. Vanderbilt 2626.

CADILLAC, 1918, class; town car; run 2,800 miles. Wiesbader, 327 West 49th.

CHANDLER 1919 DISPATCH, LIKE NEW. Future. Apply to Mr. Guerin Saturday morning between 9 and 12. Filene's, 225 5th Av.

CHEVROLET, all 1919 models; immediate delivery; small cash payment; balance easy installments; used cars taken in exchange. Simon, 2,466 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

CHEVROLET TOURING, $385.
Small five-passenger; electric starter and lights; perfect condition throughout. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av., (176th,) Bronx. Tremont 4440.

CHEVROLET demonstrator 1918, touring, almost new; many extras; $525, instruction included. Y. M. C. A. Engine School, 109 East 82d St.; Mr. Salmow.

FORD BARGAINS.
1918 Ford touring, $350.
1918 Ford roadster, commercial box, $350.
1918 Ford touring, $375.
1917 Ford touring, $325.
Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av. Tremont 4440.

FORD LANDAULET.
1917, good condition throughout; bargain for cash; consider touring car in trade. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av., near 176th, Bronx. Phone Tremont 4440.

FORD, 1918, touring; handsomely and expensively equipped; $390; time payments arranged; inspected, demonstrated, 490 East 163d. Melrose 1306.

FORD cars on an easy payment plan; small amount down, balance $10 week; prompt delivery. P 1271 Times Bronx.

HUDSON cabriolet, late 1916 model; wire wheels; newly painted. Car in Meade Garage, 338 West 70th St. Telephone Columbus 7834.

HUDSON sedan, 1916 model; extra new shoe and all accessories; first-class condition; private party only; $1,350. Phone Farragut 9132. David Mesibov, 43 West 24th.

HUDSON 1918 four-passenger speedster; overhauled, repainted; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON suburban sedan, 1919, 4-passenger, sport model, original equipment, &c.; cord tires. Garage, 155 West 56th St.

HUDSON 1918, sport model; like new; mechanically perfect. Vanderbilt 5462.

HUPMOBILE, 16, touring; excellent condition; $675; demonstrated. 490 East 163d. Melrose 1306.

LANCIA roadster; fully equipped; bargain. Arrow Garage, 50th St.

LANCIA 1917 FLEETWOOD SEDAN.
Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

LEXINGTON CONVERTIBLE SEDAN.
Practically new; perfect mechanical condition. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av., near 176th, Bronx. Phone Tremont 4440.

LOZIER TOURING. $650.
Late model, starter and lights, everything complete and in perfect condition; needs nothing; bargain for cash; consider trade. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av., near 176th, Bronx. Phone Tremont 4440.

MARMON, new seven-passenger touring car, never used, at reduced price. Pierce-Arrow Sales Co., 756 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

MERCER, 1916 rumble runabout; 1917 four-passenger; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MERCER ROADSTER.—BARGAIN.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

MERCER 1917, 4-passenger, A1 condition. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

NASH 1918, six-cylinder, 5-passenger touring. Smith, 154 West 124th St.; Morn. 161.

OLDSMOBILE.—8-cylinder roadster, with coupe and Summer tops; sacrifice, $575; inspected, demonstrated. 490 East 163d. Melrose 1306.

OVERLANDS
AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS;
RECONDITIONED AND GUARANTEED.
Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th.

OVERLAND, 17, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring; practically new; $800; payments arranged; inspected. 490 East 163d. Melrose 1306.

PACKARD for sale; 5-passenger twin six phaeton; just been thoroughly overhauled by Packard Company and repainted; bargain. L 581 Times Downtown.

PACKARD 5-passenger touring car, perfect condition, bargain. Inquire office, 161 Mesereole St., near Graham Av., Brooklyn.

PACKARD twin 6 town car and touring car; perfect condition; must sell at once. Dexter, care Bell Garage, 529 West 131st.

PACKARD ROADSTER.—Stylish, 12-cylinder, wire wheels, two extras, perfect condition; bargain. Telephone Circle 5840.

PACKARD, 1917, 2-35 touring; also 2-25 phaeton; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD, 1917, seven-passenger 2-35 touring car; perfect condition; fully equipped; no dealers. Seen at 121 West 52d.

PACKARD, twin 6, 5-passenger touring; perfect condition. Telephone Fordham 2024.

PACKARD 1917 Chummy Roadster, exceptionally fine condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PACKARD 1918 3-35 touring; used only three months; practically new. Circle 6602.

PEERLESS 48-6; 1915; $1,200. Phone Riverside 4080.

PIERCE LIMOUSINE.
6-38, seven-passenger, electric generator, air starter, excellent mechanical condition; good tires all around; will sell body separatey or consider trade; price $975. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av., (176th.) Tremont 4440.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Limousine, 38, late 1918; motor in perfect condition; looks like new; price $4,800; demonstration any time by appointment. Address L. D. Bachmann, 44 East 23d St.

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Portrait painter, with distinguished record, will be glad to accept commissions for portraits out at very low rates because of financial need; a rare opportunity; he is highly qualified for the work and the canvases he has produced have been most successful; sittings may be arranged at the convenience of patrons. In the first instance address Artist, Box Y 466 Times Annex.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife, Helen Titus Coffman, after this date. Don M. Coffman.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

PIERCE ARROW Limousine, special Holbrook French brougham body, latest type. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway; Circle 3515.

PIERCE-ARROW; 38 chassis; 1918; price $2,900. Taggart, 136 West 52d, basement.

RAG roadster, in excellent condition; shock absorbers, &c.; bought new by present owner; no dealers. 419 East 23d. Phone Gramcy 1414.

RENO.—6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring; overhauled, like new; extra shoe, &c.; must sell; $900. 352 East 149th.

ROADSTER.—Chevy car; powerful; fully equipped. Dexter, care Bell Garage, 529 West 131st.

ROLLS ROYCE landaulet brougham. A. J. Davis, Vanderbilt 2899.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED
BARGAINS.
1918 4-CYL. 5-PASS. TOURING.
1918 4-CYL. 5-PASS. TOURING.
(With divided front seats.)
1918 4-CYL. CLOVERLEAF, 4-PASS.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STEARNS light four cabriolet, 3-passenger; bargain. Fordham 5050. Evenings for demonstration.

STUDEBAKER 6, 18; TOURING EQUIPT. with 2 extra folding chairs, accommodating 7 passengers; exceptional value; cannot duplicate for $1,000. Owner, 625 East 163d. Telephone Intervale 14.

STUTZ SPEEDSTER, 1918.
Maroon; brown Spanish upholstery; wire wheels; cord tires; nickel-plated windshield; spotlight; double bumpers; almost new; run 5,800 miles; will sacrifice. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

STUTZ 1918, 6-passenger touring; like new; special equipment. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway. Circle 3,515.

STUTZ 1917, four and six passenger touring cars, 1778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

STUTZ; 1917 model; six passenger; good condition; $1,750; fully equipped. Artros Tire Co., 28 West 63d St.

STUTZ touring; late model; perfect condition. Cummins Storage House, 1,173 Gates Av., Brooklyn. Bushwick 8812.

STUTZ, 1917, four-passenger touring car. Smith, 154 West 124th St.; Morningside 131.

STUTZ 1917 4 passenger; almost new; extras. Kenneth Campbell, 235 West 50th.

WINTON limousine landaulet, automobile, 1917 model; used less than 10,000 miles; in perfect condition. For information address J. T. F., 22d floor, 21 East 40th St.

YELLE. BARGAIN.
Seven-passenger 6-cylinder, Continental motor, electric starter and lights; condition like new; price, $650; consider trade smaller car. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av., near 176th, Bronx. Phone Tremont 4440.

VICTORIA.—1918 4-passenger Victoria; practically new. Phone Circle 5602.

1919 CADILLAC TOURING.
1919 HUDSON CABRIOLET.
1918 NATIONAL TOURING.
1918 HUDSON SPEEDSTER.
DE DION BOUTON 4-pass. Sport.
SIMPLEX 4-PASS. SPORT.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
1,657 Broadway. Circle 2667.
402-808 7th Av. Circle 1964.

Motor Trucks.

USED TRUCKS.
AUTOCAR, 2-TON,
with dump body, power hoist; $1,500; tires and mechanical condition first class.
AUTOCAR, 2-TON,
with furniture body; $1,500; tires and mechanical condition first class.
STUART 1½ TON NO. 8,
with closed delivery body, in perfect condition; $1,000.
STODDARD-DAYTON,
light truck with commercial top, screen body; $500.
PACKARD 4½ TON
chani drive; working every day; in good condition; $1,800.
PACKARD, 3½E.
one-year-old chassis in first-class condition; $2,800.
FORD,
with Graham Brothers truck unit, express body, 10 feet long, 5 feet 6 inches wide; tires and mechanical condition first class; $700.
UNITED TRUCK, 1918, 2-TON,
with van body; tires new; mechanical condition perfect; $1,500.
HALEP TRUCK BODY,
13 feet 6 inches, by 6 feet 6 inches; in fine condition; $200.
PIERCE-ARROW 2-TON TRUCK,
10 months old; first class condition; $2,500.
PACKARD MOTOR CO. OF N. Y.,
1,861 BROADWAY.

DEALERS in used commercial and trucks, who desire to buy at good baragains, communicate with Frank G. Albert, 283 Fairfield Av., Bridgeport, Conn.

WHITE TRUCK; No. 1; 3½ ton; rack body; covered; first-class mechanical condition; in daily use; price $1,500. Vossnack, 1,228 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Automobiles for Rent.

MADISON touring seven-passenger; hour, day, week; owner drives. Phone Morningside 8021.

PACKARD twin sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 48d. Phones 4219-3580 Bryant.

PACKARD.—Private owner rents new Packard on contract, weekly or monthly. Stuyvesant 7060.

CADILLAC 1917 landaulet for rent to private party by month. Klein, 1,057 Falle St., Bronx; Phone Intervale 3420.

PACKARD Landaulet to rent by experienced chauffeur; reference. Donohue, 226 West 83d St. Schuyler 547.

S. G. V.—Beautiful Brewster landaulet by day, week, or month; owner drives. Greenwich Village Garage, Spring 1467.

PACKARD twin-six, by month, hour, or day; owner drives. Harlem 2285.

PACKARD touring car for hire by week or month; reasonable. Riverside 1627.

CADILLAC, attractive late model; very reasonable. Phone 5174 Riverside, H. Wedge.

PACKARDS.—Twin sixes; latest models; hour or season. Muldonn. Columbus 2151.

PACKARD.—Late model; excellent service; day, week, or month. Harlem 4511.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILE department of Charles Shongood, 589-541 Broadway, New York, buys sixes 80 per cent. of advance on the appraised value; the balance, less commission, upon the prompt sale of cars; investigate our facilities. Telephone Spring 4566-4567. Paul Brew, Manager.

MARMON, Packard or other high-grade car, sedan type, 3 or 4 door preferred; must be in fine condition; reasonable for cash. Address G. Alan Johnson, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, before Monday night.

WANTED TO HIRE.—Automobile, seven-passenger touring car at West End, N. J., for three or four months; state terms and full particulars. W 373 Times.

SEDAN or touring late model Hudson, Lexington, Chandler, Velie, Moon, wanted. Address 1,030 Hancock St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Apt. 6.

CADILLAC Chummy Roadster; not older than 1917; no dealers; write fully. Room 603, 30 Church St.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Will pay cash for Pierce-Arrow 48 or 38; Packard 2-38 or 4-30; must be in good condition. Dennis, Tremont 4115.

PACKARD Twin Six 1-35 touring car wanted; also limousine body for same. Address T. S., Box 237 Times Downton.

OVERLAND, Buick, Hupmobile, Dodge, or any good make. Conlyn, 490 East 163d.

SEDAN for cash; no dealers. Brown, 188 Columbus Av. Phone Columbus 284.

Wanted—Hudson, Reo, Dodge touring or taxi; no dealers. Warren, 115 Madison St., B'klyn.

Automobile Storage.

DEAD STORAGE, fireproof, clean and safe as a bank. Chas. C. Tough, 510 E. 73d St Rhinelander 3586.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTOMOBILE KNOWLEDGE
is a valuable asset to increase your earnings. Learn at New York's most complete school. Mechanical course, $45; with Driving, $65. Write for Catalog I, or phone 5270 Circle. STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 West 57th St., at Broadway.

AUTO SCHOOL WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.—Largest and best school in U. S. Send for booklet and pass. Tel. Columbus 7020. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.—Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Adjoins Criterion.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1121 BEDFORD AVE., B'KLYN. DEPT. C.

FOR SALE.

Furniture.

Willow furniture; big reductions. Long Beach Willow Co., 229 East 41st.

Machinery.

WE OFFER 16 24-INCH SINGLE SPINDLE GRIDLEY AUTOMATIC WITH COUNTER SHAFT COMPLETE, GUARANTEED TO BE IN FIRST-CLASS CONDITION. APPLY GORDON C. EDWARDS, 15 MANNING ARCADE ANNEX, TORONTO, CANADA.

Purchase and Exchange.

Furniture Wanted.—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place; Stuyvesant 8703.

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Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs.
Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.
10:30—"Helping God to Make the World."
12:00—Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.
7:45 to 8—Special Popular Song Service.
8:00—"Thomas—the Man from Missouri."
Current Topic Talk before the regular evening sermon on "The Woman's Dress and Vice Issue Up to Date." During this talk Dr. Straton will read extracts from letters and editorials discussing these issues.
Ordinance of Baptism during evening service.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
Services, 11 and 8. Preaching by
Rev. JOHN HUMPSTONE, D. D.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th St.
Rev. EUGENE C. CARDER at 11.
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M., Mr. George N. Sage speaks at Men's Class, 9:40. Mrs. Merrett, Leader Women's Class, 10.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"HAS ANY CHRISTIAN IN THE PAST ATTAINED PERFECTION? IS ANY CHRISTIAN PERFECT TODAY? IS EACH CHRISTIAN CALLED TO STRIVE FOR PERFECTION? WILL CHRISTIANS BE REWARDED FO

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Mason, Col. C. F., to Ft. Monroe.
Cabell, Lt. Col. J. M., and Murphy, 1st Lt. J. N., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Humphreys, Lt. Col. H. G., to Hosp. No. 8, at Otisville, N. Y.
Burg, Maj. S. S., to Hosp No. 31, at Carlisle, Penn.
Hawkins, Maj. J. F., to Hosp. No. 36, at Ft. Sheridan.
Vreeland, Maj. C. Le F., and Conner, Capt. H. L., to Honolulu.
Pollard, Maj. J. W. H., will report to Surg. Gen.
Harris, Capt. R. D., Hood, Capt. C. S., Lowe, Capt. C. R., King, 1st Lt. H. R., Ross, 1st Lt. R. L., and Wood, 1st Lt. L. F., Jr., will report to Cmdg. Off. at Camp Kearny.
Hazeltine, Capt. E. L., to Hazelhurst Field in Medical Research Laboratory.
Stroup, Capt. C. W., to Camp Sherman.
O'Brien, Capt. H. N., hon. discharged.
Richman, Capt. S. H., Brown, Capt. E. O., Pudney, 1st Lt. W. K., and Lovill, 1st Lt. R. J., to Hoboken under Director of Purchase, Storage and Traffic.
Schmalhorst, Capt. D. E., to Camp Funston.
Stark, Capt. R. P., to Camp Eustis.
Fisk, Capt. J. C., and Sampson, 1st Lt. C. M., to Hosp. No. 41, Fox Hills, S. I.
Blair, Capt. A. A., to Hosp. No. 40, at St. Louis, Mo.
Keeler, Capt. M. G., to duty as attending surgeon for the ordnance office, Phila.
Finke, 1st Lt. G. W., to Hosp. No. 38, East View, N. Y.
Rudbeck, 1st Lt. J., and Cowan, 1st Lt. H., to Hosp. No. 12, at Biltmore, N. C.
Palmer, 1st Lt. F. W., to Camp Dodge.
Spiers, 1st Lt. H. W., to Camp Taylor.
Way, 1st Lt. C. W., to Camp Bowie.
Evans, 1st Lt. L. I., to Army Balloon School, Lee Hall, Va.
Gee, 1st Lt. O., will report to Cmdg. Gen. Southern Dept.
Walsh, 1st Lt. O., is detailed as Asst. Prof. of Mil. Science at the Leland Stanford Univ.
Knight, 1st Lt. L. C., to Ft. Logan.

Infantry.

Langdon, Col. R. C., to Camp Custer for assignment to 10th.
Simpson, Lt.Col. W. H., to Camp Grant.
Gill, Lt.Col. R. J., is hon. discharged.
Dunford, Lt.Col. R. A., to New York for temp. duty, then to Wash.
Howard, Maj. C. B., to New York and report to Col. W. E. Wilder, Cav., in Army Publicity Bureau.
Melasky, Maj. H. M., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at the Valparaiso Univ.
Goodison, Maj. H. B., to Camp Merritt, with 126th.
Kellogg, Maj. N. A., will report to the Captain of Inf. and Cav. rifle team for duty as range and supply off. at Camp Dodge.
Clark, Maj. J. C., 62d, to Camp Meade.
Bates, Maj. C. F., to Oklahoma City as Inspector-Instructor with the militia of Oklahoma.
O'Brien, Maj. J. A., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at Marshalltown High School, Iowa.
Waters, Capt. C. S., to Chicago to attend a conference of insurance officers on May 23 and 24; then to Fort Sam Houston for insurance duty.
Whitner, Capt. A. R.; Davis, Capt. R. L., and Barnett, 1st Lt. J. W., to Hoboken.
Egan, Capt. G., 319th, assigned to Adjt. Gen.'s office.

Following to Hoboken for transportation to France:

CAPTAINS.

Bell, G. M.	Coffey, O. C.	Conner, R. B.
Fields, L. D.	Russell, C. R.	Scobey, W. P.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Alexander, H. B.	White, H. K.	Willis, E. D.
Howard, M. L.	Bernstein, M.	Bowen, J. S.
Price, R. L.	McKenna, J. W.	Piburn, E. W.
	Steel, T. B.	Thurman, W. C.

Erlander, Capt. A., to Cleveland, Ohio.
Whitthorne, Capt. H. S., hon. discharged.
Myers, 1st Lt., as 1st Lt. only.
Sabol, 1st Lt. S. A., to Hosp. No. 9, for observation, treatment, and disposition.
Mahan, 1st Lt. C., 38, to Camp Meade.
Jopson, 1st Lt. A. B., to Ft. Jay, with 22d.
Cauthorn, 1st Lt. C., to Washington in Personnel Branch of Operations Div.
Meyer, 1st Lt. F. P., to Camp Sherman.
Cook, 1st Lt. M. V., transferred to Hosp. No. 8, at Otisville, N. Y., sick.

Quartermaster's Corps.

Austin, Lt. Col. A. B., to Newport News, as Salvage Off., relieving Maj. R. Irving, San. Corps.
Schumann, Maj. K. J., to Camp Benning, as Supply Off.
Briggs, Maj. E. W., to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan, as Utilities Off.
Duffill, Maj. H. M., will turn over to his successor, 1st Lt. W. H. Blauvelt, all funds, &c., pertaining to const. work at Ft. Caswell.
Leisen, Maj. T. A.; Maney, Capt. L. J.; Newman, Capt. B., and Horn, 1st Lt. J. M., to Wash. as asst. to the Chief of Const.
Burnett, Maj. G. C., to Eagle Pass, as Const. Qm.
Willing, Capt. R. E., to Camp Sherman for discharge.
Williams, Capt. T. H., to Camp Grant, as asst. to Utilities Off.
Anders, Capt. P. L., to Hosp. No. 36, at Detroit, as Utilities Off.
Christophel, Capt. J. C., to Ft. Sheridan.
Lange, Capt. A. H., to Chicago.
Spencer, Capt. J. D., to St. Louis.
Miller, 1st Lt. G. E., to San Antonio as Const. Qm. for Av. Gen. Supply Depot.
Blauvelt, 1st Lt. W. H., to Ft. Caswell as Disbursing Off. for Const. Funds.
Gillis, Capt. C. E., to Ft. Worden.
Snider, 1st Lt. H. C., to Middletown, Penn., as Fire Marshal.

Coast Artillery.

Wells, Maj. C. L. D., to Ft. Warren.
Wood, 1st Lt. F. E., to Ft. Wright.
Symonds, 1st Lt. R. W., to Ft. Williams.
Daly, 1st Lt. J. T., to Washington, with the Judge Advocate Gen.'s Dept.

Field Artillery.

Murray, Col. M., will report to Chief of F. A. for temp. duty, then to Camp Bragg.
Santors, Maj. L., will report to Asst. Sec. of War.
Clark, Maj. A., will report to Director of Purchase, Storage and Traffic.
Hodgson, Capt. J. F., to Camp Dix for discharge.
Wilson, Capt. A. F., detailed as Asst. Prof. of Mil. Science at Colorado Agricultural College, Ft. Collins.
Gould, Capt. G. H., transferred to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan, sick.
McDonald, 1st Lt. A. N., to Letterman Hosp., sick.

Air Service.

Hanlon, Lt. Col. A. J., Smith, Maj. A. D., and Vaughn, Maj. E. I., (M. C.), appointed as a board to meet at Rockwell Field for examination of officers for rating as mil. aviators or junior mil. aviators.
Spatz, Maj. C., to Taliaferro Field, and assume command.
Pierce, Capt. R. C., and Phillips, Capt. E. P., to Langley Field.
Heffner, Capt. R. J., to Washington.
Willis, 1st Lt. W. H., Crim, 1st Lt. F. D., Gallagher, 1st Lt. T. J., and Roberts, 1st Lt. H. C., to Newport News, as Personnel Adjutants.

Signal Corps.

Stockman, Capt. G. D., is transferred to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver, sick.
Sanabury, Capt. D. G., to Ft. Wood.
Robert, Capt. E. E. G., to Hosp. No. 12, at Biltmore, N. C.
Douglass, 1st Lt. J. C., will report to Dir. of Finance.
Amerman, 1st Lt. F. M., to Ft. Bliss, with the 7th Field Sig. Bat.

Veterinary Corps.

Lusk, Maj. W. V., transferred to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

United States District Court, Southern District of New York. At the suit of the Alien Property Custodian demanding possession thereof under the provisions of the Trading with the Enemy Act, I have seized and hold that certain obligation arising out of the Sale on or about April 9, 1919, by the New York Stock Exchange of a membership theretofore standing upon the books and records of said exchange in the name of Richard Wagner, and the receipt by said exchange of the proceeds from said Sale, together with any accretions thereon and any interest accrued thereon.

Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on June 2, 1919, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said property. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated, New York, May 22, 1919.

FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney,
Proctor for Alien Property Custodian.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Paragraphs "H" and "I" of Section III, Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold one package of imitation precious stones. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on June 9th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted. Dated May 19th, 1919.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY,
U. S. Attorney.

Hickman, Capt. T. S., to Camp Kearny.
Galloway, Capt. P. F., to Camp Funston.
Crawford, Capt. N. N., to Presidio of San Fran.
Campbell, 1st Lt. W. E., to Ft. Bliss.

Engineers.

Burgess, Col. H., to Rock Island.
Watt, Maj. D. A., to Ft. Oglethorpe for discharge.
Compton, Maj. R. K., will turn over to his successor, Capt. G. S. Yeomans, Q. M. C., all funds, etc., pertaining to const. work at Curtis Bay Ordnance Depot.
Lilly, Maj. W. H., to Camp Dodge, then to Kansas City.
Lewis, Maj. G. A., to Washington.
Falanders, Capt. E. W., to Camp Humphreys.
Stamps, Capt. T. D., and Oram, Capt. H. P., to Camp Baker.
Hutton, 1st Lt. T. S., will report to Chief of Engs.
Gass, 1st Lt. L. W., to Wash. as asst. to Chief of Const. Div.

Ordnance Department.

Wheeler, Brig. Gen. C. B., and Hubard, Lt. Col. A. B., detailed as military observers while on duty inspecting the Skoda artillery works at Pilsen, Bohemia.
Ayer, Lt. Col. F. R., and Sealey, 1st Lt. W. A., to New York and report to the Chief Dist. Ord. Off.
Flynn, Maj. T. F., to New Britain, Conn., as inspector at New Britain Machine Co.
Norris, Capt. A. K., to Philadelphia.
Walker, Capt. L. E., Rikard, Capt. F. A., Watson, Capt. W. U. (Q. M. C.,) Carter, 1st Lt. B. W., and Wait, 1st Lt. H. N., (M. C.,) to Amatol Arsenal, N. J.
Reid, 1st Lt. J. S., to Washington.
Riggs, 1st Lt. C., to Pig Point, Va., Gen. Ord. Depot, as asst. to Cmdg. Off.

Dental Corps.

Atkinson, Capt. E. M., to Ft. Leavenworth.
Crydermann, 1st Lt. W. J., to Ft. Bayard Gen. Hosp.

Miscellaneous.

Mackenzie, Maj. Gen. A., relieved from active duty.
Landon, Col. E., Adjt. Gen., relieved from detail in the Adjt. Gen.'s Dept.
Hardeman, Col. L., relieved from further active duty.
Harrison, Col. R., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept. to France, then to his station in this city.
Hall, Brig. Gen. H., to Camp Dodge.
Rosenbaum, Brig. Gen. O. B., to Camp Gordon.

Following to Hoboken for transportation to France:

COLONELS.

Hurst, P., Insp. Gen.'s Dept.
Justice, J., Insp. Gen.'s Dept.
Lott, A. G., Cavalry.
Miller, H. W., First Infantry.
Van Schaick, L. J., Insp. Gen.'s Dept.

LIEUTENANT COLONELS.

Boiseau, L., F. A.
Cunningham, T. H., Inf.
Davis, J. S., 2d Inf.
Donaldson, C. A., Inf.
Feamster, C. N., Inf.
Hossfeld, H., Inf.
Mess, J. A., Inf.
Robinson, J. A., F. A.
Browne, C. J., Ord. Dept.
Warren, R., Inf.

MAJORS.

Wheeler, L. M., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept.
Barnett, J. W., Inf.
Burlingame, C. M., F. A.
Howe, J. W., Cav.
McMullen, J. L., Inf.
Ostroski, H. M., Cav.
Rice, M. R., F. A.
Peyton, T. G., F. A.
Robertson, W. M., Insp. Gen.'s Dept.
Van Vliet, H., Insp. Gen.'s Dept.
Bowen, Lt. Col. W. S., will report to Insp. Gen.
Davidson, Maj. C. D., from Camp Meade to Washington.
Whipple, Maj. H. S., relieved from further active duty.
Hester, Capt. T. G., to Camp Devens.
Tuteur, Capt. A. G., will report to Coast Defense Commander at Key West Barracks for discharge.
Frayser, Capt. F., will report to Cmdg.Gen. West. Dept. for discharge.
Goodrich, Capt. A. F., detailed a member of the Gen. Staff Corps, and will remain on present duty.
Brewster, Capt. W. M., hon. discharged.
Dennis, Capt. G. W., and Nash, 1st Lt. J. L., to Hosp. No. 8, at Otisville, N. Y., sick.
Sipolski, Capt. J., 53d F.A., to Hosp. No. 16, at New Haven, sick.
Weatherred, Maj. P. A., to Hosp. No. 20, at Whipple Barracks, sick.
Yegeman, Capt. M.; Looms, Capt. G., Jr.; Smith, Capt. W. H., and Marcial, 1st Lt. J. C., to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver, sick.
Rahn, 1st Lt. R., Chem. War. Ser., to Edgewood Arsenal.
Wallace, 1st Lt. W. B., to Hosp. No. 41, at Fox Hills, S. I., sick.
Chapin, 1st Lt. F. J., Air Ser., to Hosp. No. 19, at Biltmore, N. C., sick.
Dillen, 1st Lt. O. M., and Reynolds, 1st Lt. W. H., Inf., to Hosp. No. 20, at Whipple Barracks, sick.

Resignations.

Irish, 1st Lt. M., Philippine Scouts.
Caldwell, 1st Lt. W., Q.M.C.
Buell, Prov. 1st Lt. S. L., Engs.
McLaughlin, Prov. 1st Lt. W. F., cav.
Brown, Prov. 1st Lt. D. H., F.A.
Weed, N. P., tank, as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 1st Lt., cav.
McDole, O. M., inf., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 1st Lt.
Rawson, F. R., C.A.C., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 1st Lt.
Rhett, R. G., Jr., C.A.C., as Temp. 1st Lt. and Prov. 2d Lt.
Reilly, H. W., C.A.C., as Temp. 1st Lt. and Prov. 2d Lt.
Gunn, M., cav., as Temp. 1st Lt. and Prov. 2d Lt.
Van Liew, M. A., inf., as Temp. 1st Lt. and Prov. 2d Lt.

Leaves.

Whitman, Col. W. M., inf., 1 month.
Stuart, Col. G. W., Inf., 1 month.
Sedlinski, Col. M. G., Qm. C., 1 month.
Chrisman, Col. E. R., Inf., 1 month.
Robinson, Col J. P., F. A., 1 month's extension.
Farmer, Col. C. C., Cav., 4 months.
Gambrill, Col. W. G., Qm. C., 15 days.
McRae, Lt. Col. D. M., Inf., 10 days.
Marsh, Lt. Col. C. T., C. A. V., 2 months' extension.
Williams, Lt. Col. J. S., C. A. V., 2 months.
Mather, Lt. Col. J., C. A. C., 10 days.
Meyer, Maj. G. R., C. A. C., 15 days.
O'Keefe, Maj. T. P., Cav., 1 month's extension.
Willing, Capt. R. E., Qm. C., 15 days.
Fawcett, Capt. R., Air Serv., 3 months.
Bridges, Capt. H. W., Qm. C., 1 month's further extension.
Hunting, Capt. A. I., Engs., 15 days.
Thompson, Capt. C. S., F. A., 10 days.
Stamps, Capt. T. D., Engs., 14 days.
Spooner, Capt. C. T., Inf., 10 days.
Strickland, Capt. D. W., Inf., 1 month.
Butts, 1st Lt. J. E., Third Machine Gun Bat., 3 months.
Worrell, 1st Lt. W., 111th F. A., 1 month.
Boyd, 1st Lt. J., Amb. Serv., 1 month.
Morrison, 1st Lt. H. T., C. A. C., 1 month.
Wertz, 1st Lt. W. W., C. A., 1 month.
Harrod, 1st Lt. H. D., F. A., 15 days.
Shipson, 1st Lt. C. M., M. C., 20 days.
Hendricks, 1st Lt. H. H., 26th Inf., 3 months.
Horning, 1st Lt. R. A., C. A., 10 days' extension.

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U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sections 3061 and 3062 R. S. U. S., and Act of November 21, 1918, I have seized and hold One Ford Motor Truck. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on June 9th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated May 22, 1919.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Robertson, Rear Admiral A. H., to Newport, R. I.
McKay, Cmdr. O. E., to command the Teresa.
White, Lt. Cmdr. N. H., Jr., to Hampton Roads, Va.
Beddee, Lt. Cmdr M. E., to New York.
Seaman, Lt. A. L., to command the Ingram.
Vansie, Lieut. D. B., to Washington, D. C.
Cummings, Lt. A. H., to Charleston, W. Va.
Cronin, Lt. J. S., to the Marcia.
Eckert, Lt. G. A., to Mine Sweeper Div. No. 2.
Lord, Lt. E. P., to the Rotterdam.
Allen, Lt. R. E., to the Patuxent.
Burgess, Lt. T. L., to the Teresa.
Pratt, Lt. M. L., to Cape May, N. J.
Kennedy, Lt. W. F., to the Kroonland.
King, Lt. W. I., to the Alabama.
McMahon, Lt. R. L., to New York.
Newton, Lt. A. W., to the Chattanooga.
Topp, Lt. E. J., to the Seneca.
Franklin, Lt. H. L., to staff base for further orders.
Mangieracina, Lt. J. A., to the Scorpion.
Hageman, Lt. M. J., to the George Washington.
Gilmer, Lt. J. P., to the Proteus.
Erickson, Lt. A. W., to the Manchuria.
Anderson, Lt. R. B., Jr., to the Orizaba.
Randall, Lt. C. C., to the Santa Barbara.
Washburn, Lt. I., to the receiving ship at New York.

The Civil Service.

City.

The mental and physical tests for typewriting copyist will be held on May 29. There are 130 candidates.

The practical tests for janitor-engineer will be held on May 26, 27, 28, and 29, and June 2, 3, and 4.

The mental and written tests for cable tester will take place on May 26. There are five candidates.

The medical, written, and practical tests for tabulating machine operators will be held on May 28. There are eight candidates.

United States.

The commission announces for July 1 an examination for Superintendent of heat treatment, for men. A vacancy in the United States Naval Ordnance Plant, South Charleston, W. Va., at $5,000 a year, will be filled from this examination. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education and preliminary experience, 30; responsible experience and fitness, 70. Applicants must show that they possess practical knowledge of thermodynamics, metallurgy, crystalography, metallography, and testing as used in the treatment of ordnance steel. They must have a practical knowledge of the design, care, and operation of heat-treatment furnaces using oil and gas as fuel; must be familiar with the principles of accounting as regards sources of charges; be able to estimate cost of finished product, and to schedule work through shop. They must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination.

Education Notes.

The former students of Manual Training High School will hold a rally in the auditorium of the school on Friday evening, June 6, to elect officers and adopt the constitution of the Manual League. This League will be of interest, not only to the students and former students of Manual but to all of those who are vitally interested in the development and advancement of scholastic and athletic ideals in Greater New York.

The final meeting of the Modern Language Section of the High School Teachers' Assn. will be held on May 24 at 10 A. M., in room 601 of the Washington Irving High School. It will take up the problem of "Modern Foreign Language and Foreign Trade." Ansel R. Clark, District Office Manager of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, will speak on "Fundamental Factors in Foreign Trade and the Commercial Possibilities of Foreign Languages." Franklin Johnston, editor of the "American Exporter," will discuss "Modern Language Preparation for Foreign Trade." It is hoped that the general discussion will lead to an exchange of views as to the nature of commercial courses in foreign languages now followed in the various high schools, and methods used. All teachers of modern languages and those interested are cordially invited to attend.

One of the features of the Dedication Week Celebration at Evander Childs High School will be the Dramatic Festival which is to be given on May 28. The plays are Margaret Scott Oliver's "Turtle Dove," "Candlelight," an original piece of work, and Anatole France's "The Man Who Married a Dumb Wife." The first and third plays are the work of Fifth and Sixth Term boys and girls; "Candlelight" is presented by Seventh Termers.

The Department of Fine Arts of Teachers College, Columbia University, will hold an exhibit at the college today from 10 to 5. There will be a full exhibit of drawing and painting including work in the modern school of painting. There will be a large number of designs applied to all fields including interior decoration. Clay modeling and pottery, costume design and illustration, stage sets for school and community festivals, wood block printing, lettering and poster making will also be exhibited. One of the features of the exhibit will be a display of a large number of interesting and artistic toys made from tin cans including a general exhibit of jewelry making and metal work. The exhibit is open to the public and will be held in the main building of Teachers College, 525 West 120 Street.

The Board of Education will conduct a May party for children this afternoon in the Sheep Meadow, Central Park. There will be folk dances and games, and prizes will be given. The program will begin about 2:30 P. M.

The Interborough Association of Women Teachers has re-elected Mrs. Grace Strachan Forsythe as its President, although she expressed a wish to retire from the office. It has granted her a leave of absence until the annual meeting in October.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The pressure is low over all interior districts and relatively high off the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts. This pressure distribution has been attended by warm weather over the Northwestern States and relatively cool weather in all other districts. The highest temperature reported was 92 degrees, at Miles City, Mon. During the last twenty-four hours there were local showers in the Middle Atlantic and New England States, the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys, the region of the Great Lakes, Texas, Oklahoma and the Southern Rocky Mountain and Southern Plateau regions. Fair weather prevailed in other districts.

The outlook is for partly cloudy weather with local showers during the next forty-eight hours in the Middle Atlantic and New England States, the region of the Great Lakes and the Lower Mississippi and Ohio Valleys and fair weather in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States. The prevailing temperature conditions will continue during Saturday and Sunday generally east of the Mississippi River.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday: North and Middle Atlantic: Moderate south winds, showery weather; South Atlantic, East Gulf: Moderate south winds and generally fair weather.

FORECASTS FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia—Partly cloudy, with probably occasional showers Saturday and Sunday; moderate temperature.

West Pennsylvania, West New York, Ohio, Michigan—Partly cloudy weather with local showers Saturday and probably Sunday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1919.	1918.		1919.	1918.
3 A. M....58	67	4 P. M....68	78
6 A. M....58	64	6 P. M....68	78
9 A. M....65	66	9 P. M....58	70
12 M.....71	75	11 P. M....59	68

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 64; for the corresponding date last year it was 72; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 62.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 60; at 8 P. M. it was 60; maximum temperature 72 degrees at 11 A. M.; minimum 57 degrees at 4:30 A. M.; humidity 78 per cent. at 8 A. M., 83 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.84 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.85 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
9:10—8 Av. & 20 St., (auto:) Landay Bros., 563 5 Av.....Not given
10:05—720 Riverside Drive; Charles Naesch .....Slight
P. M.
12:30—2,169 5 Av.; Edward Coney.....Slight
2:05—331 Cherry St.; Tillie Sewall.....Slight
2:55—172 W. 106 St.; William Bryce...None
3:50—117 E. 17 St.; Dr. A. D. Gray....Slight
4:10—200 W. Houston St.; B. Gallipolle.Slight
7:30—161 Prince St.; Dominick Rink-rone .....Not given
10:00—512 6 Av.; Percell Hemstitching Co.....Not given
11:35—240 W. 4 St.; I. Walsh.....Not given

Wills for Probate.

ANDONIAN, GEORGE, 315 West Fifty-fourth Street, (My 19.) His executor, Vincent Yardover of 505 West 187th Street, is directed to give the residuary estate to the testator's mother, Jangonhle Andonian of the Armenian Church in Constantinople, and if the executor believes her to be dead to turn over the estate to his brothe, Mihran Andonian, also of the Armenian Church in Constantinople, who was drafted into the Turkish Army early in the war. One clause of the will reads: "And if such brother be not heard from within a reasonable time and my executor believes him to be dead, then I leave all such residue to my executor to distribute among those and in the way he thinks and judges to be best."

FOLEY, EDWARD.—(April 15.) To the Roman Catholic Church of the Epiphany is bequeathed $2,000; the Holy Name Society and the St. Vincent de Paul Society of the same Church receive legacies of $100 each. The St. Pascal's Day Nursery, at 334 East Twenty-second Street, gets $100, as does the Dominican Convent of the Perpetual Rosary, in West Hoboken, N. J. The residuary estate, amounting to more than $5,000, is divided equally between two brothers, James Foley and John C. Foley.

Estates Appraised.

SCHERMERHORN, ROSALIE, (Aug. 2, 1913,) Total estate, $93,163; real estate, $82,884, the largest holding being a one-third interest in the northern half of Pier 11, North River, $55,000; cash and personality, $569. The estate goes to her sister, Louisa Schermerhorn.

THOMPSON, WILLIAM HANNA, (Jan. 18, 1918,) founder and principal owner of the Anchor Post Iron Works. Estate consists almost entirely of his interest in that concern, which is appraised at $141,296, the cash and personality aggregating but $496. The interest in the works goes to his son, Herbert G. Thompson of 810 Park Avenue, and the remainder to his daughter, Evelyn Thompson.

THE ANTWERP MARTYRS.

Twenty-three of the leading citizens of Antwerp butchered by the Germans were given final burial, practically all the inhabitants of the old city turning out in honor of the dead. The event makes one of those unforgettable little sketches in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers, to take effect 8 A. M., May 24: Patrol.—T. C. Christie, from 67th to 101st.

Temporary assignment: Capt.—W. F. Day, 40th, assigned in command of 8th Insp. Dist., in addition to his other duties, for 2 days, from 8 A. M., May 26, during absence of Inspector on vacation.

Leaves of absence, (with full pay): Insp.—C. F. Cahalane, 8th Insp. Dist., for 2 days, from 8 A. M., May 26, to be deducted from vacation. (Without pay): Sergts.—Henry Brueck, 29th, for 5 days, from 12:01 A. M., May 24; W. F. Maxey, 69th, for 10 days, from 12:01 A. M., June 3. Patrol.—R. E. Quinn, 21st, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., May 25; G. A. Conway, 76th, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., June 1.

Application for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol.—J. C. McGowan, 68th, from 1:05 A. M., May 14, during disability.

Fire Department.

Designation: Capt. William Meurer, Eng. 187, as Acting Chief of Battalion, to take effect 8 A. M. May 24; Fireman (1st grade) F. E. Goodell, H. & L. Co. 79, as Acting Lieutenant, to take effect 8 A. M. May 24.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect 8 A. M. on date specified, they having been honorably discharged from the army: May 22, Fireman (2d grade) J. M. Halley, Eng. 15; May 27, Fireman (1st grade) D. E. Ayers, Eng. 15.

Appointed fourth grade firemen, to take effect 8 A. M. May 24: C. Gottschalk, Eng. 4; T. F. Harding, Eng. 27; C. T. Fullam, Eng. 211; R. E. Cook, H. & L. 104. To take effect 8 A. M. May 26, J. F. Hocknell, Eng. 239.

Special leave of absence: Fireman (1st grade) J. P. Dwyer, H. & L. Co. 46, for 48 hours, from 8 A. M. May 24.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.

Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver) —SS Empress of Japan.....May 24

Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Paloona .....May 28

Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura .....June 5

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, and Netherlands East Indies close at 5:30 P. M. daily. These mails are forwarded to the Pacific Coast for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises.....5:32 | Sun sets.....8:13

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	3:13	3:58	9:45	10:23
Governors Island	3:15	4:10	10:11	10:57
Hell Gate	5:21	5:55	11:46	12:00

Arrived—Friday, May 23.

SS Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, Brest, May 14.
SS Panaman, Bordeaux, May 12.
SS Santa Elena, Brest, May 10.
SS City of Manila, Boston, May 21.
SS Cressington Court, Trieste, May 17.
SS Sassenheim, Pisa, May 17.
SS Lake Lesa, Cienfuegos, May 14.
SS General Currie, Quebec, May 19.
SS El Capitan, Tacaro, May 15.
SS Catchet, Gibraltar, May 1.
SS Frankdale, Hartlepool, May 8.
SS Sandefjord, Antwerp, May 8.
SS Sverre, Barry, May 7.
SS Trefaske, Algiers, May 1.
SS Batahatchee, Providence, May 21.
SS Harrisburg, Brest, May 15.
SS West Pool, Antwerp, May 8.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, May 20.
SS El Norte, Galveston, May 17.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Ampetco	Rotterdam	April 28
Malancha	Glasgow	May 5
America	Brest	May 16
Tuscan Prince	London	May 9
Oscar Trapp	Antwerp	May 8
Kiowa	Barry	May 8
Santa Paula	Bordeaux	May 14
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	May 9
Lord Byron	Barry	April 29
Otsego	Bordeaux	May 11
Eastport	Barry	May 6
Atlanta	Gibraltar	May 7
Crewe Hall	Gibraltar	May 7
Minnekahda	London	May 14
David Lloyd George	Gibraltar	May 7
Stockholm	Gothenburg	May 14
Caronia	Liverpool	May 14
Radnor	Pauillac	May 7
W. L. Stead	La Pallice	May 10
Santa Theresa	St. Nazaire	May 13
Mercy	St. Nazaire	May 14
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	May 21
Agamemnon	Brest	May 16
Mercer	Antwerp	May 9
Ulua	Liverpool	May 14
Herm	Antwerp	May 8

DUE TOMORROW.

Muskogee	Antwerp	May 10
West Eldara	Plymouth	May 12
Marengo	Hull	May 10
City of Lincoln	Hull	May 10
Algerie	Antwerp	May 8
Calabria	Rotterdam	May 7
Brla	Gothenburg	May 7

DUE MONDAY.

Edward Luckenbach	Brest	May 16
Tiger	St. Nazaire	May 19
Europa	Marseilles	May 16
Rappahannock	Cardiff	May 12
Borinquen	Plymouth	May 9

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Celtic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Antonio Lopez, Vigo	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mar Rojo, Valencia	——	12:00 M.
War Pilot, Melbourne	——	12:00 M.
Pesaro, Marseilles	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Milwaukee Bridge, Lisbon	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Giuseppe Verdi, Genoa	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Frederik VIII., Christiansand	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Mount Vernon, Brest	——	1:30 P.M.
W. A. Luckenbach, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Columbia, Marseilles	——	12:00 M.
Tungus, Pernambuco	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tivives, Port Limon	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Morro Castle, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Fagersand, Cayenne	9:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Siboney, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Arizonian, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Ohioan, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Scranton, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Iowan, Brest	——	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Rivera, Argentina	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Manchuria, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Mexican, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Calamares, Brest	——

SWANN IS SILENT ON BROGAN DISPUTE

Refuses to Comment on Resignation of Former Assistant in Swindle Cases.

DENIES MAKING CHARGES

Ex-Deputy Gives "Difference in Policy" as Reason—Says Work Goes On.

District Attorney Swann refused yesterday to discuss the nature of the controversy between him and Deputy Assistant District Attorney Edward S. Brogan, whom he removed as head of the Bureau of Commercial Frauds and then accepted his resignation, which he had declined to receive when it was first offered, asking Brogan at that time to continue as a member of the staff in charge of trial cases in Special Sessions. In declining to give the reason for deposing his assistant in driving out the fake stock promoters and swindlers in the financial district, Mr. Swann said he had no comment or answer to make to Mr. Brogan's version of the situation.

Mr. Brogan had authorized the following statement: "I regret that an interview I gave out yesterday seemed to convey the idea that I was making charges against the District Attorney. Nothing like that was intended. It is merely a case of difference in policy."

At the Criminal Courts Building, where it was known that a disagreement had existed for some six weeks between the prosecutor and his assistant, it was said that the only offense committed by Mr. Brogan consisted in his failure to consult with his chief at all times. When the work of the bureau was developing and increasing in recent months, Mr. Brogan said, assistants were not assigned to him always when required and sometimes not at all, which interfered with the work. Mr. Brogan had asserted that the bureau, since his removal, had "ceased to function." Letters have been sent to the District Attorney's office by a number of houses in the financial district asking that the work of the bureau, which was organized by Brogan, be continued until the swindlers are imprisoned or driven from the financial district.

"The bureau has not ceased to function and the work will go on in a broader method," asserted Chief Assistant District Attorney A. J. Talley. "Instead of a Deputy Assistant District Attorney, as in the case of Mr. Brogan, the bureau will have two first assistants to direct it—Edwin P. Kilroe and John T. Dooling. They will have the assistance and co-operation of the best financial elements, including the Stock Exchange and the Curb Association."

"The bureau and the District Attorney's office are not collection agencies, as many who ask us to recover their losses seem to think. Legal action can only be taken when evidence of crime is presented. But we shall also use eevry means to protect the public and prevent get-rich-quick schemers from using the financial field for their operations."

Decoration Day

just naturally suggests a Blue Serge Suit and white flannel trousers. We are ready for you with a wonderful lot of values, for this is Blue Serge Week.

There are smart double and single breasted models, modish waist seam ideas and conservative styles—tailored from fine all-wool fabrics that stay blue and wear long.

$35, $40, $45, $50, $60

Special Waist Seam Double Breasters
$35
Savings of $10 and $15 on Hart Schaffner & Marx Smart Blue Serge Suits.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

THEY'RE ALL $2.50

(5)

TELL US YOUR SIZE

When you enter a Truly Warner Store all you need to think about is your size. The salesmen will show you every desirable proportion in

WIDE PLAIT SENNITS
FANCY WEAVE STRAWS
(BLEACHED OR NATURAL COLOR)
FINE SENNITS
(SMOOTH OR SAW EDGE)

He will show you wide and narrow band hats. And no matter what braid or style you select you'll pay just

$2.50

SINCE THEY'RE ALL PRICED ALIKE

Keep this in mind, every Truly Warner Straw is made of the choicest braid, is trimmed in best manner and styled up to the limit so you can't get better even though you pay more.

A comfort feature of my Straws this year is their ventilation through little concealed windows, that let the cool air in and the hot air out.

Truly Warner
Drawn from life by Nonnamaker

Truly Warner
Headquarters For Hats

42d Street, East of 5th Ave., New York City
Broadway, below 44th Street, " " "
" " 38th " " " "
" " 28th " " " "

B'way, Below 12th St., New York City
" " Bleecker St., " " "
" " Chambers St., " " "
" " Fulton Street, " " "
Broad St., " Market, Newark, N. J.

Nassau St., below Maiden Lane, N. Y. City
Park Row, opposite City Hall, " " "
Fulton St., opposite City Hall, Brooklyn, N. Y.
722 B'way, at Flushing Ave., " "

2d Floor 15 W. 34th St.

The Home of 40 Famous Brands of Men's and Young Men's Clothes

Georges

Above LIGGETT'S Drug Store

(Between Fifth Avenue and Broadway)

Opposite Waldorf Hotel

"SENIOR"

"JUNIOR"

A Million Dollar Clothing Business Built in Less Than a Year—The Most Spectacular Success New York Has Ever Seen! Now We Are Going to Show Our Gratitude By Inaugurating a Gigantic

Appreciation Sale

In Which We Shall Offer Nearly

10,000 Smart Elegant Spring Suits

At Tremendous Savings

$18.50 That Are Retailing in the Best Shops at $25

$21.50 That Are Retailing in the Best Shops at $30

$26.50 That Are Retailing in the Best Shops at $35

$29.50 That Are Retailing in the Best Shops at $40

Other Equally Remarkable Values in Suits, Direct from 40 Nationally Famous Makers, at $33.50 and $37.00. The Savings on These Suits are from $10 to $20.

You can count the million dollar exclusively men's clothing businesses in New York on the fingers of one hand. **In less than a year we have built a business totaling this sizeable figure!**

How have we done it? Not by spectacular advertising, but by the *power of values*, the *force of variety*, the *magic of economy*.

We abandoned the glitter of the ground floor store with its crushing expense, **for the economy of the second floor.** Over night we closed our 3 Greater New York stores with their annual expense of over $100,000 in rent, light, managerial salaries, window trimming expense, etc., **and concentrated our business in a mammoth Second Floor at 15 West 34th Street,** at a rental of only $7,500 a year. We then secured the representation of FORTY celebrated nationally advertised brands of clothes, making our shop a veritable **palace of fashion.**

People never saw anything to approach such a display as greeted them at this shop. **And the trifling expense which we were under enabled us to sell these famous brands of clothes at tremendous savings.** The idea took root at once, and today we are adding the floor above, **doubling** our space to accommodate our rapidly growing business.

To show how genuinely grateful we are for the recognition the public has given this unique enterprise, we are today inaugurating a big money-saving event—**an Appreciation Sale**—in which we shall give our customers values that they will long remember us by. Don't miss it!

Georges
ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR
Over Liggett's Drug Store
(Between Fifth Avenue and Broadway)
Opp. Waldorf Hotel

15 West 34th Street

Open Daily Till 6 P. M. Saturdays Till 9 P. M.